

# Fiscal Year 2010-2011 Budget Principles

County of Santa Barbara

County Executive Office

## Budget Principles

- ◆ Reviewed and approved annually by the Board
- ◆ Designed to enable Department Directors to develop and request a targeted budget
- ◆ Facilitate the CEO to recommend a balanced budget to the Board
- ◆ Provide a policy framework to allow the Board to adopt a Fiscal Year 2010-11 budget

## Development Centered On Three Key Areas

- I. Policy Environment – Fiscal realities drive budget policy
- II. Principles Development – Framework and Countywide collaboration
- III. Budget Adoption – Incremental approach

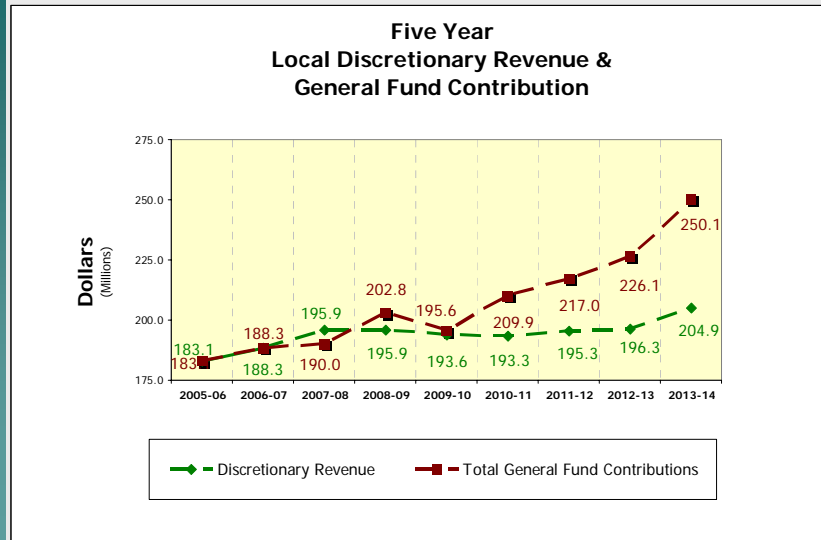
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## I. Policy Environment

- ◆ \$60 billion State budget gap closed
  - ◆ Largest state had ever faced
  - ◆ By comparison, State GF is \$84.6 billion in FY 2009-10
- ◆ State borrowed \$1.9 billion from local agencies through Prop 1A Suspension
  - ◆ Represents \$16 million funding loss to County
  - ◆ Anticipated mitigation via Board adoption of Prop 1A Securitization Program
- ◆ State budget crisis not resolved
  - ◆ Since 1978, 19 of the 32 State budgets have spent more than the State took in from taxes
  - ◆ Over \$200 billion in outstanding State liabilities
- ◆ Counties across the state facing significant budget gaps in FY 2010-11
  - ◆ SLO: \$24 million
  - ◆ Monterey: \$23.5 million
  - ◆ Contra Costa: \$27-\$35 million
  - ◆ San Mateo: \$100 million

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# Budget Gap



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## FY 10-11 Gap Detail (\$ millions)

<b>Expenditure Projection</b>	
<i>Salary &amp; Benefit Increases</i>	
Salaries	\$ 3.8
Equities/Market	0.4
Health	0.3
Retirement	4.6
OPEB	0.2
<i>Other Changes</i>	
Fire Department Level of Service	1.1
Social Services Mandate Match	4.6
MOE & Base GFC to Non-GF Departments	0.5
Contribution to Designations	(1.3)
<b>Total Expenditure Change from FY 2009-10</b>	<b>14.3</b>
<b>Revenue Projection</b>	
Secured Property Tax	-
Unsecured & Unitary Property Tax	0.1
Supplemental Property Tax	(0.1)
Property Transfer Taxes	-
Retail Sales Tax	(0.4)
Transient Occupancy Tax	0.1
Property Tax In Lieu of MVL Fees	-
Franchise Fees	-
Interest Earnings	-
Other Revenue	0.1
<b>Total Revenue Change from FY 2009-10</b>	<b>(0.3)</b>
<b>FY 2010-11 Projected Deficit</b>	
Total Revenue Change Less Total Expenditure Change	(14.6)
Structural Deficit Carryover	(2.0)
<b>Total Deficit to Be Solved in FY 2010-11</b>	<b>\$ (16.6)</b>

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## II. Principles Development

- ◆ Sets a needed framework to create a sustainable balanced budget
- ◆ Preserves core service levels as professionally requested and recommended by Department Directors and CEO
- ◆ Developed with an approach of blending ongoing reductions with use of one-time funds to reduce the impact of “cliffs”
- ◆ Contains revenue and fee cost recovery and ISF rate control
- ◆ Entity wide group effort

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## III. Budget Adoption – Incremental Approach

- ◆ **October - Principles:** direct and guide staff through the budget process
- ◆ **December - Kickoff:** Budget Kickoff to introduce the new budget instructions, rates, and changes to all departments
- ◆ **January-February - Assemble professional requests:** CEO assembles funding packages that go into the CEO's Recommended Budget
- ◆ **February-March - Budget workshops:** CEO presents departmental budget requests and provides Board updated forecast where details are provided and inquiries are researched
- ◆ **April-May - Develop recommendation:** CEO takes final funding requests and publishes the Recommended Budget
- ◆ **June - Board adoption:** CEO presents budget to Board over a series of hearings where inquiries are researched and public comment is received, resulting in the adoption

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## FY 2010-11 Budget Principles

1. **Balanced Budget:** The County Executive Officer shall present a balanced budget for all County operating funds, on an annual basis, to the Board of Supervisors for scheduled public hearings in June of each year.
2. **Target-based Budgeting:** The County Executive Officer shall develop and distribute target allocations to departments.
3. **Human Capital:** The County Executive Officer shall review and recommend appropriate levels of staffing for the organization.
4. **Budget Expansion Requests:** The County Executive Officer shall compile a list of department expansion requests and recommend as appropriate.
5. **Revenue and Cost Recovery:** The County Executive Officer shall analyze and determine revenue and cost recovery levels to the fullest extent feasible to offset recommended appropriations.
6. **Reserves and Designations:** The County Executive Officer shall recommend appropriate reserves and designations.
7. **Performance Measurement:** The County shall practice performance-based budgeting.
8. **Countywide Vision:** The County Executive Officer shall develop a recommended budget that considers Countywide impacts.

## Recommended Action

- ◆ It is recommended that the Board of Supervisors adopt budget principles for use in developing the Fiscal Year 2010-11 operating budget.