SANTA BARBARA COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION

Staff Report for Proposed Amendments to the County Land Use and Development Code (LUDC) for Telecommunications Facilities Appurtenant to Natural Gas Distribution Facilities

Hearing Date: October 14, 2020 Staff Report Date: October 8, 2020 Case No.: 18ORD-00000-00015

Environmental Document: Exempt pursuant

to State CEQA Guidelines Sections 15061(b)(3), 15301(b)(f), and 15303(d)

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1.0 REQUEST

Hearing on the request of the Southern California Gas Company (SoCalGas) for the County Planning Commission to consider recommending that the Board of Supervisors (Board) amend the development standards of the County by incorporating a new LUDC Section 35.44.030 (proposed ordinance) and amending existing Articles 35.2, 35.4, 35.44, and 35.11 to change the development standards of the County LUDC in compliance with Chapter 35.104, Section 35-1 of Chapter 35, Zoning, of the Santa Barbara County Code, to address permitting requirements for telecommunications facilities appurtenant to natural gas distribution facilities.

1.0 RECOMMENDATION AND PROCEDURES

Follow the procedures outlined below and recommend that the Board approve Case No. 18ORD-00000-00015, Proposed Amendments to the County LUDC for Telecommunications Facilities Appurtenant to Natural Gas Distribution Facilities, based on the ability to make the required findings. County Planning and Development Department (P&D) staff recommends approval of SoCalGas' proposed ordinance. The County Planning Commission's motion should include the following:

- 1. Recommend that the Board find the adoption of the proposed ordinance is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) in compliance with Sections 15061(b)(3), 15301(b)(f), and 15303(d) of the Guidelines for Implementation of CEQA (Attachment A).
- 2. Adopt a resolution (Attachment B) recommending the Board adopt findings (Attachment C) to approve the proposed ordinance, which would amend the County LUDC Section 35-1 of Chapter 35, Zoning, of the Santa Barbara County Code, to address permitting requirements for telecommunications facilities appurtenant to natural gas distribution.

Refer the matter to staff if the County Planning Commission takes other than the recommended actions.

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2.0 JURISDICTION

The County Planning Commission is considering the proposed ordinance pursuant to Sections 65854 to 65855, inclusive, of the California Government Code, pursuant to Chapter 2, Article V, Section 2-25.1(a) of the County Code, which set forth the County Planning Commission's authority as the "Planning Agency", and pursuant to Sections 35.80.020 and 35.104.050.B.1 of the County LUDC, which state the County Planning Commission shall review and consider County LUDC amendments and provide a recommendation to the Board.

3.0 ISSUE SUMMARY

Per California Public Utility Commission (CPUC) order, ¹ SoCalGas would like to install approximately 66 wireless signal transmitting and/or receiving devices in the unincorporated, Inland Area (i.e., non-Coastal Zone) of the county, of which approximately 11 would be located in the Montecito LUDC area and 55 would be located in the County LUDC area. The telecommunications devices will transmit natural gas use information from customer meters and information on potential leaks in underground natural gas pipelines.

Currently, the County allows these natural gas telecommunications devices pursuant to County LUDC Section 35.44.010 (Commercial Telecommunications Facilities), which requires a natural gas company to obtain a Conditional Use Permit (CUP) for each new natural gas telecommunications device. SoCalGas is requesting that the County revise these regulations to create a ministerial permit path for these small devices. The Board subsequently directed P&D on April 5, 2016, to initiate an amendment to the County and Montecito LUDCs to create a ministerial permit process for the installation of the natural gas telecommunications devices in the unincorporated, inland areas of the County. (Refer to Attachment D for the April 5, 2016, Board Letter). SoCalGas subsequently drafted the proposed ordinance and associated development standards in close consultation with P&D staff and an outside consultant hired to process this ordinance amendment. The proposed ordinance applies solely to natural gas telecommunications facilities in the unincorporated, Inland Area of the county. The proposed ordinance requires a natural gas company to obtain a Zoning Clearance for new natural gas telecommunications facilities in compliance with LUDC Section 35.82.210 (Zoning Clearances). Each application is subject to proposed development standards to determine the appropriate siting and design of the device, and to avoid environmental impacts and inconsistencies with County plans and policies. The proposed development standards include requirements for setbacks, size limits, location, lighting, construction, signage, fencing, access and parking, materials, and landscaping. If a proposed natural gas telecommunications facility does not meet the requirements for a Zoning Clearance, the applicant must obtain a Land Use Permit (LUP) in compliance with LUDC Section 35.82.110 (Land Use Permit).

Given that SoCalGas would like to install some of the new natural gas telecommunications devices within the unincorporated, Inland Area of Montecito, the proposed project also includes amendments to the Montecito LUDC to create a similar permitting path for the new natural gas telecommunications

¹ Order Instituting Rulemaking on policies and practices for advanced metering, demand response, and dynamic pricing, filed June 6, 2002. The CPUC's rulemaking named respondents as investor-owned utilities. The Rulemaking was closed by Decision (D.) 05-11-009, dated November 18, 2005.

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devices that the applicant would like to install within this area. The amendments to the Montecito LUDC are within the jurisdiction of the Montecito Planning Commission and will be presented to the Montecito Planning Commission for recommendation to the Board. The amendments to the Montecito LUDC will not be addressed further in this staff report and, instead, will be analyzed as part of a separate staff report to be prepared for the Montecito Planning Commission hearing on this matter, which is currently scheduled to occur on October 21, 2020.

With application of the proposed Zoning Clearance development standards, staff concluded new natural gas telecommunications facilities would fit within existing CEQA exemptions and thus avoid significant impacts to the environment and would be consistent with the County Comprehensive Plan, Community Plans and LUDC. Therefore, staff support the proposed ordinance.

4.0 BACKGROUND

Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) Program

The CPUC directed investor-owned utility companies, including SoCalGas, to design and implement a program for deploying advanced metering and demand response technologies to quickly identify abnormal high gas usage to improve public safety. SoCalGas developed an AMI program to automatically read and securely transmit hourly gas usage information to SoCalGas wireless signal transmitting and/or receiving devices called Data Collector Units (DCUs) through natural gas telecommunications facilities as part of this requirement. Figure 1 shows an example of a typical DCU, antenna, and solar panel on a wooden utility pole. These natural gas telecommunications facilities monitor the operations and safety of the natural gas pipeline system and



Figure 1. Closeup of a DCU box (left), associated solar panel (right), and antenna (top) located on a wooden pole.

quickly determine if a leak or loss of pressure occurs. The natural gas telecommunications facilities provide remote data collection usage of end users for energy management, billing, and safety purposes. Natural gas telecommunications facilities installed under the Pipeline Safety Enhancement Plan (PSEP) program are placed along existing natural gas pipelines to transmit data associated with regional natural gas distribution and alert SoCalGas in the event of a leak.

AMI uses DCUs to take hourly readings on natural gas usage from nearby customer meters. The hourly readings are transmitted to SoCalGas four times a day. The DCUs need to be elevated and near urbanized areas, either on existing utility poles or newly constructed freestanding poles, to reach as many meters as possible and transmit readings to SoCalGas. The DCUs are battery or solar powered and each transmit a signal for less than two minutes per year. The radio frequency (RF) for the natural gas telecommunications facilities permitted under the proposed ordinance have an RF output approximately 400 times lower than a Bluetooth headset, and are required to comply with Federal Communications Commission (FCC) RF regulation.

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Natural Gas Telecommunications Facilities in the County

Natural gas telecommunications facilities involve existing or new utility poles, solar panels, antennas, wireless signal transmitting and/or receiving devices, or other telecommunications facilities that are designed for the purpose of natural gas pipeline safety and operations. Natural gas telecommunications facilities are currently considered telecommunications facilities in County LUDC Section 35.110.020 (Definitions of Specialized Terms and Phrases) and defined (in pertinent part) as "[a] facility that transmits or receives electromagnetic signals, for communication purposes including data transfer. It includes antennas, microwave dishes, horns, and other types of equipment for the transmission or reception of such signals..."

SoCalGas began installing telecommunications facilities in the County in 2013. SoCalGas has installed at least five natural gas telecommunications facilities in the County's Coastal Zone, which were processed with applications for CUPs and Coastal Development Permits (CDP) under Article II Coastal Zoning Ordinance Section 35-144F (Commercial Telecommunications Facilities). County and SoCalGas staff considered these prior projects to inform the development of this proposed ordinance, including Board of Architectural Review feedback on their respective Coastal Zone natural gas telecommunications facility CUP/CDP permit applications.

Additionally, SoCalGas has installed at least 51 facilities in cities within Santa Barbara County, including five in Solvang, two in Buellton, five in Lompoc, 15 in Santa Maria, one in Guadalupe, eight in Goleta, 13 in Santa Barbara, and two in Carpinteria. Figures 2 and 3 show natural gas telecommunications facilities installed in Goleta. To provide coverage to the county's customer meters, SoCalGas anticipates installing approximately 66 more devices in unincorporated County LUDC area to provide a natural gas telecommunications system that meets the CPUC's requirements.

Similar to those already installed (Figures 2 and 3), the DCUs will be enclosed in a rectangular container attached to a utility pole. The DCUs will be either collocated on existing utility poles or located on new poles up to 35 feet in height. An antenna structure will be



Figure 2. Example of a collocated DCU installation located in Goleta. Collocated facilities can be tied into existing power sources (e.g., streetlights) and do not require a solar panel or new support pole.

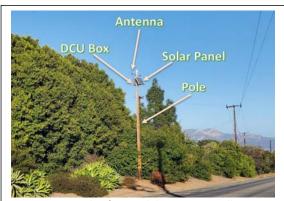


Figure 3. Example of a standalone DCU installation located in Goleta. Standalone facilities require a pole, antenna, solar panel, and DCU box, but do not require additional infrastructure (such as overhead lines).

attached above the DCU. The total pole height will not exceed 35 feet, including the antenna. These devices are typically powered by a solar panel located opposite the DCU (Attachment E). DCUs can also be battery powered or connect directly to existing power sources when collocated on streetlights or

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other support structures (e.g., building, transmission tower, or water tower). Typically, one crew truck and one side boom are needed for installations and are staged on road shoulders and other existing disturbed areas. Installation requires approximately three to four hours.

As stated above in this staff report, currently the County allows the natural gas telecommunications facilities with the issuance of a CUP and pursuant to LUDC Section 35.44.010 (Commercial Telecommunications Facilities).

Southern California Gas Company Request for the Proposed Ordinance

By letter dated February 29, 2016, SoCalGas requested the County to create a ministerial process for approval of each natural gas telecommunications facility installation in the Inland Area of the unincorporated county (Attachment D). SoCalGas' request entails processing zoning ordinance amendments to the telecommunications sections of the County LUDC and the Montecito LUDC. SoCalGas has not requested amendments to the Coastal Zoning Ordinance and stated SoCalGas' intention to continue to apply for CUPs and CDPs for installation of natural gas telecommunications facilities in the Coastal Zone.

In response to SoCalGas' request, on April 5, 2016, the Board directed P&D to initiate an amendment to the County LUDC and Montecito LUDC to exempt communications facilities associated with public gas company operations for the installation of the natural gas telecommunications facilities. SoCalGas subsequently submitted a draft Ordinance to P&D for review and feedback. SoCalGas' proposed ordinance will only apply to natural gas telecommunications facilities.

SoCalGas has continued to collaborate with County staff on the proposed ordinance and assisted in the preparation and presentation of materials to all four BARs. SoCalGas and County staff have undergone continued dialogue and edits to the proposed ordinance following BAR and public feedback. P&D staff recommend approval of SoCalGas' proposed ordinance.

5.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND ANALYSIS

Ordinance Overview

The proposed ordinance would amend the County LUDC to include objective development standards for natural gas telecommunications facility applications through a Zoning Clearance permit process. The intent is to promote the orderly development of natural gas telecommunications facilities and protect public safety as well as visual, biological, and other environmental resources. The proposed development standards are based on existing LUDC standards, CEQA guidelines, and standard conditions of approval in the County's "A Planner's Guide to Conditions of Approval and Mitigation Measures" (P&D, March 2020).

The proposed ordinance applies solely to natural gas telecommunications facilities in the unincorporated, Inland Area of the county. As described in Section 5.0, the natural gas applicant anticipates installing approximately 66 devices under the proposed ordinance.

The design, function, and maintenance of the facilities would be required to be consistent with all provisions of the proposed ordinance in order to obtain a Zoning Clearance. The Zoning Clearance

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development standards encourages DCU placement on existing poles (collocation). An undetermined portion will be mounted on newly constructed poles where collocation is not available and feasible for one of the reasons articulated in the proposed ordinance.

Following adoption of the proposed ordinance, a natural gas applicant would be able to apply for either a Zoning Clearance or a LUP for the proposed facilities, as appropriate.

Ordinance Components

The proposed ordinance includes three primary components: 1) a statement of the purpose, intent, and applicability; (2) the required permitting process for either a Zoning Clearance or LUP; and 3) the development standards for a Zoning Clearance. The proposed ordinance's development standards include size limits, location restrictions, and collocation prioritization for the facilities. The proposed ordinance also requires demonstration of RF compliance with current federally established standards.

Size requirements for adequate operation are limited to the following:

- New poles would be limited to a maximum of 12 inches in diameter and 35 feet in height (including the antenna).
- DCU dimensions would be up to 24 inches in height, 24 inches in width, and 18 inches in depth.
- Solar panels would not exceed 30 inches in height and 35 inches in width.
- Antennas would reach a height no greater than 29 inches and a maximum length no greater than 4 feet.

The proposed ordinance includes construction development standards to avoid and minimize any potential impacts to environmental resources and the public, including:

- Limiting the quantity of excavated soil to four cubic yards (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.e.1),
- Prohibition of siting on slopes exceeding a 20 percent grade (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.e.2), and
- Critical tree root zone avoidance (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.e.3).

Permitting Process

The proposed ordinance requires a Zoning Clearance to approve new natural gas telecommunications facilities, which must comply with proposed development standards and the existing, applicable requirements in County LUDC Section 35.82.210 (Zoning Clearances). A natural gas applicant (e.g., SoCalGas) would continue to be required to apply for other permits and approvals to install the facilities (e.g., Road Encroachment Permit from the Public Works Department). Natural gas telecommunications facilities not in compliance with the proposed development standards would require approval of a LUP in compliance with County LUDC Section 35.82.110 (Land Use Permits). If an application does not comply with the established Zoning Clearance or LUP process, the natural gas applicant would be required to follow the existing telecom requirements.

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Public Noticing

County LUDC Section 35.82.210 (Zoning Clearances) does not require public noticing for Zoning Clearances. However, if the facilities do not meet the requirements under the proposed ordinance and require issuance of a LUP, public noticing will be required in compliance with Section 35.106 (Noticing and Public Hearings) as referenced in County LUDC Section 35.82.110 (Land Use Permits).

6.0 PUBLIC OUTREACH

SoCalGas and P&D staff presented a draft version of the proposed ordinance to the four BARs in November and December 2019. Attachment F contains the minutes from each BAR meeting. The meetings provided opportunities for the BAR members and the public to review and comment on the proposed development standards.

Based on recommendations provided during the BAR meetings and subsequent County department coordination, the natural gas applicant incorporated the following development standards into the proposed ordinance:

- Natural gas telecommunications facilities on new utility poles shall be clustered with existing poles, unless the applicant submits a signed statement and supporting evidence to the Department supporting it is infeasible to locate the new pole within 500 feet of an existing pole due to 1) insufficient physical space for a new pole near an existing utility pole, 2) if located near an existing utility pole, the required line-of-sight for the wireless signal transmitting and/or receiving device on the new pole would be obstructed, 3) the applicant has been unable to obtain an agreement from the landowner near an existing utility pole on terms acceptable to the applicant, 4) the site would not be close enough to existing utility customers to achieve the desired wireless signal transmitting and/or receiving coverage, or 5) if located near existing utility poles, the natural gas telecommunications facility would not be able to be constructed or operated in a safe manner (County LUDC Section 35.44.030 D.1.i.10). This distance requirement also would apply to new poles on a scenic highway, requiring the siting of any new poles on a scenic highway to be within 500 feet of an existing pole (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.i.1).
- New utility poles shall be located in areas of existing vegetative coverage, unless the applicant submits a signed statement and supporting evidence to the Department supporting it is infeasible to locate the new poles and wireless signal transiting and/or receiving devices in areas with existing vegetation due to 1) no vegetation of sufficient height existing in the proposed location to partially or fully screen the new poles and facilities, 2) the existing vegetation that would screen the new pole and facilities would obstruct the required line-of-sight for the wireless signal transmitting and/or receiving device, and/or 3) the existing vegetation that would screen the new pole and facilities would prevent the solar panel from receiving direct sunlight (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.i.9).

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7.0 ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The proposed ordinance is exempt from environmental review pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines 15061(b)(3) (Review for Exemption), 15301(b) (f)(Existing Facilities), and 15303(d) (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures). Natural gas telecommunications facilities permitted under the proposed ordinance will involve only 1) the minor alteration of existing facilities (i.e., collocation of small devices on existing utility poles), or 2) the construction and location of a limited number of new small facilities or structures. Additionally, the proposed ordinance development standards do not trigger potentially significant effects under CEQA Guidelines Section 15300.2 (Exceptions to Exemptions). The proposed ordinance development standards will not permit natural gas telecommunications facilities to be sited in a particularly sensitive environment, will not negatively impact scenic highways or historic resources, will not be located at hazardous waste sites, will not have a significant impact due to unusual circumstances, and will not have a significant cumulative impact. Please refer to Attachment A, Notice of Exemption, for further detail.

8.0 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN CONSISTENCY

Staff reviewed the proposed ordinance amendment for consistency with the applicable policies of the Comprehensive Plan, including applicable portions of the County's community plans (Table 1). Table 1 uses the following abbreviations for the community plan areas: Eastern Goleta Valley Plan (EGV), Toro Canyon Plan (TC), Gaviota Coast Plan (GC), Los Alamos Plan (LA), Mission Canyon Plan (MC), Orcutt Plan (O), Santa Ynez Valley Community Plan (SYV), and Summerland Community Plan (S). Community plan policies apply only to proposed natural gas telecommunications facilities within specific community plan areas, not to the entire unincorporated county.

Table 1. County Comprehensive Plan and Community Plans		
Watershed Resources		
Policy	Discussion	
Comprehensive Plan Land Use Element Hillside and	Consistent. The proposed ordinance establishes a	
Watershed Protection Policy #2 All developments shall	maximum of four cubic yards of soil excavation	
be designed to fit the site topography, soils, geology,	for each site and no new facilities on existing	
hydrology, and any other existing conditions and be	slopes exceeding 20 percent to prevent	
oriented so that grading and other site preparation is kept	unnecessary impacts to soils, slope stability, and	
to an absolute minimum. Natural features, landforms, and	geology (County LUDC Sections	
native vegetation, such as trees, shall be preserved to the	35.44.030.D.1.e.1 and -2). The proposed	
maximum extent feasible. Areas of the site which are not	ordinance protects native vegetation including	
suited to development because of known soil, geologic,	trees by requiring facilities to be constructed to	
flood, erosion or other hazards shall remain in open space.	maintain and enhance existing vegetation by 1) not	
	removing any trees as part of installation and 2)	
Comprehensive Plan Land Use Element Hillside and	not removing vegetation that provides screening of	
Watershed Protection Policy #5 Temporary vegetation,	the facilities, except when necessary for facility	
seeding, mulching, or other suitable stabilization method	operation (e.g., to avoid signal interference or	
shall be used to protect soils subject to erosion that have	facilitate solar charging) (County LUDC Section	
been disturbed during grading or development. All cut and	35.44.030.D.1.1.1 and -2).	
fill slopes shall be stabilized as rapidly as possible with		

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Table 1. County Comprehensive Plan and Community Plans

planting of native grasses and shrubs, appropriate nonnative plants, or with accepted landscaping practices.

Comprehensive Plan Conservation Element Stream and Creek Policy #1 All permitted construction and grading within stream corridors shall be carried out in such a manner as to minimize impacts from increased runoff, sedimentation, biochemical degradation, or thermal pollution.

The proposed ordinance requires construction of the telecommunications facilities to preserve and enhance existing vegetation without increasing fire hazards, by prohibiting tree removal and removal of vegetation that provides facility screening; therefore, no new sources of vegetation-related fire hazards would be generated (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.1.1 and -2). Additionally, grading (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.e.1) and slope restrictions (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.e.2) are integrated to further reduce potential soil disturbance.

The proposed ordinance prohibits new utility poles within 200 feet of ESH, unless the new utility pole would be installed on previously graded, compacted, graveled, cleared, sealed, or paved area in the public right-of-way and the natural gas applicant uses maintenance and installation equipment outside of the 200 feet boundary or within the previously disturbed area described above (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.i.3). ESH under the proposed ordinance—consistent with existing County LUDC requirements—includes riparian corridors, such as streams and creeks.

Therefore, the proposed ordinance would be consistent with these policies

Discussion

Biological Resources

Policy ECO-EGV-2.4: Where sites proposed for development contain sensitive or important habitats and prohibit new nat

development contain sensitive or important habitats and areas to be preserved over the long-term, degradation of these habitats shall be avoided to the maximum extent feasible, and demonstrated unavoidable impacts minimized as a component of a project, including, but not limited to, one or more of the following conditions:

- Dedication of onsite open space easements covering habitat areas.
- Onsite habitat restoration programs utilizing appropriate native, drought-tolerant, and/or fireresistant species.
- Monetary contributions toward habitat acquisition and management.
- Offsite easement and/or restoration of comparable habitat/area when onsite preservation is infeasible

Consistent. The proposed ordinance would prohibit new natural gas telecommunications facilities to be placed within ESH or within 200 feet of ESH unless facilities meet one of the following:

- (1) the natural gas telecommunications facilities can be collocated on an existing support structure or installed within previously graded, compacted, graveled, cleared, sealed, or paved public right-of-way in areas located outside, but within 200 feet, of ESH; and
- (2) the installation and maintenance equipment can be staged and operated at least 200 feet away from

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Policy ECO-EGV-3.1: Habitats that shall be preserved and enhanced include, but are not limited to:

- Creeks, streams, and waterways, and fish passage.
- Wetlands and vernal pools.
- Riparian vegetation.
- Wildlife corridors between habitat areas.
- Roosting, nesting, and foraging habitat for bird species.
- Nesting and foraging habitat for subterranean species.

Policy ECO-EGV-5.5: Minimum Buffer Areas for ESH: The minimum buffer strip and setbacks from streams and creeks for development and activities within the ESH overlay that are regulated by the County Zoning Ordinances shall be as follows, except on parcels designated for agriculture in rural areas where Policy ECO-EGV5.6 shall apply:

- ESH areas within the Urban Area and EDRNs: a minimum setback of 50 feet from either side of top-of-bank of creeks or existing edge of riparian vegetation, whichever is further, shall be indicated on all site plans. Plans shall minimize ground disturbance and vegetation removal.
- ESH areas within the Mountainous-GOL zone district: a minimum buffer of 200 feet from the edge of existing riparian vegetation. Grading and vegetation removal within these buffers shall be restricted while not precluding reasonable use of a parcel.

Policy BIO-S-1 includes similar setbacks.

Policy BIO-MC-6: Native trees shall be protected to the maximum extent feasible. A "native protected tree" is at least six inches in diameter (largest diameter for nonround trunks) as measured 4.5 feet above level ground (or as measured on the uphill side where sloped). Native trees found in Mission Canyon area include, but are not limited to, coast live oak (*Quercus agrifolia*), western sycamore (*Platanus racemosa*), California bay (*Umbellularia californica*), bigleaf maple (*Acer macrophyllum*), white alder (*Alnus rhombifolia*), and California black walnut (*Juglans californica*).

Non-native trees that provide nesting habitat or cover shall be protected to the maximum extent feasible. A "nonnative protected tree" has a biological or ecological the ESH, or within previously disturbed public right-of-way.

All natural gas telecommunications facilities would require the natural gas applicant to retain a P&D-approved biologist to confirm the facilities would be located at least 200 feet away from the ESH, unless the proposed facility would meet the above described requirements (County LUDC Section 35.44.030 D.1.i.3).

The proposed ordinance would not allow the natural gas applicant to construct natural gas telecommunications facilities within the critical root zone of any native or non-native tree. The critical root zone is defined consistent with existing County LUDC standards as a circle around a tree trunk with a radius equivalent to one foot for each one-inch diameter of a tree at 4.5 feet above grade (County LUDC Section 35.44.030 D.1. e.3). Additionally, no trees would be removed under the proposed ordinance during facility installation (County LUDC 35.44.030 D.1.1.1).

Therefore, the proposed ordinance would be consistent with these policies.

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function (i.e., it provides nesting habitat or cover) and is at least six inches in diameter (largest diameter for nonround trunks) as measured 4.5 feet above level ground (or as measured on the uphill side where sloped).

If it is determined by Planning and Development that tree removal cannot be avoided, removed trees shall be relocated or replaced onsite to the extent feasible provided the relocated or replaced trees can be accommodated in a location and manner that does not conflict with defensible space clearance requirements. Native tree replacements should be propagated from onsite or nearby specimens.

Geology and Soils

Policy GEO-EGV-2.2: No development shall be allowed on slopes of 30 percent or greater. Ground disturbances and development on slopes of 20 percent or greater should be avoided, unless such avoidance would preclude reasonable use of the parcel, wherein the portion of the site which exhibits the least amount of slope shall be utilized. Development on these sites should be designed to minimize combined grading from driveway and building pad creation.

Consistent. The proposed ordinance prohibits more than four cubic yards of soil excavation for new pole installation. The proposed ordinance also prohibits new poles on slopes exceeding 20 percent grade. Slopes would be measured from the existing grade to prevent pre-construction grading that may impact visual resources (County LUDC Sections 35.44.030 D.1. e.1 and -2). Therefore, the proposed ordinance would be consistent with this policy.

Flood Hazard Area

Comprehensive Plan Seismic Safety and Safety Element Flood Hazard Area Policy #1: All development, including construction, excavation, and grading, except for flood control projects and non-structural agricultural uses, shall be prohibited in the floodway unless off- setting improvements in accordance with HUD regulations are provided. If the proposed development falls within the floodway fringe, development may be permitted, provided creek setback requirements are met and finish floor elevations are above the projected 100- year flood elevation, as specified in the Flood Plain Management Ordinance.

Policy

Comprehensive Plan Seismic Safety and Safety Element Flood Hazard Area Policy #2: Permitted development shall not cause or contribute to flood hazards or lead to expenditure of public funds for flood control works, i.e., dams, stream channelization's, etc.

Consistent. The proposed ordinance will not permit development of habitable structures, and will not exacerbate human risk to flood hazards as excavation limitations would be significantly lower than what is allowed for projects that are exempt from the Flood Plain Management Ordinance, and would avoid impacts to soil stability and floodplain topography (County LUDC Sections 35.44.030.D.1.e.1 and -2).

Discussion

Therefore, the proposed ordinance would be consistent with these policies.

Historical and Archaeological Sites Policies

Policy Discussion

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Comprehensive Plan Land Use Element Historical and Archaeological Sites Policy #2 When developments are proposed for parcels where archaeological or other cultural sites are located, project design shall be required which avoids impacts to such cultural sites if possible.

Policy HA-SYV-1: Archaeological resources shall be protected and preserved to the maximum extent feasible.

Policy HA-SYV-2: Historic resources shall be protected and preserved to the maximum extent feasible.

Policy HA-SYV-4: Traditional cultural, historical, and spiritual properties of concern to the Santa Ynez Tribal Elders Council should be protected and preserved to the maximum extent feasible.

Consistent. Facilities installed on new poles under the proposed ordinance will not be allowed to locate within 500 feet of a historic-period architectural resource, as defined by CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.5(a). The applicant would be required to provide as part of the application for a Zoning Clearance a written assessment from a P&D-approved historian confirming the facility would be in conformance. At a minimum, the proposed ordinance requires a letter summarizing a records search with the Central California Information Center (CCIC), review of the County Historic Landmarks Advisory Commissions lists of Historic Landmarks and Places of Historic Merit, and consultation with local historical societies (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.i.4).

The proposed ordinance will not allow facilities to be located within 200 feet of a known archaeological resource that may meet the criteria in CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.5(a) or qualify as tribal cultural resources as defined in Public Resources Code Section 21074. The applicant must provide a written assessment from a P&D-approved archaeologist as part of the application for a Zoning Clearance confirming the facility would be in conformance. The natural gas applicant must include results of a records search through the CCIC (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.i.5).

Therefore, the proposed ordinance would be consistent with these policies.

Discussion

Visual Resource Policies

Comprehensive Plan Land Use Element Visual Resource Policy #2 In areas designated as rural on the land use plan maps, the height, scale, and design of structures shall be compatible with the character of the surrounding natural environment, except where technical requirements dictate otherwise. Structures shall be subordinate in appearance to natural landforms; shall be designed to follow the natural contours of the landscape; and shall be sited so as not to intrude into the skyline as seen from public viewing places.

Policy

Consistent. The proposed ordinance sets forth height and dimensional maximum other limitations for new telecommunications facilities, as listed in County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.b (Size Limits), to minimize impacts to the natural environment and public views. The proposed ordinance encourages the collocation of facilities to reduce the number of new poles that would be installed (County **LUDC** Section 35.44.030.D.1.c). The facilities would utilize nonreflective materials (County LUDC Section

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Table 1. County Comprehensive Plan and Community Plans

Comprehensive Plan Land Use Element Visual Resource Policy #3 In areas designated as urban on the land use plan maps and in designated rural neighborhoods, new structures shall be in conformance with the scale and character of the existing community. Clustered development, varied circulation patterns, and diverse housing types shall be encouraged.

Comprehensive Plan Land Use Element Visual Resource Policy #4 Signs shall be of size, location, and appearance so as not to detract from scenic areas or views from public roads and other viewing points.

Comprehensive Plan Land Use Element Visual Resource Policy # 5 Utilities, including television, shall be placed underground in new developments in accordance with the rules and regulations of the California Public Utilities Commission, except where cost of undergrounding would be so high as to deny service.

Policy EGV-3.2: Clustering or relocation of development to less sensitive areas or parcels to conserve open land and environmental resources shall be strongly encouraged without resulting in urban development patterns in the Rural Area.

Policy VIS EGV-1.10: In hillside areas, structures shall avoid the use of highly reflective materials, or be sited to minimize visible glare, with the exception of solar panel installations.

Policy GC-VIS-4: Ridgeline Development.Development shall be prohibited from locating on ridgelines to the maximum extent feasible, as implemented by the Ridgeline and Hillside Development Guidelines.

Policy GC-VIS-6: Design Review. All permit applications for structures, additions to structures, or signage within the Gaviota Coast Plan Area shall be reviewed and considered for approval by the County Board of Architectural Review unless exempt pursuant to the County Zoning Ordinances. P&D and the Board of Architectural Review shall apply the Gaviota Coast Plan Design Guidelines in approving future development.

Policy

35.44.030.D.1.k). The proposed ordinance requires additional visual resource measures in order to prevent impacts in state scenic highway elements as discussed in the Scenic Highways Element Goal A below.

The proposed ordinance will not permit installation of signage, with the exception of those required for internal utility identification or operations or required by agencies with regulatory authority, such as the CPUC and FCC (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.f).

In accordance with CPUC requirements, the wireless telecommunications facilities under the proposed ordinance must be placed above ground to capture data across the County. Additionally, solar panels, which are the energy source for facilities placed on new utility poles, must be placed above ground to function properly. Nevertheless, collocation with existing infrastructure is required where feasible under the proposed ordinance (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.c), which will further reduce the required above-ground installation.

The proposed ordinance does not allow new utility poles to be placed on a ridgeline that is visible from a public viewing area (County LUDC Section 35.44.030 D.1.i.2).

The proposed ordinance would provide an exemption from BAR review of natural gas telecommunications facilities that meet County LUDC Section 35.44.030.C.1.a.2 development standards.

Therefore, the proposed ordinance would be consistent with these policies.

Public Faci	lities
	Discussion

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Table 1. County Comprehensive Plan and Community Plans

Policy SERV-LA-1.4 The County shall not support public service extensions (e.g. wastewater, water) outside the Urban Boundary, except as specified in Policy LU-LA1.1 (4) except for public purpose such as a fire station.

Policy RISK-O-4: Consistent with County policy, the County should minimize risk to public safety determined to be associated with electromagnetic fields.

Consistent. The CPUC requires the natural gas applicant to improve the safety of natural gas telecommunications facilities through on-site DCUs, which collect data hourly to prevent undetected leaks.

The natural gas applicant's natural gas telecommunications facilities would be operated in strict conformance with all FCC and CPUC rules, regulations, standards, and guidance, including but not limited to Maximum Permissible Exposure Limits and any other requirements to ensure public protection.

Therefore, the proposed ordinance would be consistent with these policies.

Designated and Eligible Scenic Highways

Comprehensive Plan Land Use Element Goal A to enhance and preserve the valuable scenic resources located along roadways within the County.

interior noise levels exceeding 45 dB, as indicated on the

Consistent. The proposed ordinance will not allow new facilities within a scenic highway corridor, which includes the land that extends 2,000 feet outward from the right-of-way of any state scenic highway unless the facility is 1) collocated or 2) installed within 500 feet of an existing utility pole on public right-of-way that has been previously graded, compacted, graveled, cleared, sealed, or paved (County LUDC Section 35.44.030.D.1.i.1). Compliance with these standards would reduce impacts in undeveloped scenic areas adjacent to highways, ensuring concentration of installed poles adjacent to existing development.

Therefore, the proposed ordinance would be consistent with this goal.

Noise **Policy** Discussion Comprehensive Plan Land Use Element Policy 1 In the Consistent. Natural gas telecommunications planning of land use, 65 dB Day-Night Average Sound facilities do not produce any sound. Therefore, the Level should be regarded as the maximum exterior noise proposed ordinance would be consistent with this exposure compatible with noise-sensitive uses unless policy. noise mitigation features are included in project designs. Policy N-LA-1.1 Noise sensitive receptors (e.g. residential, transient, lodging, hospitals, educational facilities, libraries, churches, etc.) should not be exposed to exterior noise levels exceeding 65 dB (CNEL), or

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Table 1. County Comprehensive F	Plan and Community Plans
Los Alamos Community Plan Noise Element Map.	
Projects which are located within the 60 dB (CNEL) and	
65 dB (CNEL) noise contours should be reviewed at the	
time of application processing to confirm that the exterior	
noise level is less than 65 dB (CNEL).	

9.0 ZONING ORDINANCE CONSISTENCY

The proposed ordinance is internally consistent with existing LUDC requirements and standards. The proposed ordinance will not change the zoning of any existing parcels and will not change the allowable uses in any existing zone. It also will not change the height or density limits for any existing zone. The proposed ordinance aligns with Sections 35.44 (Telecommunications Facilities) and 35.82.210 (Zoning Clearances). All proposed projects must comply with this ordinance, as well as any other applicable LUDC sections. Staff reviewed the County LUDC and made revisions to Articles 35.2, 35.4, 35.44, and 35.11 to ensure consistency of the proposed ordinance with existing County standards. Amendments to Article 35.4, Chapter labels, and the addition of "natural gas telecommunications facilities" to the Glossary are also included to ensure internal consistency among the regulations set forth in the County LUDC (Attachment B).

10.0 APPEALS PROCEDURE

Ordinance amendments recommended for approval or denial are automatically forwarded to the Board of Supervisors for final action; therefore, no appeal is required.

11.0 ATTACHMENTS

- A. CEQA Notice of Exemption
- B. County LUDC Resolution and Ordinance
- C. CEQA and LUDC Consistency Findings
- D. Board Agenda Letter dated April 5, 2016, and SoCalGas Letter dated February 29, 2016
- E. Example Technical Plans
- F. BAR Minutes