

# Sustainability & Conservation Team

A Strategic Team to reach the sustainability & conservation goals for County of Santa Barbara operations.

# Vision: A complete plan that addresses...

- Reduced Greenhouse Gas Emissions
- Reduced Utility & Operating Costs
- Cost-Effective Implementation

# Sustainability for County Operations is... "Managing Resources Today for Tomorrow"

- Energy Efficiency & Renewable Power
- Vehicle Operations & Fuel Use
- Water Conservation
- Solid Waste & Recycling
- Grounds Management, Water Quality & Sequestration
- Landfill Management

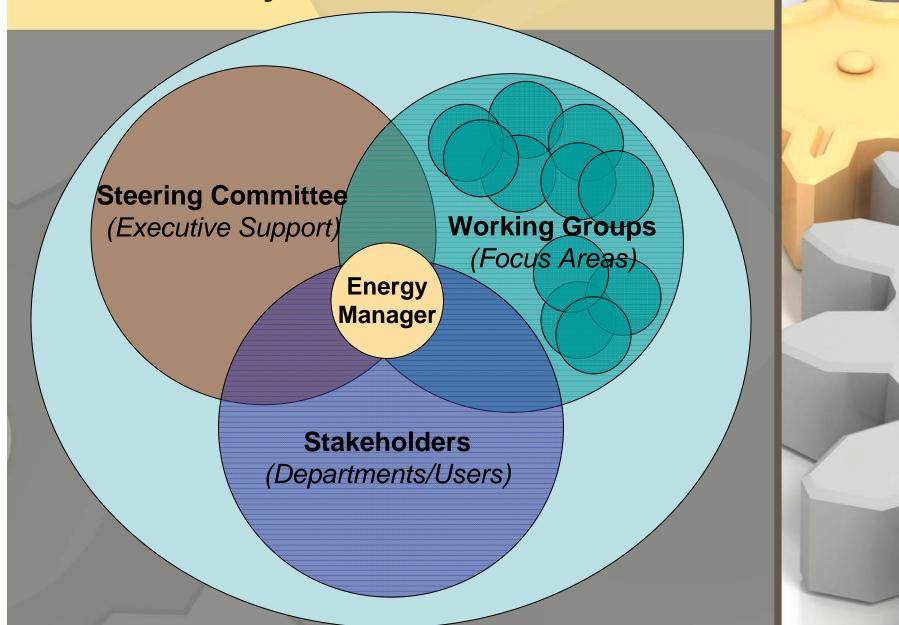


# Sustainability Action Plan for County Operations (SAPCO) Objectives

- Greenhouse Gas Reduction
- Significant Cost-Effective Utility Savings
- Community Leadership







# Focus Areas Scope: County of Santa Barbara Operations

- Buildings
- Mobile Workforce
- County's Own Transportation
  - Vehicle Operations
  - Aircraft Operations
  - Heavy Equipment—Road Const/Main.
- Landfills & Transfer Stations
- Water & Wastewater
- Grounds Management & Sequestration



### **Development Process of SAPCO**



Reporting to Board



Stakeholders Committee (User Departments)

\*Footnote: Individual Working Groups to draft their section of the SAPCO Document

## Switching Gears—Plan Examples...

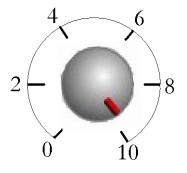
- Energy Projects
- HR Workforce Mobility
- ITD Virtualization
- Greenhouse Gas Emissions/Carbon Footprint

### Vision:

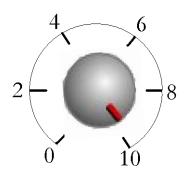
A plan that recognizes that savings are more than just installing technology...



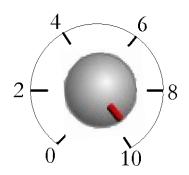
#### **Building Technology**



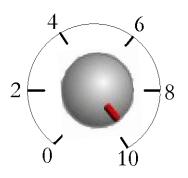
### **Operations**



### **Training**



#### Leadership



Min. Savings

Max. Savings

### Vision:

# A Plan that recognizes that savings is more than just installing technology...

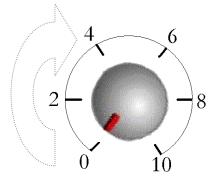


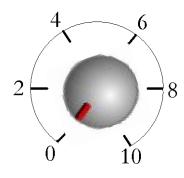
### **Building Technology**

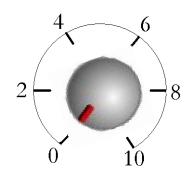
### **Operations**

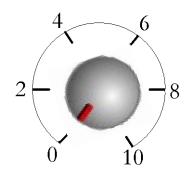
#### **Training**

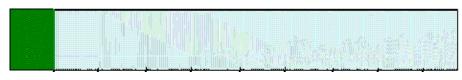
Leadership

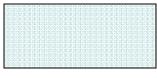




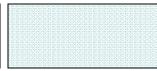












Min. Savings

Max. Savings

#### **Building Technology**

Renewable Power

Lighting & Controls
HVAC & Controls
Building & System Design
- New Construction

#### **Operations**

HR – Workforce Mobility

ITD – Virtualization

ITD – PC Power Management

GS - Facility Operation & Maintenance

GS – Performance Ratings

#### **Training**

Occupant Awareness Maintenance Training Maintenance Certification

#### Leadership

Community Example
Departmental Direction
Promotional Campaigns
Web Site
List Serves

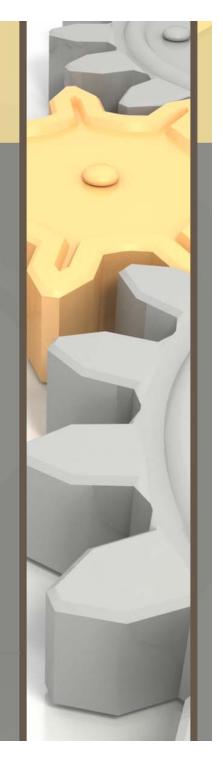
# **Energy Projects-- Courthouse - Fan & Pump Control**

- Three systems 22.5 HP
- Continuous Operation (8,760 hours)
- Required Operation (2,500 hours)
- Solution Energy Management Controls
- Cost \$7,500
- Annual Savings \$16,000
- ROI 6 months



# **Energy Projects-- McDonald Bldg – Lighting Upgrade\***

- Existing System T12 Lamps & Magnetic Ballasts
- Solution T8 Lamps, Electronic Ballasts, Lighting Controls
- Cost \$2,300\*\*
- Annual Savings \$1,700
- ROI 16 months



<sup>\*</sup> Ground Floor Only (2nd Floor already converted)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Including utility incentives & excluding County labor

## **HR—Mobile Workforce Program**

- In 2008, CEO conducted a surveys with managers, supervisors, and employees to assess readiness for a Mobile Workforce policy – results showed a readiness for this type of a program
- An effective Mobile Workforce Program builds on a "work anywhere" strategy for suitable jobs using:
  - Telecommuting plans one or more days a week, employees may provide seamless service by working from…
    - Home
    - The field
    - Alternate locations
    - Satellite offices
    - Drop-in work centers
  - Expanded use of technology:
    - Virtual offices (even from another State)
    - Web meetings
    - Employee interaction via web cameras
    - Training and development via webinars
    - Using on-line work tools to coordinate work



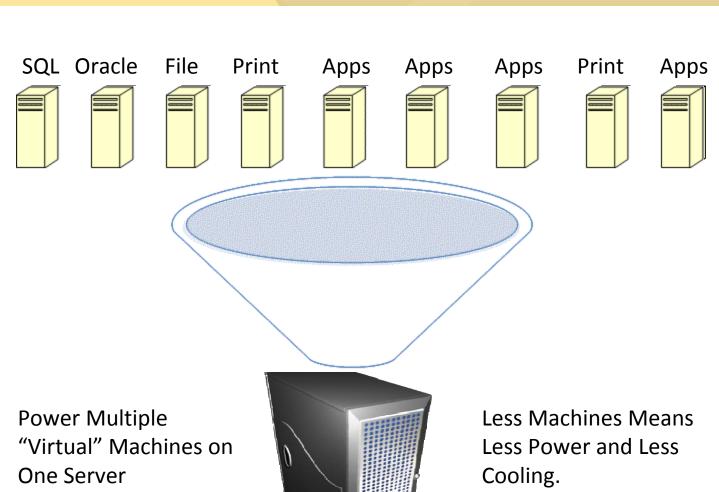
## **HR—Mobile Workforce Program**

- Alternate and highly-flexible work schedules
- Studies on "Work Anywhere" programs show they result in:
  - Increased productivity for well-suited employees
  - Decreased employer costs (overhead, space, etc.)
  - Improved employee morale and job satisfaction
  - Reduced fuel consumption
  - Decreased carbon footprint for employees and employers
- Work will begin (collaboration between management and labor) following the completion of the budget
- Mobile Workforce policy will be brought to the Board and is expected to result in:
  - Reduction in office space requirements
  - Reduced energy consumption in County facilities
  - Decrease the number of days and/or distance employees commute or travel for the job
  - Create a "greener" workforce





## Information Technology— Server Virtualization





# Information Technology— Desktop Virtualization

#### Energy savings comparison: 1,000 PCs versus 1,000 thin clients

Today, thin clients, when coupled with modern servers are more ecologically friendly than PCs alone, and far better than PCs with servers. Consider this example: 1,000 PC users versus the same 1,000 thin client users connected to a centralized server environment over a one year period.



1,000 PCs 70.51 146,660.80 \$13,111.48

# Number of devices Kilowatts consumed per hour Kilowatts consumed per year Energy costs per year

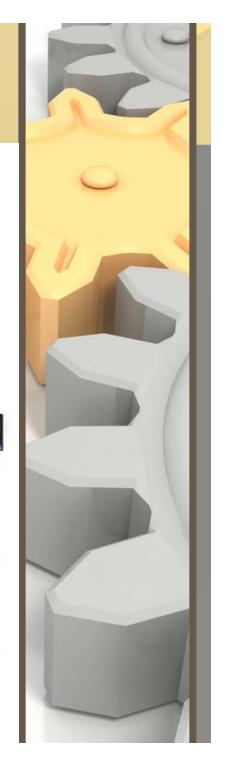
1,000 thin clients + servers
7.14
14,851.20
\$1,327.70

Taking into account the thin clients and servers, the thin client installation delivers the following benefits:

- 90 percent less energy used each year
- 131,810 fewer Kw/H used each year
- \$11,784 (U.S.) saved in energy costs per-year
- 102 fewer tons of CO2 put into the environment each year
- 27 fewer tons of e-waste after six years of use
- Substantially less air conditioning needed
- Less "noise" pollution in user areas

#### Calculations based on:

- S10 Thin Client at 6.6 watts per hour
- 3 Dell PowerEdge 2950 servers and Citrix Presentation Server 64-bit at 206 watts per hour per server
- Dell Optilex 620 at 70.51 watt per hour
- Energy cost at \$0.0894 Kw/H as of Dec 2006
- 40 hour work week, 52 weeks



# **County of Santa Barbara Operations Greenhouse Gas Emissions & Carbon Footprint**

- Guiding Reporting Protocol
  - California Air Resources Board
  - The Climate Registry
- Methodology of calculations
- Reporting Boundary
- Scope of Reporting
  - What is counted and what is not
- Baseline Year
- Verification/Certification
- Annual Reporting



## **Basis of Methodology**

Local Government Operations Protocol

For the quantification and reporting of greenhouse gas emissions inventories

Version 1.0

September 2008

Developed in partnership by: California Air Resources Board California Climate Action Registry ICLEI - Local Governments for Sustainability The Climate Registry

#### **Buildings**

Street Lights & Traffic Signals

Water Delivery Facilities

Wastewater Facilities

**Port Facilities** 

**Airport Facilities** 

**Vehicle Fleet Operations** 

**Transit Fleet Operation** 

**Power Generation Facilities** 

Solid Waste Facilities

Other Process & Fugitive Measures





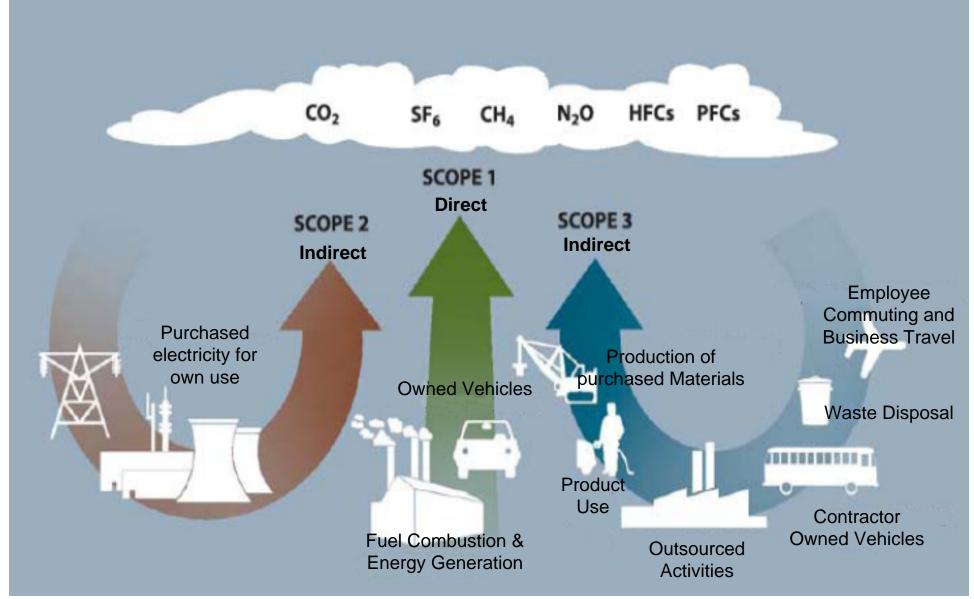
San Miguel Is.

Santa Rosa Is.

VANDENDI	Level of Control of Facility	Financial	Operational		
VANDENBL	Wholly owned	100%	100%		
A.F.B.	Partially owned with financial and operational control	100%	100%		
M	Partially owned with financial control; no operational control	100%	0%		
	Partially owned with operational control; no financial control	0%	100%		
لمسمح	Joint financial control with operational control	Based on % ownership	100%		
·	Joint financial control; no operational control	Based on % ownership	0%		
7	Associated entity (not consolidated in financial accounts) with operational control	0%	100% 0% 0%		
Santa Barbara	Associated entity (not consolidated in financial accounts); no operational control	0%			
	Fixed asset investments	0%			
Santa Cr	Not owned but have a capital or financial lease	100%	100%		
loso Is.	Not owned but have an operating lease	0%	100%		
San	g \ -		-		

## **County Operations: Emission Scopes**





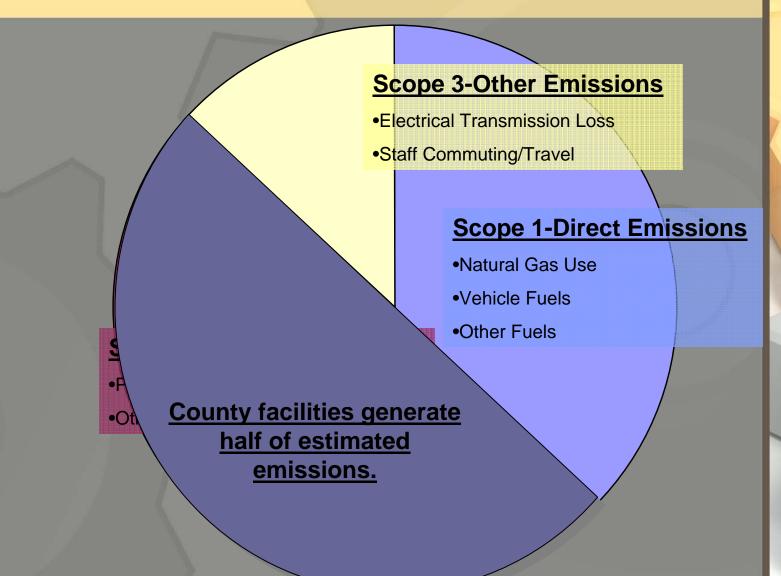
# Local Government Protocol Reporting Table—Buildings and Other Facilities



Table 1: Buildings & Other Facilities	CO²e	CO²	CH⁴	$ m N^20$	HFCs	PFCs	SF <sup>6</sup>	Unit (Metric Tons-unless noted otherwise)	
Scope 1									
Stationary Combustion	Natural Gas entered as (MMBtu)								
Fugitive Emissions	K .			0					
Subtotal Scope 1	0	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	
<u>Scope 2</u>									
Purchased Electricity	15,826	15,758,935		Vehicle	s entere	ed (in g	allons	15,775,101	
Purchased Steam				and co	onverte	d to Mi	MBtu's	-	
District Heating/Cooling			-				-		
Subtotal Scope 2	15,826	15,758,935	124	21	.5 -	-	-	15,775,101	
Scope 3			Electricity entered (in kWh) and converted to MMBtu's						
Estimated Scope 2 Transmission/Distribution Losses	1559	1552156	12	2	1 0	0	0	1,553,748	
Subtotal Scope 3 Total Buildings & Other Facilities	1559 17,384	1552456 17,311,091	and converted to Metric Tonnes					1,000,710	
Indicators									

# Distribution of Emissions\* County of Santa Barbara Operations Only

\* Chart based upon un-certified County Operations emissions data





# Plan Methodology: Accountability

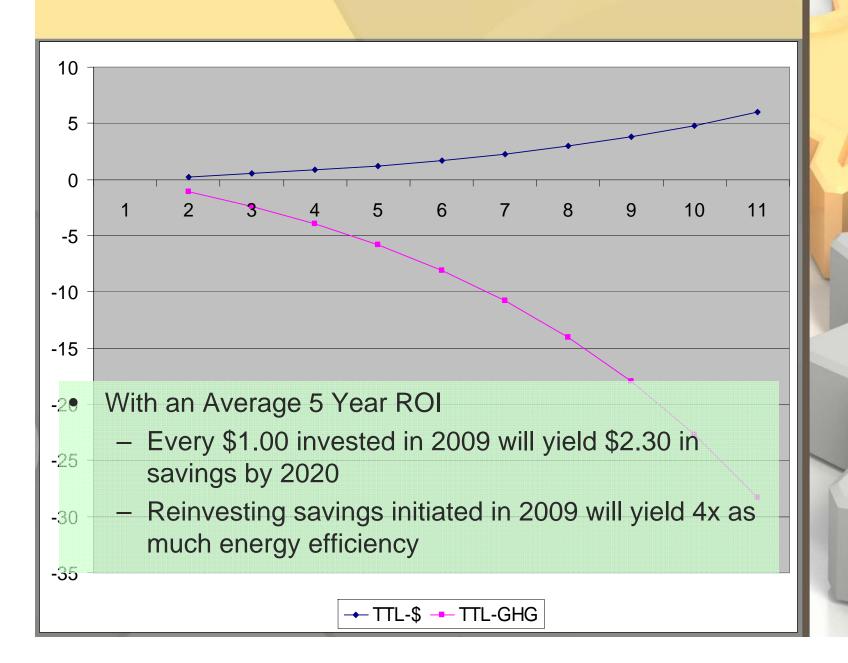
- Cost-Effective Test Five-Year ROI
- Measurement and Verification
- Persistent Savings
- Regular Reporting (Transparency)
- Public Leadership

## Plan Methodology: Investment Financing

- Power Purchase Agreements (PPA)
  - Large solar projects
- Utility Incentives
- Utility Programs, Services and Funding
- Funding Tools: Savings Off-Set Financing
- Direct Capital Investment



## **How the Money Works...**



# **Thank You!**

- Additional Details in Coming Months
- An Efficient Approach
- •Flexible Framework
- •Focus on:
  - -Sustainability
  - -Accountability
  - -Cost Effectiveness

