Attachment A

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024

Please see the attached printed publication.

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 Santa Barbara County, CA



C. Edwin Price, Jr., CPA, CPFO Assistant Auditor-Controller

DEDICATION:

This Santa Barbara County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is dedicated to the citizens of Santa Barbara County. The citizens of Santa Barbara County prioritize health in all aspects of life, whether it's financial stability, getting active outside, so-cializing with friends and pets, experiencing the vast nature from the islands to the mountains, getting fresh produce from the farmers markets, or just taking a break from it all to reflect or meditate in a serene area. The people in our county are dedicated to a healthy lifestyle in all areas. Each effort to maintain a healthy lifestyle is small, but making these choices habitually leads to our countywide healthy quality of life.



"All the money in the world can't buy you back good health." - Reba McEntire

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF

BETSY M. SCHAFFER, CPA, CPFO Auditor-Controller

C. EDWIN PRICE, JR., CPA, CPFO Assistant Auditor-Controller

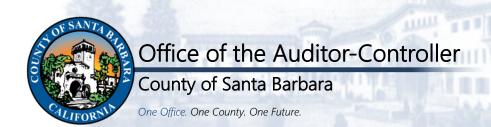


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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





Betsy M. Schaffer, CPA Auditor-Controller

C. Edwin Price, Jr., CPA Assistant Auditor-Controller

December 26, 2024

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors and the Citizens of Santa Barbara County:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the County of Santa Barbara (County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, is hereby submitted in compliance with Sections 25250 and 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive internal control framework it established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The Independent Auditor's Report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. Brown Armstrong Accountancy Corporation has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

Policymaking and legislative authority is vested in the County Board of Supervisors (Board), which consists of an elected supervisor from each of the five districts. The Board is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting budgets and appointing committees, the County Executive Officer (CEO), and non-elected department directors. Supervisors are elected to four-year staggered terms with two supervisors elected in even-years and three supervisors elected in odd-years. The County has five elected department directors serving four-year terms: Auditor-Controller, Clerk-Recorder-Assessor, District Attorney, Sheriff-Coroner, and Treasurer-Tax Collector-Public Administrator. The organization chart on the following page reflects the various functional categories reported in the governmentwide Statement of Activities as well as identifies principal officials.

Geography and Industry

The County, located approximately 100 miles north of Los Angeles and 300 miles south of San Francisco, was established by an act of the State Legislature on February 18, 1850. It occupies 2,734 square miles, one-third of which is located in the Los Padres National Forest. The County has a population of 443,623 and it includes four of the eight Channel Islands: San Miguel, Santa Cruz, Santa Rosa, and Santa Barbara.

Eight incorporated cities are within the County: Buellton, Carpinteria, Goleta, Guadalupe, Lompoc, Santa Barbara, Santa Maria, and Solvang. The largest industries include Government, Farming, Private Education and Health Services, and Leisure and Hospitality. The mild climate, picturesque coastline, scenic mountains, and numerous parks and beaches make the County a popular tourist and recreational area.

Policy & Executive



Das Williams First District Supervisor

Laura Capps Second District Supervisor

Joan Hartmann **Third District** Supervisor

Bob Nelson Fourth District Supervisor

Steve Lavagnino Fifth District Supervisor

Mona Miyasato County Executive Officer (CEO) **General County Revenues & Programs**

Rachel Van Mullem **County Counsel**

Public Safety

John T. Savrnoch District Attorney*

William F. Brown

Sheriff-Coroner*

Darrel E. Parker **Court Special Services**

Mark A. Hartwig

Holly Benton

Probation Tracy M. Macuga Public Defender

*Elected Official

Human Services

Toni Navarro LMFT

Behavioral Wellness

Mette Richardson Child Support Services

Mouhanad Hammami Public Health Services

Daniel Nielson, MPA

Social Services

Community Resources & **Public Facilities**

Jose Chang

Agriculture Commissioner / Weights & Measures

Jesús Armas

Community Services

Lisa Plowman

Planning & Development

Chris Sneddon Public Works

General Government & Support Services

Betsy M. Schaffer, CPA, CPFO, CFE

Auditor-Controller*

Joseph E. Holland, CPFO

Clerk-Recorder-Assessor*

Harry E. Hagen, CPA, CPFO

Treasurer-Tax Collector & Public Administrator*

Kirk Lagerquist

General Services

Kristine Schmidt

Human Resources

Chris Chirgwin Information Technology

Component Units

The County, with an average of 4,294 full-time equivalent employees, provides a full range of services to its residents as the organization chart on the previous page depicts. Included in operations are various component units which provide specific services Countywide or to distinct geographic areas within the County. They include Flood Control and Water Conservation Districts, Santa Barbara County Fire Protection District, In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority, County Service Areas, Community Facilities Districts, Lighting Districts, Sandyland Seawall Maintenance District, Water Agency, Santa Barbara County Finance Corporation, Laguna County Sanitation District, First 5 Children and Families Commission (First 5) (separately presented and not included in the County's operations), and Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System (SBCERS) (fiduciary component unit).

While these entities are legally separate from the County, the County is financially accountable for them as their governing bodies are substantially the same as the County Board (except for First 5 and SBCERS). Other entities, such as the Air Pollution Control District, and Santa Barbara County Association of Governments conduct their own day-to-day operations, answer to their own governing boards, and thus are not included in the County's financial statements.

Budget

The County is required by state law to adopt a final budget each year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. Budgets are adopted for all governmental and proprietary funds and are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as required in the United States of America. The legal level of budgetary control is maintained at the fund, department, and object level with more stringent control over capital assets and fund balance categories, which are maintained at the line item level.

The Board must approve amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments as well as items related to capital assets or fund balances. Supplemental appropriations necessary and normally financed by unanticipated revenues during the year must also be approved by the Board. The Board has delegated authority to approve transfers of appropriations between object levels within the same department to the CEO.

Tax Abatement

The County administers its Agriculture Preserve Program under the California Land Conservation Act of 1965, better known as the Williamson Act. The purpose of the Williamson Act is the long-term conservation of agricultural and open space lands. Conservation of agricultural and open space land benefits the general public by discouraging premature conversion of land to urban land uses, thereby curtailing sprawl and promoting logical urban growth and provision of urban services. The Agricultural Preserve Program both protects agriculture and retains open space for its scenic qualities and value as a wildlife habitat. Most directly, it contributes to the County's agricultural economy and the availability of fresh, nutritious, varied, and affordable food.

FACTORS AFFECTING ECONOMIC CONDITION

The following highlights and graphs are indications of the changing economy on a Countywide basis that includes both the unincorporated area and the eight incorporated cities.

During Fiscal Year (FY) 2023-24, the County experienced steady improvement across various sectors. Despite a slight rise in unemployment, wages grew, retail sales increased, housing prices showed consistent growth, and the tourism sector experienced positive growth.

"Santa Barbara County's retail and leisure/hospitality sectors are almost back to where they were when the pandemic hit in 2020, but they're not growing as fast as the U.S economy."

Peter Rupert, 2024 Santa Barbara County Economic Summit

Employment

- The County's average unemployment rate during FY 2023-24 increased from 3.6% to 4.3%.
- The June 2024 County unemployment rate of 4.20% was below the State unemployment rate of 5.3% and the national unemployment rate of 4.3%.
- As of June 2024, Leisure and Hospitality employment decreased by 0.3% from last year to 29,200 jobs.

Income

• The County's average annual wages increased to \$68,900 in the 2023 calendar year from \$65,070 in 2022.

Retail Sales

- Countywide estimated retail sales increased by 0.4% to \$9.64 billion during FY 2023-24.
- California retail sales decreased by 1.66% between January 1 and December 30, 2023.

Real Estate

- According to the Zillow Home Value Index for Santa Barbara County, the median home value increased 7% to \$960,844.
- The real estate market continued its upward trend with price growth slowing down compared to recent years.

Tourism

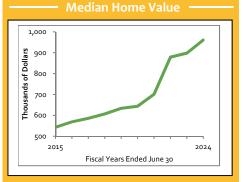
- Countywide estimated room sales increased by 1.4% to \$713 million
- Countywide estimated Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) revenue increased by 1.5% to \$84.3 million.
- Southern Santa Barbara County hotel room rates decreased by 4.0% while available hotel rooms increased by 1.6% from the previous fiscal year with a hotel occupancy rate of 69.8%.

Most of the information about the local economy is derived from the California Employment Development Department and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Avg. Unemployment Rate 8 7 6 4 3 2015 Fiscal Years Ended June 30 2024









ECONOMIC INDICATORS

California is facing a serious budget deficit, driven by a sharp revenue decline from the previous year. The Legislature has several options to address this shortfall, such as drawing from reserves, reducing spending across sectors, and scaling back one-time expenditures. However, the long-term fiscal outlook remains uncertain. Managing these challenges will require ongoing budget adjustments, including the possibility of spending cuts and revenue increases, while ensuring that reserves are used wisely to address future economic volatility.

At the local level, Santa Barbara County's economy is recovering, though at a slower pace compared to the broader U.S. economy. While the labor force is gradually rebounding, employment has not yet reached pre-pandemic levels. Retail employment continues its long-term decline, a trend that began in the early 2000s, while the leisure and hospitality sector is approaching pre-pandemic employment levels. Retail in particular has struggled to recover, unlike neighboring Ventura and San Luis Obispo counties, which have seen some gains.

The County's primary industries include Government, Farming, Private Education and Health Services, Leisure and Hospitality, and Professional and Business Services. Health Services, Leisure and Hospitality remain the most in-demand sectors. Despite overall improvement, total employment is still lower than what might have been expected had the pandemic not disrupted the economy.

Home values across California continue to rise, with South Santa Barbara County experiencing particularly strong growth. Santa Barbara City and Montecito have fully rebounded, with Montecito's average sales price now reaching \$7.2 million. While home sales have increased throughout the county, growth in North Santa Barbara County has been slower and more gradual. In South Santa Barbara County, areas like Goleta have experienced more moderate increases. Overall, the housing market in South Santa Barbara County remains robust, especially for single-family homes.

In conclusion, California's budget deficit reflects broader economic uncertainties at both state and local levels. While Santa Barbara County's recovery is slow, key industries like health services and hospitality are showing resilience, and the housing market in South Santa Barbara County remains relatively strong amid ongoing challenges.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

During the last fiscal year, under the leadership of the Board, many outstanding key programs, projects, and initiatives were successfully undertaken by the County:

Renew is a countywide initiative focused on improving how the County utilizes technology, personnel, and processes to meet new expectations, community needs, and evolving economic, social, and environmental conditions. This initiative continues the work of the County's five-year Renew '22 strategic plan, which was implemented from 2017 to 2022. After Renew '22 concluded, County leadership conducted workshops with department heads to review progress and update the County's strategies, rebranding the ongoing effort as Renew. Since 2023, Renew has guided the County's operations through the implementation of four key goals and departmental performance reviews.

- Re-Balance our resources
- Re-Designing how we do our work
- Responding to residents and customers with the highest quality of services within our means
- Retaining high-performing employees while preparing the next generation of leaders

The county is allocating \$35 million to address homelessness and its impact. This funding supports projects like Hope Village in Santa Maria and La Posada in the Goleta Valley, which together offer 174 cabin units with wraparound services. Additionally, the budget dedicates resources to fund housing programs from the Housing Element Update, prioritizing workforce, farmworker, and affordable housing.

The county has set aside \$525 million for social safety net programs, mental health services, and healthcare for low-income residents. With increased state funding for CalFresh, access to food aid will improve, while additional CalWORKs funding is expected to increase financial assistance. Furthermore, the county's Crisis Stabilization Unit will reopen and expand, adding eight crisis intervention beds.

The budget allocates \$21 million for criminal justice programs, with funding for six new full-time positions centered on diversion and holistic defense. These initiatives aim to lower jail usage and provide additional support to victims in the criminal justice system.

The County is committing resources to upgrading electric vehicle (EV) infrastructure and energy efficiency projects. The 2030 Climate Action was finalized in summer 2024, and staff are already working on measures to enhance the County's renewable energy profile.

The County is dedicating \$129 million to capital projects, which includes replacing the roof of the Santa Barbara Courthouse and making structural upgrades to the Santa Barbara Veterans' Hall. In FY 2024-25, work will begin on the new Probation Headquarters, along with the completion of the Regional Fire Communications Center.

The FY 2024-25 Budget Development Policies emphasize reducing fiscal risks and preparing for future challenges. The Recommended Budget includes a \$6.6 million ongoing reserve to address rising insurance and labor costs. To further advance diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) initiatives, the budget also provides funding to improve language accessibility and strengthen DEI coordination across departmental plans.

Economic vitality and recreational opportunities are being improved through the Modoc multi-modal trail, which connects the City of Santa Barbara to the unincorporated Goleta Valley. Additional projects include repairs at Goleta Beach Park, such as parking lot and lawn maintenance, and renovations to the Lake Cachuma amphitheater. The Agricultural Enterprise Ordinance, set to be completed by fall 2024, will further boost economic opportunities for farms in the County.

SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL PROJECTS

The County completed \$40.4 million in capital projects in FY 2023-24 and has approved \$123.4 million for capital projects in FY 2024-25 including:

- Approximately \$32.6 million for maintaining County buildings, roads and parks with over \$18.6 million of that going towards road maintenance projects.
- Approximately \$55 million for the Laguna County Sanitation District Phase I Plant Upgrade (construction substantially completed).
- Approximately \$16 million for the replacement of the 580-foot-long Floradale Avenue Bridge which was completed at the end of 2023.
- Approximately \$3.2 million for improvements to 72 lane miles via the Countywide Pavement Preservation Project.

Additional FY 2024-25 capital and capital maintenance projects, equipment, software, and information systems projects can be found in Section E "Capital Budget Summary" of the County's Recommended Budget (available at https://www.countyofsb.org/4210/2024-2025).

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

In the FY 2024-25 Recommended Budget, the County is projecting local property tax revenue growth of 0.74%, a 0.18% increase in retail sales tax, and an increase of 0.65% related to TOT taxes.

The County has committed to building and maintaining a strategic reserve equal to 8% of annual General Fund revenues, or approximately 30 days working capital. During FY 2023-24, the strategic reserve balance reached \$44 million, an increase of \$3.5 million from the prior year; an additional \$1.6 million increase has been budgeted for FY 2024-25. The County is also addressing capital needs by continuing to incorporate a policy which earmarks 18% of available discretionary General Fund revenue growth for deferred maintenance.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The County benchmarks its financial policies to a set of Best Financial Management Practices for Governmental Issuers of Municipal Debt published by Fitch Ratings.

Fund Balance Reserve

The County is committed to building a strategic reserve as discussed previously in Long-Term Financial Planning.

Multiyear Financial Forecasting

The County prepares a five-year financial forecast annually focusing on discretionary revenues and their uses to aid in current year decisions.

Quarterly Financial Reporting and Monitoring

The CEO and Budget Director review each department's year-to-date actual and projected revenues and expenditures quarterly. These meetings also focus on their operations and performance measures.

Contingency Planning

The County does not have a formal contingency policy and maintains only a small operating contingency of less than 1% in the General Fund. However, the County has established a strategic reserve policy, and is in the process of building a strategic reserve that will equal 8% of annual General Fund revenues (approximately 30 days working capital). The County also has other significant fund balances in its special revenue funds. The most noteworthy is the Flood Control District fund balance used to hedge against storm related disasters.

Nonrecurring Revenue

One of the principal budget tenets is that nonrecurring revenue should be used for one-time needs and that ongoing expenditures should have identified ongoing sources. Additionally, the County's General Fund Allocation Policy states that "Requests for additional FTE's ... will identify the ongoing funding source."

Financial Reporting Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) has awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County for its ACFR annually since 1991, and the Certificate of Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for the Financial Highlights annually since 1995.

Debt Affordability

The County established a Debt Advisory Committee (DAC) to provide advice to the Board on debt issuance and management. The DAC looks at repayment sources as one of the key criteria for approval of new debt issues. In addition, all long-term equipment or real property leases are reviewed for lease vs. purchase decisions.

Superior Debt Disclosure Practices

The County maintains a complex set of debt disclosures in the County's Recommended Budget and the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) statistical section. We believe that time is of the essence in the publication of these documents. The budget is adopted before June 30th, and loaded into the financial system before the close of the first month of the new fiscal year. The County's major financial documents are available on the web at Santa Barbara County, CA-Official Website | Official Website (countyofsb.org)

Capital and Maintenance Funding

The County has an informal pay-as-you-go policy for funding capital. However, many of the County's funds only utilize pay-as-you-go financing. Beginning in FY 2015-16, the Board established a budget policy to set aside 18% of general revenue growth to address aging infrastructure and facilities.

Debt Repayment Plan

The County's current outstanding debt schedule features a debt repayment plan that will reduce debt by 57.4% over the next ten years with 100% reduction in 17 years.

Five-Year Capital Improvement Program

The County's Five-Year Capital Improvement Program provides for an integration of capital projects and operating impacts in the recommended operating budget for each budget cycle.

Budgeting Awards

The GFOA has presented the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the County annually since 1998.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We are very proud of this ACFR and all of the County's award-winning financial reporting publications. Each publication has been prepared with great care and expertise with a goal of meeting the highest level of financial reporting preparation standards.

GFOA Financial Reporting Certificate of Achievement

The GFOA awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County's ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This award has been achieved annually since 1991. To receive this prestigious award, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements.

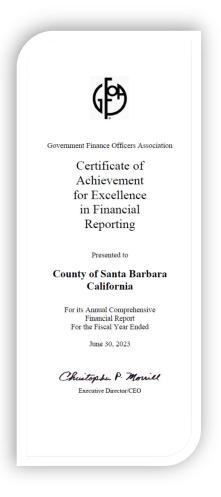
A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

GFOA Budget Presentation Award

The County received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2023 This award has been achieved annually since 1998. To receive this prestigious award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.

GFOA Popular Annual Financial Reporting Award

The County received the GFOA's Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for its Financial Highlights publication for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 This award has been achieved annually since 1995. To receive this prestigious award, a government must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report that conforms to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability, and reader appeal.



Acknowledgments

The preparation of the ACFR and its timely issuance is the result of a concentrated, dedicated, and coordinated effort by the entire Auditor-Controller staff. We would like to acknowledge the special efforts of the Financial Reporting Division for their assistance in the report's preparation. We would also like to thank all County departments who participated in its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

Mona Miyasato County Executive

Mondhigasate

Betsy M. Schaffer, CPA, CPFO Auditor-Controller

Batay My Achall



FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Santa Barbara, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Santa Barbara, California (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System Schedule of the County's Contributions, Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Major Special Revenue Funds be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the budgetary comparison for the Capital Projects Fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the budgetary comparison for the Capital Projects Fund are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 26, 2024, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BROWN ARMSTRONG

Grown Armstrong Secountaincy Corporation

Bakersfield, California December 26, 2024



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The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as required supplementary information for the benefit of the readers of the ACFR.

As management of the County, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's Basic Financial Statements, which immediately follow this section. All dollar amounts are expressed in thousands.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Governmentwide Financial Analysis

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, several major projects and revenue sources were of special significance to the County's operations and net position. Over time, net position can be a useful indicator of the County's financial condition. Net position increased this year by \$168,875. The major elements that impacted the financial position during the year are detailed below.

<u>Changes to Net Investment in Capital Assets -\$28.3M</u> (represents the County's investment in capital assets, less (1) accumulated depreciation/amortization, (2) related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets, and (3) related deferred inflows of resources) were primarily due to:

- Randall Road Debris Basin Project (Net impact = +21.3M)
 Infrastructure construction completed on new debris basin to improve safety for Montecito residents and traveling public by reducing potential flooding and debris flow impacts.
- <u>Laguna Sanitation District Plant Expansion</u> (Net impact = +7.5M) Construction continued on the first phase of the Laguna Sanitation District upgrade project. The plant upgrade is intended to extend the useful life of the plant and the work is funded by capital reserves and debt.
- Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System Implementation (Net impact = +7.7M)
 Spending for the implementation of the County ERP System to support the migration of Information Technology
 Services from on-premises to internet service providers (cloud) increased work in progress.
- <u>2024 Capital Improvement COP</u> (Net impact = -98.1M)

 Debt issued for capital improvement projects and equipment including renovation of existing Cachuma Lake RV park, new Cuyama Fire Station 27, main County Jail renovation, new Probation headquarters building, public safety radio network replacement, and new regional fire communication center.

<u>Changes to Unrestricted Net Position +\$91.8M</u> (represents the County's available resources for ongoing obligations related to programs with external restrictions of their use) were primarily due to:

- Increases to Secured Property Tax Revenue (+\$16.2M)
 Property taxes exceeded estimates, resulting in decreased use of revenues due to the timing related to the budget and contributing to an increase in unrestricted net position. Funds are expected to be committed by the Board of Supervisors for various purposes in the upcoming budget year.
- Increases to Unrestricted Investment Earnings (+\$15.3M)
 Earnings from unrestricted investments increased due to higher interest income earnings as well as greater unrealized gains compared to unrealized losses in the prior fiscal year.

Detailed information and analysis of the changes in net position can be found in the subsequent sections, which reflect the impact of these major financial highlights.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the County's Basic Financial Statements, which include the following three components:

- Governmentwide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
- Notes to the Financial Statements

Governmentwide Financial Statements

The Governmentwide Financial Statements provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources with the difference reported as Net Position.

Net Position = (Assets + Deferred Outflows of Resources) – (Liabilities + Deferred Inflows of Resources)

The Statement of Activities presents the most recent fiscal year's changes in the County's net position. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows (Accrual Basis of Accounting). The statement reports items resulting in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave) as revenues and expenses.

The Governmentwide Financial Statements distinguish functions of the County principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities grouped by function of the County include Policy and Executive, Public Safety, Health and Human Services, Community Resources and Public Facilities, General Government and Support Services, and General County Programs. The business-type activities of the County include Resource Recovery and Waste Management (Resource Recovery) and Laguna County Sanitation District (Laguna Sanitation).

Component units are included in the financial statements and are legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. If a component unit's total debt is expected to be repaid entirely by the County, if the component unit provides services entirely to the County, or if the component unit has substantially the same governing board as the County and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship or County management has operational responsibility for a component unit, then the component unit will be classified as a blended component unit. If a component unit does not meet any of the preceding requirements, it will be presented as a discrete component unit.

The County's only discretely presented component unit is the First 5 Children and Families Commission. The County's only fiduciary component unit is the Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System (SBCERS).

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The County's funds are divided into three types:

- Governmental funds
- Proprietary funds
- Fiduciary funds

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Governmentwide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Governmentwide Financial Statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting). Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements. To understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Governmentwide Financial Statements. Both the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Over time, increases or decreases in fund balance are a useful indicator of the County's near-term financial condition.

The County maintains 82 individual governmental funds combined into 33 funds for financial reporting purposes. The County segregates from the General Fund a number of significant functions in 8 major funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the following major funds: General, Roads, Public Health, Social Services, Behavioral Wellness, Flood Control District, Affordable Housing, Fire Protection District, and Capital Projects. Data for the other 24 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for these nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its operating funds. The budget and actual comparison schedules provided for the General Fund and major special revenue funds demonstrate performance against this budget.

Proprietary Funds

The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. The County has two enterprise funds, both of which qualify as major funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Governmentwide Financial Statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for Resource Recovery and Laguna Sanitation.

Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County's internal service funds account for information technology services, vehicle operations and maintenance, risk management and insurance, communications services, and utilities. Since these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they are consolidated within governmental activities in the Governmentwide Financial Statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Governmentwide Financial Statements, but in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the Resource Recovery Fund and the Laguna Sanitation Fund.

Fiduciary Funds

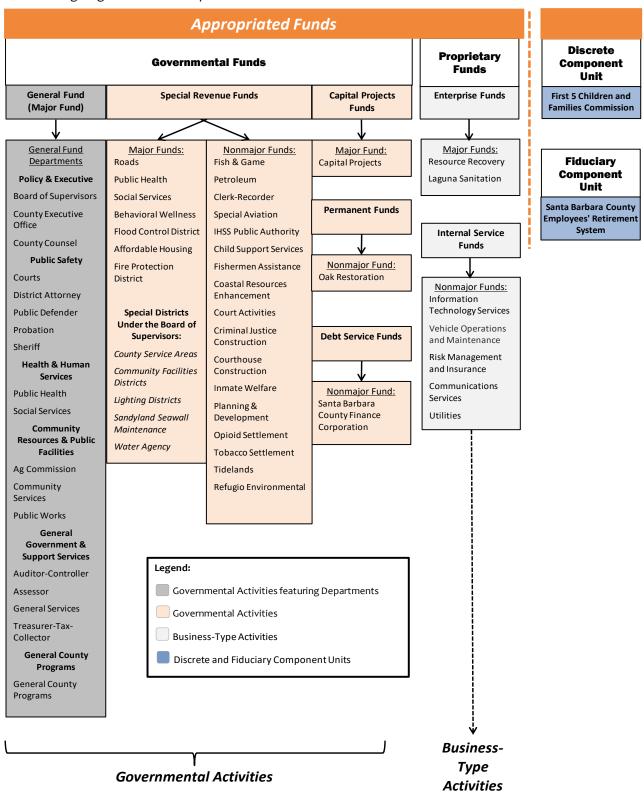
Fiduciary funds account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the Governmentwide Financial Statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. Fiduciary fund accounting is similar to proprietary fund accounting. Fiduciary funds report the external portions of the Treasurer's investment pool, a private-purpose trust fund, and custodial funds. SBCERS is reported as a fiduciary component unit and is reported under Fiduciary Funds in the basic financial

statements. A fiduciary component unit is an organization that meets the component unit criteria of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended, and is a fiduciary activity of the County.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Governmentwide and Fund Financial Statements.

The following diagram is a visual depiction of the Governmentwide financial structure.



GOVERNMENTWIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

	Governmental		Business-Type					
	Activities		Activities		Total		Total	
	2023 as restated	2024	2023	2024	2023 as restated	2024	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$ 1,007,161	\$ 1,132,642	\$ 128,869	\$ 126,826	\$ 1,136,030	\$ 1,259,468	\$ 123,438	10.9%
Capital assets, net of depreciation	960,812	1,033,698	291,853	305,231	1,252,665	1,338,929	86,264	6.9%
Total assets	1,967,973	2,166,340	420,722	432,057	2,388,695	2,598,397	209,702	8.8%
Deferred outflows of resources:	210,350	256,443	3,928	4,396	214,278	260,839	46,561	21.7%
Liabilities:								
Current and other liabilities	254,176	234,890	6,536	7,911	260,712	242,801	(17,911)	(6.9%
Long-term liabilities	878,191	998,189	235,209	221,184	1,113,400	1,219,373	105,973	9.5%
Total liabilities	1,132,367	1,233,079	241,745	229,095	1,374,112	1,462,174	88,062	6.4%
Deferred inflows of resources:	47,232	46,679	368	247	47,600	46,926	(674)	(1.4%
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	877,297	828,960	125,396	145,420	1,002,693	974,380	(28,313)	(2.8%
Restricted for:								
Policy & executive	1,641	262			1,641	262	(1,379)	(84.0%
Public safety	95,203	99,507			95,203	99,507	4,304	4.5%
Health & human services	89,888	97,897			89,888	97,897	8,009	8.9%
Community resources & public facilities	211,822	223,408			211,822	223,408	11,586	5.5%
General government & support services	8,835	6,363		_	8,835	6,363	(2,472)	(28.0%
General county programs	37,688	123,000			37,688	123,000	85,312	226.4%
Total Restricted	445,077	550,437			445,077	550,437	105,360	23.7%
Unrestricted	(323,650)	(236,372)	57,141	61,691	(266,509)	(174,681)	91,828	34.5%
Total net position, as restated	\$ 998,724	\$ 1,143,025	\$ 182,537	\$ 207,111	\$ 1,181,261	\$ 1,350,136	\$ 168,875	14.3%

As noted earlier, over time, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial condition. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,350,136 at the close of the current fiscal year.

Analysis of Net Position

The County's total net position increased by \$168,875, or 14.3%, during the fiscal year. The significant changes are detailed below by the classification of net position that was affected by each. This increase is higher than the prior five-year average of net position increases of \$127,853, primarily due to American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) receipts. Please see the Statistical section for a 10-year trend on changes in net position.

Assets

Current and other assets increased by \$123,438, or 10.9%, due primarily to the receipt of ARPA funding, as well as federal reimbursements for prior year disasters.

Deferred outflows of resources

Deferred outflows of resources increased by \$46,561, or 21.7%, due primarily to the higher than expected returns on net investments for pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) investments.

Liabilities

Total liabilities increased by \$88,062, or 6.4%, due primarily to a \$99,104, or 51.0%, increase in long-term certificates of participation and a \$5,880, or 379.1% increase in subscription liability. Simultaneously, liabilities decreased due primarily to a \$19,799, or 20.2% decrease in advances from grantors or third parties, and \$6,206, or 17.3% decrease in Landfill closure/post-closure care costs.

Deferred inflows of resources

Total deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$674, or 1.4%, due primarily to higher than expected returns on net investments for pension and OPEB investments and a \$3,673, or 150.4% increase in lease proceeds primarily from error correction adjustment.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The largest portion of the County's net position is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, roads, bridges, flood control channels and debris basins, machinery, equipment, and intangible assets), less the related and outstanding debt used to acquire those assets, related payables, and related deferred inflows of resources. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; as such, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The County's net investment in capital assets decreased by \$28,313, or 2.8%, and consisted of the following:

	2023 as restated		2024	Dollar Change		Percentage Change	
Investment in Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation) Less:	\$ 1,252,665	\$	1,338,929	\$	86,264	6.9%	
Related Debt	213,344		327,981		114,637	53.7%	
Related Payables Related Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,581 32,047		7,670 28,898		3,089 (3,149)	67.4% (9.8%)	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,002,693	\$	974,380	\$	(28,313)	-2.8%	

Restricted Net Position

Restricted net position of \$550,437 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use or by enabling legislation. Due to the unique nature of funding sources and the unrestricted impact of the net pension and OPEB liabilities, the County has significantly more restricted net position dollars than unrestricted net position dollars. Restricted net position is comprised of the following:

- \$154,898 (28.1%) for property taxes dedicated to specific services such as flood control and fire protection;
- \$111,623 (20.3%) for grant, land use, and permit agreements;
- \$90,002 (16.4%) for federal and State allocations for roads and health services;
- \$80,369 (14.6%) for numerous State imposed restrictions;
- \$79,171 (14.4%) for federally imposed restrictions for health and housing programs;
- \$31,902 (5.8%) for various other restrictions imposed on the County; and
- \$2,472 (0.4%) for donations.

Restricted net position increased \$105,360, or 23.7%. Significant changes to restricted net position, by function, include:

- The <u>General County Programs</u> function increased \$85,312 due primarily to the proceeds from certificates of participation restricted for capital improvement projects.
- The <u>Community Resources and Public Facilities</u> function increased \$11,586 due primarily to public arts programs and other community resource services funding restricted for general community resource and public facilities purposes.
- The <u>Health and Public Assistance</u> function increased \$8,009 due primarily to:
 - \$4,093 from the transfer of Opioid Settlement funds from the General Fund; and
 - \$2,365 from unanticipated Behavioral Health Bridge Housing program grant revenue allocated to address immediate housing and treatment needs of people experiencing unsheltered homelessness with serious behavioral health issues.

Unrestricted Net Position

Due primarily to funding related to the Public Safety Realignment Act of 2011 and unrealized gains on investments, unrestricted net position increased by \$91,828, or 34.5%, from negative \$266,509 to negative \$174,681. The majority of the balance of negative unrestricted net position is the result of the County's unfunded net pension liabilities (\$707,600) and net OPEB liabilities (\$65,667).

Analysis of Governmental Activities

The net position of the County's governmental activities increased by \$144,301 to \$1,143,025, or 14.4%, over the prior year as a result of operating revenues exceeding operating expenses in addition to prior period adjustments (see Note 21).

Changes in Ne	et Position (in thousand	ds)							
	Governmental Activities Total									
	2023 as restated	2024	Dollar 2024	Percent 2023						
Revenues			<u> </u>							
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 259,351	\$ 267,660	\$ 8,309	3.2%						
Operating grants and contributions	547,079	587,848	40,769	7.5%						
Capital grants and contributions	297	152	(145)	(48.8%)						
Total program revenues	806,727	855,660	48,933	6.1%						
General revenues:										
Property taxes	369,807	389,407	19,600	5.3%						
Sales taxes	25,803	25,713	(90)	(.3%)						
Transient occupancy tax	17,202	17,746	544	3.2%						
Cannabis	6,117	5,770	(347)	(5.7%)						
Payments in-lieu of taxes	2,218	2,359	141	6.4%						
Franchise fees	4,022	4,428	406	10.1%						
Unrestricted investment earnings	3,177	14,954	11,777	370.7%						
Other	888	559	(329)	(37.0%)						
Total general revenues	429,234	460,936	31,702	7.4%						
Total revenues	1,235,961	1,316,596	80,635	6.5%						
F										
Expenses Policy 9 executive	17,900	15,331	(2.560)	(14.4%)						
Policy & executive	340,981	403,563	(2,569) 62,582	18.4%						
Public safety	428,423	467,901	39,478	9.2%						
Health & human services	153,218	176,348	23,130	15.1%						
Community resources & public facilities	39,923	45,609	5,686	14.2%						
General government & support services	65,655	60,257	(5,398)	(8.2%)						
General county programs	2,490	3,157	(5,398)	26.8%						
Interest on long-term debt	1,048,590	1,172,166	123,576	11.8%						
France (deficiency) of vovenues	1,046,390	1,172,100	123,370	11.070						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	187,371	144,430	(42,941)	(22.9%)						
Transfers		(129)	(129)	(100.0%)						
Change in net position	187,371	144,301	(43,070)	(23.0%)						
Net position - beginning, as previously reported	811,273	998,340	187,067	23.1%						
Error correction adjustment	80	384	304							
Net position - beginning, as restated	811,353	998,724	187,371	23.1%						
Net position - ending	\$ 998,724	\$ 1,143,025	\$ 144,301	14.4%						

Revenues

Total revenues for the County's Governmental Activities had an overall increase from the prior year of \$80,635, or 6.5%, to \$1,316,596. Revenues are divided into two categories: Program Revenues, which are the revenues derived directly from the functional programs or from parties outside the County's taxpayers or community; and General Revenues, which are the revenues that do not meet the requirements of program revenues, most of which are taxes.

Program Revenues had an overall increase of \$48,933, or 6.1%, to \$855,660 from the prior year. As an arm of the State government, a significant portion of charges for services and operating grants and contributions are tied to mandated programs such as public assistance, health, and behavioral wellness services. Total program revenues represent 65.0% of the County's funding for governmental activities.

- Charges for services increased \$8,309, or 3.2%, to \$267,660 primarily due to:
 - \$5,316 increase of fire incident services; and
 - \$5,248 increase of litigation settlements
- Operating grants and contributions (intergovernmental revenues) increased a net \$40,769, or 7.5%, to \$587,848 primarily due to:
 - \$22,860 increase of State Mental Health Services funding;
 - \$11,058 increase of interest income from investments;
 - \$8,852 increase of funding related to flood protection basin projects; and
 - \$2,483 increase of unanticipated Behavioral Health Bridge Housing program grant funding.
- <u>Capital grants and contributions</u> (intergovernmental revenues) decreased \$145, or 48.8%, to \$152 primarily due to planned capital maintenance road projects and other capital outlay grants.

General Revenues had an overall increase of \$31,702, or 7.4%, to \$460,936. These revenues included general taxes which provided the Board of Supervisors with the most discretionary spending ability. Since the formation of Santa Barbara County government in 1850, basic public safety services such as sheriff, fire, probation, and district attorney consume most of the general revenues. The increase in general revenues is due primarily to the following changes:

- Property Tax Revenue increased \$19,600, or 5.3%, to \$389,407 primarily from assessed valuation growth;
- Cannabis Tax decreased \$347, or 5.7%, to \$5,770 primarily due to decreased cannabis related operations; and
- Unrestricted investment gain increased by \$11,777 primarily due to an increase in the fair market value of investments, as well as increases in interest income.

Expenses had an overall increase for governmental activities of \$123,576, or 11.8%, to \$1,172,166 from the prior year. This change was mainly driven by increases in accrued pension expense of \$38,997, regular salaries of \$22,377, Road services of \$17,412, and retirement contribution of \$11,275.

Transfers (out) had an overall increase for governmental activities of \$129, or 100%, to \$129 from prior year. This change was driven by an ARPA revenue reimbursement to Enterprise fund, Laguna Sanitation District.

As a service delivery entity, the County's major cost component is salaries and benefits, amounting to 56.6% of the total County expenses. The average full-time equivalent (FTE) count for the County (including business-type activities) had a net increase of 143 FTEs from 4,151 in the prior year to 4,294 at June 30, 2024. A 10-year trend chart on average FTEs can be found in the Statistical section.

Analysis of Business-type Activities

The net position of business-type activities increased by \$24,574, or 13.5%, to \$207,111, which indicates these activities generated revenues sufficient to cover the costs of operations.

	Busines	s-Typ	oe .		Bus To	otal
	 Activ	ities	С	Oollar	Percent	
	2023		2024	Cl	nange	Change
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 64,665	\$	65,774	\$	1,109	1.7%
Operating grants and contributions	 3,167		1,898		(1,269)	(40.1%
Total program revenues	 67,832		67,672		(160)	(.2%
General revenues:						
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,217		4,747		3,530	290.1%
Other	 26		38		12	46.2%
Total general revenues	 1,243		4,785		3,542	285.0%
Total revenues	 69,075		72,457		3,382	4.9%
Expenses						
Resource Recovery	49,522		38,785		(10,737)	(21.7%
Laguna Sanitation	9,372		9,227		(145)	(1.5%
	58,894		48,012		(10,882)	(18.5%
Excess of revenues over expenses	 10,181		24,445		14,264	140.1%
Transfers	 		129		129	#DIV/0
Change in net position	 10,181		24,574		14,393	141.4%
Net position - beginning	 172,356		182,537		10,181	5.9%
Net position - ending	\$ 182,537	\$	207,111	\$	24,574	13.5%

- <u>Charges for services</u> increased by \$1,109, or 1.7%, to \$65,774 primarily due to increases in charges for sanitation services in Resource Recovery from increases in commercial related revenues.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$1,269, or 40.1%, to \$1,898 primarily due to prior year recognition of upfront partial payment from the SCE Self-Generation Incentive Program project.
- <u>Unrestricted investment gain</u> increased by \$3,530, or 290.1%, to \$4,747 primarily due to greater interest income and unrealized gains on investments in the County treasury.
- Expenses decreased by \$10,882, or 18.5%, to \$48,012 primarily due to a decrease in closure/post-closure landfill costs, as well as a decrease in operating costs.
- <u>Transfers</u> increased by \$129, or 100%, to \$129 primarily due to an ARPA revenue reimbursement from General Fund.

Analysis of Capital Assets

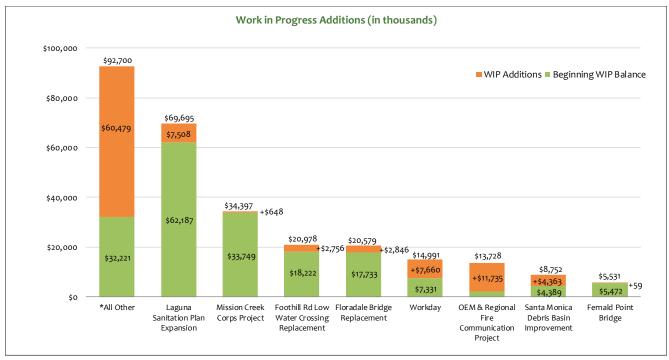
	Capital Ass	ets (net of	depreciatio	n, in thous	ands)			
	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type				
	Activ	/ities	Activ	/ities	To	otal	Tota	al
	2023 as restated	2024	2023	2024	2023 as restated	2024	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Capital assets, non-depreciable:								
Land	\$ 69,432	\$ 69,432	\$ 15,654	\$ 15,654	\$ 85,086	\$ 85,086	\$	0.0%
Land easements	53,133	53,133			53,133	53,133		0.0%
SCA assets	40,782	41,531		-	40,782	41,531	749	1.8%
Work in progress	163,324	204,960	65,845	76,391	229,169	281,351	52,182	22.8%
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	326,671	369,056	81,499	92,045	408,170	461,101	52,931	13.0%
Capital assets, depreciable:								
Land improvements	19,654	19,499	208	197	19,862	19,696	(166)	(0.8%)
Structures and improvements	256,102	254,038	95,029	95,312	351,131	349,350	(1,781)	(.5%)
Equipment	59,911	66,539	67,985	68,628	127,896	135,167	7,271	5.7%
Infrastructure	268,962	287,228	47,132	49,049	316,094	336,277	20,183	6.4%
Intangible assets								
Software	1,233	565		-	1,233	565	(668)	(54.2%)
Subscription assets	4,317	12,200			4,317	12,200	7,883	182.6%
Leased assets	23,962	24,573			23,962	24,573	611	2.5%
Capital assets, net of								
accumulated depreciation, as	634,141	664,642	210,354	213,186	844,495	877,828	33,333	3.9%
restated								
Total, as restated	\$ 960,812	\$ 1,033,698	\$ 291,853	\$ 305,231	\$1,252,665	\$ 1,338,929	\$ 86,264	6.9%

During the fiscal year, the County's investment in capital assets increased by \$86,264, or 6.9%, to \$1,338,929 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment is in a broad range of capital assets including land, land easements, Service Concession Arrangement (SCA) assets, work in progress (WIP), land improvements, structures and improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and intangible assets – software, subscription assets, and lease assets. Major capital additions include:

- <u>Land Improvements:</u> The balance of land improvements decreased a total of \$166, or 0.8%, due to depreciation.
- <u>Structures and Improvements:</u> The County capitalized \$11,865 of structures and improvements, net of \$13,646 in depreciation, for a total decrease of \$1,781, or 0.5%. Significant additions include:
 - \$2,657 for the completion of the Santa Barbara Courthouse Roof restoration;
 - \$1,185 for the completion of the Santa Barbara Admin Building HVAC replacement;
 - \$913 for the completion of the Santa Maria Courtroom restoration; and
 - \$508 for the completion of the Santa Maria Cook & Miller parking.
- Equipment: The County capitalized \$21,883 of equipment, net of \$8,041 in depreciation and \$6,571 of deletions, for a total increase of \$7,271, or 5.7%. Significant additions include:
 - \$1,983 for four John Deere 4-wheel drive loaders;
 - \$1,926 for Sheriff Axon taser system which include hardware and application;
 - \$782 for Caterpillar AWD motor grader
 - \$609 for a Vogele Super highway foot paver; and
 - \$448 for a John Deere mid-size crawler dozer;
- <u>Infrastructure:</u> The County capitalized \$28,565 of infrastructure, net of \$8,382 in depreciation, for a total increase of \$20,183, or 6.4%. Significant projects include:
 - \$21,325 for the Randall Road Debris Basin project;
 - \$3,240 for the Romero Creek Capacity Improvement project; and
 - \$1,938 for the N. Trunk Line Rehabilitation Phase 4 project.

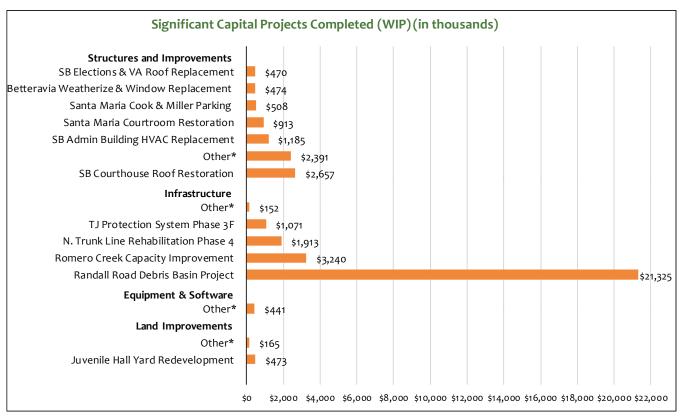
- <u>Software</u>: The balance of software decreased for a total of \$668, or 54.2%, due to depreciation.
- <u>Subscription assets:</u> The County capitalized \$11,157 of subscription assets, net of \$3,170 in amortization and \$104 of deletions, for a total increase of \$7,883, or 182.6%. Significant additions include:
 - \$8,791 for Behavioral Wellness SmartCare CalMHSA record keeping application subscription;
 - \$797 for IT Critical Start CyberSOC monitoring software subscription; and
 - \$376 for IT ReDesign Coreview software subscription.
- <u>Lease assets:</u> The County capitalized \$4,000 of lease assets, net of \$2,461 in amortization and \$928 in deletions, for a total increase of \$611, or 2.5%. Significant additions include:
 - \$2,974 for two Behavioral Wellness office space leases.
- Work in Progress (WIP): When a capital project will be completed in a subsequent fiscal year, related project costs are recorded as WIP. In the year of completion, a project's WIP is allocated to the appropriate capital asset classification(s). In the current fiscal year, WIP had a net increase of \$52,182, or 22.8%. Total WIP additions of \$98,054 were offset by project completions of \$39,998, project retirements of \$66, and project adjustment of \$5,808.

Of the \$98,054 in WIP additions, major project costs include:



^{*}All other represents individual projects that have total WIP balances under \$5,000.

Of the \$39,998 completions of WIP, major projects include:



*Other represents individual projects that have total completed WIP balances under \$400.

Additional capital asset information, including depreciation, amortization, and outstanding WIP by project as of June 30, 2024, can be found in Note 6 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Analysis of Bonds, Notes, and Certificates of Participation (COP)

	Outstai	nding Bond	ds, Notes, a	and COP (i	n thousan	ds)		
	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type			To	tal
	Activ	/ities	Activ	vities	To	tal	Dollar	Percent
	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	Change	Change
Bonds and notes payable	\$ 3,633	\$ 5,770	\$ 930	\$ 625	\$ 4,563	\$ 6,395	\$ 1,832	40.1%
Certificates of participation	20,478	128,617	180,401	174,146	200,879	302,763	101,884	50.7%
Total	\$ 24,111	\$ 134,387	\$ 181,331	\$ 174,771	\$ 205,442	\$ 309,158	\$ 103,716	50.5%

The County's total balance of bonds, notes, and COP increased by \$103,716, or 50.5%, during the fiscal year. The net increase was primarily due to the issuance of the 2024 COP, \$98,090.

On April 12, 2024, S&P Global Ratings (S&P), assigned its 'AAA' issuer credit rating to the County. Additionally, S&P assigned its 'AA+' issue rating to the County's 2024A-1 (tax-exempt) and 2024A-2 (taxable) COP while affirming its 'AA+' rating on the County's outstanding COPs. The S&P scale ranges from AAA, the highest, to D, the lowest. In addition, the County maintains a Moody's 'A1' rating (this scale ranges from Aaa1, the highest, to Caa3, the lowest) The County's strong credit ratings with Standard & Poor's and Moody's result in reduced borrowing costs for new capital asset construction.

The rationale behind the ratings reflects the rating agencies' view of:

- The long-term general creditworthiness of the County;
- The County's covenants to budget and appropriate lease payments;
- A stable, moderately growing economic base with access to the broader Ventura and Los Angeles area
- Consistent maintenance of very strong unreserved General Fund balances despite limited financial flexibility due to State mandates;
- An experienced management team that has implemented strong financial policies and prudent expenditure controls;
- Low overall debt levels; and
- The County's very strong underlying general credit characteristics.

 $Additional\ information\ on\ the\ County's\ long-term\ liabilities\ can\ be\ found\ in\ Note\ 10\ in\ the\ Notes\ to\ the\ Financial\ Statements.$

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUND BALANCES

				F	und E	Balances (i	n tho	usands)							
	Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned												Total		
				2	2024					2024	as	2023 restated		Dollar Change	Percent Change
General Fund	\$	55	\$	105,751	\$	198,936	\$	23,176	\$	327,918	\$	309,115	\$	18,803	6.19
Major Funds															
Roads				47,808				(509)		47,299		43,201		4,098	9.59
Public Health				22,054				(526)		21,528		26,823		(5,295)	(19.7%
Social Services		309		5,926		1,669		(310)		7,594		12,151		(4,557)	(37.5%
Behavioral Wellness				60,335				(1,019)		59,316		45,860		13,456	29.39
Flood Control		4		68,820				(1,396)		67,428		60,696		6,732	11.19
Affordable Housing				12,657				(532)		12,125		10,616		1,509	14.29
Fire Protection				25,707						25,707		27,245		(1,538)	(5.6%
Capital Projects				93,556		15,906		(1,758)		107,704		20,873		86,831	416.09
Other Governmental															
Funds		707		53,333		11,600		(953)		64,687		58,409		6,278	10.79
	\$	1,075	\$	495,947	\$	228,111	\$	16,173	\$	741,306	\$	614,989	\$	126,317	20.5%

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term (See Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies) inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources (modified accrual basis of accounting). Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, total fund balance less the non-spendable portion is a useful measure of a government's resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

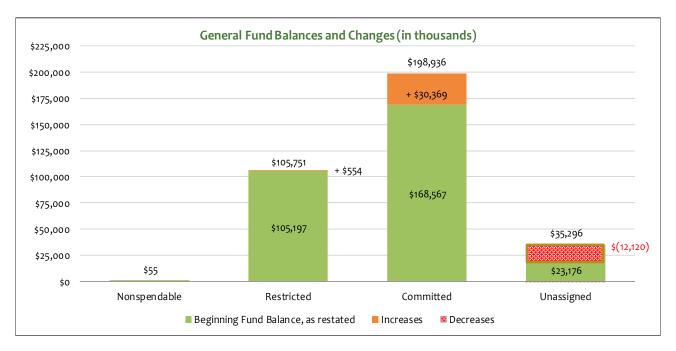
At June 30, 2024, the County's Governmental Funds reported total fund balance of \$741,306, a \$126,317 increase in comparison with the prior year's total ending fund balance. The components of total fund balance are as follows (for more information see Note 14 – Fund Balances):

- Non-spendable Fund Balance, \$1,075 are amounts that are not spendable in form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, and are made up of long-term receivables, and prepaid expenses and deposits.
- Restricted Fund Balance, \$495,947 consists of amounts with constraints put on their use by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations or enabling legislation. Examples of restrictions on funds are those for (1) purpose of fund (i.e., flood control), (2) grants for capital outlay, and (3) reserved legislated amounts (i.e., healthcare).
- Committed Fund Balance, \$228,111 consists of amounts for specific purposes determined by the Board, which are binding unless removed by the Board in the same manner.
- Unassigned Fund Balance, \$16,173 represents the residual balance for the County's General Fund.

Approximately 99.9%, or \$740,231 of the total fund balance is in restricted, committed, and unassigned (spendable fund balances) which means it is available to meet the County's current and future needs. With the approval of the Board, County management can earmark a portion of fund balance to a particular function, project or activity, and can also earmark it for purposes beyond the current year, within the constraints applied to the various categories of fund balance. With the exception of the non-spendable portion, fund balances are available for appropriation at any time.

General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the County. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both total fund balance and spendable fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total General Fund balance, essentially all of which is available in spendable form, equates to 67.0% of total General Fund expenditures.



Included in the balances above are the following:

- Non-spendable fund balance primarily includes \$50 for Prepaids and Deposits.
- Some significant restricted fund balance amounts of the General Fund include:
 - \$40,952 for Realignment funds for public safety, health, and social programs;
 - \$15,243 for Public Safety Proposition 172;
 - \$11,903 for Property Tax Loss Reserves in Purpose of Fund; and
 - \$6,882 for Sheriff Categorical Grants.
- Some significant committed fund balance amounts of the General Fund include:
 - \$44,030 Strategic Reserve earmarked for severe economic downturns and emergencies;
 - \$25,429 for Accumulated Capital Outlay for future capital projects;
 - \$16,763 for litigation settlements; and
 - \$16,489 for emerging issues.
- Unassigned fund balance of \$23,176 is available for future discretionary appropriation by the Board.

The remaining \$127,001 of fund balances for the General Fund are comprised of over 60 components of non-spendable, restricted and committed fund balances (see Note 14 – Fund Balances).

Changes to General Fund Balances

The General Fund's total fund balance increased by \$18,803, or 6.1%, to \$327,918 at June 30, 2024. The spendable fund balances increased by \$16,528 to \$327,863 primarily in the following areas:

• Restricted fund balance

- \$4,140 increase from local realignment for public safety, health, and social programs;
- \$3,7000 increase for UC Santa Barbara Long Range Development (LRDP) settlement; and
- \$3,045 decrease for public art programs.

• Committed fund balance

- \$8,492 increase for capital outlay projects;
- \$7,204 increase for program stabilization;
- \$5,065 decrease for technology replacement and investment.

Unassigned fund balance

 General Fund unassigned fund balance decreased \$14,395 from the prior year. The decrease is primarily attributable to prior year unassigned fund balance having decreased due loss on fair market value of investments.

Major Funds (exclusive of General Fund)

As compared with the prior year, the total fund balances of the major funds increased \$101,236, or 41.0%, to \$348,701 with the following significant changes:

- The Capital Projects Fund, with expenditures of \$42,177, had a positive \$86,831 change in fund balance primarily due to the proceeds received from the 2024 COP for various capital projects.
- The Behavioral Wellness Fund, with expenditures of \$165,489, had a positive \$13,456 change in fund balance primarily due to the increase of current program funding and establishment of new program funding such as the Behavioral Health Bridge Housing grant.
- The Flood Control Fund, with expenditures of \$30,607, had a positive \$6,732 change in fund balance primarily due to the delay of various capital improvement projects and the increased focus for disaster recovery, storm clean up, and mitigation work.
- The Public Health Fund, with expenditures of \$99,397, had a negative \$5,295 change in fund balance primarily due to an increase in health and public assistance expenditures.
- The remaining net decreases totaled \$488 across the other four major funds and were principally related to Flood's fund balance increase due to delay of capital projects due to storm disaster and the decrease of Social Services fund balance due to decrease of intergovernmental revenues.

Other Governmental Funds

The fund balances of nonmajor governmental funds as a whole increased \$6,278, or 10.7%, to \$64,687. The following were significant changes:

- The Water Agency fund balance increased by \$3,299 due to the delay of planned projects as a result of increased rain and focus on disaster mitigation.
- The Opioid Settlement fund balance increased by \$1,584 primarily due to disbursement of settlement funds with no expenses reported as of year-end.
- The remaining net increases totaled \$1,395 across the other 22 nonmajor funds and were principally related to positive results of operations.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are County activities that operate like a business as opposed to government services, and are primarily supported by customer fees. They include two types of funds; enterprise funds, whose customers are mainly external to the primary government (citizens); and internal services funds, whose customers are predominantly the primary government itself.

The County has two enterprise funds: Resource Recovery and Laguna Sanitation. These funds are reported on the governmentwide statements as business-type activities. The only difference between what is reported in the proprietary fund financial statements and the governmentwide statements for the business-type activities is that the business-type activities include an allocation of the net position and activities of the Internal Service Funds.

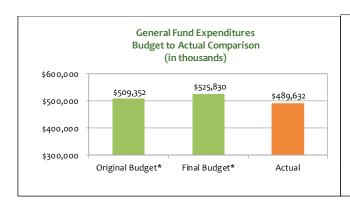
The County has five internal services funds: Information Technology Services, Vehicle Operations and Maintenance, Risk Management and Insurance, Communications Services, and Utilities. The net position and activities of the internal services funds are proportionally allocated between governmental and business-type activities in the governmentwide statements based on the fund rates charged to each activity type.

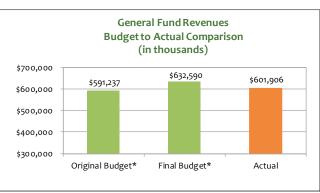
Total internal service funds' net position increased by \$24,998, or 33.1%, to \$100,457. The total increase in net position is primarily due to lower than expected capital asset expenses.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The variance between General Fund final budget and actual expenditures resulted in \$36,186 of unspent appropriations. Key variances in unspent appropriations are primarily due to: \$17,217 for services and supplies, \$12,981 for salaries and benefits due to unfilled positions; \$2,739 from other charges; and \$3,261 resulting from capital assets budgeted but not procured in this fiscal cycle.

The primary difference between budgeted revenues and expenditures is mainly attributable to General Fund Contribution transfers to the County's special revenue funds. These transfers out are shown as other financing sources and uses which are not included as expenditures.





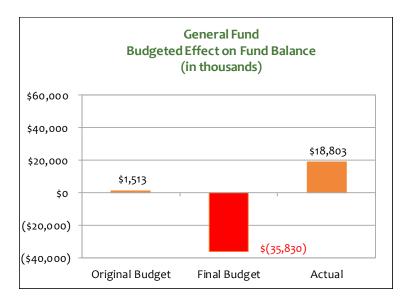
Expenditures: The County's final budget appropriations for the General Fund differed from the original budget by \$16,478, or 3.2%. The major changes were as follows:

- Other Charges increased \$3,439 primarily due to increases in communication charges, as well as litigation judgments.
- <u>Capital Assets WIP</u> increased \$13,472 primarily due to the continued implementation of the Workday ERP system.

^{*}Fund balances are used to balance budgets.

Revenues: The County's General Fund final budgeted revenues were greater than the original budget by \$41,353, or 7.0%, due to unanticipated increase in gains on investments and intergovernmental revenue related to the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

Fund Balance: The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$18,803, versus the final budget plan to decrease fund balance by \$35,830. By year-end, the increase to fund balance was more than the budget plan as departmental savings and positive operating results exceeded estimates.



ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The following factors were considered in preparing the County's recommended budget for FY 2024-25:

The goal for the upcoming year reflects the them of Prudence and Progress which reflects the County's carful fiscal planning and restraint, enabling the maintenance of core operations and advancement of local program. The recommended budget for FY 2024-25 is based on the assumptions that projected revenues will continue to slow, and inflation thwarts consumer activity. The overall uncertainty persists due to the State's budget deficit will impact multiple departments, and further actions may be required. However, intergovernmental revenues are expected to increase to fund and advance local programs. Despite these challenges, the County's continued fiscal prudence exercised by the Board, which has allowed the County to draw on revenues set aside in prior years to balance ongoing operating costs without service level reductions to mandated and essential services for the sixth consecutive year.

Total Governmental Fund revenues show an increase of 7.0%, or \$94,535 comparing FY 2024-25 budget to FY 2023-24 actual revenues. The FY 2024-25 budget shows an increase in General Fund total revenues of 0.8%, or \$4,716, compared to FY 2023-24 actual revenues.

The adopted budget appropriations for total Governmental Fund expenditures for FY 2024-25 includes a 11.8%, or \$156,932, increase when compared to FY 2023-24 actuals. The primary reason for the increase is that the County's adopted budget includes \$108.4 million increase related to new or increased funding for State and Federal programs. Overall, the focus of the FY 2024-25 budget is to continue to provide mandated and essential services, meet debt service obligations, and address critical deferred maintenance and infrastructure needs, and adhere to the Board's financial management policies.

As of June 30, 2024, the recommended available spendable General Fund balance is projected to be \$265,072. Of this amount, \$86,284 is Restricted and \$175,952 is Committed but remains available for appropriation. The County's General Fund is projected to end with \$2,836 of Unassigned fund balance. The County's Recommended performance-based FY

2024-25 budget and the County's Five-Year Capital Improvement Program can be found at https://www.countyofsb.org/3213/Budget-Documents-Page.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Santa Barbara County Auditor-Controller, PO Box 39, Santa Barbara, CA 93102-0039. The County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and Financial Highlights publications can also be found on the County's website at https://www.countyofsb.org/375/Publications.

A separately issued financial report for the County's discretely presented component unit, the First 5 Children and Families Commission, can be obtained online at http://first5santabarbaracounty.org or by writing to: First 5 Children and Families Commission, 5385 Hollister Avenue, Building 10, Suite 110, Santa Barbara, CA 93111.

A separately issued financial report for the County's fiduciary component unit, SBCERS, can be obtained online at https://www.sbcers.org/resources/financial-reports/ or by writing to: SBCERS, 130 Robin Hill Road, Suite 100, Goleta, CA 93117.



Basic Financial Statements

				Component Un First 5 Children				
		vernmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	and	Families mission
Assets								
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$	717,490	\$	79,793	\$	797,283	\$	7,375
Accounts receivable, net:								
Taxes		43,438				43,438		
Licenses, permits, and franchises		803		347		1,150		
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		234		700		234		
Use of money and property Intergovernmental		5,552 98,287		788 91		6,340 98,378		56 345
Charges for services		51,903		4,541		56,444		345
Lease receivables		5,977		50		6,027		
Other		5,563		130		5,693		445
Internal balances		327		(327)		5,055		
Inventories		280		409		689		
Prepaid items		437				437		
Notes receivable (Note 5)		6,085				6,085		
Service concession arrangements receivables		800				800		
Other receivables		637		991		1,628		5
Restricted cash and investments (Note 4)		141,178		40,013		181,191		
Housing loans receivable, net (Note 5)		42,839				42,839		
Housing loans interest receivable, net (Note 5)		10,812				10,812		
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized (Note 6)		369,056		92,045		461,101		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization (Note 6)		664,642		213,186		877,828		347
Total assets		2,166,340		432,057		2,598,397		8,573
Deferred outflows of resources								
Deferred payables (Note 1)		886				886		
Deferred pensions (Note 18)		237,578		4,061		241,639		426
Deferred OPEB (Note 19)		17,979		335		18,314		43
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	256,443		4,396		260,839		469
Liabilities		·						
Accounts payable		58,907		5,096		64,003		1,271
Salaries and benefits payable		43,075		805		43,880		72
Interest payable		675		646		1,321		2
Other payables		19,834		1,314		21,148		45
Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8)		78,007				78,007		
Unearned revenue		1,582				1,582		
Customer deposits payable		32,810		50		32,860		
Long-term liabilities (Note 10):		,-				,,,,,,		
Portion due within one year:								
Compensated absences (Note 10)		40,207		761		40,968		62
Lease liabilities (Notes 9 & 10)		2,959				2,959		63
Subscription liabilities		2,174				2,174		
Certificates of participation, net (Note 10)		4,430		4,715		9,145		
Other long-term obligations (Note 10)		283				283		
Bonds and notes payable (Note 10)		1,108		310		1,418		
Liability for self-insurance claims (Notes 10 & 11)		5,157				5,157		
Landfill closure/postclosure care costs (Note 13)				2,918		2,918		
Portion due in more than one year:								
Compensated absences (Note 10)		6,152		28		6,180		10
Lease liabilities (Notes 9 & 10)		23,035				23,035		326
Subscription liabilities		7,431		400.40:		7,431		
Certificates of participation, net (Note 10)		124,187		169,431		293,618		
Other long-term obligations (Note 10)		7,271				7,271		
Bonds and notes payable (Note 10)		4,662		315		4,977		
Liability for self-insurance claims (Notes 10 & 11)		8,943				8,943		
Estimated litigation liability (Note 12)		14		 20 615		14 20 615		
Landfill closure/postclosure care costs (Note 13)				29,615		29,615		
Net pension liability (Note 18) Net OPEB liability (Note 19)		695,710		11,890		707,600		1,248
Total liabilities		64,466		1,201		65,667 1.462.174		154
		1,233,079		229,095		1,462,174		3,253
Deferred inflows of resources								
Deferred service concession arrangements (Note 7)		29,653				29,653		
Deferred pensions (Note 18)		6,701		114		6,815		12
Deferred OPEB (Note 19)		4,637		86		4,723		11
Deferred lease proceeds		5,688		47		5,735	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		46,679		247		46,926		23
Net position Net investment in capital assets		828,960		145,420		974,380		(42)
Restricted for (Note 15):		000				205		
Policy & executive		262				262		
Public safety		99,507				99,507		
Health & human services		97,897				97,897		
Community resources & public facilities		223,408				223,408		
General government & support services		6,363				6,363		
General county programs		123,000		64.604		123,000		F 000
Unrestricted Total not position	•	(236,372)	•	61,691	Ф.	(174,681)	•	5,808
Total net position	\$	1,143,025	\$	207,111	\$	1,350,136	\$	5,766

												Net (Exp	ense)	Revenue and C	han	ges in Net Po	sition	
							Pros	gram Revenue	s			Pr	imarv	/ Government				nponent Unit
Functions/Programs	Direct Expenses		ndirect penses	Total Expenses		narges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	G	Capital irants and ntributions		overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total	CI and	First 5 hildren Families nmission
Governmental activities: Policy & executive	\$ 24,33	2 \$	(9,001)	\$ 15,331	\$	1,179	\$	31,167	\$		\$	17,015	\$		\$	17,015		
Public safety	389,23		14,333	403,563	•	73,151	•	117,350	•		Ψ	(213,062)	•		•	(213,062)		
Health & human services	457,38	1	10,520	467,901		110,940		352,323				(4,638)				(4,638)		
Community resources &	170.00		0.040	470.040		40.040		74.540				(50 500)				(50.500)		
public facilities General government &	170,00	8	6,340	176,348		43,242		74,546		31		(58,529)				(58,529)		
support services	68,10	4	(22,495)	45,609		16,790		9,636		121		(19,062)				(19,062)		
General county programs	60,63		(374)	60,257		22,358		2,826				(35,073)				(35,073)		
Interest on long-term debt	3,15		`	3,157								(3,157)				(3,157)		
Total governmental activities	1,172,84	3	(677)	1,172,166		267,660		587,848	_	152		(316,506)	_	-		(316,506)		
Business-type activities:																		
Resource Recovery	38,19	7	588	38,785		49,456		1,295						11,966		11,966		
Laguna Sanitation	9,13		89	9,227		16,318		603						7,694		7,694		
Total business-type activities	47,33		677	48,012		65,774		1,898						19,660		19,660		
Total primary government	\$ 1,220,17	8 \$		\$ 1,220,178	\$	333,434	\$	589,746	\$	152	\$	(316,506)	\$	19,660	\$	(296,846)		
Component unit: First 5 Children and Families Comm.	\$ 3,84	9 \$		\$ 3,849	\$		\$	3,628	\$								\$	(221)
riist 5 Cilidren and Families Comm.	\$ 3,04	- -		\$ 3,049	φ		<u> </u>	3,020	ų.		-						φ	(221)
	General Rev	enues:																
	Taxes:																	
	Property											286,837				286,837		
	Sales Transien	t occup	ncv									15,509 17,746				15,509 17,746		
	Cannabis		incy									5,770				5,770		
	Payments		f taxes									2,359				2,359		
	Franchise 1	ees										4,428				4,428		
	Other gen											493				493		
				sources and pul	blic fa	acilities:						40.004				40.004		
			ed to roa									10,204 15,688				10,204 15,688		
				od control distri unty service are								1,920				1,920		-
				iter agency	u3							4,066				4,066		
				hting districts								715				715		
	Property	tax, lev	ied for co	mmunity facilitie	es dis	tricts						1,135				1,135		
				ibution from th	e red	evelopment	prope	erty tax trust f	und			8,745		-		8,745		
	Restricted											70,301				70,301		
	Unrestricte		ied for fir									14,954		4,747		19,701		346
	Gain on sa		_									66		38		104		
	Transfers	c or cup		•								(129)		129				
	Total ger	neral rev	enues an	d transfers								460,807		4,914	_	465,721		346
				efore special ite	m							144,301		24,574		168,875		125
	Change	in net p	osition									144,301		24,574		168,875		125
	Net position	- beginr	ning, as pr	eviously reporte	ed							998,340		182,537		1,180,877		5,641
	Adjustmer	t - Error	correctio	n (Note 21)								384			_	384		
	Net position			stated								998,724		182,537		1,181,261		5,641
	Net position	- ending	g								\$	1,143,025	\$	207,111	\$	1,350,136	\$	5,766

		General		Roads		Public Health	:	Social Services		ehavioral Vellness
Assets and deferred outflows of resources										
Assets:	\$	335.727	\$	43.551	\$	15 207	\$	10.615	\$	49.557
Cash and investments (Note 3)	Φ	333,121	Φ	43,551	Φ	15,287	Φ	10,615	Φ	49,557
Accounts receivable, net:		40.400								
Taxes		43,438								-
Licenses, permits, and franchises		567				186				-
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties										-
Use of money and property		3,022		269		119		96		261
Intergovernmental		21,273		8,322		9,388		26,232		11,089
Charges for services		4,061		104		2,245				27,764
Lease receivables		5,977								-
Other		4,886				10				224
Due from other funds (Note 16)		3,414		2,024				1,226		-
Prepaid items		50						372		-
Service concession agreements receivables		800								-
Other receivables		252								-
Advances to other funds (Note 16)		5								-
Restricted cash and investments (Note 4)		30,147								-
Housing loans receivable										2,410
Housing loans interest receivable										42
Total assets		453,619	-	54,270		27,235		38,541		91,726
Deferred outflows of resources:										
								996		
Deferred payables (Note 1)								886		-
T								886		-
Total deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	453,619	\$	54,270	\$	27,235	\$	39,427	\$	91,726
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	453,619	\$	54,270	\$	27,235	\$	39,427	\$	91,726
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities:	<u>·</u>		<u>-i</u>	,	<u> </u>	,	· ·	· ·	<u> </u>	•
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	17,134	\$	4,596	\$	1,065	\$	2,273	\$	14,209
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities:	<u>·</u>	17,134 20,260	<u>-i</u>	,	<u> </u>	,	· ·	· ·	<u> </u>	14,20
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable	<u>·</u>	17,134	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 	· ·	2,273 5,768 	<u> </u>	14,209
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable	<u>·</u>	17,134 20,260	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027	· ·	2,273 5,768	<u> </u>	14,209 3,683
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable	<u>·</u>	17,134 20,260 4	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 	· ·	2,273 5,768 	<u> </u>	14,20 3,68 -
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables	<u>·</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283	· ·	2,273 5,768 262	<u> </u>	14,209 3,683 - 10,869
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8)	<u>·</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283	· ·	2,273 5,768 262	<u> </u>	14,209 3,68; - 10,869 629
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16)	<u>·</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494	<u> </u>	14,20 3,68 - 10,86 62
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable	<u>·</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494	<u> </u>	14,209 3,68; - 10,869 629
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16)	<u>·</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31	<u> </u>	91,726 14,209 3,683 - 10,865 625 - 197 - - 29,575
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities	<u>-i</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5	<u> </u>	14,209 3,683 - 10,866 625 - 197
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources:	<u>-i</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876 	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5	<u> </u>	14,209 3,683 - 10,866 625 - 197
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred service concession arrangements	<u>-i</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5 31,833	<u> </u>	14,209 3,683
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred service concession arrangements Deferred housing loan payments (Note 5)	<u>-i</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876 119,258	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199 5,707	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5 31,833	<u> </u>	14,209 3,683
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred service concession arrangements	<u>-i</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876 	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62 6,971	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199 5,707	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5 31,833	<u> </u>	14,209 3,683 - 10,868 628 - 197 - 29,579
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred service concession arrangements Deferred housing loan payments (Note 5) Deferred lease proceeds Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-i</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876 119,258	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62 6,971	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199 5,707	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5 31,833	<u> </u>	14,209 3,683 - 10,868 628 - 197 - 29,579
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred deservice concession arrangements Deferred housing loan payments (Note 5) Deferred lease proceeds Total deferred inflows of resources Fund balances (Note 14):	<u>-i</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876 119,258 755 5,688 6,443	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62 6,971	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199 5,707	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5 31,833	<u> </u>	14,209 3,683 10,866 629 - 199 - 29,579
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred service concession arrangements Deferred housing loan payments (Note 5) Deferred lease proceeds Total deferred inflows of resources Fund balances (Note 14): Nonspendable	<u>-i</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876 119,258 755 5,688 6,443	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62 6,971	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199 5,707	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5 31,833	<u> </u>	14,200 3,686 620 19 29,579 2,83
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred housing loan payments (Note 5) Deferred lease proceeds Total deferred inflows of resources Fund balances (Note 14): Nonspendable Restricted	<u>-i</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876 119,258 755 5,688 6,443	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62 6,971	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199 5,707	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5 31,833	<u> </u>	14,209 3,686 - 10,869 629 - 197 - 29,579 - 2,833
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred service concession arrangements Deferred housing loan payments (Note 5) Deferred lease proceeds Total deferred inflows of resources Fund balances (Note 14): Nonspendable Restricted Committed	<u>-i</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876 119,258 755 5,688 6,443	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62 6,971 47,808	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5 31,833 309 5,926 1,669	<u> </u>	14,20% 3,683 10,868 628 - 199 - 29,579 2,833 - 60,333
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred service concession arrangements Deferred housing loan payments (Note 5) Deferred lease proceeds Total deferred inflows of resources Fund balances (Note 14): Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	<u>-i</u>	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876 119,258 755 5,688 6,443	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62 6,971 47,808 (509)	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199 5,707	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5 31,833 309 5,926 1,669 (310)	<u> </u>	14,209 3,683 - 10,868 628 - 197 - 29,579 - 2,833 - 2,833 - 60,338 - (1,018
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred service concession arrangements Deferred housing loan payments (Note 5) Deferred lease proceeds Total deferred inflows of resources Fund balances (Note 14): Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	\$	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876 119,258 755 5,688 6,443	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62 6,971 47,808	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5 31,833 309 5,926 1,669	<u> </u>	14,209 3,685 - 10,866 628 - 197 - 29,579 - 2,833 - 2,833
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Other payables Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8) Unearned revenue Due to other funds (Note 16) Customer deposits payable Advances payable (Note 16) Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred service concession arrangements Deferred housing loan payments (Note 5) Deferred lease proceeds Total deferred inflows of resources Fund balances (Note 14): Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	\$	17,134 20,260 4 13,615 43,683 1,582 5,104 17,876 119,258 755 5,688 6,443	<u>-i</u>	4,596 1,023 139 1,148 3 62 6,971 47,808 (509)	<u> </u>	1,065 4,027 283 133 199 5,707	· ·	2,273 5,768 262 23,494 31 5 31,833 309 5,926 1,669 (310)	<u> </u>	14,209 3,683 - 10,868 628 - 197 - 29,579 - 2,833 - 2,833 - 60,338 - (1,018

	Flood Control District		ffordable Housing		Fire otection District		Capital Projects	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds	Assets and deferred outflows of resources
												Assets:
\$	61,308	\$	21,677	\$	10,751	\$	28,200	\$	62,055	\$	638,728	Cash and investments (Note 3)
											40 400	Accounts receivable, net:
											43,438	Taxes
									50		803	Licenses, permits, and franchises
	454		454						234		234	Fines, forfeitures, and penalties
	451 8,124		151 5,493		85 4,828		83 880		431 2,622		4,968 98,251	Use of money and property Intergovernmental
	0,124		5,495		16,402		55		2,622		50,871	Charges for services
					10,402				240		5,977	Lease receivables
							160		219		5,499	Other
	12						1,394		1,721		9,791	Due from other funds (Note 16)
							1,004		7		429	Prepaid items
											800	Service concession agreements receivables
									11		263	Other receivables
											5	Advances to other funds (Note 16)
							85,995		16,698		132,840	Restricted cash and investments (Note 4)
			51,176						-		53,586	Housing loans receivable
			11,101								11,522	Housing loans interest receivable
	69,895		89,598		32,066		116,767		84,288		1,058,005	Total assets
											000	Deferred outflows of resources:
-											886	Deferred payables (Note 1)
\$	69,895	\$	89,598	\$	32,066	\$	116,767	\$	84,288	\$	886 1,058,891	Total deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflows of resources
Ψ	09,090	Ψ	09,090	Ψ	32,000	Ψ	110,707	Ψ	04,200	Ψ	1,000,001	Total assets and deferred outriows of resources
\$	1,417	\$	6,168	\$	772	\$	5,498	\$	1,434	\$	54,566	Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable
Ψ	390	Ψ	0,100	Ψ	5,587	Ψ	0,100	Ψ	1,559	Ψ	42,297	Salaries and benefits payable
											4	Interest payable
	623						1,170				26,957	Other payables
			8,916						8		78,007	Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 8)
											1,582	Unearned revenue
	37		112				2,395		1,728		9,806	Due to other funds (Note 16)
									14,872		32,810	Customer deposits payable
											5	Advances payable (Note 16)
	2,467		15,196		6,359		9,063		19,601		246,034	Total liabilities
												Defermed inflavor of recovered
											755	Deferred inflows of resources:
			 62 277				-				755 65 109	Deferred service concession arrangements
			62,277								65,108 5,688	Deferred housing loan payments (Note 5) Deferred lease proceeds
			62,277								71,551	Total deferred inflows of resources
			02,211								11,001	Total deferred filliows of fesources
	4								707		1,075	Fund balances (Note 14): Nonspendable
	68,820		12,657		25,707		93,556		53,333		495,947	Restricted
							15,906		11,600		228,111	Committed
	(1,396)		(532)				(1,758)		(953)		16,173	Unassigned
	67,428		12,125		25,707		107,704		64,687		741,306	Total fund balances
\$	69,895	\$	89,598	\$	32,066	\$	116,767	\$	84,288	\$	1,058,891	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO

STATEMENT OF NET POSISTION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

1 or 1112 1 130 12 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2			
Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	741,306
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			977,582
Other assets used in governmental activitites that do not consume current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Notes receivable	6,085		
Other receivable	1		
Accrued interest receivable	50		
Accrued interest receivable - forgivable portion	(11,457)		(5,321)
Deferred outflows of resources are similar to assets, but they do not meet the definition of an asset. When all the recognition criteria are met, the deferred outflows of resources will become an expense. The counterpart to deferred outflows of resources are deferred inflows of resources, which do not meet the definition of a liability. When all recognition criteria are met, the deferred inflows of resources will become revenue, except for pension and OPEB related deferred inflows of resources which will be recognized as a credit to expense. The County reports the different types of deferred outflows and inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position as follows:			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred outflows - pension	233,757		054 004
Deferred outflows - OPEB	17,627		251,384
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows - pension	(6,593)		
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(4,546)		
Deferred inflows - service concession arrangements	(28,898)		
Deferred inflows - housing loan payments	65,108		25,071
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Certificates of participation	(118,381)		
Notes and bonds payable	(1,532)		
Compensated absences	(45,349)		
Leases liability	(25,994)		
Subscription based technology arrangements liability	(8,163)		
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt	(637)		
Estimated litigation liability	(14) (684,521)		
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(63,205)		(947,796)
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of fleet management and risk management to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of not position.			100,457
activities in the statement of net position.			100,407
Adjustment for Internal Service Funds are necessary to "close" those funds by charging			
additional amounts to participating business-type activites to completely cover the Internal			
Service Funds' costs for the year.			342
Net position of governmental activities	_	\$	1,143,025
	=	-	. ,



	General		Roads		Public Health	Social Services		Behavioral Wellness
Revenues	 			-				
Taxes	\$ 330,174	\$	10,080	\$		\$ 	\$	
Licenses, permits, and franchises	6,282		651		660	110		
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	9,790				432	13		48
Use of money and property	19,732		1,890		739	729		2,231
Intergovernmental	148,168		29,298		32,065	188,065		103,277
Charges for services	78,756		1,576		50,595	281		54,799
Other	9,004		280		871	548		757
Total revenues	 601,906		43,775		85,362	189,746		161,112
Expenditures								
Current:	05.040							
Policy & executive	25,213							
Public safety	290,782							
Health & human services	5,670		70.044		99,269	200,780		164,146
Community resources & public facilities	39,107		73,211					
General government & support services	59,457							
General county programs	67,475							
Debt service:	4 007		170		4.47	4 474		4.050
Principal	1,697		173		117	1,471		1,058
Interest	231		32		11	743		285
Capital outlay	 400.000		70.440		99,397	 		405 400
Total expenditures	 489,632		73,416		99,397	 202,994		165,489
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	 112,274		(29,641)		(14,035)	 (13,248)		(4,377)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in (Note 16)	15,963		33,650		10,852	9,495		9,650
Transfers out (Note 16)	(111,999)		(62)		(2,112)	(804)		(1,561)
Gain on sale of capital assets	70		47					
Long-term debt issued	1,074							
Leases issued	1,011							2,973
Subscription assets financing source	410		104		-			6,771
Issuance premium on long-term debt Total other financing sources (uses)	 (93,471)	-	33,739		8,740	 8,691	-	17,833
Net change in fund balances	18,803		4,098		(5,295)	 (4,557)		13,456
Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported	311,390		43,201		26,823	12,151		45,735
Change within financial reporting entity	311,330		40,201		20,020	12,101		40,700
(major to nonmajor fund)	(2,466)							
Error Correction	` 191 [′]							125
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	 309,115		43,201		26,823	 12,151		45,860
Fund balances - ending	\$ 327,918	\$	47,299	\$	21,528	\$ 7,594	\$	59,316

	Flood Control District		ffordable Housing		Fire Protection District		Capital Projects	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds	
\$	16,104	\$		\$	73,668	\$		\$	8,000	\$	438,026	Revenues Taxes
Φ	10,104	φ		Ф	49	Φ		Ф	15,758	Ф	23,514	Licenses, permits, and franchises
	1				6				2,127		12,417	Fines, forfeitures, and penalties
	3,003		1,037		689		917		3,059		34,026	Use of money and property
	9,373		18,718		3,585		3,159		27,540		563,248	Intergovernmental
	4,646		6		39,428		1,077		5,479		236,643	Charges for services
	132		2,163		199		1,691		8,694		24,339	Other
	33,263		21,924		117,624		6,844		70,657		1,332,213	Total revenues
	00,200		21,024		117,024		0,044		70,007		1,002,210	
												Expenditures
												Current:
	-										25,213	Policy & executive
					112,063		285		13,884		417,014	Public safety
									24,009		493,874	Health & human services
	30,607		24,516						26,832		194,273	Community resources & public facilities
									3,279		62,736	General government & support services
	-								785		68,260	General county programs
												Debt service:
									2,890		7,406	Principal
									1,218		2,520	Interest
							41,892				41,892	Capital outlay
	30,607		24,516		112,063		42,177		72,897		1,313,188	Total expenditures
												Excess (deficiency) of revenues
	2,656		(2,592)		5,561		(35,333)		(2,240)		19,025	over (under) expenditures
	2,000		(2,552)		3,301		(55,555)		(2,240)		13,023	, , ,
												Other financing sources (uses)
	4,123		7,265		11,700		38,675		14,089		155,462	Transfers in (Note 16)
	(49)		(3,164)		(18,819)		(15,378)		(6,210)		(160,158)	Transfers out (Note 16)
	2				20						139	Gain on sale of capital assets
							88,940				90,014	Long-term debt issued
											3,984	Leases issued
	-								1		7,286	Subscription assets financing source
							9,927		638		10,565	Issuance premium on long-term debt
	4,076		4,101		(7,099)		122,164		8,518		107,292	Total other financing sources (uses)
	6,732		1,509		(1,538)		86,831		6,278		126,317	Net change in fund balances
	60,696		10,616		27,245		20,873		55,943		614,673	Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported
	,		-,		,		-,		,		- ,	Change within financial reporting entity
									2,466			(major to nonmajor fund)
									_,.50		316	Error Correction
	60,696		10,616		27,245		20,873		58,409		614,989	Fund balances - beginning, as restated
\$	67,428	\$	12,125	\$	25,707	\$	107,704	\$	64,687	\$	741,306	Fund balances - ending
Ψ	01,420	<u> </u>	12,120		20,101	Ψ	107,704	Ψ	04,007	<u> </u>	7-1,000	. and balances chains

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURE, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 126,317
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure, and other related capital asset adjustments Less: current year depreciation/amortization	81,875 (29,567)	52,308
Revenues in that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		1,238
The issuance of long-term debt proceeds provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of the bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Principal repayment or bond principal payments Leases and SBITAs principal payments Issuance of long-term debt or issuance of refunding bonds Leases and SBITAs proceeds	2,853 4,553 (100,579) (11,270)	(104,443)
Some expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences liability Pension liability OPEB liability Estimated litigation	(819) 31,342 14,076 37	
Amortization of debt premium/discount Accrued interest payable	(8) (521)	44,107
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		24,774
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 144,301

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities- Internal			
	Resource		L	Laguna		_				Service
	Re	ecovery	Sai	nitation		Total		Funds		
Assets Current assets:										
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$	52,471	\$	27,322	\$	79,793	\$	78,762		
Accounts receivable, net:										
Licenses, permits, and franchises		347				347				
Use of money and property		573		215		788		534		
Intergovernmental		91				91		36		
Charges for services		3,940		601 50		4,541 50		1,032		
Lease receivables Other		115		15		130		64		
Due from other funds				15		15				
Inventories		345		64		409		280		
Prepaid items								8		
Total current assets		57,882		28,282		86,164		80,716		
Noncurrent assets:										
Other receivables (Note 5)		970		21		991		373		
Restricted cash and investments (Note 4)		39,374		639		40,013		8,338		
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized (Note 6)		18,409		73,636		92,045		21,797		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization (Note 6)		177,154		36,032		213,186		34,319		
Total noncurrent assets Total assets	-	235,907		110,328		346,235		64,827		
LOCGL 922672		293,709		138,610		432,399		145,543		
Deferred outflows of resources										
Deferred pensions (Note 18)		3,159		902		4,061		3,821		
Deferred OPEB (Note 19) Total deferred outflows of resources		256 3,415		79 981		4,396		352 4,173		
Total deferred dathows of resources		0,410			_	1,000		4,170		
Liabilities										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		3,583		1,513		5,096		4,341		
Salaries and benefits payable		643		162		805		778		
Interest payable		579 1,314		67		646 1,314		34 148		
Other payables		1,314		50		1,314 50		140		
Customer deposits payable Compensated absences (Note 10)		580		181		761		691		
Certificates of participation payable (Note 10)		3,810		905		4,715		255		
Other short-term liabilities						, <u></u>		283		
Bonds and notes payable (Note 10)				310		310		683		
Subscription liability - short-term								664		
Liability for self-insurance claims (Note 11)								5,157		
Landfill closure/postclosure care costs (Note 13)		2,918				2,918				
Total current liabilities		13,427		3,188		16,615		13,034		
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Compensated absences (Note 10)				28		28		319		
Subscription liability - long-term		145 001		22 620		160 424		778		
Certificates of participation payable, net (Note 10) Bonds and notes payable (Note 10)		145,801		23,630 315		169,431 315		9,981 3,555		
Liability for self-insurance claims (Note 11)				313				8,943		
Landfill closure/postclosure care costs (Note 13)		29,615				29,615		0,545		
Net pension liability (Note 18)		9,249		2,641		11,890		11,189		
Net OPEB liability (Note 19)		917		284		1,201		1,261		
Total noncurrent liabilities		185,582		26,898		212,480		36,026		
Total liabilities		199,009		30,086		229,095		49,060		
Deferred inflows of resources										
Deferred pensions (Note 18)		89		25		114		108		
Deferred OPEB (Note 19)		66		20		86		91		
Deferred lease proceeds				47		47				
Total deferred inflows of resources		155		92	_	247		199		
Net position										
Net investment in capital assets		60,914		84,506		145,420		40,052		
Unrestricted		37,126		24,907		62,033		60,405		
Total net position	\$	98,040	\$	109,413		207,453	\$	100,457		
Adjustment to reflect the allocation of the internal service funds' cun	nulative ne	et loss				(342)				
Net position of business-type activities					\$	207,111				

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							Governmental Activities -		
	Resource Recovery			Laguna Sanitation		Total		nternal Service Funds		
Operating revenues	•	40.500	•	40.070	•	50.055	•	400.005		
Charges for services	\$	43,582	\$	16,073	\$	59,655	\$	103,895		
Sale of scrap and recyclables		514				514		4 004		
Self-insurance recovery				245		 coo		1,681		
Other operating revenues		5,358		245		5,603		296		
Closure/postclosure care costs or recovery		6,206		40.040		6,206		405.070		
Total operating revenues		55,660		16,318		71,978		105,872		
Operating expenses										
Salaries and benefits		9,583		2,630		12,213		11,012		
Services and supplies		8,660		3,604		12,264		66,798		
Self-insurance claims								6,053		
Contractual services		13,700		784		14,484		3,426		
Depreciation and amortization		6,807		1,681		8,488		6,117		
County overhead allocation		588		89		677		3,365		
Total operating expenses		39,338		8,788		48,126		96,771		
Operating income		16,322		7,530		23,852		9,101		
Non-operating revenues (expenses)										
Use of money and property		4,191		1,351		5,542		3,675		
Interest expense		(5,852)		(466)		(6,318)		(109)		
Capital Contributions								5,808		
Gain on sale of assets		38				38		26		
State and federal aid		35				35				
Other non-operating revenues		565		504		1,069		1,929		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses), net		(1,023)		1,389		366		11,329		
Income before transfers		15,299		8,919		24,218		20,430		
Transfers in (Note 16)				129		129		8,658		
Transfers out (Note 16)								(4,090)		
Total transfers, net				129		129		4,568		
Change in net position		15,299		9,048		24,347		24,998		
Total net position - beginning		82,741		100,365		183,106		75,459		
Total net position - ending	\$	98,040	\$	109,413	\$	207,453	\$	100,457		
Change in net position - total enterprise funds Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal	service fu	ınd activities			\$	24,347				
related to enterprise funds						227				
Change in net position of business-type activitie	25				\$	24,574				

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities - Internal	
	Resource Laguna Recovery Sanitation		_		Total	Service Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities								
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$		\$		\$		\$	103,226
Receipts from self-insurance recovery				45.004				1,681
Receipts from customers and users		53,401		15,924		69,325		(40.044)
Payments to employees		(11,143)		(2,819)		(13,962)		(12,314)
Payments to suppliers		(21,104)		(4,434)		(25,538)		(68,426)
Payments for self-insurance claims Payments for landfill closure/postclosure costs		(6,188)				(6,188)		(5,064)
County overhead allocation payments to the General Fund		(588)		(89)		(677)		(3,365)
Other receipts		587		461		1,048		1,912
Net cash provided by operating activities		14,965		9,043		24,008		17,650
net tash provided by operating activities		,000		0,0.0		21,000		,000
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities								
Transfers from other funds				129		129		8,658
Transfers to other funds								(4,090)
State and federal aid		35				35		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		35		129		164		4,568
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Purchase of capital assets		(14,315)		(7,674)		(21,989)		(18,787)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		170		(1,014)		170		77
Principal paid on certificates of participation		(3,890)				(3,890)		
Interest and fees paid on certificates of participation		(7,025)				(7,025)		
Principal paid on bonds and notes payable		(1,020)		(1,170)		(1,170)		(437)
Principal paid on SBITAs				(1,170)		(1,170)		(1,188)
Interest and fees paid on bonds and notes payable								(53)
Proceeds from certificates of participation premiums				(812)		(812)		
Proceeds of long-term debt								12,973
Federal interest subsidy on bonds payable				28		28		
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(25,060)		(9,628)		(34,688)		(7,415)
Cash flows from investing activities		0.070		607		0.740		4.044
Use of money and property received		2,079 1,996		637 598		2,716 2,594		1,911
Changes in fair value of investments Net cash provided by investing activities		4,075		1,235		5,310		1,610 3,521
Net cash provided by investing activities		4,073		1,200		3,310		3,321
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(5,985)		779		(5,206)		18,324
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		97,830		27,182		125,012		68,776
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	91,845	\$	27,961	\$	119,806	\$	87,100
·					_			
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position								
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Position	\$	52,471	\$	27,322	\$	79,793	\$	78,762
Restricted cash and investments per Statement of Net Position		39,374		639		40,013		8,338
Total cash and cash equivalents per Statement of Net Position	\$	91,845	\$	27,961	\$	119,806	\$	87,100
Posanciliation of anarating income to not each								
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Operating income	\$	16,322	\$	7,530	\$	23,852	\$	9,101
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	Ψ	10,522	Ψ	7,550	Ψ	25,052	Ψ	3,101
provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		6,807		1,681		8,488		6,117
Other operating revenue		587		461		1,048		1,912
Changes in assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities,		001		-101		1,040		1,012
and deferred outflows of resources:								
Accounts and other receivables		(2,259)		(378)		(2,637)		(965)
Inventories		(75)		(12)		(87)		25
Prepaid items								(8)
Accounts payable		1,336		17		1,353		1,781
Salaries and benefits payable		(1,560)		(189)		(1,749)		(1,302)
Customer deposits				(16)		(16)		
Payments to suppliers		(5)		(51)		(56)		
Liability for self-insurance claims								989
Landfill closure/postclosure care cost liability		(6,188)				(6,188)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	14,965	\$	9,043	\$	24,008	\$	17,650

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Funds	Investment Trust Fund				Othe	er Custodial Funds
Assets							
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$	\$	1,686,568	\$	1,639	\$	36,779
Other cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	42,041						
Collateral held for securities lent	15,668						
Short-term investments	49,186						
Total other cash and cash equivalents	106,895		1,686,568		1,639		36,779
Investments:							
Private equity	585,283						
Domestic equity	880,998						
Core fixed income	645,146						
Developed markets non-US equity	461,402						
Emerging market equity	293,851						
Non-core fixed income	255,719						
Private credit	177,424						
Real assets/real return	639,963						
Real estate	465,665						
Total Investments	4,405,451						
Prepaids and receivables							
Prepaid assets	3,911						
Contributions	13,293						
Accrued interest	3,248				6		
Dividends	4,434						
Security sales	41,901						
Other receivables			12,154				945
Total prepaids and receivables	66,787		12,154		6		945
Restricted cash and investments (Note 4)					1,339		
Total assets	4,579,133		1,698,722		2,984		37,724
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	554		27,454				102
Collateral held for securities lent	15,668		27,434				102
Benefits payable	17,394						
Security purchases	42,076						
Long-term debt:	42,070						
Due in more than one year					6,085		
Total liabilities	75,692		27,454		6,085		102
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net position							
Restricted for:							
Pensions	4,429,216						
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	74,225						
Pool participants			1,671,268				
Redevelopment agency dissolution	-				(3,101)		
Individuals, organizations, and other governments							37,622
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 4,503,441	\$	1,671,268	\$	(3,101)	\$	37,622

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Other P	ension and ostemployment Benefits rust Funds	Investment Trust Fund		Private-purpose Trust Fund				 Other Custodial Funds
Additions									
Property tax collections	\$		\$		\$	1,405	\$ 4,163,145		
Other taxes and fees collected for other governments							41,217		
Contributions:									
Employer		186,779							
Plan members		41,631							
Private contributions				6,682,190			2,118		
Total contributions		228,410		6,682,190			2,118		
Investment earnings (losses):									
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments		320,205		35,871		69	3,025		
Interest		16,201		40,057		41			
Dividends		32,219							
Total net investment earnings (losses)		368,625		75,928		110	 3,025		
Less investment expense		(15,665)							
Net investment earnings (losses)		352,960		75,928		110	 3,025		
Net securities income		785							
Total miscellaneous income		733							
Total additions		582,888		6,758,118		1,515	4,209,505		
Deductions									
Beneficiary payments		259,640					1,903		
Member withdrawals		2,339					, <u></u>		
Administrative expenses		7,198				3			
Distributions from pooled investments		,		6,740,823					
Property tax distributions				· · ·			4,171,593		
Payments to other local governments							34,235		
Interest on note payable						310	,		
Total deductions		269,177		6,740,823		313	4,207,731		
Net increase in fiduciary net position		313,711		17,295		1,202	1,774		
Net position (deficit) - beginning		4,189,730		1,653,973		(4,303)	35,848		
Net position (deficit) - ending	\$	4,503,441	\$	1,671,268	\$	(3,101)	\$ 37,622		



Notes to the Financial Statements



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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Reporting Entity

The County of Santa Barbara (County), which was established by an act of the California legislature on February 18, 1850, is a legal subdivision of the State of California charged with governmental powers. The County's powers are exercised through a five-member Board of Supervisors (Board) which, as the governing body of the County, is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America, the accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County.

Blended Component Units

While each of these component units is legally separate from the County, the County is financially accountable for these entities. Financial accountability is primarily demonstrated by the County's Board acting as, or appointing, the governing board for each of the component units and its ability to impose its will. Because of their relationship with the County and the nature of their operations, component units are, in substance, part of the County's operations and, accordingly, the activities of these component units are combined, or blended, with the activities of the County for purposes of reporting in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Additional detailed information of the County's component units can be obtained from the County Auditor-Controller's office located at 105 East Anapamu Street, Room 303, Santa Barbara, CA 93101.

Descriptions of the County's blended component units are as follows:

	Included in the Reporting Entity	
Component Unit	Because:	Separate Financial Statements
Flood Control and Water Conservation Districts: established to control flood and storm waters and to conserve such waters for beneficial public use. Revenues consist primarily of property taxes and aid from other governmental units.	1) Units' board are the same as the Board and 2) County Management has operational responsibility	Not available
Santa Barbara County Fire Protection District: established to provide a full range of fire services to most of the unincorporated territory of Santa Barbara County; the cities of Buellton, Solvang, and Goleta; and private lands within the National Forest. Revenues consist primarily of property taxes.	1) Unit's board is the same as the Board and 2) County Management has operational responsibility	Not available

IN THOUSANDS 59 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority (IHSS): established to act as the employer of record for IHSS individual providers. As an administrative unit, IHSS carries out functions prescribed in Welfare & Institutions Code Section 12301.6. Those functions include a provider screening process, a registry that will match eligible providers and consumers, and collective bargaining with providers and their representatives. IHSS also offers access to training for providers and consumers while continuing to allow for consumer choice in the selection of providers.	1) Unit's board is the same as the Board and 2) County Management has operational responsibility	Not available
County Service Areas: established to provide specific services to distinct geographical areas within the County. These services include street lighting, open space maintenance, library, community sewer sanitation and maintenance, and road maintenance. Revenues consist primarily of property taxes and benefit assessments.	1) Unit's board is the same as the Board and 2) County Management has operational responsibility	Not available
Community Facilities Districts: established to allow for financing of public improvements and services. The services and improvements that can be financed include streets, sewer systems and other basic infrastructure, police protection, fire protection, ambulance services, schools, parks, libraries, museums, and other cultural facilities. Revenues consist primarily of Mello-Roos property taxes.	1) Unit's board is the same as the Board and 2) County Management has operational responsibility	Not available
Lighting Districts: established to provide operation and maintenance of streetlights in certain areas of the County. Revenues consist primarily of property taxes and benefit assessments.	1) Unit's board is the same as the Board and 2) County Management has operational responsibility	Not available
Sandyland Seawall Maintenance District: established to provide for maintenance of a seawall constructed in the Sandyland Cove area. Revenues consist primarily of benefit assessments levied against those properties adjacent to that beachfront area.	1) Unit's board is the same as the Board and 2) County Management has operational responsibility	Not available

Water Agency: established to prepare investigations and reports on the County's water requirements, project development, and importation of water from the State Water Project. The Water Agency provides technical assistance to County departments, water districts, and the public relative to ground water availability and water-well locations and design. The Water Agency also administers the Cachuma Project and Twitchell Project contracts with the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation.	1) Unit's board is the same as the Board and 2) County Management has operational responsibility	Not available
Santa Barbara County Finance Corporation: established on July 28, 1983, this corporation is a nonprofit public benefit corporation and, in general, its purpose is to: purchase, lease or otherwise acquire real property; construct, install or acquire public improvements; operate, maintain, repair or improve real or personal property; and borrow money and become indebted for the purpose of acquiring and improving such property. The corporation facilitates financing for the County and other public entities.	1) Unit provides services almost entirely to the County	Not available
Laguna County Sanitation District: established to provide water and sewage treatment services to users. The costs of operating this district are charged to the users in the form of water charges and sewer fees.	1) Unit's board is the same as the Board and 2) County Management has operational responsibility	Not available

The accompanying financial statements include an Investment Trust Fund that holds assets of numerous self-governed school and special districts for which the County Treasurer acts as custodian. The financial reporting for these governmental entities, which are independent of the County, is limited to the total amount of cash and investments, and other assets, and the related fiduciary responsibility of the County for disbursement of these assets. The County Auditor-Controller makes disbursements upon the request of the responsible school or special district officers. Activities of the school and special districts are administered by separate boards and are independent of the County Board. The Board has no effective authority to govern, manage, approve budgets, assume financial accountability, establish revenue limits, or to appropriate surplus funds available in these entities.

The accompanying financial statements also include a statutorily required Private-Purpose Trust Fund for the Santa Barbara County Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency). The Successor Agency was created to serve, in a fiduciary capacity, as custodian for the assets and to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency (RDA). The Successor Agency operates under the auspices of a legislatively formed oversight board who has authority over its financial affairs and supervises its operations and timely dissolution. Its assets are held in trust for the benefit of the taxing entities within the former RDA boundaries and as such are not available for County use.

Discrete Component Unit

The First 5 Santa Barbara County Children and Families Commission (Commission) was established by the Board as a separate legal entity under the authority of the California Children and Families Act of 1998 (Proposition 10). The Commission invests tobacco tax revenues in programs that improve the lives of children prenatal through age 5 and their families. The Commission is governed by a nine-member Board of Commissioners (Commissioners) who are appointed by the County Board and may be removed at will. The Commissioners are responsible for the operation of the Commission. The Commission is discretely presented because its board is not substantively the same as the County's and it does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the County. A separately issued financial report can be obtained online at http://first5santabarbaracounty.org/ or by writing to: First 5 Children and Families Commission, 5385 Hollister Avenue, Building 10, Suite 110, Goleta, CA 93111.

Fiduciary Component Unit

The County pension plan is administered by the Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System (SBCERS), which was established on January 1, 1944, and is administered by the Board of Retirement to provide service retirement, disability, death, and survivor benefits for employees of the County and participating districts. SBCERS also administers the County's agent multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan (OPEB Plan). The Santa Barbara County Board of Supervisors and the governing boards of the participating districts adopt resolutions, as permitted by the California State Government Code §31450 (County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL)), which affect the benefits of the SBCERS members. SBCERS is governed by the California Constitution; CERL; and the bylaws, policies and procedures adopted by the SBCERS' Board of Retirement. SBCERS is reported in the Pension and OPEB Trust Funds on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds of the basic financial statements and has been included because there is a financial benefit or burden relationship and the County appoints a voting majority of the Board of Retirement. SBCERS issues its own Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that may be obtained by writing to SBCERS at 130 Robin Hill Road, Suite 100, Goleta, CA 93117 or on the SBCERS website at: http://www.sbcers.org.

New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following GASB Statements have been implemented in the current financial statements:

Statement No. 99 "Omnibus 2022"

The requirements of this statement related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of GASB Statement No. 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. (FY23/24) No impact to County.

Statement No. 100

"Accounting Changes and Error Corrections"

This statement improves accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and errors corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information. It also requires the display of note disclosures of the accounting change and error corrections. The requirements of this statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. (FY23/24) Refer to Note 21 for additional information.

Financial Statements

The County's financial statements consist of the following:

- Governmentwide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements.

The governmentwide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated, with the exception of those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total government column. The Statement of Activities presents function revenue and expenses of governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

In the Statement of Activities, internal service funds' revenue and expenses related to interfund services have been eliminated. Revenue and expenses related to services provided to external customers have not been eliminated and are presented within governmental activities. As a general rule, interfund activities (e.g., interfund transfers and interfund reimbursements) have been eliminated in the governmentwide Statement of Activities. Exceptions to the general rule are interfund services provided and used between functions, such as mental health services provided to certain inmates at the County jail. Elimination of these interfund activities would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The governmentwide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include policy and executive, public safety, health and human services, community resources and public facilities, general government and support services, and general County programs. The business-type activities of the County include resource recovery and waste management and sanitation operations.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are allocated based on the annual Countywide Cost Allocation Plan which allocates the cost of central service departments to service user departments. Costs allocated in the Cost Allocation Plan include administrative and support costs such as budget preparation and oversight, County counsel, landscaping, payroll, utilities, and facilities maintenance. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions, including special assessments, that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items properly excluded from program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the governmentwide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The governmentwide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds' financial statements. Revenues are

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recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as a deferred inflow of resources as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met, except for the timing requirement.

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The County, in general, considers revenues available if they are collected within 180 days after fiscal year-end, except for property taxes, which the County considers available if they are collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Grants, Medi-Cal reimbursements and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures that meet accrual criteria are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences, and claims and judgments which are recognized when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including contracts giving the County control of right-to-use leased and subscription-based information technology assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

For the governmental funds financial statements, the County considers all revenues susceptible to accrual and recognizes revenue if the accrual criteria are met. Specifically, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest, special assessments, charges for services and other miscellaneous revenue are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, and have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. All expenditure-driven grants are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier. If qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue. When all eligibility requirements are met, except for the timing requirement, a deferred inflow of resources is reported until time requirements have passed.

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained, consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

In accordance with GAAP, the County reports on each major governmental fund. By definition, the general fund is always considered a major fund. Governmental funds other than the general fund must be reported as major funds if they meet both the ten percent and five percent criterion, defined respectively, 1) An individual governmental fund reports at least ten percent of any of the following: a) total governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, b) total governmental fund liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, c) total governmental fund revenues, or d) total governmental fund expenditures; 2) an individual governmental fund reports at least five percent of the aggregated total for both governmental funds and enterprise funds of any one of the items for which it met the ten percent criterion. In addition, a fund may be reported as major if it is believed to be of particular importance to financial statement users.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources and the legally authorized activities of the County except those required to be accounted for in specialized funds.
- The Roads Fund is used to account for the planning, design, construction, maintenance and administration of County roads. It is also used to account for traffic safety and other transportation planning activities. Funding comes primarily from local sales and state highway user taxes, along with state and federal highway improvement grants.

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- The Public Health Fund accounts for a variety of preventative health programs, outpatient services and inmate
 health programs. The fund is also used to account for Environmental Health and Emergency Medical Services.
 Revenue sources are primarily state and federal grants and vehicle license fees.
- The **Social Services Fund** accounts for a variety of public assistance and social service programs that are funded primarily from state and federal grants.
- The **Behavioral Wellness Fund** is used to account for mandated community health services under the California Mental Health Act including a mandated responsibility to "guarantee and protect public safety." Revenue sources are primarily charges for services, sales tax revenue and state grants.
- The **Flood Control District Fund** is used to account for the provision of flood protection activities. Revenues come from a variety of sources including property taxes, charges for services, benefits assessments, and federal grants.
- The **Affordable Housing Fund** is used to account for the various affordable housing programs administered by the County and provides local match to leverage federal funding for the creation of affordable housing.
- The **Fire Protection District Fund** is used to account for the finances of the Santa Barbara County Fire Department. The Fire Department utilizes property tax revenues, which are collected for public safety within the district's boundaries. The Fire Department provides a full range of emergency services for most of the unincorporated territory of Santa Barbara County; the Cities of Buellton, Solvang, and Goleta; and private lands within the National Forest. The National Forest and military installations provide their own fire protection.
- The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources used in constructing major facilities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Resource Recovery and Laguna Sanitation enterprise funds and of the County's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The County reports the following proprietary funds:

- The **Resource Recovery and Waste Management Fund (Resource Recovery)** accounts for the activities of refuse collection, disposal, landfill operations, and recycling programs.
- The Laguna County Sanitation District Fund (Laguna Sanitation) accounts for the activities of sewer collection and sewage treatment in the Orcutt area.
- Internal Service Funds account for information technology, vehicle operations, risk management, communications operations, and utilities operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary funds include all Trust and Custodial funds, which account for assets held by the County as a trustee or as a custodian for individuals or other government units.

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The County reports the following fiduciary funds:

- Pension and Other Postemployment Employee Benefits Trust Funds account for the activities of the SBCERS
 pension plans and Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Funds, which accumulate resources for pension and
 other postemployment benefit payments to qualified beneficiaries. The County reports on 4 different pension
 trust funds.
- The **Investment Trust Fund** accounts for the external portion of the County Treasurer's investment pool, which commingles resources of legally separate local governments within the County in an investment portfolio for the benefit of all participants. These entities include school and community college districts, other special districts governed by local boards, and regional boards and authorities. The County separately maintains these entities' money in 379 individual funds; these funds represent the assets, primarily cash and investments.
- The **Private-Purpose Trust Fund** is a fiduciary fund type used by the County to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets, liabilities, and activities of the Santa Barbara County Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency).
- **Custodial Funds Other** are funds held by the County in a custodial capacity for individuals or other government units. These funds include unappropriated property tax, State and City tax revenue, and Public Guardian and other assets held in a custodial compacity. The County reports on 137 different custodial funds.

Cash and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows purposes are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, restricted cash, and investments held by the County Treasurer in a cash management investment pool (Pool). The County has stated required investments at fair value in the accompanying financial statements using the fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP.

The Pool is not registered as an investment company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) nor is it an SEC Rule 2a7-like pool. California Government Code statutes and the County Treasury Oversight Committee set forth the various investment policies that the County Treasurer must follow.

The Air Pollution Control District and the Santa Barbara County Association of Governments, as well as the public school districts, cemetery districts, fire protection districts, pest control districts, recreation and park districts, and resource conservation districts within the County are required by legal provisions to participate in the County's investment pool. The deposits held for these districts are included in the Investment Trust Fund.

Accounts Receivable and Payable

The County only accrues revenues at fiscal year-end and accrues only those revenues it deems collectible; as such, the County has no allowance for uncollectible accounts. The County expects to collect all accounts receivable within one year. County policy requires that all revenues and expenditures greater than \$5 be accrued at fiscal year-end, while revenues and expenditures under \$5 may be accrued at fiscal year-end at the discretion of individual departments.

The County levies, collects, and apportions property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County including school and special districts. Article XIIIB of the State of California Constitution limits the property tax levy to support general government services of the various taxing jurisdictions to one dollar per 100 dollars of full cash value. Taxes levied to service voter-approved debt are excluded from this limitation.

Secured property taxes are levied in September of each year based upon the assessed valuation as of the previous January 1 (lien date). They are payable in two equal installments due on November 1 and February 1 and are

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considered delinquent with penalties after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent with penalties after August 31.

Since Fiscal Year (FY) 1993-94, the County has used an alternative property tax distribution method referred to as the "Teeter Plan." This method allows for a 100% distribution of the current tax levy to California entities electing the alternative method, as compared to the previous method where only the current levy less any delinquent taxes was distributed. This results in the General Fund receiving distributions of approximately 50-55% in December, 40-45% in April and the remaining 5% in June of each year. This method also provides that all of the delinquent penalties and redemption penalties of the participating entity flow to the County's General Fund. All County entities receiving property taxes were required by statute to participate once the alternative method was elected. All delinquent taxes are recorded as accounts receivable in the General Fund. At June 30, 2024, property taxes receivable of \$43,438 are recorded in the General Fund. In addition, the Teeter Plan requires that a property tax loss reserve be maintained in an amount equal to 1% of the current year's secured tax levy, which is shown as a restricted portion of fund balance in the General Fund (see Note 14).

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until that time. The County, including its discretely presented component unit, recognized deferred outflows of resources related to:
1) Social Services benefit payments that did not meet the grant eligibility timing requirement to be recorded as an expenditure, 2) changes in the net pension liability, and 3) changes in the net OPEB liability.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue or a credit to expense) until that time. The County recognized deferred inflows of resources in the governmentwide Statement of Net Position related to: 1) assets and future installment payments of the Service Concession Arrangements (also known as Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships (P3s)), 2) inflows from changes related to the net pension and net OPEB liabilities, and 3) inflows from right-to-use leases where the County is the lessor.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, it is not enough that expenditures are incurred; they must also meet all eligibility requirements other than timing. The County recognized deferred outflows of resources on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet from Social Service benefit payments. In addition, revenue that is earned must also be available to finance expenditures in the current period under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The County recognized deferred inflows of resources on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet related to total housing loan principal and interest receivable amounts as well as lease proceeds where the County is the lessor.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmentwide financial statements as "internal balances." In the governmental funds financial statements, advances between funds are offset by a corresponding nonspendable portion of fund balance in the General Fund, restricted portion in all other funds, to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

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Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories for both governmental and proprietary funds, consisting principally of materials and supplies held for consumption, are valued at cost, approximating market value, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental funds inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed, rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the governmentwide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. The inventories and prepaid items recorded in the governmental funds do not reflect current appropriable resources and, thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is reported as nonspendable.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, land improvements, structures and improvements (e.g., office buildings and building improvements), equipment (e.g., vehicles, machinery and computers), infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and intangible assets (e.g., land easements and computer software). The County also includes capital assets held by Service Concession Arrangements (SCA). Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the governmentwide financial statements. If purchased or constructed, the capital assets are reported at historical or estimated historical cost. Capital assets received by the County in an SCA and donated capital assets, including works of art and historical treasures, are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The capitalization thresholds are \$0 for land, \$5 for equipment, and \$100 for land improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, and computer software.

Capital assets, with the exception of non-depreciable land, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements:	Parking lots, sidewalks, outdoor lighting, landscaping, drainage and irrigation systems	5 to 50 years
Buildings & improvements:	Office buildings Building improvements	20 to 100 years 5 to 50 years
Equipment:	Automobiles and light trucks Construction and maintenance vehicles General machinery and office equipment	5 to 10 years 5 to 20 years 2 to 25 years
Infrastructure:	Pavement and traffic signals Bridges All other	15 to 30 years 40 to 75 years 20 to 99 years
Intangible assets:	Computer software Right-to-use lease assets Right-to-use SBITAs	2 to 10 years 2 to 40 years 2 to 20 years

Outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized, as projects are constructed, in accordance with the County's capitalization policy. Interest and indirect costs incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of proprietary funds are reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed. Depreciation/amortization expense is allocated to functions/programs and included as a direct expense in the Statement of Activities. Capital

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assets that are under construction or development and have not been completed are put into Work in Progress and are presented as a capital asset not being depreciated on the Statement of Net Position.

Right-to-use Lease Assets

Right-to-use lease assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities and modified by any lease payment made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term along with any initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease assets into service.

Right-to-use lease assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life on the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the County has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised.

Right-to-use SBITAs

Right-to-use Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the subscription liabilities, and are modified by any subscription payment made at or before the commencement of the subscription term. Right-to-use SBITAs are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Long-term Debt

In the governmentwide and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmentwide activities or proprietary funds Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bond and issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

In the governmental funds financial statements, bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs are recognized in the period issued. Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Interest is reported as an expenditure in the period in which the related payment is made. The matured portion of long-term debt (i.e., portion that has come due for payment) is reported as a liability in the fund financial statement of the related fund.

Compensated Absences

County policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, holiday, and sick pay benefits. County policy states that unused sick leave shall not be cashed out at time of separation from service with the County; therefore, no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave exists. Employees eligible for full retirement benefits, however, may convert their unused sick leave to up to one year's service credit in determining their retirement benefits.

All vacation and holiday pay are accrued when incurred in the governmentwide and proprietary funds' financial statements. In the governmental funds financial statements, a liability for these amounts is reported only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements prior to year-end, and payment of the liability is made subsequent to year-end.

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Pensions

In governmentwide financial statements, retirement plans (pensions) are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Note 18 and the required supplementary information (RSI) section immediately following the Notes to Financial Statements), regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the governmental fund statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

In general, the County recognizes a net pension liability, which represents the County's proportionate share of the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the pension reflected in the actuarial report provided by the Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System (SBCERS). The net pension liability is measured as of the County's prior fiscal year-end. Changes in the net pension liability are recorded, in the period incurred, as pension expense or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change. The changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources (that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience) are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective pension plan and are recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources relating to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's pension plan with SBCERS and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SBCERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits' terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Projected earnings on pension investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred. Each subsequent year will incorporate an additional closed basis five-year period of recognition.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's OPEB Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System (SBCERS). For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board) and that remain binding

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unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

- Assigned fund balance amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making authority, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose. This is also the classification for residual funds in the County's special revenue funds. This classification is currently not used by the County.
- Unassigned fund balance the residual classification for the County's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The Board establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance appropriations for commitments and assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution (ordinances and resolutions are considered of equal authority with respect to fund balance). This is done through adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments that occur throughout the year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use Restricted fund balance resources first, followed by the unrestricted resources in the Committed and Unassigned fund balances, as they are needed.

Fund Balance Policy

The County believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the County to provide a stable financial base at all times. To retain this stable financial base, the County needs to maintain unrestricted fund balance in its County funds sufficient to fund cash flows of the County and to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls of an emergency nature. Committed and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted.

The purpose of the County's fund balance policy is to maintain a prudent level of financial resources to protect against reducing service levels or raising taxes and fees because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures.

The County has adopted a policy to achieve and maintain unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund of 15% of operating revenue (approximately 60 days working capital) at the close of each fiscal year, consistent with the recommended level promulgated by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA).

Additional detailed information, along with the complete *Fund Balance Policy,* can be obtained from the County Auditor-Controller's office located at 105 East Anapamu Street, Room 303, Santa Barbara, CA 93101.

Strategic Reserve Policy

The County has established a separate committed fund balance account known as the Strategic Reserve. The target funding level for the Strategic Reserve is an amount equivalent to 8% of operating revenue (approximately 30 days working capital) for the General Fund. Funding for the Strategic Reserve is appropriated annually by the Board as part of the budget approval process.

The purpose of the County's Strategic Reserve is to:

- 1. Mitigate economic downturns that reduce County general revenue;
- 2. Mitigate state or federal budget actions that may reduce County revenue;
- 3. Maintain core service levels essential to public health, safety, and welfare;

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- 4. Front-fund or completely fund, if necessary, disaster costs or costs associated with emergencies. Only those events that have been legally declared to be a disaster at the local, state, or federal level are eligible for funding from the Strategic Reserve; and
- 5. Absorb liability settlements in excess of available resources in the County's committed litigation fund balance.

The monies in the Strategic Reserve are separate monies used only for the purposes stated above. The funds are used only to support the operating budget when general revenue increases less than 3% from the prior fiscal year. Any transfer of funds is approved by the Board and does not exceed the amount sufficient to balance the General Fund. Transfers require approval by 3/5 vote during budget hearings and 4/5 vote at all other times during the fiscal year in accordance with the County Budget Act.

As of June 30, 2024, the County's Strategic Reserve fund balance was \$44,034.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Future Accounting Pronouncements

The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements will be implemented in future financial statements:

Statement No. 101	"Compensated Absences"	This statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This is achieved by a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. (FY24/25)
Statement No.102	"Certain Risk Disclosures"	This statement improves financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information that currently is not often provided. It focuses on providing users with timely information regarding specific concentrations or constraints and related events that could significantly impact a government. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024, and all reporting periods thereafter. (FY 24/25)
Statement No.103	"Financial Reporting Model Improvements"	This statement improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The key components include: (1) MD&A (2) unusual or infrequent items; (3) presentation of proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position and related financial trends information; (4) information about major component units in basic financial statements; and (5)

budgetary comparison information. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15,

2025, and all reporting periods thereafter. (FY 25/26)

Statement No.104 "Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets" This statement improves financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. It requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale which include: (1) ending balances, with seperate disclosure for historial cost and accumulated depreciation by major asset class and (2) carrying amount of debt pledged as collateral for each major asset class. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter. (FY 25/26)

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTWIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported on the Balance Sheet for governmental funds. The following two schedules provide a reconciliation of those differences:

		Total vernmental Funds Page 43)	nmental Long-term Service unds Assets and Funds (2) Adjustme			Total Governmental Activities (Page 40)				
Assets & deferred outflows of resources:										
Assets Cash and investments	Φ	(20.720	Φ		Ф	70.763	Φ.		Ф	717 400
	\$	638,728	\$		\$	78,762	\$		\$	717,490
Accounts receivable, net:		42 420								42 420
Taxes		43,438								43,438
Licenses, permits, and franchises		803								803
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		234								234
Use of money and property		4,968		50		534				5,552
Intergovernmental		98,251				36				98,287
Charges for services		50,871				1,032				51,903
Lease receivables		5,977								5,977
Other		5,499				64				5,563
Due from other funds		9,791						(9,791)		
Internal balances								327		327
Inventories						280				280
Prepaid items		429				8				437
Note receivable				6,085						6,085
Service concession arrangements receivable		800								800
Other receivables		263		1		373				637
Advances to other funds		5						(5)		
Restricted cash and investments		132,840				8,338				141,178
Housing loans receivable		53,586		(10,747)		·				42,839
Housing loans interest receivable		11,522		(710)						10,812
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized		·		347,259		21,797				369,056
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciated/amorti				605,750		34,319				640,069
Right-of-use lease assets				24,573						24,573
Total assets		1,058,005		972,261		145,543		(9,469)		2,166,340
Deferred outflows of resources										
Deferred social services		886								886
Deferred pensions				233,757		3,821				237,578
Deferred OPEB				17,627		352				17,979
Total deferred outflows of resources		886		251,384		4,173				256,443
Total assets & deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,058,891	\$	1,223,645	\$	149,716	\$	(9,469)	\$	2,422,783

IN THOUSANDS 73 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Reconciliation of Governmentwide and Fund Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 continued:

	Car	Total ernmental	Internal Long-term Service						Cas	Total vernmental
	GOV	Funds		ssets and		unds (2)	Adjustments			Activities
	(Page 43)			(Page 49)		(3)		Page 40)	
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, & fund		i uge 1 J)		abilities (1)		<u>usc 13)</u>				rage 40)
balances/net position:										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	54,566	\$		\$	4,341	\$		\$	58,907
Salaries and benefits payable		42,297				778				43,075
Interest payable		4		637		34				675
Other payables and long-term obligations		26,957				431				27,388
Advances from grantors and third parties		78,007								78,007
Unearned revenue		1,582								1,582
Due to other funds		9,806						(9,806)		
Customer deposits payable		32,810								32,810
Advances payable		5						(5)		
Compensated absences				45,349		1,010				46,359
Lease liability				25,994						25,994
Subscription liability				8,163		1,442				9,605
Certificates of participation (COP)				118,381		10,236				128,617
Bonds and notes payable				1,532		4,238				5,770
Liability for self-insurance claims						14,100				14,100
Estimated litigation liability				14						14
Net pension liability				684,521		11,189				695,710
Net OPEB liability				63,205		1,261				64,466
Total liabilities		246,034		947,796		49,060		(9,811)		1,233,079
Deferred inflows of resources										
Deferred service concession arrangements		755		28,898						29,653
Deferred housing loan payments		65,108		(65,108)						·
Deferred pensions				6,593		108				6,701
Deferred OPEB				4,546		91				4,637
Deferred lease proceeds		5,688								5,688
Total deferred inflows of resources		71,551		(25,071)		199				46,679
Fund balances/net position: Total fund balances/net position		741,306		300,920		100,457		342		1,143,025
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, & fund										
balances/net position	\$	1,058,891	\$	1,223,645	\$	149,716	\$	(9,469)	\$	2,422,783

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(1) Note receivable for governmental activities from the RDA Successor Agency			
Private-Purpose Trust Fund.		\$	6,085
Other receivables			1
Housing loans receivable			(10,747)
Housing loans interest receivable			(710)
Accrued interest receivable on County as Lessor leases			50
Capital assets used in governmental activities (excluding Internal Service Funds) are not			
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Balance Sheet (Note 6).			953,009
Right-to-use Lease Assets			24,573
Deferred outflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position (Note 1).			251,384
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported			
in the Balance Sheet (Note 10):			
Other payables and long-term obligations	\$ -		
Compensated absences (excluding Internal Service Funds)	(45,349)		
Lease liability	(25,994)		
Subscription liability	(8,163)		
Capital lease obligations (excluding Internal Service Funds)			
Certificates of participation	(118,381)		
Unamortized premium on certificates of participation			
Unamortized discount on certificates of participation			
Bonds and notes payable (excluding Internal Service Funds)	(1,532)		
Accrued interest on long-term debt	(637)		
Estimated liability for litigation	(14)		
Net pension liability (excluding Internal Service Funds)	(684,521)		
Net OPEB liability (excluding Internal Service Funds)	(63,205)		
Total long-term liabilities			(947,796)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore,			
are deferred in the governmental funds and recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities (Note 1).			71,551
Deferred inflows of resources (excluding Internal Service Funds) reported in the Statement of Net			
Position (Note 1).	_		(46,480)
	_	\$	300,920
(2) Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of information technology,			
reprographics and digital imaging services, vehicle operations and maintenance, risk management			
and insurance, communications and utility services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities			
of the Internal Service Funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		\$	100,457
-	-		
(3) Adjustment for Internal Service Funds are necessary to "close" those funds by charging additional			
amounts to participating business-type activities to completely cover the Internal Service Funds'		Ф	2.42
costs for the year. Also included are immaterial rounding adjustments.	-	\$	342

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments include the cash balances of substantially all funds, which are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer. The Santa Barbara County Treasury Pool (Pool) is not registered as an investment company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) nor is it an SEC Rule 2a7-like pool.

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Pool will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. This risk is mitigated in that, of the County's total bank balance, \$250 is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The remaining \$16,352 on deposit is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent. Per Government Code Section 53652, the depository is required to maintain a market value of at least 110% of the pledged collateral.

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the Pool's deposits was \$16,602 and the corresponding bank balance was \$2,465. The difference of \$14,137 was principally due to deposits in transit.

IN THOUSANDS 75 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Investments

Pursuant to Section 53646 of the Government Code, the County Treasurer prepares an Investment Policy Statement annually, and presents it to the Treasurer's Oversight Committee (TOC) for review and to the Board of Supervisors for approval.

The Investment Policy Statement provides the basis for the management of a prudent, conservative investment program. Public funds are invested to provide the maximum security of principal with secondary emphasis on achieving the highest return, while meeting daily cash flow needs. All investments are made in accordance with the Government Code and, in general, the Treasurer's Investment Policy is more restrictive than state law. Types of securities in which the Treasurer may invest include U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government agency securities; state and/or local agency bonds, notes, warrants or certificates of indebtedness; bankers' acceptances; commercial paper; corporate notes; negotiable certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; reverse repurchase agreements; securities lending; bank deposits; money market mutual funds; the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF); Federally Insured Cash Accounts (FICA); and the investment pools managed by a Joint Powers Authority. As of June 30, 2024, all investments are in compliance with State law and with the Treasurer's Investment Policy.

Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is established quarterly based on quoted market prices received from the securities custodian. Fair value of investments held fluctuates with interest rates. The fair value of participants' position in the Pool is the same as the value of the Pool shares. The value of participants' equity withdrawn is based on the book value of the participants' percentage participation at the date of such withdrawal.

The Pool participates in LAIF and the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). Investments in LAIF and CAMP are governed by state statutes and overseen by a five-member Local Investment Advisory Board and a seven-member Board of Trustees, respectively. The Pool participates in the Federally Insured Cash Account (FICA) program which is governed by state and federal statutes and overseen by a seven-member Board of Directors.

The California State Treasurer's Office operates the LAIF. LAIF is available for investment of funds administered by California local governments and special districts and is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The enabling legislation for LAIF is Section 16429.1 et seq. of the California Government Code. The Local Investment Advisory Board (LIAB) provides oversight for LAIF.

CAMP is a California Joint Powers Authority established in 1989 to provide California public agencies with professional investment services. The CAMP Pool is a permitted investment for all local agencies under California Government Code Section 53601(p).

FICA is managed by StoneCastle Cash Management, LLC (StoneCastle) and is registered with the SEC as a Registered Investment Advisor. This program places the County's cash in deposit accounts at banks and savings institutions (Insured Depositories) in a manner that maintains full insurance of the funds by the FDIC. FICA is open to participants that are (a) both "accredited investors" under the Securities Act of 1933 and "qualified purchasers" under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as amended and/or (b) U.S. governmental units.

LAIF, CAMP, and FICA operate and report to participants on an amortized cost basis. For both LAIF and CAMP, the income, gains, and losses, net of administration fees, are allocated based upon the participant's average daily balance. CAMP and LAIF participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments. For FICA, interest is accrued daily on each Insured Depository and paid monthly. Deposits in LAIF and CAMP are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of California, while the FICA deposit accounts are insured by the FDIC and are fully guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The fair value of the LAIF and CAMP investment pools are approximately equal to the value of the pool shares. The fair value of FICA is approximately equal to the value of all cash on deposit with the Insured Depositories.

IN THOUSANDS 76 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Treasurer mitigates these risks by holding a diversified portfolio of high-quality investments.

The following is a summary of the concentration of credit risk distribution by investment type as a percentage of fair value as of June 30, 2024:

	1	Fair Value	% of Portfolio	Max % of Portfolio Pool Policy
Treasurer's Pooled Investments:		_		
CAMP	\$	85,000	3.26%	Limited by CAMP
LAIF		75,000	2.88%	Limited by LAIF
FICA		5,000	0.19%	Limited by FICA
US Treasuries		1,181,713	45.35%	100%
Government Agency Bonds		626,140	24.03%	100%
Government Agency Discount Notes		59,935	2.30%	100%
Government Agency Bonds - Callable		572,992	21.99%	50%
	\$	2,605,780	100.00%	

The Treasurer's Investment Policy sets specific parameters by type of investment to be met at the time of purchase. Commercial paper obligations and negotiable certificates of deposit shall be rated by at least two of the three major rating services at a minimum of F1 by Fitch Ratings (Fitch), P-1 by Moody's Investor Service (Moody's) and A-1 by Standard & Poor's (S&P). Corporate notes, with a maturity greater than three years, shall be rated at a minimum of AA by at least two of the three major rating services. Corporate notes, with a maturity of three years or less, shall be rated at a minimum of AA- by at least two of the three major ratings services. Corporate Temporary Liquidity Guarantee Program (TLGP) notes shall be rated AAA by one of three major ratings services.

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution by investment type as a percentage of fair value at June 30, 2024:

Moody's	S&P	Fitch	% of Portfolio
_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NR*	AAAm	NR*	3.26%
NR*	NR*	NR*	2.88%
NR*	NR*	NR*	0.19%
Aaa	AA+	AA+	15.71%
Aaa	AA+	NR*	32.61%
Aaa	NR*	AA+u	45.35%
			100.00%
	NR* NR* NR* Aaa Aaa	NR* AAAm NR* NR* NR* NR* Aaa AA+ Aaa AA+	NR* AAAm NR* NR* NR* NR* NR* NR* NR* Aaa AA+ AA+ Aaa AA+ NR*

^{*} Not Rated

Instruments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of the County's investments as of June 30, 2024 are as follows (excluding external investment pools and debt explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government):

Issuer	Issuer Type	Fair Value Holdings	Percentage Holdings
Treasurer's Pooled Investments:		 _	
Federal Home Loan Bank	Government Sponsored	\$ 849,765	32.40%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Government Sponsored	 230,262	8.78%
		\$ 1,080,027	41.18%

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that the Pool will not be able to recover the value of investment securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All securities owned by the Pool are deposited in trust for safekeeping with a custodial bank different from the County's primary bank. Securities are not held in broker accounts.

Interest Rate Risk and Interest Apportionment

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Pool mitigates this risk by making longer-term investments only with funds that are not needed for current cash flow purposes and holding these securities to maturity. The maturity of investments purchased is governed by a demand for funds analysis of prior periods' revenues and expenditures, and is also determined by current cash flow demands assessed on an ongoing basis. The Treasurer's Investment Policy also dictates that the final maturity date of any individual security shall not exceed five years and that long-term investments (greater than one year), in the aggregate, shall not exceed 75% of the portfolio. At June 30, 2024, the weighted average days to maturity for the Pool was 605 days.

The weighted average days to maturity of the underlying securities held in the LAIF and CAMP pools presented above are 217 and 38, respectively. For purposes of the weighted average maturity calculation, the County assumes that all its investments will be held to maturity.

The fair value of investments generally changes with the fluctuations of interest rates. In a rising interest rate market, the fair value of investments could decline below original cost. Conversely, when interest rates decline, the fair value of investments increases. The Treasurer believes liquidity in the portfolio is sufficient to meet cash flow needs for the next six months and will preclude the Treasurer from having to sell investments below amortized cost. At June 30, 2024, \$28,122 or 1.15% of the Treasurer's Pooled Investments was held in U.S. agency step-up notes. These securities grant the issuer the option to call the note on a certain specified date(s). On a certain date, or dates, the coupon rate of the notes increases (steps up) by an amount specified at the inception of the note.

The net realized earnings on investments are apportioned to Pool participants quarterly based upon each participant's average daily cash balance. Unrealized gains and losses are also apportioned quarterly to participants based upon the participant's ending cash balance.

Investment income / (loss) consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2024:

\$ 57,984
56,449
 (2,596)
\$ 111,837
\$ \$

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IN THOUSANDS

The Treasurer may purchase securities at a discount from face value to earn higher than nominal rates of return. This discount, when realized, is considered a gain rather than interest.

The following is a summary of investments held by the County as of June 30, 2024:

Investment	 Cost	F	- air Value	Interest Rate Range	Maturity Range	Weighted Average Maturity
Treasurer's pooled investments:						
CAMP	\$ 85,000	\$	85,000	5.20% - 6.00%	7/24 - 6/25	38
LAIF	75,000		75,000	0.38% - 6.50%	7/24 - 10/47	217
FICA	5,000		5,000	5.20%	1 Day	1 Day
US Treasury Bills*	155,843		157,421	Discount	8/24 - 7/28	115
US Treasury Notes	1,025,061		1,024,292	0.62% - 5.40%	7/24 - 2/29	784
Government Agency Bonds	635,745		626,140	0.70% - 4.94%	8/24 - 7/28	816
Government Agency Discount Notes*	58,227		59,935	5.25% - 5.49%	7/24	4
Government Agency Bonds - Callable	 599,488		572,992	5.12% - 5.30%	8/24 - 2/27	440
Total pooled and directed investments	\$ 2,639,364		2,605,780	_		
Investments held with fiscal agents: US Treasury Notes			16,645	0.625% - 1.125% 0.00% - 3.95%	10/24 - 10/26 Same Day	816
Cash & Cash Equivalents Total investments held with fiscal agents		_	102,659 119,304	- 0.00% - 3.93%	Same Day	Same Day
Cash in banks - Non-interest bearing deposits:			26,970	.		
Cash on hand:			63			
Total cash and investments		\$	2,752,117	•		
Total unrestricted cash and investments		\$	2,569,582			
Total restricted cash and investments (Note 4)			182,535			
Total cash and investments		\$	2,752,117	•		
Total cash and investments summary: Total Governmental activities Total Business-type activities Total Discrete component unit activities Total Fiduciary Funds Total cash and investments		\$	858,668 119,806 7,380 1,766,263 2,752,117	-		

^{*} US Treasury Bills and Government Agency Discount Notes are purchased at a discount. The difference between maturity value and principal is apportioned to the investment pool as earnings.

The following is a reconciliation between cash and investments and the Net Position of the Treasurer's Investment Pool as of June 30, 2024:

Total cash and investments	\$ 2,752,117
Less: investments held with fiscal agents	(119,304)
Less: cash on hand	(63)
Less: purchase interest	(805)
Less: Proposition 64 cash on hand	(9,564)
Add: cash and investment interest receivable	 16,074
Net Position of the Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$ 2,638,455

IN THOUSANDS 79 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following represents a condensed Statement of Net Position and Changes in Net Position for the Treasurer's Investment Pool as of June 30, 2024:

Statement of Net Position		
Net position held in trust	\$	2,638,455
Equity of internal pool	\$	951,887
Equity of external pool participants (voluntary and involuntary)		1,686,568
Total equity	\$	2,638,455
	<u> </u>	
Statement of Changes in Net Position		
Net position held for pool participants, July 1, 2023	\$	2,627,465
Net change in investments by pool		10,990
Net position held for pool participants, June 30, 2024	\$	2,638,455

Additional detailed information and/or separately issued financial statements of the County Treasurer's Investment Pool can be obtained by writing to the County Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office located at 105 East Anapamu Street, Room 109, Santa Barbara, CA 93101 or on their website at: https://www.countyofsb.org/926/Investment-Reports under Annual Reports.

Fair Value Measurements

The Pool categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets;
- Level 2: Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active; and
- Level 3: Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The following is a description of the valuation methods and assumptions used by the County to estimate the fair value of its investments. There have been no changes in the methods and assumptions used at June 30, 2024. The methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. County management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The County treasury pool's asset market prices are derived from closing bid prices as of the last business day of the month as supplied by IDSI Institutional Bond Quotes. Where prices are not available from generally recognized sources, the securities are priced using a yield-based matrix system to arrive at an estimated market value. Prices that fall between data points are interpolated. When available, quoted prices are used to determine fair value. When quoted prices in active markets are available, investments are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

For investments classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the County's custodians generally use a multidimensional relational model. Inputs to their pricing models are based on observable market inputs in active markets. The inputs to the pricing models are typically benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads and benchmark securities, among others. Investments classified at Level 3 represent securities that are entirely owned by the County and have not traded publicly. The securities are priced using a yield-based matrix system to arrive at an estimated market value. Prices that fall between data points are interpolated.

IN THOUSANDS 80 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Pool has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

		Fair Value Measurements Using								
Investments by fair value level		À	uoted Prices in ctive Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	_	nificant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unol I	nificant oservable nputs evel 3)			
Debt securities										
US Treasuries	\$ 1,181,713	\$		\$	1,181,713	\$				
Government agency bonds	626,140				626,140					
Government agency discount notes	59,935				59,935					
Government agency bonds - callable	572,992				572,992					
Total investments measured at fair value	 2,440,780	\$		\$	2,440,780	\$				
Investments not subject to fair value hierarchy										
CAMP	85,000									
LAIF	75,000									
FICA	5,000									
Total pooled and directed investments	\$ 2,605,780									

Investment held with fiscal agents have the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

			Fair Value Measurements Using						
Investments held with fiscal agents			Activ for	ed Prices in re Markets Identical Assets Level 1)	Obse	ant Other ervable puts evel 2)	Unobs	ficant ervable outs /el 3)	
US Treasury Notes	\$	16,645	\$	16,645	\$		\$		
Total investments measured at fair value		16,645	\$	16,645	\$		\$		
Investments not subject to fair value hierarchy Cash & Cash Equivalents Total Investments held with fiscal agents	\$	102,659 119,304		,					

Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System (SBCERS or the System) Deposits and Investments

The following narratives, tables, and schedules presented for investments managed by SBCERS are taken directly from SBCERS' financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 (please note that tables and schedules were formatted to conform with the County's presentation). The custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk related to SBCERS investments are different than the related risks on investments held by the County Treasurer.

Investments

The Board adopts an investment policy statement and reviews that policy periodically. The investment policy statement sets forth the asset allocation and controls for the investment portfolio. The policy was updated in March 2022. The policy statement is available on the SBCERS website http://www.sbcers.org.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as revenue when earned. Net appreciation in fair value of investments held by the System is recorded as an increase to investment income based on valuation of investments at year-end. Realized gains and losses are recognized upon the maturity or disposition of the security.

IN THOUSANDS 81 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Debt and equity securities are reported at fair value. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Fair value of investments in commingled funds is based on the fund share price provided by the fund manager, which is based on net asset value.

Deposits and Investments

SBCERS operates under the "Prudent Investor Rule" which authorizes the Board, at its discretion, to purchase, hold, or sell any form or type of investment, financial instrument, or enter into any financial transaction when prudent in the informed opinion of the Board.

Deposits and Short-Term Investments

Amounts shown as Cash are held as part of the County Treasurer's investment pool. Amounts held as Short-Term Investments are held with SBCERS' Investment Custodian, BNY Mellon Global Securities Services (BNY Mellon). Short-term investments consist of cash held in money market accounts and securities readily convertible to cash. All cash, deposits, and short-term investments are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

Santa Barbara County Treasurer's Investment Pool

The funds in the County Treasury are intended to provide for liquidity needed to meet benefit payroll and operating needs of the System. The balances in the County Treasurer's investment pool are funded by the participating employers and employee contributions and transfers from the investment pool. All participants in the County investment pool share earnings and losses. The County Treasury Oversight Committee has regulatory oversight for all monies deposited into the County investment pool. Such amounts are invested in accordance with investment policy guidelines in compliance with California Government Code requirements, established by the County Treasurer and approved by the County Board of Supervisors. Interest earned on pooled investments is apportioned quarterly to participating funds based upon each fund's average daily deposit balance. The County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, to support the value of shares in the pool. More information on the risk of the County Treasurer's Investment pool and the Treasurer's policies can be found on the County's website at www.countyofsb.org.

BNY Mellon Global Securities Services Employee Benefit Temporary Investment Fund (EBTF)

SBCERS' short-term investments are comprised of funds held with SBCERS' investment custodian, BNY Mellon Global Securities Services. Balances held by the custodian are held in the BNY Mellon Global Securities Services EBTF. This fund is intended to provide liquidity to fund capital calls, portfolio rebalancing activities and, when needed, replenishment of the funds on account at the County Treasury. The primary sources of these accounts are cash transfers from other investments in the portfolio.

The EBTF is invested primarily in instruments issued by the U.S. Government, Federal agencies, sponsored agencies, and sponsored corporations. The fund must have 10% of its assets in "daily liquid assets," defined as cash, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, or securities readily convertible to cash within one business day. 30% of the fund's assets must be in "weekly liquid assets" defined as cash direct obligations of the U.S. Government, including certain government agency securities with remaining maturities of 60 days or less and securities readily convertible to cash within five business days. The fund may invest up to five percent of its assets in illiquid securities. The fund maintains prudent diversification across instruments, market sectors, industries, and specific issuers.

SBCERS maintains balances in EBTF to facilitate funding investment mandates and receiving distributions from investment mandates. Additionally, when underlying managers maintain a tactical position to cash, these amounts are also held in EBTF. Amounts held at SBCERS' custodian bank are uninsured over \$250,000 and uncollateralized.

IN THOUSANDS 82 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following is a summary of SBCERS deposits and short-term investments as of June 30, 2024:

	Count	y Treasury_	BNY	Mellon
Cash Held for Pension Benefits	\$	37,656	\$	-
Cash Held for OPEB Benefits		4,385		-
Short-term Investments for Pension Benefits				49,186
Total by custodian	\$	42,041	\$	49,186
Total Deposits and Short-Term Investments	\$	91,227		

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits and Short-Term Investments

Custodial Credit Risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a financial institution's failure, SBCERS would not be able to recover its deposits. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not insured or not collateralized. SBCERS does not have a policy on Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits and Short-Term Investments.

Santa Barbara County Treasury

SBCERS' investments held in the name of the County are not specifically identifiable. On June 30, 2024, cost approximated fair value of the SBCERS' share of pooled cash and investments. Deposits with the County Treasury are insured and/or collateralized to the extent the monies are held in its depository institution. The fair value of deposits approximated the bank balances on June 30, 2024.

The following is a summary of SBCERS pension and OPEB investments as of June 30, 2024:

Pension Plan Investments at Fair Value	
Domestic Equity	\$ 838,168
Developed Markets Non-US Equity	461,402
Emerging Market Equity	293,851
Core Fixed Income	619,248
Non-Core Fixed Income	255,719
Real Assets/Real Return	639,963
Private Equity	585,283
Real Estate	465,665
Private Credit	177,424
Collateral Held for Securities Lending	15,668
Total Pension Plan Investments at Fair Value	\$ 4,352,391
OPEB Plan Investments at Fair Value	
Domestic Equity	\$ 42,830
Core Fixed Income	 25,898
Total OPEB Plan Investments at Fair Value	\$ 68,728
Total All Plans	\$ 4,421,119

Fair Value Measurements

SBCERS categorizes fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset and give the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2: Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable.

Level 3: Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy. In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. SBCERS' assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The table *Investments Measured at Fair Value* in this footnote (presented on the following page) shows the fair value leveling of the investments for SBCERS.

Bid evaluations may include market quotations, yields, maturities, call features, and ratings.

Level 1 investments are valued using pricing derived from active markets, examples of which include NYSE, NASDAQ, Chicago Board of Trade and Pink Sheets. US Government Treasury Securities are classified at Level 1 due to the reduced risk component and because they are traded more actively than other fixed income instruments. US Government Agency Notes are not classified in Level 1.

Level 2 investments are evaluated using matrix pricing, market corroborated pricing and inputs such as yield curves and indices. Examples of Level 2 investments include Corporate Bonds and Asset Backed Securities and Government Bonds that are not US Treasury Securities.

Level 3 investments are valued using pricing provided by Investment Managers and also information provided by investment management firms. Examples of Level 3 investments include pooled investment funds and term loans.

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The following is a summary of SBCERS investments measured at fair value as of June 30, 2024:

Dansion Investments Measured at Cair Value		ne 30, 2024	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets: Level 1		Significant Other Observable Inputs: Level 2		Significant Unobservable Inputs: Level 3	
Pension Investments Measured at Fair Value								
Equity Domestic Equity	\$	337,601	\$	337,601	\$	_	\$	-
International Equity	,	405,905	•	405,905	•	-		-
Total Equity		743,506		743,506		-		-
Fixed Income Securities								
Asset Backed Securities		646		_		646		-
Developed Markets		2,721		2,721		_		-
Corporates and Other Credits		64,718		2,002		61,992		724
Government Securities		321,274		155,257		166,017		-
Other		29		(28)		57		
Total Fixed Income Securities		389,388		159,952		228,712		724
Real Estate								
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)		14,227		14,227				
Total Real Estate		14,227		14,227		-		-
Securities Lending		15,668		<u> </u>		15,668		
Total Pension Investments Measured at Fair Value		1,162,789	\$	917,685	\$	244,380	\$	724
Pension Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV)								
Commingled Funds		1,436,722						
Real Estate Funds		465,665						
Private Equity Funds		585,283						
Private Credit		177,424						
Private Real Asset Funds		524,506						
Total Pension Investments Measured at NAV		3,189,600						
TOTAL PENSION INVESTMENTS	\$	4,352,389						
Pension Investment Derivative Instruments								
Futures		274,207		_		-		274,207
Participation Certificate		2,721				-		2,721
Total Pension Investment Derivative Instruments	\$	276,928	\$	-	\$		\$	276,928
OPEB Trust Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV)								
Equity Commingled Funds	\$	42,830						
Debt Commingled Funds		25,898						
Total OPEB Trust Investments Measured at NAV	\$	68,728						

Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value

The fair values of investments in these types of funds have been determined using the Net Asset Value (NAV) per share of the investments.

The following is a summary of SBCERS pension and OPEB trust investments measured at the net asset value as of June 30, 2024:

	Jur	ne 30, 2024	nfunded nmitments	Redemption Frequency	Notice Period
Pension Investments Commingled Funds (1) Private Real Estate Funds (2) Private Equity Funds (3) Private Credit Funds (4) Private Real Asset Funds (5) Total Pension Investments	\$	1,436,722 465,665 585,283 177,424 524,506	\$ 140,756 271,966 54,816 254,454	Daily to Monthly Quarterly, Annually or Not Redeemable Not Redeemable Annually, Tri-Annually or Not Redeemable Not Redeemable	Daily to 90 Days Daily to 90 Days 90 Days
Measured at Net Asset Value	\$	3,189,600			
Total Pension Unfunded Commitments			\$ 721,992		
OPEB Trust Investments Equity Commingled Funds Debt Commingled Funds Total OPEB Trust Investments	\$	42,830 25,898	\$ <u>-</u>		
Measured at Net Asset Value	\$	68,728			
Total OPEB Trust Unfunded Commitments			\$ <u>-</u>		

(1) Commingled Funds (Pension Trust Investments and OPEB)

This investment type consists of commingled funds that invest primarily in equity, debt, or real estate investments. There were 16 public assets as of June 30, 2024. The nine public equity funds in this investment type include foreign, domestic, and emerging market investments. Five public debt funds contain Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS), investment grade bonds, foreign bonds and bank loans. Two real asset funds encompass public infrastructure, global listed natural resources, real estate, and commodities businesses. Each investment fund is benchmarked to an appropriate index and investments can be redeemed with 1 to 90 day advance notice depending on the fund. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the Net Asset Value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) of the investments.

(2) Private Real Estate Funds

This investment type is comprised of investments that are allocated to value added, core and opportunistic real estate strategies. Investments in this type are geographically diversified across the United States and Europe. The fair value of these investments has been determined by the investment custodian bank by using the last capital account statement from the respective general partner and adjusting for capital calls, management fees inside the commitment, return of capital, gain or loss, and income. The investments in this pool are illiquid and mostly closed end funds.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, this investment type consists of 47 limited partnership investments ranging in commitment sizes from \$4 million to \$20 million. The remaining commitments outstanding on these funds as of June 30, 2024 are \$140.8 million.

Robin Hill Road, LLC NAV is included in this investment type. The NAV used is the appraised price as of June 30, 2024 based on an appraisal as of June 28, 2024. SBCERS hires an appraiser to update this value every two years.

(3) Private Equity Funds

Investments of this type consist of corporate finance/buy out, distressed debt, venture capital, and secondary funds and are globally diversified. The fair value of these investments have been determined by the investment custodian bank by using the last capital account statement from the respective general partner and adjusting for capital calls, management fees inside the commitment, return of capital, gain or loss, and income. The investments in this pool are illiquid and mostly closed end funds.

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For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, this investment type consists of 101 limited partnership investments ranging in commitment size from approximately \$2 million to \$30 million with \$272.0 million remaining commitments outstanding.

(4) Private Credit Funds

Investments of this type include direct lending credit funds. The fair value of these investments have been determined by the investment custodian bank by using the last capital account statement from the respective general partner and adjusting for capital calls, management fees inside the commitment, return of capital, gain or loss, and income.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, this investment type of funds consists of 11 limited partnership investments ranging in commitment sizes from approximately \$20 million to \$25 million, with \$54.8 million remaining commitments outstanding. The investments in this pool are illiquid and contain both closed and open-ended fund structures.

(5) Real Asset Funds

Investments of this type include infrastructure and natural resources oriented partnerships and are globally diversified. The fair value of these investments have been determined by the investment custodian bank by using the last capital account statement from the respective general partner and adjusting for capital calls, management fees inside the commitment, return of capital, gain or loss, and income.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, these investment type of funds consists of 57 limited partnership investments ranging in commitment sizes from approximately \$2 million to \$30 million. The remaining commitments outstanding on these funds as of June 30, 2024 are \$254.5 million. The investments in this pool are illiquid and contain mostly closed-end fund structures.

Investment Risk

The Board's investment policies and guidelines allocate the asset classes of the portfolio investments within ranges. The portfolio is maintained within the ranges and reported each month. The Board annually reviews the allocation model and the risk structure of the total portfolio. The investment policy does not address Credit Risk, Concentration of Credit Risk, Interest Rate Risk, or Foreign Currency Risk, as investment managers within their specific mandates are given risk parameters that would result in limiting these types of risk on a total portfolio level. GASB Statement No. 40 requires that investments be evaluated to give an indication of the level of risk assumed at year-end.

Concentration Risk

The System does not hold investments in any one underlying security that represents 5% or more of the System's fiduciary net position.

Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. SBCERS seeks to maintain a diversified portfolio of fixed income instruments in order to obtain the highest total return for the fund at an acceptable level of risk within this asset class. To control Credit Risk, credit quality guidelines have been established.

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The credit quality ratings of SBCERS investments in fixed income securities by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization are shown in the following *Credit Risk by Quality Analysis* table:

S & P	Tr	easurer			Inte	rnational Fixed			
Rating	Inves	tment Pool	Domes	tic Fixed Income	<u> </u>	Income		Total	%
	Ф	1 222	Ф		Φ.		Ф	1 222	0.20/
AAA	\$	1,223	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,223	0.3%
AA+		-		323,303		-		323,303	77.3%
AA		35,609		-		-		35,609	8.5%
AA-		-		-		-		-	0.0%
A+		-		96		-		96	0.0%
Α		-		971		-		971	0.2%
A-		-		30,970		-		30,970	7.4%
BBB+		-		8,522		-		8,522	2.0%
BBB		_		2,847		-		2,847	0.7%
BBB-		_		4,370		283		4,653	1.1%
BB+		_		1,595		228		1,823	0.4%
ВВ		_		1,927		427		2,354	0.6%
BB-		_		2,462		-		2,462	0.6%
B+		_		937		123		1,060	0.3%
В		_		650		_		650	0.2%
B-		_		245		_		245	0.1%
CCC+		_		157		_		157	0.0%
CCC		_		_		_		-	0.0%
CCC-		_		_		_		_	0.0%
CC		_		_		_		_	0.0%
C		_		_		_		_	0.0%
NR		1,375		(167)	١	147		1,355	0.3%
Totals	\$	38,207	\$	378,885	<u> </u>	1,208	\$	418,300	100.0%
·otais	Ψ	30,207	Ψ	370,003	Ψ	1,200	Ψ	710,500	100.070

This table does not tie to Investments Measured at Fair Value because this presentation includes accruals.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments

Custodial Credit Risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, SBCERS would not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in SBCERS' name, and held by a counterparty. Generally, SBCERS' securities are not exposed to custodial risk as they are held by our custodial bank in our nominee name.

Short-term investments held in the BNY Mellon Global Securities Services EBTF are uninsured over \$250,000, and uncollateralized.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2024, SBCERS' investment portfolio contained no concentration of investments in any one entity (other than investments guaranteed by the U.S. Government, investments in mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represented 5 percent or more of the total investment portfolio.

Securities Lending

SBCERS is legally authorized to engage in securities lending transactions pursuant to the CERL, California Government Code §31594. SBCERS participates in securities lending through its custodian BNY Mellon to increase income. Securities are lent to brokers and dealers (borrower) and in turn, SBCERS receives collateral. Collateral can be in the forms of cash (both United States and foreign currency), securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, sovereign debt of foreign countries, or irrevocable bank letters of credit or such other forms as may

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be agreed upon. SBCERS pays the borrower a negotiated rebate rate on the collateral received and invests the collateral with the goal of earning a higher yield than the rebate rate paid to the borrower. Earnings generated above and beyond the rebate paid to the borrower represent the net income to SBCERS from the transaction.

At year-end, SBCERS had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amount of collateral received exceeded the value of securities on loan. As of June 30, 2024, there were no violations of legal or contractual provisions. SBCERS had no losses on securities lending transactions resulting from the default of a borrower for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Due to the nature of the securities lending program and the custodian bank's collateralization of loans at amounts greater than the fair value of the loaned securities, it is deemed that there were no material credit risks to SBCERS as defined by GASB Statements No. 28 and No. 40 by its participation in the Securities Lending Program. However, similar to any other investment portfolio, there is risk associated with investing cash collateral in securities.

Transactions are collateralized at no less than 100% of the security's fair value. Collateral is marked to market daily. The custodian invests the collateral received in short-term investment funds (maintained by the custodian), money market mutual funds, and other similar investments as the custodian may select.

The average term of all SBCERS' loans is overnight or "on demand." The custodian ensures that there is an absolute right to terminate the agreement without cause, upon short notice and without any penalty. SBCERS cannot pledge or sell collateral securities received unless the borrower defaults. In the event of a borrower default, BNY Mellon indemnifies SBCERS to the extent of replacing the securities loaned.

As of June 30, 2024, the fair value of securities on loan was \$57.5 million and the value of collateral received for the securities on loan was \$59.8 million, of which \$44.2 million was non-cash collateral and \$15.7 million was cash collateral from equity and fixed income securities. Non-cash collateral, which SBCERS does not have the ability to sell unless the borrower defaults, is not reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. SBCERS' income net of expense from securities lending was \$785 thousand for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

The following is a summary of SBCERS securities lending program:

	Fair	·Value of	C	ollateral	Collateral	
Securities on Loan	Securit	ties on Loan	R	Percent		
Domestic Equities	\$	2,697	\$	2,779		
International Equities		9,284		10,234		
Domestic Corporate Fixed Income		2,583		2,655		
International Fixed Income		-		-		
US Government Debt						
Total Cash		14,564		15,668		
Total Non-Cash		42,939		44,176		
Total Securities on Loan	\$	57,503	\$	59,844	104%	

Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Duration is a measure of the price sensitivity of a fixed income portfolio to changes in interest rates. It is calculated as the weighted average of time to receive a bond's coupon and principal payments. The longer the duration of a portfolio, the greater its price sensitivity to changes in interest rates.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign Currency Risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. SBCERS' international equity managers are permitted to invest in authorized countries. Forward currency contracts and currency futures (maturity ranging from at least 20 days and not to exceed one year for either instrument) are permitted for defensive currency hedging.

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The following schedule is a summary of SBCERS foreign currency risk:

Currency	Cash	Equity	Fixed Income	Total Fair Value	
Australian Dollar	\$ 42	\$ 15,774	\$ -	\$ 15,816	
Brazilian Real	-	9,330	-	9,330	
Canadian Dollar	38	9,334	602	9,974	
Chilean Peso	-	791	-	791	
Chinese Yuan Renminbi	-	13,113	-	13,113	
Colombian Peso	-	84	73	157	
Czech Koruna	-	154	-	154	
Danish Krone	-	23,810	-	23,810	
Euro	170	138,544	211	138,925	
Hong Kong Dollar	-	54,887	-	54,887	
Hungarian Forint	-	312	-	312	
Indian Rupee	-	47,942	-	47,942	
Indonesian Rupiah	-	6,657	-	6,657	
Israeli Shekel	6	171	-	177	
Japanese Yen	456	72,196	-	72,652	
Malaysian Ringgit	-	463	-	463	
Mexican Peso	-	2,393	-	2,393	
New Taiwan Dollar	-	5,297	-	5,297	
New Zealand Dollar	-	55,427	-	55,427	
Norwegian Krone	-	186	-	186	
Peruvian Nuevo Sol	-	296	-	296	
Philippines Peso	-	3,384	-	3,384	
Polish Zloty	-	2,684	-	2,684	
Qatari Riyal	-	988	-	988	
Saudi Riyal	-	5,304	-	5,304	
Singapore Dollar	-	3,338	-	3,338	
South African Rand	-	8,397	-	8,397	
South Korean Won	-	32,603	3,957	36,560	
Swedish Krona	-	10,394	-	10,394	
Swiss Franc	36	40,848	-	40,884	
Thai Baht	-	3,525	-	3,525	
Turkish Lira	=	1,512	-	1,512	
United Arab Emirates Dirham	-	1,881	-	1,881	
United Kingdom Pound Sterling	268	66,257	484	67,009	
Total Securities Held in Foreign Currency	\$ 1,016	\$ 638,276	\$ 5,327	\$ 644,619	

Derivatives

Derivatives are investments that derive their value, usefulness, and marketability from an underlying instrument, and represents direct ownership of an asset or obligation of an issuer whose payments are based on or "derived" from the performance of an agreed upon benchmark. The notional amount is the nominal or face amount that is used to calculate payments made on that instrument. As of June 30, 2024, SBCERS' derivatives investments were in Futures and Participation Certificates. Investments in commingled funds may provide added exposure to derivatives.

Futures

Futures are a type of derivative contract agreement to buy or sell a specific commodity asset or security at a set future date for a set price. Futures are utilized to secure a specific price and protect against future price swings. Futures are traded on futures exchanges and require a brokerage account that's approved to trade futures.

Participation Certificates

Participation certificates are equity-linked securities that provide economic exposure to a security of a non-U.S. company without a direct investment in that security.

The following is a summary of SBCERS holdings of derivative securities:

Derivative Type	Notic	nal Amount	Fair Value		
Futures	\$	274,207	\$	147,381	
Participation Certificates		2,721		2,721	
Total	\$	276,928	\$	150,102	

Derivative Credit Risk

SBCERS is exposed to credit risk on investment derivatives that are traded over the counter and are reported in asset positions. Derivatives exposed to derivative credit risk include collateralized mortgage obligations, swap agreements, and futures contracts. The following Derivative Credit Risk Schedule discloses the counterparty ratings of SBCERS' investment derivatives in asset positions by type as of June 30, 2024. These amounts represent the maximum loss that would be recognized if all counterparties fail to perform as contracted, without respect to any collateral or other security, or netting arrangement. The schedule displays the fair value of investments by credit rating. As of June 30, 2024, SBCERS' has a net exposure to derivative credit risk of \$150.1 million.

The following schedule is a summary of SBCERS derivative credit risk:

S&P Investment Rating	Forward Contracts Futures				icipation tificates	Total Fair Value		
Investment Grade							-	
AA	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Α		-		-		-		-
BBB		-		=		<u> </u>		=
Total Investment Grade	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	=
Not Rated		-		147,381		2,721		150,102
Total Fair Value	\$	-	\$	147,381	\$	2,721	\$	150,102

Ratings are not applicable to all derivative instruments held. Those presented above are based on the counterparty's S&P rating.

Derivative Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As of June 30, 2024, SBCERS did not have any derivatives with material exposure to interest rate risk.

Derivative Foreign Currency Risk

For those dollar-denominated securities issued by foreign countries, there is an exposure to a foreign currency risk. Currency forward contracts represent foreign exchange contracts that are used to control currency exposure and facilitate the settlement of international security purchase and sale transactions. SBCERS had no exposure to derivative foreign currency exposure as of June 30, 2024.

4. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2024 that are restricted by legal or contractual requirements are comprised of the following:

Governmental Activities

General Fund Funds for disaster recovery	\$ 17,497	
•		
Property tax loss reserve	11,867 405	
Deposits by various developers		
RDA bond proceeds	378_	Ф 20.147
Total General Fund		\$ 30,147
Major Governmental Funds		
Capital projects funds	85,995	
Total major governmental funds		85,995
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Deposits by various developers	15,279	
Debt service reserves	1,318	
Clean water plan check trust	101	
Total nonmajor governmental funds		16,698
Internal Service Funds		
Public Safety Radio Network	8,328	
Funds for underground tank clean-up	10	
Total internal service funds		8,338
Total governmental activities		141,178
Business-Type Activities		
Resource Recovery Fund		
Funds for landfill site closure and maintenance costs (see Note 13)	21,357	
Debt service reserves	15,485	
Financial assurance for landfill corrective action (see Note 13)	2,532	
Total Resource Recovery Fund		39,374
Laguna Sanitation Fund		
Financial assurance for landfill corrective action	639	
Total Laguna Sanitation Fund		639
Total business-type activities		40,013
Total restricted cash and investments*		\$ 181,191

^{*}Governmental and Business-type Activities do not include \$1,339 of Fiduciary Private-Purpose Trust Fund restricted cash and investments.

5. RECEIVABLES

The detail of receivable balances and the portion not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year is as follows:

Notes Receivable

The County has recorded a note receivable for governmental activities from the RDA Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund. The total balance of the note receivable at June 30, 2024 is \$6,085 and the amount not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year is \$4,975.

Service Concession Arrangements Receivable

Service Concession Arrangements Receivable had a balance of \$800 as of June 30, 2024. Of this amount, \$576 is not expected to be received within the next fiscal year.

Housing Loans Receivable, Net and Loans Interest Receivable, Net

A total of \$42,839 was recorded as housing loans receivable, net and a total of \$10,812 was recorded as housing loans interest receivable, net at June 30, 2024.

Affordable Housing recorded \$51,176 as loans receivable and \$11,101 as interest receivable. A portion of the principal and interest balance, \$10,747 and \$710 respectively, is for loans containing forgiveness clauses and more than likely will not be repaid back to the County. As a result, the Governmentwide Statement of Net Position reports \$40,429 as loans receivable, net and \$10,391 as interest receivable, net assuming the entire forgiveness clause is executed. These amounts represent low or no interest mortgage notes and related accrued interest to finance multi-family and single-family construction and rehabilitation projects, as well as homebuyer assistance for low-income families, as part of the County's affordable housing program. Loan terms range from 5 to 55 years with interest rates from 0% to 5%. The County's primary sources of funding for these loans come from grants from the federal HOME Investment Partnership (HOME) and Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) programs. The HOME and CDBG grants contain monitoring requirements to ensure grant compliance. These requirements are reflected in the loan agreements. Due to the terms of the loans, offsetting deferred inflows of resources of \$62,277 have been established in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet for the housing loan principal and interest payments.

Behavioral Wellness recorded \$2,410 as housing loans receivable and \$421 as housing loan interest receivable. These represent Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) Housing Program funds to provide assistance in accordance with Welfare and Institutions Code. A 55-year loan of MHSA Housing Program funds for development of The Residences at Depot Street in Santa Maria provides for an 80-unit affordable rental housing project with 35 units dedicated for a term of 35 years for qualified MHSA tenants. The loan bears simple interest at 3% with principal and interest due and payable on the earlier of: 1) 55 years, 2) the date the property is sold or transferred, 3) borrower fails to commence construction, or 4) there is an uncured event of default by the borrower. Due to the terms of the loan, offsetting deferred inflows of resources of \$2,831 have been established in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet for the housing loan principal and interest.

Other Receivables

The County has recorded a total of \$637 in other receivables for governmental activities; the following amounts are not expected to be received within the next fiscal year:

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• \$200 deposit with the County's workers' compensation claims administrator.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 includes the following adjusted amounts:

	Balance July 1, 2023		Restaten Transfe Adjustmer	ers &	A	dditions	D	eletions	Balance June 30, 2024		
Governmental activities:											
Capital assets, non-depreciable:											
Land	\$	69,432	\$		\$		\$		\$	69,432	
Land easements		53,133								53,133	
Service concession arrangements		40,782				749				41,531	
Work in progress		163,324	96		84,428			(42,888)	204,960		
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		326,671		96	85,177			(42,888)		369,056	
Capital assets, depreciable:											
Land improvements		32,688			638				33,326		
Structures and improvements		414,692	(4)		8,998					423,686	
Equipment		170,087		287	16,616			(5,361)		181,629	
Infrastructure		424,161		(1)		24,744				448,904	
Intangible assets											
Software		17,283								17,283	
Subscription assets		4,655		1,032		11,281		(104)		16,864	
Leased assets		26,272		3,749		3,999		(928)		33,092	
Total capital assets, depreciable	1	,089,838		5,063		66,276		(6,393)		1,154,784	
Less accumulated depreciation for:											
Land improvements		(13,034)				(793)				(13,827)	
Structures and improvements		(158,590)		5		(11,063)				(169,648)	
Equipment	(110,176)			(9)	(10,047)			5,142		(115,090)	
Infrastructure	(155,199)					(6,477)				(161,676)	
Intangible assets		` ' '									
Software		(16,050)				(668)				(16,718)	
Subscription assets		(1,275)		(219)		(3,274)		104		(4,664)	
Leased assets		(4,934)		(1,125)		(3,362)		902		(8,519)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(459,258)		(1,348)		(35,684)		6,148		(490,142)	
Total capital assets, depreciable, net		630,580		3,715		30,592		(245)		664,642	
Sub-total governmental activities	\$	957,251	\$	3,811	\$	115,769	\$	(43,133)	\$	1,033,698	

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 continued:

	Balance July 1, 2023		Trans	ements, ofers & oents, net	A	dditions	Deletions		Jui	Balance ne 30, 2024
Business-Type activities:										
Capital assets, non-depreciable:										
Land	\$	15,654	\$		\$		\$		\$	15,654
Work in progress		65,845		1		13,529		(2,984)		76,391
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		81,499		1		13,529		(2,984)		92,045
Capital assets, depreciable										
Land improvements		484								484
Structures and improvements		107,126		7		2,864				109,997
Equipment		93,353		(1)		4,981		(1,210)		97,123
Infrastructure		81,668		(2)		3,824				85,490
Total capital assets, depreciable		282,631		4		11,669		(1,210)		293,094
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Land improvements		(276)		(1)		(10)				(287)
Structures and improvements		(12,097)		(2)		(2,586)				(14,685)
Equipment		(25,368)		(2)		(3,987)		860		(28,495)
Infrastructure		(34,536)				(1,905)				(36,441)
Total accumulated depreciation		(72,277)		(3)		(8,488)		860	-	(79,908)
Total capital assets, depreciable, net		210,354		1		3,181		(350)		213,186
Sub-total business-type activities		291,853		2		16,710		(3,334)		305,231
Total capital assets, net	\$	1,249,104	\$	3,813	\$	132,479	\$	(46,467)	\$	1,338,929
First 5 Santa Barbara County Discrete component unit activities: Capital assets, depreciable: Equipment Intangible assets	\$	25	\$		\$		\$		\$	25
Lease asset										
Structures and improvements		629						(81)		548
Total capital assets, depreciable		654						(81)		573
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Equipment		(25)								(25)
Intangible assets										
Lease asset										
Structures and improvements		(188)				(94)		81		(201)
Total accumulated depreciation		(213)				(94)		81		(226)
Total capital assets, depreciable, net	\$	441	\$		\$	(94)	\$		\$	347

Capital assets activity for each major enterprise fund for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	ance 1, 2023	Restatements, Transfers & Adjustments, net	Additions	Deletions		Balance ne 30, 2024
Resource Recovery:	 		,			
Capital assets, non-depreciable:						
Land	\$ 11,965	\$	\$	- \$	\$	11,965
Work in progress	 1,631		5,884	(1,071)		6,444
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	 13,596		5,884	(1,071)		18,409
Capital assets, depreciable:						
Structures and improvements*	86,828	6	2,864	1		89,698
Equipment	84,726	(1)	4,978		1	88,517
Infrastructure	51,231		1,805			53,036
Total capital assets, depreciable	222,785	5	9,647			231,251
Less accumulated depreciation for:	 					
Structures and improvements	(7,295)	2	(2,056	n		(9,349)
Equipment	(20,059)		(3,544	,		(22,743)
Infrastructure	(20,798)		(1,207	·		(22,005)
Total accumulated depreciation	(48,152)		(6,807			(54,097)
Total capital assets, depreciable, net	 174,633	7	2,840		-	177,154
Sub-total Resource Recovery	188,229	7	8,724			195,563
Laguna Sanitation: Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land	3,689					3,689
Work in progress	 64,214	1	7,645		-	69,947
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	 67,903	1	7,645	(1,913)		73,636
Capital assets, depreciable:						
Land improvements	484					484
Structures and improvements	20,298	1				20,299
Equipment	8,627		3	()		8,606
Infrastructure	 30,437	(2)	2,019			32,454
Total capital assets, depreciable	 59,846	(1)	2,022	(24)	- —	61,843
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements	(276)	(1)	(10			(287)
Structures and improvements	(4,802)	(4)	(530))		(5,336)
Equipment	(5,309)		(443	3)		(5,752)
Infrastructure	 (13,738)		(698	3)		(14,436)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (24,125)	(5)	(1,681	<u></u>		(25,811)
Total capital assets, depreciable, net	 35,721	(6)	341	(24)		36,032
Sub-total Laguna Sanitation	 103,624	(5)	7,986	(1,937)		109,668
Total capital assets, net -						
business-type activities	\$ 291,853	\$ 2	\$ 16,710	\$ (3,334)	\$	305,231

Internal Service Funds (ISF) predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, their capital assets are included within governmental activities. Capital assets activity for Internal Service Funds for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

			Resta	tements,						
	В	alance	Trai	nsfers &					Е	Balance
	Jul	ly 1, 2023	Adjust	ments, net	Α	dditions	Deletions		June 30, 2024	
Internal Service Funds:								_		_
Capital assets, non-depreciable:										
Construction in progress	\$	5,778	\$	(212)	\$	16,231	\$		\$	21,797
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		5,778		(212)		16,231				21,797
Capital assets, depreciable:										
Structures and improvements		2,605		1				-		2,606
Equipment		81,601		290		8,364		(3,670)		86,585
Intangible assets										
Subscription assets		1,637				1,651				3,288
Total capital assets, depreciable		85,843		291		10,015		(3,670)		92,479
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Structures and improvements		(1,476)		(1)		(52)				(1,529)
Equipment		(53,525)		(11)		(5,058)		3,551		(55,043)
Intangible assets										
Subscription assets		(581)				(1,007)				(1,588)
Total accumulated depreciation		(55,582)		(12)		(6,117)		3,551		(58,160)
Total capital assets, depreciable, net		30,261		279		3,898		(119)		34,319
Total capital assets, net -										
internal service funds	\$	36,039	\$	67	\$	20,129	\$	(119)	\$	56,116

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

				preciation/	
		ortization		ortization	_
	(excl	uding ISF)	Allo	cation (1)	 Total
Governmental activities:					
Policy & executive	\$	571	\$	126	\$ 697
Public safety		6,886		2,870	9,756
Health & public assistance		5,198		1,598	6,796
Community resources & public facilities		9,075		993	10,068
General government & support services		7,763		530	8,293
General county programs		74			74
Sub-total governmental activities		29,567		6,117	 35,684
Business-Type activities:					
Resource Recovery		6,807			6,807
Laguna Sanitation		1,681			 1,681
Sub-total business-type activities		8,488			 8,488
Total depreciation expense	\$	38,055	\$	6,117	\$ 44,172

⁽¹⁾ Depreciation/amortization of capital assets held by the County's ISF is charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets.

IN THOUSANDS 97 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Work in progress at June 30, 2024 consists of the following projects for the primary government:

Governmental activities:				
Flood Control projects:				
Mission Creek Corps project	\$	34,398		
SMDB Improvement Project		8,752		
Buena Vista Basin		2,355		
Cold Springs Basin Mod		1,725 961		
San Ysidro Basin Mod Other projects (individually less than \$500)		498		
other projects (marviadan) ress than 7,000)		770	\$	48,689
Roads projects:				
Foothill Road Low Water Crossing replacement		20,978		
Floridale Avenue bridge		20,579		
Fernald Point bridge Modoc Rd Segment 1 MultiModal		5,531 3,141		
Bonita School Road Bridge		2,736		
Santa Claus Lane Circulation		2,293		
Hollister and State Improvement		1,052		
Modoc Road MultiModal Path		954		
Wallace Ave SCA Improvements		885		
Padaro Ln SCA Improvements		804		
Via Real SCA Improvements Other projects (individually less than \$500)		501 1,262		
Other projects (individually less than \$500)		1,202		60,716
Capital Outlay projects:				,,
Fire Dispatch Center		13,728		
Parks, Lake Cachuma RV Area Im		4,328		
SB BOS Hearing Rm AudioVisual Santa Barbara Courthouse Roof		3,641		
Probation, New Headquarters Bd		2,903 2,892		
CSD - HCD, El Colegio		2,478		
Main Jail Remodel (Design)		1,705		
SB Main Jail - Security System		1,571		
PSRadio Tower Enhance Phase 3		1,465		
Probation, JuvHall Cam upgrade		1,312		
APCD, Santa Maria Office TI		1,291		
CEO SB Admn Bldg COB TI OEM, EOC HVAC Replacement		906 835		
CEO Office Remodel		793		
GS Calle Real Water Loop		783		
Bridgehouse-Utility Ext Lompoc		722		
Other projects (individually less than \$500)		4,293		
				45,646
General Fund projects				19,141
deficial i and projects				17,141
Fire Protection District				1,189
Other Governmental Funds:				
Jalama Restroom Replacement		1,989		
Santa Claus Beach Access		846		
Jalama Cabin/Yurts		761		
New Cuyama Greenway Project		583		
Tunnel Rd Sewer Main Extension		639		
Other projects (individually less than \$500)		2,964		7,782
Internal Service Fund projects:				7,702
EMS program		7,728		
Public Safety Radio Network		6,825		
Betteravia Solar		6,043		
EV Charging Station	-	1,201		21,797
				41,/9/
Sub-total governmental activities		=		204,960
Business-Type activities:				
Laguna Sanitation projects				69,947
Resource Recovery projects		-		6,444
Sub-total business-type activities		=	Φ.	76,391
Total work in progress		=	\$	281,351

7. PUBLIC-PRIVATE AND PUBLIC-PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS (P3s)

GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships (P3s) and Availability Payment Arrangements (APAs) establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for P3s in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This statement requires recognition of certain assets, receivables, deferred inflow of resources (transferor) and liabilities and deferred outflow of resources (operators) for P3 arrangements. Some P3s meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which is defined in Statement No. 94 as a P3 in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying P3 asset at the end of the arrangement. The statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for APAs, in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating a nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. It was also determined that there are no incidences where the County would qualify as such an operator or meet the criteria of having an APA arrangement.

The County has determined that the following arrangements meet the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No.94 where the County is the transferor and therefore included these P3s in the County's financial statements.

Service Concession Arrangements

Jalama Beach Store

On January 1, 2008, the County entered into a 10-year agreement (having an option for two 5-year extensions) with Jalama Beach Store Incorporated (Jalama), under which Jalama has the right to the sell food and beverages (including beer and wine), kitchen supplies, camping supplies, housekeeping and other related supplies and conveniences; rent swimming and beach equipment & supplies; operate a restaurant and delicatessen; and rent vacation trailers. On January 1, 2018, the first 5-year extension option was exercised and approved. On January 1, 2023, the second 5-year extension was exercised and approved. Services are to be provided at reasonable rates. The County has the ability to modify or approve what services Jalama is required to provide. A summary of the important details, capital assets and the present value of installment payments pertaining to this SCA follows.

Boathouse Restaurant

On February 1, 2008, the County entered into a 10-year agreement (having options for a 10-year extension and a subsequent 5-year extension) with Santa Barbara Shellfish Company Incorporated (SB Shellfish), under which SB Shellfish will operate the Boathouse Restaurant, a walk-up snack bar, and rent beach-related equipment and supplies. On January 1, 2018, the 10-year extension option was exercised and approved. Services are to be provided at reasonable rates. The County has the ability to modify or approve what services SB Shellfish is required to provide. A summary of the important details, capital assets and the present value of installment payments pertaining to this SCA follows.

Santa Barbara County Bowl

On June 1, 2011, the County entered into a 45-year agreement (having an option for a 25-year extension) with the Santa Barbara County Bowl Foundation (Foundation), under which the Foundation will operate the outdoor amphitheater, maximizing access for community programs, stage events, musical performances, and other performing art events. Prices for merchandise, food, and beverages are to be comparable to prices charged at similar establishments; however, the Foundation sets ticket pricing. A portion of each ticket goes to the Santa Barbara Arts Commission with the remaining revenue used to run operations and maintain and improve facilities. A summary of the important details and the capital assets pertaining to this SCA follows.

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Cachuma Store and Marina

On March 6, 2012, the County entered into a 10-year agreement with Pyramid Enterprises, Incorporated (Pyramid), under which Pyramid will operate the Cachuma store and marina and sell gas. In December of 2020, Pyramid notified the County that it had come to an agreement to sell its interest in the SCA to Advenco, LLC (Advenco). The County has approved Advenco's past performance and its 2022 operating plan, and therefore, extended Advenco's lease through February 29, 2032. Services are to be provided at reasonable rates. The structures and related equipment pertaining to the SCA have been fully depreciated. A summary of the important details of this SCA follows.

Cachuma Café - Smoke on Water

On May 7, 2019, the County entered into a 10-year agreement (having an option for an 8-year extension) with Smoke on Water, LLC, under which Smoke on Water, LLC has exclusive rights to operate and maintain a food and beverage business. Services are to be provided at reasonable rates. Additionally, should Smoke on Water, LLC obtain an Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) license, the County shall receive 15% of gross sales derived from hard alcohol sales. A summary of the important details and present value of installment payments pertaining to this SCA follows.

Mission Rowing

On April 21, 2020, the County entered into a 5-year agreement (having options for a 5-year extension and a subsequent 5-year extension) with Mission Rowing under which Mission Rowing shall have the right to provide comprehensive rowing activities and conduct related concession activities at Lake Cachuma. A summary of the important details and present value of installment payments pertaining to this SCA follows.

The Ellwood at Goleta Beach Restaurant

On October 19, 2021, the County entered into a 10-year agreement (having options for three 5-year extensions) with PRJKT SB, Inc. (Ellwood), under which Ellwood has the right to exclusively operate a restaurant, snack bar, and an outdoor patio venue as well as non-exclusively offer food and beverage catering services at Goleta Beach. Ellwood took over the Beachside Restaurant, which was the former SCA at this location, and is undergoing a remodel. Ellwood will not be in operation until the following fiscal year. Services are to be provided at reasonable rates. The County has the ability to modify or approve what services Ellwood is required to provide. A summary of the important details pertaining to this SCA follows.

IN THOUSANDS 100 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A summary of the important details for each SCA over the term of their agreements are as follows:

	Date SCA		Expiration of	Minimum Installment Payment	
	Entered Into	Term of SCA	SCA	(per month)	Revenue Sharing
Jalama Beach Store	1/1/2008	10 yrs plus two 5 yr extensions	12/31/2027	\$ 3	8.5% of gross sales
Boathouse Restaurant	2/1/2008	10 yrs plus one 10 yr extension and one 5 yr extension	12/31/2027	16	10% of gross sales; 1.47% on income over \$3.8 million
Santa Barbara County Bowl	6/1/2011	45 years	5/31/2056	N/A	\$0.50 per ticket sold up to \$50,000 per concert season
Cachuma Store and Marina	3/6/2012	10 years plus 10 yr extension	2/29/2032	N/A	10% of marina gross sales; 7% of store gross sales
Cachuma Café	5/7/2019	10 yrs plus 8 yr extension	3/31/2029	1	8% of gross sales until 3/31/2022; 8.5% of gross sales thereafter
Mission Rowing	4/21/2020	5 yrs plus two 5 yr extensions	4/20/2025	1	8% of gross monthly income for the first year; 10% of gross monthly income afterwards
The Ellwood at Goleta Beach	10/19/2021	10 yrs plus three 5 yr extensions	10/19/2031	12	10% of gross sales for Restaurant & Snack Bar 12.5% of gross sales for catering of special events 15% of gross alcohol sales
				\$ 33	

Capital assets balances for each SCA for the year ended June 30, 2024 and over the term of the agreement are as follows:

	В	alance				В	alance	
	Jul	y 1, 2023	Ad	ditions	Deletions	June 30, 2024		
Structures								
& Structure Improvements								
Santa Barbara County Bowl	\$	37,692	\$	749		\$	38,441	
Boathouse Restaurant		1,710					1,710	
Cachuma Café		137					137	
Jalama Beach Store		55					55	
Sub-total Structures &								
Structure Improvements		39,594		749			40,343	
Land Improvements								
Santa Barbara County Bowl		1,188					1,188	
Sub-total Land Improvements		1,188					1,188	
Total SCA Capital Asset Balance		_						
	\$	40,782	\$	749	\$	\$	41,531	

The deferred inflow of resources activity for each SCA for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	_	Balance July 1, 2023		Additions/ estatements	Amortization Allocation (1)		_	Balance e 30, 2024
SCA Capital Assets (1)								-
Santa Barbara County Bowl	\$	28,928	\$	749	\$	(904)	\$	28,773
Cachuma Café		92				(16)		76
Boathouse Restaurant		62				(13)		49
Jalama Beach Store								
Sub-total SCA capital assets		29,082		749		(933)		28,898
Present Value of Installment Payments (2):								
Boathouse Restaurant		779				(173)		606
Cachuma Café		33		(2)		(5)		26
Jalama Beach Store		15		138		(34)		119
Mission Rowing		20		(10)		(6)		4
Sub-total SCA installment payments		847		126		(218)		755
Total deferred inflows	\$	29,929	\$	875	\$	(1,151)	\$	29,653

- (1) Amortization is calculated using straight-line method for the term of agreement for each SCA.
- (2) Installment payments present value is calculated using a discount rate of 2.1% for the term of agreement for each SCA.

8. ADVANCES FROM GRANTORS AND THIRD PARTIES

Under both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when earned. The governmentwide Statement of Net Position as well as governmental and enterprise funds therefore defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received as of year-end, but have not yet been earned. Assets recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete are offset by a corresponding liability for advances from grantors and third parties.

At June 30, 2024, the various components of advances from grantors and third parties reported are as follows:

	Ac	lvances
General Fund: CARES funds for Emergency Rental Assistance Program Camping and day use fees Total General Fund	\$	41,149 2,534 43,683
Roads Fund: Advances from California Department of Transportation for road projects		1,148
Public Health Fund: SB Cottage/Marian STEMI/Trauma pre-paid revenue		133
Social Services Fund: Grant drawdowns prior to meeting eligibility requirements		23,494
Behavioral Wellness Fund: Mental Health Services Act capital/information technology Early, periodic, screening, diagnosis, and treatment Total Behavioral Wellness Fund		491 134 625
Affordable Housing Fund: Advances on State & federal grants for Affordable Housing		8,916
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Clerk Recorder		8
Total advances from grantors and third parties*	\$	78,007

^{*}Total Advances from Grantors and Third Parties does not include \$6 of Fiduciary Net Position - Other Custodial Funds.

9. LEASES AND SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS (SBITAS)

Leases as Lessee

As of June 30, 2024, the County entered into two new lease agreements during the fiscal year, bringing total active right-to-use leases of buildings, land, and vehicles to 123. All leases are classified as Governmental activities.

These leases include a range of options to extend the lease term for a period of 1 to 15 years, with the final extension period ending June 30, 2039. The County is required to make annual principal and interest payments ranging from \$1 to \$1,054, and subject to annual rent increases ranging from 0-3%. The County is utilizing a range of incremental borrowing rates between 0.3-5.5%. As of June 30, 2024, the total value of the lease liability is \$25,994.

As of June 30, 2024, the First 5 Children and Families Commission did not enter in any new lease agreements as a lessee maintaining a total of one active right-to-use leases of building office space.

The lease includes two 36-month extension options, with the final extension period ending August 31, 2039. The Commission is required to make monthly principal and interest payments between \$29 and \$57, subject to annual rent increases ranging between 2-3%. The Commission is utilizing an incremental borrowing rate of 5%. As of June 30, 2024, the total value of the lease liability is \$389.

Principal and interest payment to maturing for the County and the Commission are as follows:

	C	ounty of S	anta B	arbara	First 5 Children and Families Commission						
Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal	In	terest	Pri	ncipal	Interest				
2025	\$	2,959	\$	1,091	\$	63	\$	18			
2026		2,877		980		68		15			
2027		2,679		867		74		11			
2028		2,407		754		81		7			
2029		2,230		648		88		3			
2030-2034		8,667		1,863		15		1			
2035-2039		4,175		411							
Total leases	\$	25,994	\$	6,614	\$	389	\$	55			

Leases as Lessor

As of June 30, 2024, the County entered into four new lease agreements during the fiscal year, bringing the total active right-to-use leases of buildings and land to 20. For lessor leases, the County is utilizing an incremental borrowing rate between 0.4-5.5%. The leases include a range of options to extend the lease term for a period of 1 to 15 years with the final extension period ending April 30, 2040.

Governmental Activities

The County receives annual principal and interest payments ranging from \$5 to \$235, and not subject to rent increases. As of June 30, 2024, the total value of the lease receivable is \$5,977 and total deferred inflow of resources is \$5,688.

Business-Type Activities

The County receives annual principal and interest payments of \$102 and not subject to rent increases. As of June 30, 2024, the total value of the lease receivable is \$50 and the total deferred inflow of resources of \$47.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

As of June 30, 2024, the County has entered into ten non-cancelable subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs), for a total of 24 right-to-use subscriptions. All subscriptions were classified as governmental activities.

The SBITAs include a range of options to extend the term for a period of 3 to 4 years, with the final extension period ending March 31, 2033. The County is required to make annual principal and interest payments ranging from \$18 to \$744. The County is utilizing an incremental borrowing rate ranging from 2-3.6%. As of June 30, 2024, the total value of the subscription liability was \$9,605.

The future principal and interest SBITA payments as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities											
Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	Int	erest								
2025	\$	2,174	\$	245								
2026		1,833		180								
2027		1,076		134								
2028		788		105								
2029		870		79								
2030-2033		2,864		134								
Total SBITAs	\$	9,605	\$	877								

10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	В	alance	Restatements /					Balance		Due Within	
	Ju	y 1, 2023	Adjı	ustments	 Additions	D	eletions	Jun	e 30, 2024	One Year	
Governmental activities:											
Compensated absences	\$	45,500	\$		\$ 41,509	\$	(40,650)	\$	46,359	\$	40,207
Leases		22,256		2,624	3,984		(2,870)		25,994		2,959
Subscriptions		2,814		737	8,937		(2,883)		9,605		2,174
Certificates of participation (COP)		20,537			98,090		(1,610)		117,017		4,430
Unamortized premium on COP					11,651				11,651		
Unamortized discount on COP		(59)					8		(51)		
Other long-term obligations		7,771					(217)		7,554		283
Bonds and notes from direct borrowings		3,633			3,811		(1,674)		5,770		1,108
Liability for self-insurance claims		13,111			6,053		(5,064)		14,100		5,157
Sub-total governmental activities		115,563		3,361	174,035		(54,960)		237,999		56,318
Business-Type activities:											
Compensated absences		847			777		(835)		789		761
Certificates of participation		165,481					(4,755)		160,726		4,715
Unamortized premium on COP		14,920					(1,500)		13,420		
Bonds and notes from direct borrowings											
and direct placements		930					(305)		625		310
Sub-total business-type activities		182,178			777		(7,395)		175,560		5,786
Total long-term liabilities	\$	297,741	\$	3,361	\$ 174,812	\$	(62,355)	\$	413,559	\$	62,104
First 5 Santa Barbara County											
Component unit activities:											
Compensated absences	\$	61	\$		\$ 73	\$	(62)	\$	72	\$	62
Leases		475					(86)		389		63
Total long-term liabilities	\$	536	\$		\$ 73	\$	(148)	\$	461	\$	125

Changes in long-term liabilities for each major enterprise fund for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Balance		A 1 199					Balance	Due Within	
	July 1, 2023		Additions		Deletions		Jun	ie 30, 2024	One Year	
Resource Recovery:										
Compensated absences	\$	653	\$	581	\$	(654)	\$	580	\$	580
Certificates of participation		142,571				(3,890)		138,681		3,810
Unamortized premium on COP		12,091				(1,161)		10,930		
Sub-total Resource Recovery		155,315		581		(5,705)		150,191		4,390
Laguna Sanitation:										
Compensated absences		194		196		(181)		209		181
Certificates of participation		22,910				(865)		22,045		905
Unamortized premium on COP		2,829				(339)		2,490		
Bonds and notes from direct borrowings and direct placements		930				(305)		625		310
Sub-total Laguna Sanitation		26,863		196		(1,690)		25,369		1,396
Total long-term liabilities -										
business-type activities	\$	182,178	\$	777	\$	(7,395)	\$	175,560	\$	5,786

In governmental activities, the liability for the majority of employee compensated absences is liquidated by the General Fund. Other long-term liabilities consist of a multi-year payment on a Medicare settlement, which is liquidated by the Behavior Wellness Fund. The self-insurance claims liability is reported in the risk management and insurance internal service fund and will be liquated by that fund.

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Internal Service Funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, their long-term debt is included as part of the totals for governmental activities.

Changes in long-term liabilities for the Internal Service Funds for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Balance						В	alance	Due	e Within
	July 1, 2023		Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2024		Or	ne Year
Internal Service Funds:										
Compensated absences	\$	971	\$	762	\$	(723)	\$	1,010	\$	691
Subscription		957		1,651		(1,166)		1,442		664
Certificates of Participation				9,150				9,150		255
Unamortized Premium on COP				1,086				1,086		
Bonds from direct borrowings		1,938		2,737		(437)		4,238		683
Liability for self-insurance claims		13,111		6,053		(5,064)		14,100		5,157
Total long-term liabilities -										
Internal Service Funds	\$	16,977	\$	21,439	\$	(7,390)	\$	31,026	\$	7,450

The following is a schedule of total debt service requirements on long-term debt as of June 30, 2024:

			Governmental Activities						Business-Type Activities							
				Bonds and Notes from				es from	Bonds and Notes from							
					Di	Direct Borrowings and							Direct Borrowings and			
		CC	P			Direct Pla	acem	ents		CC)P		Direct Placements			nts
Year Ending																
June 30,	F	rincipal	<u>lr</u>	nterest	Pr	incipal	In	terest	F	Principal	<u>lı</u>	nterest	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest
2025	\$	4,430	\$	5,862	\$	1,109	\$	144	\$	4,715	\$	7,595	\$	310	\$	28
2026		4,845		5,432		1,141		101		5,295		7,359		315		12
2027		5,075		5,180		1,061		61		5,930		7,079				
2028		5,320		4,915		611		33		6,650		6,765				
2029		5,575		4,639		325		17		7,410		6,413				
2030-2034		24,532		19,427		1,386		43		50,101		25,352				
2035-2039		31,140		12,254		137		1		77,435		10,066				
2040-2044		36,100		3,786						3,190		64				
Sub-total		117,017		61,495		5,770		400		160,726		70,693		625		40
Unamortized																
premium		11,651								13,420						
Unamortized																
discount		(51)														
Total, net	\$	128,617	\$	61,495	\$	5,770	\$	400	\$	174,146	\$	70,693	\$	625	\$	40

Bonds and Notes Payable

Governmental Activities (Excluding Internal Service Funds)

Notes Payable from Direct Borrowings

On November o9, 2006, the County entered into a financed purchase of \$2,400 at an interest rate of 5.43% for Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health Services (ADMHS). The notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2024 is \$459. On March 1, 2024 the County entered into a financed purchase of \$1,074 at an interest rate of 5.00% for Sheriff equipment. The notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2024 is \$1,074.

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Bonds from Direct Borrowings

On December 17, 2014, the County issued \$9,925 in direct borrowing bonds at an interest rate of 2.33% and used the proceeds to refund the County's 2005 COP debt. Repayment of the bond commenced in March 2015 and the final payment of \$1,070 was made on March 11, 2024.

Internal Service Funds

Photovoltaic Solar Energy Facility Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds from Direct Borrowings

On September 27, 2011, the County issued \$5,250 in direct borrowing Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds (QECB) at an interest rate of 4.08% per annum. The proceeds were used to acquire a photovoltaic solar energy facility for the County's Calle Real campus.

The QECBs are taxable bonds that entitle the issuer to receive a direct subsidy payment from the United States Treasury (Treasury) equal to the lesser of (i) the taxable rate of the bonds or (ii) 70% of the Qualified Tax Credit Bond (QTCB) Rate on every semi-annual interest payment date. At the time of issuance, the QTCB Rate was 4.55%; therefore, the County will receive a Treasury subsidy of 70% of 4.55%, or approximately \$1,395 over the life of the bonds, resulting in a true interest cost of 0.94%. These bonds will be repaid from the Utilities Fund. The Calle Real solar facility bonds payable outstanding at June 30, 2024 is \$1,105.

Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E) On-Bill Note from Direct Borrowing

On November 10, 2019, the County entered into a direct placement financing contract in the amount of \$614 with PG&E's On-Bill Financing Loan Agreement on a 10-year term at an interest rate of 0% per annum. The loans issued under the program are unsecured loans to fully or partially reimburse qualified PG&E customers for the costs they incur in connection with a qualified energy efficient retrofit project. These proceeds are being used for the LED lighting portion of a renewable energy project at the County's Betteravia Campus. The note contains a provision that, in the event of termination resulting from non-compliance by the County, the entire outstanding loan balance will become immediately due and payable. The PG&E loan balance outstanding at June 30, 2024 is \$396.

California Energy Commission Loan from Direct Borrowing

On December 4, 2023, the County entered into an Energy Conservation Assistance Act loan agreement of \$2,736 at an interest rate of 1.0%. The proceeds will be used for renewal energy projects consisting of photovoltaic systems at the County's Santa Maria government center and Fire Station 12. The notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2024 is \$2,736.

Business-Type Activities

Laguna Sanitation Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds from Direct Borrowing

On May 25, 2011, the Laguna County Sanitation District (Laguna Sanitation) issued \$4,170 in direct borrowing Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds (QECB) at an interest rate of 5.25% per annum. The proceeds were used to acquire a photovoltaic solar energy facility, which is projected to save Laguna Sanitation \$12,000 in financing, operating and maintenance costs over a 30-year period.

The QECBs are taxable bonds that entitle the issuer to receive a direct subsidy payment from the United States Treasury (Treasury) equal to the lesser of (i) the taxable rate of the bonds or (ii) 70% of the Qualified Tax Credit Bond (QTCB) Rate on every semi-annual interest payment date. At the time of issuance, the QTCB Rate was 4.95%; therefore, Laguna Sanitation will receive a Treasury subsidy of 70% of 4.95%, or \$1,162 over the life of the bonds, resulting in a true interest cost of 1.97%. The bond documents contain a provision that, in the event of default, the

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outstanding principal balance and accrued interest shall become due and payable immediately. Bond payments are secured by net revenues on user rates and charges collected by Laguna Sanitation for sanitation services. The Laguna Sanitation QECB bonds payable at June 30, 2024 is \$625.

Certificates of Participation (COP)

The Santa Barbara County Finance Corporation (Corporation), a public benefit corporation, was created to issue certificates of participation that are securities issued and marketed to investors. The certificates are sold to provide funds to finance the costs of acquisition, installation and construction of capital projects. These certificates are secured by annual lease payments paid by the County to the Corporation and these lease payments are used by the Corporation to pay the interest and principal of the debt.

The certificates contain certain debt covenants, which are deemed by the County to be duties imposed by law. The County must include the applicable lease payments due each year in its annual budget and make the necessary appropriations. The County is also required to maintain certain levels of liability, property damage, casualty, business interruption, earthquake and title insurance in connection with each lease agreement. The County is in compliance with all significant financial restrictions and requirements as set forth in its various debt covenants.

In FY 2007-08, the Corporation issued \$23,600 of tax-exempt COP debt, comprised of \$17,000 classified as Series A-1 Certificates and \$6,600 classified as Series A-2 Certificates. The COP debt was issued for the purpose of financing the costs of the acquisition, installation and construction of capital improvements; paying capitalized interest on all or a portion of the Series A-1 Certificates; funding a reserve fund as security for the certificates; and paying certain costs of delivery associated with the certificates. The COP agreement contains a provision that, in the event of default, all rights, title and interest in the lease and sublease will be assigned to the trustee. Pursuant to the trust agreement, a debt service reserve fund was established with a fund requirement in the fiduciary funds in the amount of \$1,420 as of June 30, 2024. Repayment of the Series A-2 Certificates commenced in December 2008 and the final payment of \$560 was made on November 20, 2023.

In FY 2009-10, the Corporation issued \$14,935 of taxable COP debt classified as Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds (RZEDB) for purposes of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA). Pursuant to the ARRA, the County expects to receive a cash subsidy payment from the United States Treasury equal to 45% of the interest payable. The County received a subsidy of \$199 during the year ended June 30, 2024.

In FY 2018-19, the Resource Recovery and Waste Management Fund (Resource Recovery) issued \$149,000 of COP debt classified as the Solid Waste Revenue Certificates of Participation: \$8,130 of tax-exempt certificates, \$129,870 tax-exempt alternative minimum tax certificates, and \$11,000 of taxable certificates. The COP debt was issued for the purpose of funding certain improvements to the County's solid waste system (Solid Waste System), including the costs of a Materials Recovery Facility, an Anaerobic Digestion Facility and landfill gas engines which collectively constitute the Resource Center. The COP agreement contains a provision that, in the event of default, the outstanding principal balance and accrued interest are due and payable immediately. The Solid Waste System COP payments are secured by net revenues of user charges, fees and rates collected by the Solid Waste System. As of June 30, 2024, the remaining principal and interest requirements totaled \$203,749 with a current fiscal year pledged revenue amount of \$32,421. Pursuant to the trust agreement, a debt service reserve fund was established with a fund requirement in the amount of \$14,920 as of June 30, 2024.

In FY 2020-21, Laguna Sanitation issued \$24,510 of tax-exempt COP debt classified as the Laguna County Sanitation District Sanitation System Revenue Certificates of Participation. The COP debt was issued for the purpose of funding certain improvements to Laguna Sanitation's management system (Management System). Pursuant to the trust agreement, all net revenues are pledged to the payment of the debt. Net revenues consist of fees, service charges, connection charges and income received by or imposed by Laguna Sanitation in connection with the ownership and operation of the Management System less the maintenance and operation costs of the Management System. As of

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June 30, 2024, the remaining principal and interest requirements totaled \$27,669 with a current fiscal year pledged revenue amount of \$9,799.

In FY 2023-24, the Corporation issued \$98,090 of COP debt to fund the acquisition, installation, and construction of multiple capital projects. These projects include the Cachuma Lake Recreational Vehicle Park Renovation, New Cuyama Fire Station 27, the Santa Barbara County Main Jail Renovation, the New Probation Headquarters Building, the Public Safety Radio Network Replacement, and the Regional Fire Communication Center. Additionally, the COP debt covered certain costs associated with executing and delivering the 2024 Certificates. No reserve fund was established in connection with the 2024 Certificates. As of June 30, 2024, the remaining principal and interest requirements totaled \$151,372.

A summary of COP principal outstanding as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

				An	nount of	Ou	tstanding
	Interest			C	Priginal		as of
	Rate %	Date of Issue	Maturity		Issue	6/	30/2024
Governmental activities:							
2008 Capital Improvements	4.00-4.75	6/25/2008	12/1/2028	\$	17,000	\$	6,085
2010 Capital Improvements - RZEDB	6.22-6.25	6/10/2010	12/1/2040		14,935		12,842
2024 Capital Improvements	5.00	5/16/2024	121/2043		98,090		98,090
Sub-total governmental activities					130,025		117,017
Business-Type activities:							
2008 Capital Improvements	3.00-4.50	6/25/2008	12/1/2023		6,600		1
2018 Capital Improvements	3.30-5.25	11/28/2018	12/1/2038		149,000		138,680
2020 Capital Improvements	2.00-5.00	9/16/2020	12/1/2040		24,510		22,045
Sub-total business-type activities					180,110		160,726
Total COP principal outstanding				\$	310,135		277,743
Unamortized issuance premium							13,420
Unamortized issuance discount							(51)
Total COP principal, net outstanding						\$	291,112

Rebatable Arbitrage Earnings

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service at least every five years. During the current year, the County performed calculations of excess investment earnings on various bonds and financings, and found that the County had no rebatable arbitrage liability at June 30, 2024.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters; cyber liability, aviation and medical malpractice. For these risks, the County has chosen to establish risk management internal service funds where assets are set aside for insurance premium costs and self-insured retentions to pay for specific covered losses. In addition, the County has established separate self-insurance financing funds for unemployment claims and dental insurance benefits for employees and their dependents.

The County of Santa Barbara is a member of Public Risk Innovation, Solutions, and Management (PRISM, formerly CSAC-EIA), a member-directed risk sharing pool of public agencies that provides risk coverage programs. PRISM

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membership comprises 55 of the 58 California counties, 300 organizations and approximately 2,050 sub-members, which include 70% of the cities, as well as numerous school districts, special districts, housing authorities, fire districts, and other Joint Powers Authorities. A Board of Directors consisting of representatives from its members governs PRISM. The County purchases all its insurance through PRISM. The County's aggregate annual premium, including all insurances, paid to PRISM for the year ended June 30, 2024, was \$35,854. PRISM issues its own audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained from PRISM located at 75 Iron Point Circle, Suite 200, Folsom, CA 95630.

The unpaid claims liabilities included in the risk management self-insurance internal service funds are based on the results of actuarial studies and include amounts for claims incurred but not reported and adjustment expenses. Claims liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and number of pay-outs, and other economic and social factors. General liability liabilities are carried at present value using a discount rate of 1%. It is the County's practice to annually obtain full actuarial studies for general liability coverages. Rates charged to departments use various allocation methods that include actual costs, claims experience, and payroll costs. Rates charged annually are established such that, when added with cash reserves on hand, adequate resources are provided to meet liabilities as they come due.

Changes in the claims liability for all self-insurance claims during the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ended						
	Jun	e 30, 2023	June 30, 2024				
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	12,959	\$	13,111			
Incurred claims		5,527		6,053			
Claim payments		(5,375)		(5,064)			
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$	13,111	\$	14,100			

In FY 2019-20, Risk Management's Workers' Compensation fund entered into a reinsurance agreement with PRISM to eliminate County liability exposure to self-insured workers' compensation claims. The reinsurance agreement discharged the entire workers' compensation self-insurance liability of the fund as the direct insurer of the risks insured. As of June 30, 2024, the only remaining Workers' Compensation liabilities total an estimated \$283 which represents four claims which were not transferred to PRISM as part of the reinsurance agreement.

In addition to the risk coverage provided by the County's internal service funds, the County also has coverage for bodily injury, including passengers and property, up to \$5 million through the County's insurance broker, Alliant, for the Sheriff's Aero Squadron. The premiums for this insurance are not allocated through the County's internal service fund and instead are paid directly by the Sheriff's office.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The County is a defendant in multiple lawsuits. Although the outcomes of these cases are currently indeterminable, the County's legal counsel opines that their resolution will not materially affect the County's financial standing. For any litigation deemed likely to result in financial loss, a corresponding liability has been accrued in the financial statements. However, for cases where a loss is reasonably possible but not probable, no liability has been recorded, and no cost estimate can be provided at this time.

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Grants

Receipts from federal, state, and local grants and subsidies are subject to audits by representatives from those agencies to verify that the funds were spent in compliance with applicable statutes, grant terms, and regulations. These audits could result in a demand for reimbursement to the granting agencies. The County does not anticipate incurring any significant liabilities as a result of these audits, with one exception. The County faces potential liability exposure of up to \$997 due to outstanding settlement and audit issues with the State of California related to Medi-Cal mental health service reimbursements, which could take five to ten years to resolve. These liabilities have been recorded as other payables in the Behavioral Wellness Fund.

Santa Barbara County Redevelopment Successor Agency

In accordance with Assembly Bill (AB) 1X 26 and AB 1434, all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as legal entities as of February 1, 2012. It is reasonably possible that the State Department of Finance could invalidate any of the obligations reported on the Successor Agency's Recognized Obligations Payment Schedule. The range of potential loss of revenue to pay these obligations is between \$0 and \$20,000 over the remaining life of the Successor Agency (5 years).

Contracts

The County has entered into contracts to purchase goods and services from various vendors. Approximately \$461,050 will be payable upon future performance under these contracts, including \$37,364 for the construction of Probation headquarters and \$28,518 for the Enterprise Resource Planning software implementation.

13. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE

The County owns and operates three landfill sites: Tajiguas, Foxen Canyon, and New Cuyama. Two of the three sites are closed - New Cuyama closed in FY 95-96; Foxen Canyon was converted to a transfer station in FY 03-04 and subsequently closed in FY 08-09.

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on these landfill sites when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at each site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the respective landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each Balance Sheet date.

The \$32,533 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2024, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the estimated percentages of used capacity of the landfills as follows:

			Remaining
	Capacity	Remaining	Postclosure
Landfill	Used	Years	Years
Tajiguas	97%	2	Open
Foxen Canyon	95%	closed	15
New Cuyama	100%	closed	5

The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$969 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all remaining closure and postclosure care in 2024. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. In FY 18-19, the Resource Recovery and Waste Management Fund initiated the ReSource Center. The

intent of the project is to significantly extend the life of the landfill and reduce landfilling and greenhouse gas emissions.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions and/or provide an alternative funding mechanism to finance closure, postclosure, and corrective action care. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and, at June 30, 2024, restricted cash and investments of \$23,889 are held for these purposes. These are reported as restricted assets on the Balance Sheet (see Note 4).

Restricted cash for closure, postclosure care, and corrective action financial assurances costs at June 30, 2024 is comprised of the following:

								Total	
			Pos	tclosure	Co	rrective	Re	estricted	
Landfill/Collection Facility	Closure Cost		Care Cost		Act	Action Cost		Cash	
Tajiguas	\$	15,642	\$	4,699	\$	1,227	\$	21,568	
Foxen Canyon				871		362		1,233	
New Cuyama				145		874		1,019	
UCSB HHW Center				-		69		69	
Total	\$	15,642	\$	5,715	\$	2,532	\$	23,889	

Additionally, the County has pledged revenues from future tipping fees generated at the Santa Barbara South Coast Transfer Station to fund a portion of the postclosure maintenance costs. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional post-closure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example), these costs may need to be covered through landfill tip fees and/or added program fees to the municipal refuse rates paid by County residents.

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14. FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned (see Note 1 for a description of these categories). A detailed schedule of fund balances at June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	General	Roads	Public Health	Social Services	Behavioral Wellness	Flood Control District	Affordable Housing	Fire Protection District	Capital Projects	Other Govern- mental Funds	Total Govern- mental Funds
Nonspendable - legally or											
contractually required to be											
maintained intact:											
Endowment	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 700	\$ 700
Nonspendable in form:											
Prepaids/Deposits	50			309						7	366
Receivables	5					4					9
Total nonspendable fund balance	55			309		4				707	1,075
Restricted for:			_						-	<u> </u>	
Purpose of Fund	12,849	40,823	79	5,571	56,084	52,873	10,730	20,173	1,269	39,935	240,386
COP Proceeds	,								85,824	12	85,836
Local Realignment 2011	40,952				566						41,518
Allocated for Capital Outlay	1					14,703		5,534	1,096	1,037	22,371
Health Care Programs			20,188								20,188
Public Safety Prop 172	15,243										15,243
Measure A Roads Funds		6,957									6,957
Sheriff Categorical Grants	6,882										6,882
Probation YOBG	6,793	28									6,821
PHD Special Projects			1,329							4,050	5,379
Probation LESF/COPS	3,784										3,784
UCSB LRDP Settlement	3,700										3,700
Parks Projects									2,899	224	3,123
DMV/Livescan									2,468		2,468
Consumer/Environmental	2,405										2,405
Public Arts Program	2,393										2,393
MHSA Prudent Reserve					2,023						2,023
Housing Trust Funds							1,927				1,927
Probation Programs	1,634										1,634
Recorder Modernization										1,552	1,552
Alcoholism Programs					1,422						1,422
P&D Offsite Mitigation										1,365	1,365
Recorder Operations										1,289	1,289
Civil Funds GC 26731 & 26746	1,283										1,283
Debt Service										1,282	1,282
PRC Performance Security						1,043					1,043
Sheriff Asset Forfeiture-State	1,027										1,027
Hollister Ranch Public Access										1,000	1,000
Local Innovation Sub-Account	999										999
Sustainability Programs	850										850
Maintenance-Casa Nueva Bldg	849										849
Los Prietos Donation	640										640
DA Asset Forfeiture-State	510										510
Assessor AB818	504										504
Real Estate Fraud	452										452
Animal Control Programs	199		248								447
Recorder Micrographics										392	392
Survey Monument	385										385
Gaviota Bikeway										351	351
Dispute Resolution										346	346
DSS Childrens Trust				308							308
District Attorney Programs	307										307
FY 12/13,13/14 Operating Plans						201				88	289
GATV Infrastructure	252										252
Drug Abuse Programs					236						236
Recorder ERDS										232	232
EMS Programs			207								207
CalVet Subvention Program	203										203
Donations	161			32							193
DSA Surplus Health Allocations	189										189
Vital Records										171	171
State Off Hwy Fee	147										147
Weights and Measures	80										80
DARE	37										37
Imprest Cash	10		3	15	4					1	33
DA Victim Emergency Fund	25										25
Recorder Redaction										6	6
DA-Special Fund	5										5
Sheriff Asset Forfeiture-Fed	1										1
		47,808	22,054	5,926		_					495,947

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A detailed schedule of fund balances at June 30, 2024 continued:

			Public	Social	Behavioral	Flood Control	Affordable	Fire Protection	Capital	Other Govern- mental	Total Govern-
	General	Roads	Health	Services	Wellness	District	Housing	District	Projects		mental Funds
Committed to:				DC: VICES				District			mericar i arras
Strategic Reserve	44,030										44,030
Accumulated Capital Outlay	25,429										25,429
Litigation	16,763										16,763
Emerging Issues	16,489										16,489
Program Stabilization	13,769										13,769
General Services Projects	2,557								9,587		12,144
Tech Replacement & Investment	10,065										10,065
Advance Construction Reserve	9,515										9,515
Disaster Recovery	9,323										9,323
Health Care Programs										8,969	8,969
Parks Projects	1,579								5,959		7,538
Props 215/64 - Cannabis	7,133										7,133
New Jail Operations	6,217										6,217
Contingencies	4,987										4,987
Purpose of Fund	964			1,669					21	1,903	4,557
County Executive Programs	4,556										4,556
Countywide ERP Project	4,480										4,480
Mental Health	3,800										3,800
Facilities Maintenance	3,755										3,755
Auditor Systems Maint/Develop	1,677										1,677
AB 199	1,629										1,629
Clerk Record Assessor Projects	1,549										1,549
General County Programs	1,301										1,301
Sheriff Replacement Vehicles	1,270										1,270
In-Car Video Equip Replacement	1,105										1,105
Planning/Development Projects	482									479	961
Air Support Unit Maintenance	930										930
Elections Voting Equipment	916										916
Sheriff Projects	566								339		905
Tobacco Settlement	634									5	639
Housing Programs	346										346
North County Jail Contingency	302										302
Treas Tax Collector Projects	300										300
P&D Land Use System										201	201
Human Resources Programs	152										152
Rental Maintenance	145										145
Ag Commissioner Projects	134										134
Probation Programs	49										49
Building & Safety Permitting										40	40
Imprest Cash	25									3	28
Public Defender Programs	8										8
PAPG Revolving Fund	5										5
Ü	198,936			1,669					15,906	11,600	228,111
Unassigned fund balance:	23,176	(509)	(526)	(310)	(1,019)	(1,396)	(532)		(1,758)	(953)	16,173
Total fund balances	\$ 327,918	\$ 47,299	\$ 21,528	\$ 7,594	\$ 59,316	\$ 67,428	\$ 12,125	\$ 25,707	\$ 107,704		\$ 741,306

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15. RESTRICTED COMPONENT OF NET POSITION

The restricted component of net position are assets that are subject to constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted component of net position at June 30, 2024 for governmental activities is as follows:

Restricted for Policy and Executive:			
County Executive Office	\$ 262		
,	 	\$	262
Restricted for Public Safety:	52 50 4		
Probation	53,794		
Fire Protection District	26,519		
Sheriff	15,143		
District Attorney	3,705		
Trial Courts	 346		00.505
			99,507
Restricted for Health & Human Services:			
Behavioral Wellness	63,094		
Public Health	26,898		
Social Services	7,174		
Child Support Services	731		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			97,897
			,
Restricted for Community Resources & Public Facilities:			
Flood Control District	68,824		
Housing	63,477		
Roads	47,808		
Water Agency	19,422		
Planning and Development	14,558		
County Service Areas	6,328		
Parks	2,991		
			223,408
Restricted for General Government & Support Services:			
Clerk-Recorder-Assessor	4,146		
General Services	2,014		
Other	203		
other	 203		6,363
			0,505
Restricted for General County Programs:			
Capital Projects	85,995		
Public Safety	15,146		
Teeter Tax Losses	12,307		
Other	6,252		
Criminal Justice Construction	1,706		
Courthouse Construction	1,594		
			123,000
Total restricted component of net			
position - governmental activities	-	\$	550,437
hosinou - Rovernmental activities	-	Φ	220,437

Included in governmental activities restricted net position at June 30, 2024 is net position restricted by enabling legislation of \$4,577.

16. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables / Payables

Amounts due to/from other funds at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Capital Projects	\$ 2,395
Roads Fund	General Fund	2,024
Capital Projects	General Fund	1,381
Social Services	IHSS Public Authority	1,226
Planning and Development	General Fund	1,208
General Fund	Planning and Development	493
Court Operations	General Fund	476
General Fund	Public Health	199
General Fund	Behavioral Wellness	197
General Fund	Affordable Housing	99
Water Agencies	Flood Control Districts	37
General Fund	Social Services	31
Laguna Sanitation District	General Fund	15
Capital Projects	Affordable Housing	13
Flood Control Districts	Water Agencies	9
Flood Control Districts	Roads Fund	3
Total due to/from other funds		\$ 9,806

The balances above are due to be paid in the subsequent fiscal year and resulted from when funds overdrew their share of pooled cash; or the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

Advances to/from other funds at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	t
AFDC Homeless Revolving	Social Services	\$	5

Transfers

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund required by statute or budget to collect them to the fund required by statute or budget to expend them, (2) move receipts identified for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

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Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Fransfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
eneral Fund	Roads Fund	\$ 27,218	Roads Project
	Capital Projects Fund	16,354	Capital Projects
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	10,244	General Fund Contribution
	Social Services Fund	9,239	General Fund Contribution
	Public Health Fund	8,134	General Fund Contribution
	Affordable Housing Fund	7,091	ARPA Distribution
	Capital Projects Fund	6,630	ARPA Distribution
	Behavioral Wellness Fund	6,003	General Fund Contribution
	Roads Fund	3,470	ARPA Distribution
	Roads Fund	2,934	General Fund Contribution
	Flood Control Districts Fund	2,729	ARPA Distribution
	Behavioral Wellness Fund	2,522	ARPA Distribution
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,095	Debt Service
	Internal Service Funds	2,015	Capital Projects
	Flood Control Districts Fund	1,350	Other
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	703	Other
	Capital Projects Fund	675	General Fund Contribution
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	500	Capital Projects
	Behavioral Wellness Fund	459	Other
	Internal Service Funds	448	Vehicles
	Social Services Fund	227	Other
	Capital Projects Fund	150	Other
	Internal Service Funds	143	ARPA Distribution
	Behavioral Wellness Fund	137	Program Administration
	Internal Service Funds	135	Other
	Enterprise Funds	129	ARPA Distribution
	Internal Service Funds	129	General Fund Contribution
	Public Health Fund	100	Other
	Fire Protection District Fund		Other
		28	
	Public Health Fund	8	ARPA Distribution
	Roads Fund	1 111,999	Other
oads Fund	General Fund	62	Roads Project
odus i unu	General Fund	62	RoddsTrojecc
ublic Health Fund	General Fund	1,170	Other
abile reditire and	Capital Projects Fund	527	Capital Projects
	Capital Projects Fund	184	Program Administration
	Affordable Housing Fund	174	Program Administration
	Capital Projects Fund	47	Other
	Social Services Fund	10	Program Administration
	Social Services Fund	2,112	110gram Administration
ocial Services Fund	Capital Projects Fund	218	Capital Projects
Jeia. Jei vices i unu	Behavioral Wellness Fund	216	Other
	Internal Service Funds	203	Vehicles
	Internal Service Funds Internal Service Funds	94	Capital Projects
	General Fund		Capital Flojects
	General Fulla	73 804	
ehavioral Wellness Fund	General Fund	996	Other
Chavioral vveniless Fullu			
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	306	Debt Service
	Internal Service Funds	204	Vehicles
	Public Health Fund	35	Other
	Social Services Fund	10	Other
	Social Services Fund	9	Program Administration
	General Fund	1	ARPA Distribution
	General Fund	1,561	7 ti ti 7 t Distribution

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2024 continued:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
Flood Control District Fund	Internal Service Funds	\$ 49	Vehicles
		49	
Affordable Housing Fund	General Fund	1,552	Program Administration
_	General Fund	992	Other
	Capital Projects Fund	350	Other
	General Fund	241	ARPA Distribution
	Capital Projects Fund	29	Capital Projects
	,	3,164	
Fire Protection District Fund	Capital Projects Fund	10,645	Capital Projects
	Internal Service Funds	4,987	Vehicles
	General Fund	1,995	Dispatch Services
	General Fund	938	Other
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	241	Debt Service
	Public Health Fund	13	Other
	. done near and	18,819	o unc.
Capital Projects Fund	Fire Protection District Fund	11,249	Debt Service
capital Projects Fund	General Fund	2,463	Program Administration
	General Fund	1,355	Debt Service
	General Fund	120	Other
	Internal Service Funds	100	Other
	Internal Service Funds	91	Vehicles
	internal Service Funds	15,378	venicies
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Public Health Fund	2,562	Program Administration
Noninajor doverninentari unus	General Fund	1,812	Program Administration
	General Fund	470	Other
	Fire Protection District Fund	385	Other
		316	
	Capital Projects Fund	313	Capital Projects
	Behavioral Wellness Fund	278	Program Administration
	Capital Projects Fund	44	Other Other
	Flood Control Districts Fund Roads Fund		Other
		27	
	Internal Service Funds	6,210	Vehicles
	6 7 18 1 15 1		6 7 10 1
Internal Service Funds	Capital Projects Fund	2,271	Capital Projects
	General Fund	1,416	Debt Service
	General Fund	307	Other
	Internal Service Funds	58	Vehicles
	Fire Protection District Fund	38	Vehicles
		4,090	
	Total transfers	\$ 164,248	

17. TAX ABATEMENTS

The County provides property tax abatements through the Agricultural Preserve Program. The program enrolls land in Williamson Act or Farmland Security Zone contracts whereby the land is restricted to agricultural, open space, or recreational uses in exchange for reduced property tax assessments. Participation in the program is voluntary. The Santa Barbara County Uniform Rules for Agricultural Preserves and Farmland Security Zones is the set of rules by which the County administers its Agricultural Preserve Program. The Agricultural Preserve Advisory Committee is responsible for administering the County's Agricultural Preserve Program.

Under the provisions of these contracts, land parcels are assessed for property tax purposes at a rate consistent with their actual use, rather than potential market value of the property. The minimum contract term is ten years and automatically renews until a nonrenewal or cancellation process is initiated. Under the nonrenewal process, the annual tax assessment increases over a defined period of time until the assessment reflects the market value of the property. Under the cancellation process, a significant one-time cancellation fee is assessed based upon a certain percentage of the unrestricted, current fair market value of the property.

No other commitments were made by the County as part of the Williamson Act or Farmland Security Zone contracts. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Agricultural Preserve Program tax abatements were \$6,410.

18. PENSIONS

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

The County, including the discretely presented component unit First 5 Children and Families Commission, provides pension benefits to eligible employees through cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans (pension plans) administered by the Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System (SBCERS). Members of the pension plans include all permanent employees working full time, or at least 50% part time for the County, and the following independent special districts: Carpinteria Cemetery District, Carpinteria-Summerland Fire Protection District, Goleta Cemetery District, Mosquito and Vector Management District of Santa Barbara County, Oak Hill Cemetery District, Santa Barbara County Air Pollution Control District, Santa Barbara County Association of Governments, Santa Barbara County Local Agency Formation Commission, Santa Maria Cemetery District, Summerland Sanitary District, and the Santa Barbara County Superior Court. SBCERS issues its own Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that may be obtained by writing to SBCERS at 130 Robin Hill Road, Suite 100, Goleta, CA 93117 or on the SBCERS website under "Resources" http://sbcers.org.

SBCERS was established on January 1, 1944, and is administered by the Board of Retirement to provide service retirement, disability, death, and survivor benefits for employees of the County and participating districts. The Santa Barbara County Board of Supervisors and the governing boards of the participating districts adopt resolutions, as permitted by the California State Government Code §31450 (County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL)), which affect the benefits of the SBCERS members. SBCERS is governed by the California Constitution; CERL; and the bylaws, policies and procedures adopted by the SBCERS' Board of Retirement.

SBCERS administers six County pension plans. With the passage of the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA), the County established a new pension plan, Plan 8, with two rate tiers – one for safety and one for general members. As of January 1, 2013, Plan 8 is the only pension plan available to new employees. PEPRA made several changes to the pension benefits that may be offered to employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, including increasing minimum retirement ages, increasing the percentage required for member contributions, and excluding certain types of compensation as pensionable. PEPRA has also created limits on pensionable compensation tied to the Social Security taxable wage base. The cumulative effect of these PEPRA changes will ultimately reduce the County's retirement costs.

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Summary of Plans and Eligible Participants

Open for New Enrollment:

General Plan 8 (PEPRA) General members hired on or after January 1, 2013.*

Safety Plan 8 (PEPRA) Safety members hired on or after January 1, 2013.*

*Employees who transfer from and are eligible for reciprocity with another public employer will not be PEPRA members if their service in the reciprocal system was under a pre-PEPRA tier.

Closed to New Enrollment:

General Plan 2 Employees hired on or before June 30, 1999, who elected to join General Plan 2.

Once vested, Plan 2 members have a one-time election to defer accrued Plan 2

benefits and enter a contributory plan in effect at the time of election.

Contributions are based upon age at time of transfer.

General Plan 5A General employees hired before October 10, 1994, who did not elect to join General

Plan 2.

General Plan 5B Members in certain bargaining units hired on or after October 10, 1994.

General Plan 5C Members in certain bargaining units hired on or after October 10, 1994. Members in

those bargaining units transferred from Plan 5B on March 10, 2008.

General Plan 7 County General employees hired on or after June 25, 2012 and other new non-PEPRA

General hires for employers that have adopted Plan 7.

Safety Plan 4A Some safety members hired before October 10, 1994.

Safety Plan 4B Employees in certain bargaining units hired on or after October 10, 1994. Some

employees are in Safety Plan 4B without regard to hire date.

Safety Plan 4C Members in certain bargaining units hired on or after October 10, 1994. All members

in certain bargaining units. Members in those bargaining units transferred from Plan

4B on July 3, 2006.

Safety Plan 6A Members in certain bargaining units hired prior to October 10, 1994. Members in

those bargaining units transferred from Plan 4A on February 25, 2008.

Safety Plan 6B Members in certain bargaining units hired on or after October 10, 1994. Members in

those bargaining units transferred from Plan 4B on February 25, 2008.

Benefits Provided

All pension plans provide benefits, in accordance with CERL regulations, upon retirement, disability or death of members. Retirement benefits are based on years of service, final average compensation, and retirement age. Employees terminating before accruing 5 years (or 10 years for Plan 2) of retirement service credit (5 or 10-year vesting) forfeit the right to receive retirement benefits unless they establish reciprocity with another public agency within the prescribed time period. Non-vested employees who terminate service are entitled to withdraw their accumulated contributions plus accrued interest. Employees who terminate service after earning 5 years (or 10 years for Plan 2) of retirement service credit may leave their contributions on deposit and elect to take a deferred retirement. Differences between expected or actual experience for vested and non-vested benefits may result in an increase or decrease to pension expense and net pension liability.

Service-related disability benefits are based upon final average compensation or retirement benefits (if eligible). Non-service-related disability benefits are based on 1) years of service and final average compensation or 2) retirement benefits (if eligible). General Plan 2 participants receive disability benefits through a long-term insurance policy. Death benefits are based upon a variety of factors including whether the participant was retired or not.

Annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement are provided in all plans except General Plan 2. COLAs are granted to eligible retired members each April based upon the Bureau of Labor Statistics Average Consumer Price Index (CPI) for All Urban Consumers for the Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County area as of the preceding January 1 and is subject to an annual maximum dependent upon the provisions of the pension plans.

Detailed information about the retirement, disability or death benefit calculations and COLA maximums for each of the pension plans are available in the separately issued SBCERS ACFR.

Contributions

Per Article 16 of the Constitution of the State of California, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SBCERS Board of Retirement. Depending upon the applicable plan, employees are required to contribute a certain percent of their annual pay. For each of the plans, the County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was a specified percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Additional amounts required to finance any unfunded accrued liability are the responsibility of the plan sponsors. Contributions to the pension plans from the County were \$157,972 for the year ended June 30, 2024. Active members are plan members who are currently accruing benefits and/or paying contributions into the applicable plan.

For the measurement date June 30, 2023, employer and employee contribution rates and active members for each plan are as follows:

	<u>Employer</u>	<u>Employee</u>	
	Contribution Rates	Contribution Rates	Active Members
General Plan 2	26.66%	Non-contributory	3
General Plan 5A	37.14%	3.02 - 6.12%	142
General Plan 5B	37.01%	6.03 - 12.25%	187
General Plan 5C	38.93%	2.92 - 6.10%	861
General Plan 7	39.72%	2.43 - 5.08%	98
General Plan 8	31.83%	8.48%	1,851
Safety Plan 4A	61.25%	5.88 - 9.85%	6
Safety Plan 4B	63.52%	11.75 - 19.71%	9
Safety Plan 4C	59.55%	5.65 - 9.65%	233
Safety Plan 6A	70.17%	5.88 - 9.85%	5
Safety Plan 6B	69.01%	5.65 - 9.65%	192
Safety Plan 8	48.40%	15.59%	455

Beginning in FY 2018-19, members of certain plans and bargaining units paid a portion of the employer contributions between 0.83% - 6.00% depending on the member's bargaining unit. No net change occurred in the combined pension contributions.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the County, including its discretely presented component unit, reported a liability of \$708,848 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, updated to June 30, 2023. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all pension plan participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 92.9301%, which was a decrease of 0.0832% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

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For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County and its discretely presented component unit recognized pension expense of \$124,012 and \$219, respectively. Pension expense represents the change in the net pension liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method, and plan benefits. At June 30, 2023, the County and its discretely presented component unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Proportionate Share							
		County of Sa	anta Barl	oara	First 5 Children and Families Commission			
	D	eferred						
	Outflows of Resources				Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	18,782	\$	4,124	\$	33	\$	7
Changes in assumptions		60,289		1,384		107		3
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on retirement plan investments		3,608				6		
Changes in proportion and differences between County and Commission contributions and proportionate share of		1,266		1,307		2		2
County and Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date		157,694				278		
	\$	241,639	\$	6,815	\$	426	\$	12

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources above represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability to be recognized in future periods in a systematic and rational manner.

The County and its discretely presented component unit reported \$157,972 as deferred outflows of resources related to pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the measurement year ended June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Duan autionata Chaus

	Proportionate Snare						
	County of Santa		First 5 Children and				
Year Ending June 30,	E	Barbara	Families Commission				
2025	\$	21,045	\$	37			
2026		(22,228)		(39)			
2027		79,513		140			
2028		(1,200)		(2)			
	\$	77,130	\$	136			

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Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability, measured as of June 30, 2023, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions. Total pension liability represents the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service for current and inactive employees.

Increases in pay 3.00% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of

service

Investment rate of

return

7.00%, net of investment expense

Administrative expenses

Base of \$6.4 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 with assumed

wage inflation of 3.00% annually

Basic COLA The cost-of-living as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) will

increase at the rate of 2.75% per year.

Post-Retirement COLA Benefits are assumed to increase after retirement at the rate of 2.9% per

year for General Plans 5, and Safety Plans 4, 6, and 8 (PEPRA); 2.0% per year for General Plans 7 and Plan 8 (PEPRA); and benefits amounts are assume

to remain constant after retirement for General Plan 2.

Post-Retirement mortality

Healthy Lives:

Mortality rates for General active members are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Above-Median Income Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020, without adjustment.

Non-duty related mortality rates for Safety active members are based on the sex distinct Public Safety Above-Median Income Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using 80% Projection Scale MP-2020, without adjustment.

Safety active members are also subject to the 2021 California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) Preretirement Industrial Mortality Table for duty-related deaths, with generational improvement projected from 2017 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.

Mortality rates for healthy General annuitants are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Above-Median Income Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.

Mortality rates for Safety annuitants are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Above-Median Income Retiree Mortality Table, with generational improvements projected from 2010 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.

Disabled Lives:

Mortality rates for General disabled retires are differentiated by type of disability retirement.

- a) General disabled retirees with duty disabilities are valued with mortality rates based on the 2021 CalPERS Industrial Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with generational improvements projected from 2017 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.
- b) General disabled retirees with non-duty disabilities are valued with mortality rates based on the 2021 CalPERS Non-Industrial Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with generational improvements projected from 2017 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.
- c) Mortality rates for General active members assumed to become disabled are valued using the previously stated assumption that 60% of General disabilities are service related (e.g., duty or industrial). The mortality rates used for this group are a blend of 60% of the table described in (a) above and 40% of the table described in (b) above, with generational improvements projected from 2017 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.

Mortality rates for Safety disabled retirees are based on 2021 CalPERS Industrial Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with generational improvements projected from 2017 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation, updated to June 30, 2023, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2022. As a result of the June 30, 2022 actuarial experience study, no changes were made to the economic assumptions used in the previous actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return, measured as of June 30, 2023, on pension plan investments (7.0 percent) was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

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The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Broad U.S. equity	19%	4.30%
Developed market non-U.S. equity	11%	6.00%
Emerging markets equity	7%	8.75%
Core fixed income	17%	1.50%
Custom non-core fixed income	11%	4.35%
Custom real return	15%	4.18%
Custom real estate	10%	4.04%
Private equity	10%	7.50%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the County will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. In theory, the discount rate may differ from the long-term expected rate of return discussed previously. However, based on the projected availability of the pension fund's fiduciary net position, the discount rate is equal to the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County and its discretely presented component unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Discount		1%		
Proportionate share - Net	Decrease		Rate		Increase		
pension liability		6.0%	7.0%		7.0% 8.0		8.0%
County of Santa Barbara	\$	1,329,453	\$	707,600	\$	197,243	
First 5 Children and Families Commission	\$	2,346	\$	1,248	\$	348	

Pension Fund Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension fund's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SBCERS ACFR.

19. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The County's agent multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan (OPEB Plan) is administered by the Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System (SBCERS). The OPEB Plan is funded by the County and participating employers, and is administered in accordance with §401(h) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). It was established on September 16, 2008, by the County Board of Supervisors who created a 401(h) Medical Trust. Also in 2008, an application for determination and a voluntary compliance plan was submitted to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and in October 2013, the IRS acted favorably on the application. SBCERS and its participating employers currently operate under the Voluntary Compliance Plan Statement and regulations adopted in 2013.

Other OPEB participating employers include the Carpinteria Cemetery District, Carpinteria-Summerland Fire Protection District, Goleta Cemetery District, Santa Barbara County Air Pollution Control District, Santa Barbara County Association of Governments, Santa Barbara County Superior Court, Santa Maria Cemetery District, and the Summerland Sanitary District.

On June 26, 2012, the County closed the OPEB Plan to new general employees, and on June 20, 2016, the OPEB Plan was closed to new County Safety members.

SBCERS issues its own Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which includes note disclosures and required supplementary information for the OPEB Plan. This may be obtained by writing to the Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System at 130 Robin Hill Road, Suite 100, Goleta, CA 93117 or on the SBCERS website under "Resources" at http://sbcers.org.

Benefits Provided

The OPEB Plan offers healthcare, vision, and dental benefits to eligible County retirees and their dependents. Benefits are provided by third party providers. The County negotiates health care insurance contracts with providers for both its active employees and the participating retired members of SBCERS. Retirees are offered the same health plans as active County employees, as well as enhanced senior plans for retirees on Medicare. Retiree premiums are rated separately from active County employees; as such, the County does not have a retiree premium implicit rate subsidy.

Retirees who elect to participate in a County-sponsored health insurance plan are eligible to receive an explicit subsidy for medical premiums funded by the County and other employers. The monthly subsidy is \$15 per year of service. If the monthly premium for the health plan selected is less than \$15 times the member's years of service, the subsidy is limited to the entire premium. The health plans include coverage for eligible spouses and dependents. After the member's death, a beneficiary is eligible to continue health plan coverage. The subsidy benefit will be equal to \$15 per year of service times the survivor continuation percentage applicable for pension benefits. If a member is eligible for a disability retirement benefit, the member can receive a monthly health plan subsidy of \$187 per month or a subsidy of \$15 per month per year of service, whichever is greater. This subsidy is treated as a nontaxable amount to the disabled recipient.

Retirees who choose not to participate in the County-sponsored health insurance plan receive a monthly benefit of \$4 per year of service. This benefit, known as a Healthcare Reimbursement Arrangement, reimburses qualified health care expenses through a health savings account.

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Employees Covered By Benefit Terms

At the OPEB liability measurement date of June 30, 2023, the following County employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	1,906
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	791
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	4,389
	7,086

Contributions

On March 1, 2016, the County adopted a resolution approving an OPEB (401(h) Account) Funding Policy. This policy provides for funding the OPEB Plan at 4% of Covered Payroll for the 401(a) Pension Plan (see Note 20) (as opposed to the smaller covered payroll of the OPEB Plan). This funding policy went into effect on July 1, 2016. Employees are not required to contribute to the OPEB Plan.

Net OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2024, the County and its discretely presented component unit reported a net OPEB liability of \$65,667 and \$154, respectively. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, updated to June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability measured as of June 30, 2023 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increase rate 3% per year

Investment rate of return 7.00% per year

Healthcare cost trend rates The Healthcare Cost Trend Rate is not applicable because the total cost of health

benefits is not valued. Only the monthly benefit provided is valued using the

assumption that no future increase will be granted to the amount.

Future retiree plan election Non-Medicare-Eligible Retirees:

40% - monthly subsidy of \$15 per year of service; 60% - \$4 cash benefit option

Medicare-Eligible Retirees:

40% - monthly subsidy of \$15 per year of service; 60% - \$4 cash benefit option

Mortality rates <u>Healthy Lives:</u>

Mortality rates for General active members are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Above-Median Income Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020, without adjustment.

Non-duty related mortality rates for Safety active members are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Above-Median Income Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020, without adjustment.

Safety active members are also subject to the 2021 CalPERS Preretirement Industrial Mortality Table for duty-related deaths, with generational improvements projected from 2017 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.

Mortality rates for healthy General annuitants are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Above-Median Income Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.

Mortality rates for Safety annuitants are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Above-Median Income Retiree Mortality Table, with generational improvements projected from 2010 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.

Disabled Lives:

Mortality rates for General disabled retirees are differentiated by type of disability retirement.

- a) General disabled retirees with duty disabilities are valued with mortality rates based on the 2021 CalPERS Industrial Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with generational improvements projected from 2017 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.
- b) General disabled retirees with non-duty disabilities are valued with mortality rates based on the 2021 CalPERS Non-Industrial Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with generational improvements projected from 2017 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.
- c) Mortality rates for General active members assumed to become disabled are valued using the previously stated assumption that 60% of General disabilities are service related (e.g., duty or industrial). The mortality rates used for this group are a blend of 60% of the table described in (a) above and 40% of the table described in (b) above, with generational improvements projected from 2017 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.

Mortality rates for Safety disabled retirees are based on 2021 CalPERS Industrial Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with generational improvements projected from 2017 using 80% of Projection Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation as of June 30, 2022, updated to June 30, 2023, were based on 1) the demographic assumptions determined in the actuarial experience study of July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2022 for the Pension Plan, 2) implementation of the OPEB Funding Policy, and 3) current experience for OPEB Plan election by retirees. As the benefit for the OPEB Plan is a fixed payment per year of service that is currently lower than the premiums paid for coverage, and is expected to remain so into the future, no age-related costs are required to be developed.

The OPEB assets are invested in the same commingled vehicles as the pension plan, but with a more simple asset allocation. It is expected that as the OPEB assets continue to grow, the asset allocation will shift to be more like that of the pension plan. Therefore, in the long run, we expect the OPEB Plan to realize the same long-term rate of return as the pension plan. The long-term expected rate of return, measured as of June 30, 2023, on pension plan investments (7.0 %) was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	60%	4.30%
Fixed income	40%	1.50%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will continue based upon the current OPEB (401(h) Account) Funding Policy. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments for current members for all future years. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

The table below shows the changes in the total OPEB liability, the Plan Fiduciary Net Position (i.e., fair value of OPEB Plan assets), and the net OPEB liability during the measurement period ending on June 30, 2023 for the County and its discretely presented component unit's proportionate share.

							Proportionate Share			
			Increas	se (Decrease)				ity of Santa Barbara	and	Children Families nmission
		tal OPEB .iability (a)		Fiduciary t Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)	Net O	PEB Liability	Net OF	EB Liability
Balances at 6/30/2022	\$	126,508	\$	42,916	\$	83,592	\$	83,377	\$	215
Changes for the year:										
Service cost		1,161		-		1,161		1,158		3
Interest		8,603		-		8,603		8,583		20
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		(2,605)		-		(2,605)		(2,599)		(6)
Changes of assumptions		(5,675)		-		(5,675)		(5,662)		(13)
Contributions - employer		-		15,146		(15,146)		(15,110)		(36)
Net investment income (loss)		-		4,571		(4,571)		(4,560)		(11)
Benefit payments		(8,513)		(8,513)		-		-		-
Administrative expense		-		(462)		462		461		1
Allocation basis adjustment*								19		(19)
Net changes		(7,029)		10,742		(17,771)		(17,710)		(61)
Balances at 6/30/2023	\$	119,479	\$	53,658	\$	65,821	\$	65,667	\$	154

^{*}The percentage allocation basis for the County and First 5's proportionate share change year-over-year. This adjustment corrects for the change in allocation basis percentage from FY 22-23 to FY 23-24.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County and its discretely presented component unit as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current discount rate:

		1%	Discount			1%		
Proportionate share - Net OPEB liability	Decrease 6.0%		Rate 				Increase 8.0%	
County of Santa Barbara	\$	77,861	\$	65,667	\$	55,302		
First 5 Children and Families Commission	\$	183	\$	154	\$	130		

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OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SBCERS financial report.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County and its discretely presented component unit recognized OPEB expense of \$1,630 and \$4, respectively. OPEB expense represents the change in the net OPEB liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, and actuarial assumptions or method. At June 30, 2024, the County and its discretely presented component unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Proportionate Share								
	County	of Sar	nta Barba	ara	First 5 Children and Families Commission					
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,893	\$ -	\$	4			
Changes in assumptions		-		2,830	-		7			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on retirement plan investments	1,5	881		-	4		-			
County and Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date	16,4	433		-	39		-			
	\$ 18,3	314	\$	4,723	\$ 43	\$	11			

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources above represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability to be recognized in future periods in a systematic and rational manner.

The County and its discretely presented component unit reported \$16,472 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the measurement year ended June 30, 2024.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Proportionate Share								
	Cou	unty of Santa First 5 Children a							
Year Ending June 30,	Barbara Families Commis								
2025	\$	(4,335)	\$	(10)					
2026		394		1					
2027		1,367		3					
2028		(268)		(1)					
	\$	(2,842)	\$	(7)					

20. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

Santa Barbara County Supplemental Retirement Plan

The Santa Barbara County Supplemental Retirement Plan is an employer discretionary, defined contribution plan established and governed under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). Employer-only annual contributions are calculated based upon a percentage of employee compensation under annual agreements with employee bargaining groups and unions.

This plan is administered through a third-party administrator, Empower Retirement, and is available to all employee groups. The County does not perform the investing function and has no fiduciary accountability for the plan. Thus, plan assets and any related liability to plan participants have been excluded from the County's financial statements.

The County's actual contributions for the current year and the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Contr	ibutions
6/30/2022	\$	262
6/30/2023		281
6/30/2024		302

County of Santa Barbara Employee Contribution Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers to its employees an optional deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. This plan is available to substantially all employees and allows participants to defer a portion of their current income until future years, up to a maximum of \$23,000 (in whole dollars) during 2024 and \$22,500 during 2023 (calendar years) so as to shelter such funds and earnings from state and federal taxation until withdrawal. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

This plan is administered through a third-party administrator. The County does not perform the investing function and has no fiduciary accountability for the plan. Thus, plan assets and any related liability to plan participants have been excluded from the County's financial statements.

County of Santa Barbara Social Security Compliance Deferred Compensation Plan

The Social Security Compliance Deferred Compensation Plan is a supplemental retirement program utilized by the County in lieu of payments to Social Security (FICA), governed under Internal Revenue Code Sections 3121 and 457. Enrollment in this plan is mandatory for contract, extra-help, seasonal and temporary employees. Employees enrolled in the regular SBCERS pension plans are not eligible for this plan. Based upon the employee's gross compensation, the employee's deferral, on a before-tax basis, equals 6.0% and the County's contribution equals 1.5% for a combined total of 7.5%.

This plan is administered through a third-party administrator and is available to all employee groups. The County does not perform the investing function and has no fiduciary accountability for the plan. Thus, plan assets and any related liability to plan participants have been excluded from the County's financial statements.

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The County's actual contributions for the current year and the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Contributions						
6/30/2022	\$	190					
6/30/2023		176					
6/30/2024		198					

21. RESTATEMENTS AND ADJUSTMENTS

Movement of Continuing Operations (Column A)

In FY 2022-23, there was reclassification of General Fund to Nonmajor Fund consisting of Opioid Settlement continued operations. This represents a change within the reporting entity, decreasing the beginning fund balance of the General Fund and increasing the beginning fund balance of the new nonmajor fund Opioid Settlement. There is no net affect to the total governmental fund balance in prior year.

Correction of an Error in Previously Issued Financial Statements (Column B)

During FY 2023-24, the County determined that there was a total of 92 leases and 3 SBITAs previously not included during the assessment in FY 2022-23 and FY 2021-22. Of the previously unrecognized leases, 80 are County as lessee and 12 are County as lessor. Majority of the lessee are due to a current Master lease agreement for vehicles utilized by the County's public safety operations.

This error correction affected the following line items in the prior year Government wide statements: Current and other assets, Capital assets, net of depreciation, Current and other liabilities, Long-term liabilities, deferred inflows, Net investment in capital assets, Total general revenues, and Total expenses. As a result, the net position and changes in net position of governmental activities were all understated in prior year. The error correction affection the following line items in the prior year Fund statements: Total revenues, Total expenditures, and Total other financing sources. As a result, the fund balance and change in fund balance of the General Fund, Behavioral Wellness fund were all understated in prior year.

	July 1, 2023 As Previously Reported		Movement of Continuing Operations (A)		Error Correction (B)		July 1, 2023 As Restated	
Net Position: Governmentwide	•							
Governmental Activities	\$	998,340	\$		\$	384	\$	998,724
Total Governmentwide	\$	998,340	\$	-	\$	384	\$	998,724
Fund Balance: Governmental Funds								
General Fund	\$	311,390	\$	(2,466)	\$	191	\$	309,115
Behavioral Wellness		45,735		-		125		45,860
Nonmajor Funds		55,943		2,466				58,409
Total Governmental Funds	\$	413,068	\$		\$	316	\$	413,384

22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County evaluated subsequent events from July 1, 2024 through December 26, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued and no items were identified to be disclosed.

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Required Supplementary Information



<u>Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System - Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability</u>

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last 10 Fiscal Years										
Measurement date	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
For use in	FY 2024	FY 2023	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2019	FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability	92.9301%	93.0133%	93.0976%	92.9214%	92.5287%	92.8477%	93.1085%	92.7824%	92.8017%	92.6470%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 708,848	\$ 692,352	\$ 439,563	\$ 981,008	\$ 789,465	\$ 802,341	\$ 875,937	\$ 780,034	\$ 675,252	\$ 565,460
County's covered payroll	\$ 382,509	\$ 367,195	\$ 360,865	\$ 346,073	\$ 328,862	\$ 319,452	\$ 316,948	\$ 304,480	\$ 295,365	\$ 283,430
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	185.32%	188.55%	121.81%	283.47%	240.06%	251.16%	276.40%	256.20%	228.60%	199.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.40%	84.00%	89.40%	75.20%	78.90%	77.60%	74.90%	75.20%	77.70%	80.46%

Amounts presented above were determined as of 6/30.

Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System - Schedule of the County's Contributions

Schedule of the County's Contributions

Last 10 Fiscal Years										
Measurement date	6/30/2024	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
For use in	FY 2024	FY 2023	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2019	FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 157,972	\$ 145,895	\$ 149,818	\$ 139,647	\$ 131,337	\$ 124,021	\$ 122,369	\$ 113,544	\$ 113,889	\$ 114,714
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined										
contribution	157,972	145,895	149,818	139,647	131,337	124,021	122,369	113,544	114,197	114,946
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (308)	\$ (232)
County's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 408,710	\$ 382,509	\$ 367,195	\$ 360,865	\$ 346,073	\$ 328,862	\$ 319,452	\$ 316,948	\$ 304,480	\$ 295,365
covered payroll	38.65%	38.14%	40.80%	38.70%	37-95%	37.71%	38.31%	35.82%	37.51%	38.92%
Amounts presented above were determined as of 6/30.										

The information presented above relates solely to the County and its discretely presented component unit and not Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System as a whole.

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information (RSI) are integral to the above schedules.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan - Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Fiscal Years*														
Measurement date	6	/30/2023	6	/30/2022	6	30/2021	6	/30/2020	6	/30/2019	6	/30/2018	6	/30/2017
For use in	F	Y 2024	F	Y 2023		FY 2022		FY 2021		FY 2020		FY 2019		Y 2018
Total OPEB liability														
Service cost	\$	1,161	\$	1,380	\$	1,439	\$	1,538	\$	1,625	\$	1,741	\$	1,856
Interest		8,603		8,630		8,718		9,017		9,057		9,131		8,962
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual														
experience		(2,605)		(1,790)		(2,874)		(3,396)		(2,706)		(3,456)		-
Changes of assumptions		(5,675)		-		-		(2,890)		-		-		-
Benefit payments		(8,513)		(8,504)		(8,508)		(8,520)		(8,462)		(8,352)		(8,342)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(7,029)		(284)		(1,225)		(4,251)		(486)		(936)		2,476
Total OPEB liability - beginning		126,508		126,792		128,017		132,268		132,754		133,690		131,214
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	119,479	\$	126,508	\$	126,792	\$	128,017	\$	132,268	\$	132,754	\$	133,690
Plan fiduciary net position														
Contributions - employer	\$	15,146	\$	14,816	\$	14,331	\$	13,913	\$	13,584	\$	12,763	\$	12,642
Net investment income		4,571		(5,055)		7,128		1,788		1,666		863		589
Benefit payments		(8,513)		(8,504)		(8,508)		(8,520)		(8,462)		(8,352)		(8,342)
Administrative expense		(462)		(439)		(383)		(351)		(379)		(397)		(352)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		10,742		818		12,568		6,830		6,409		4,877		4,537
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		42,916		42,098		29,530		22,700		16,291		11,414		6,877
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	53,658	\$	42,916	\$	42,098	\$	29,530	\$	22,700	\$	16,291	\$	11,414
County's net OPEB liability (a) - (b)	\$	65,821	\$	83,592	\$	84,694	\$	98,487	\$	109,568	\$	116,463	\$	122,276
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage														
of the total OPEB liability		44.91%		33.92%		33.20%		23.07%		17.16%		12.27%		8.54%
		_												
Covered payroll	\$	382,509	\$	367,195	\$	360,865	\$	346,073	\$	328,862	\$	319,452	\$	316,948
Countyle not OPER liability as a necessary														
County's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		17.21%		22.77%		23.47%		28.46%		33.32%		36.46%		38.58%
or covered payroll		1/.41/0		22.///0		43.4//		20.40%		JJ•J2/		50.40%		50.50%

^{*}Amounts presented above were determined as of 6/30. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

The information presented above relates solely to the County and its discretely presented component unit and not Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System as a whole.

The Notes to RSI are integral to the above schedule.

Governmental Funds – General and Major Special Revenue



	Bud	lgeted Amounts	Actual on	Variance with		
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Final Budget		
Revenues	-					
Taxes	\$ 334,22	3 \$ 334,233	\$ 330,174	\$ (4,059)		
Licenses, permits, and franchises	6,50	4 6,504	6,282	(222)		
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	7,00	4 7,636	9,790	2,154		
Use of money and property	5,29		19,732	4,503		
Intergovernmental	149,45	0 172,501	148,168	(24,333)		
Charges for services	85,47		78,756	(7,044)		
Other	3,28		9,004	(1,683)		
Total revenues	591,23	7 632,590	601,906	(30,684)		
Expenditures						
Current:						
Policy & executive	26,14	7 27,494	25,213	2,281		
Public safety	297,92	0 300,467	290,782	9,685		
Health & human services	5,34	7 5,865	5,670	195		
Community resources & public facilities	47,25	4 45,696	39,107	6,589		
General government & support services	64,16	3 64,584	59,457	5,127		
General county programs	68,52	1 79,796	67,475	12,321		
Debt service:						
Principal		1,697	1,697			
Interest		231	231			
Total expenditures	509,35	2 525,830	489,632	36,198		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	81,88	5 106,760	112,274	5,514		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	15,31	0 23,215	20,320	(2,895)		
Transfers out	(95,68		(116,356)	50,870		
Sale of capital assets	(95,00	2) (107,220)	(110,330)	70		
Long-term debt issued		 	1.074	1,074		
Leases issued		1,011	1,011	1,074		
Subscription assets financing source		410	410			
Total other financing uses, net	(80,37	_	(93,471)	49,119		
Total other financing uses, her	(60,37	(142,390)	(93,471)	49,119		
Net change in fund balances	1,51	3 (35,830)	18,803	54,633		
Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported	311,39	0 311,390	311,390			
Change within financial reporting entity						
(major to nonmajor fund)			(2,466)	(2,466)		
Error Correction		<u> </u>	191	191		
Fund balances - beginning, as adjusted or restated	311,39		309,115	(2,275)		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 312,90	3 \$ 275,560	\$ 327,918	\$ 52,358		
Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Governmental Funds are different because:	Expenditures, and Changes	s in Fund Balances -				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing	uses, net		\$ (93,471)			
Transfers in resulting from transfers between the opera	ting funds that are combine	ed into a single special revenue				
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.		-	(4,357)			
Transfers out resulting from transfers between the open	rating funds that are combin	ned into a single special revenue				
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.			4,357			
Total other financing uses, net on the Statement of Rev Governmental Funds	enues, Expenditures, and Cl	nanges in Fund Balances -	\$ (93,471)			
GOVERNMENTALIT UNUS			(00,111)			

	Budgeted Amounts			Ac	tual on	Variance with		
	Original	Fir	nal	Budg	etary Basis	Fina	al Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 9,726	\$	9,726	\$	10,080	\$	354	
Licenses, permits, and franchises	1,012		1,012		651		(361)	
Use of money and property	392		1,304		1,890		586	
Intergovernmental	39,999		41,807		29,298		(12,509)	
Charges for services	8,322		8,322		5,694		(2,628)	
Other	105_		105		280		175	
Total revenues	59,556		62,276		47,893		(14,383)	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Community resources & public facilities	78,451		101,031		77,329		23,702	
Debt service:								
Principal			173		173			
Interest			32		32			
Total expenditures	78,451		101,236		77,534		23,702	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(18,895)		(38,960)		(29,641)		9,319	
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	18,154		45,163		34,073		(11,090)	
Transfers out	(2,615)		(3,908)		(485)		3.423	
Sale of capital assets	3		3		47		44	
Subscription assets financing source			104		104			
Total other financing sources, net	15,542		41,362		33,739		(7,623)	
Net change in fund balances	(3,353)		2,402		4,098		1,696	
Fund balances - beginning	43,201		43,201		43,201			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 39,848	\$	45,603	\$	47,299	\$	1,696	
Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, E Governmental Funds are different because:	xpenditures, and Changes in Fu	ind Balances -						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the Revenues resulting from transfers between the operating			avenue	\$	47,893			
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.	rands that are combined into a	a sirigic special re	venue		(4,118)			
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues	, Expenditures, and Changes in	Fund Balances -		\$	43,775			
Governmental Funds				Ψ	43,773			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from Expenditures resulting from transfers between the opera-			al revenue	\$	77,534			
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.	ours Funanditures and Chang	as in Frank Dalam			(4,118)			
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Reve Governmental Funds	nues, Expenditures, and Chango	es in Fund Baland	ies -	\$	73,416			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing so				\$	33,739			
Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.					(423)			
Transfers out resulting from transfers between the opera fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.					423			
Total other financing sources, net on the Statement of Re	venues, Expenditures, and Cha	nges in Fund Bala	ances -	c	22.700			
Governmental Funds				\$	33,739			

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual on	Variance with		
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Final Budget		
Revenues						
Licenses, permits, and franchises	\$ 828	\$ 828	\$ 660	\$ (168)		
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	596	596	432	(164)		
Use of money and property	131	488	739	251		
Intergovernmental	31,878	35,684	32,065	(3,619)		
Charges for services	50,668	51,068	50,660	(408)		
Other	252	987	871	(116)		
Total revenues	84,353	89,651	85,427	(4,224)		
Expenditures						
Current:						
Health & human services	97,408	104,203	99,334	4,869		
Debt service:		4.47	447			
Principal		117	117	-		
Interest		11	11			
Total expenditures	97,408	104,331	99,462	4,869		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(13,055)	(14,680)	(14,035)	645		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	11,338	11,755	11,578	(177)		
Transfers out	(3,291)	(4,343)	(2,838)	1,505		
Total other financing sources, net	8,047	7,412	8,740	1,328		
Net change in fund balances	(5,008)	(7,268)	(5,295)	1,973		
Fund balances - beginning	26,823	26,823	26,823			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 21,815	\$ 19,555	\$ 21,528	\$ 1,973		
Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenu Governmental Funds are different because:	es, Expenditures, and Changes in Fu	nd Balances -				
	am the budgetary comparison school	ulo.	\$ 85,427			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues fro Revenues resulting from transfers between the oper			\$ 65,427			
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.	· ·		(65)			
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Reve Governmental Funds	enues, Expenditures, and Changes in	Fund Balances -	\$ 85,362			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures	from the budgetary comparison sch	nedule	\$ 99,462			
Expenditures resulting from transfers between the o fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.	perating funds that are combined in	to a single special revenue	(65)			
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of I	Revenues, Expenditures, and Change	es in Fund Balances -	(
Governmental Funds	, p. 1.1., p. 1.1.		\$ 99,397			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financi	•		\$ 8,740			
Transfers in resulting from transfers between the op- fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.	-		(726)			
Transfers out resulting from transfers between the o fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.	perating funds that are combined in	to a single special revenue	726			
Total other financing sources, net on the Statement	of Revenues, Expenditures, and Char	nges in Fund Balances -				
Governmental Funds	•		\$ 8,740			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

	Budgete	,	Actual on	Variance with		
	Original	Final	Bud	getary Basis	Fina	l Budget
Revenues				<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
Licenses, permits, and franchises	\$ 80		30 \$	110	\$	30
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	25		25	13		(12)
Use of money and property	240	5′		729		218
Intergovernmental	190,740	192,63		188,065		(4,573)
Charges for services	1,012	1,01		723		(289)
Other	304	30		548		244
Total revenues	192,401	194,57	<u> </u>	190,188		(4,382)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Health & human services	211,164	209,59	90	201,222		8,368
Debt service:						
Principal		1,47		1,471		
Interest		74		743		
Total expenditures	211,164	211,80)4	203,436		8,368
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(18,763)	(17,23	34)	(13,248)		3,986
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	10,436	10,50)4	9,528		(976)
Transfers out	(272)	(1,61	10)	(837)		773
Total other financing sources, net	10,164	8,89	94	8,691		(203)
Net change in fund balances	(8,599)	(8,34	10)	(4,557)		3,783
Fund balances - beginning	12,151	12,15	51	12,151		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,552	\$ 3,81	1 \$	7,594	\$	3,783
Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Governmental Funds are different because:	Expenditures, and Changes in Fu	ınd Balances -				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from Revenues resulting from transfers between the operating			\$	190,188		
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.	ig runds that are combined into a	a sirigie speciai revenue		(442)		
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenu	es, Expenditures, and Changes ir	Fund Balances -	_			
Governmental Funds			\$	189,746		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures fro Expenditures resulting from transfers between the oper			2	203,436		
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.	5 P. LCL .			(442)		
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Rev Governmental Funds	enues, Expenditures, and Chang	es in Fund Balances -	\$	202,994		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Other Financing	•	a a cingle special revenue	\$	8,691		
Transfers in resulting from transfers between the opera fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the oper	-		2	(33)		
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.	acing rands that are combined in	ico a single special revenu		33		
Total other financing sources, net on the Statement of P Governmental Funds	Revenues, Expenditures, and Cha	nges in Fund Balances -	\$	8,691		

Revenues Final Budgetary Basis Final Budget Fines, forfeitures, and penalties \$ 157 \$ 157 \$ 48 \$ 157 Use of money and property 698 1,793 2,231 (5 Intergovernmental 96,837 108,313 103,277 (5 Charges for services 73,411 76,583 70,473 (6 Other 65 65 757 Total revenues 171,168 186,911 176,786 (10 Expenditures 172,791 190,586 179,820 10 Debt service: 175,791 190,586 179,820 10 Debt service: 2 285 285 Interest - 285 285 Total expenditures 175,791 191,929 181,163 10 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (4,623) (5,018) (4,377) Other financing sources (uses) 14,090 15,039 13,948 (1		Budge	ed Amounts	Actual on	Variance with		
Fines, profetures, and penalties \$ 157 \$ 157 \$ 248 \$ 152 \$					Final Budget		
Use of money and property 688 1,783 2,231 103,277 5 (5 Charges for services 73,411 76,583 70,473 6 (6 Charges for services 73,411 76,583 70,473 6 (6 Charges for services 71,1168 186,911 176,786 10 (10 Expenditures 171,168 186,911 176,786 10 (10 Expenditures 171,168 186,911 176,786 10 (10 Expenditures 175,791 190,586 179,820 10 (10 Expenditures 175,791 190,586 179,820 10 (10 Expenditures 1,058 1,	Revenues						
Material	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Charges for services 73.411 (85.86) 76.57 (75.76) Other 65 65 75.77 Total revenues 171,168 186,911 176,786 (10 Expenditures Current: Health A human services 175,791 190,586 179,820 10 Debt service: 1,058			,	,	438		
Cher	9			•	(5,036)		
Total revenues	9	·			(6,110)		
Expenditures Current: Health & human services 175,791 190,586 179,820 10					692		
Realth & human services 175,791 190,586 179,820 10	l otal revenues	171,168	186,911	176,786	(10,125)		
Health & human services 175,791 190,586 179,820 10	Expenditures						
Peht service: Principal 1 - 1,058	Current:						
Principal - 1,058	Health & human services	175,791	190,586	179,820	10,766		
Total expenditures - 286 285 Total expenditures 175,791 191,929 181,163 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Debt service:						
Total expenditures	Principal		1,058	1,058			
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 14,090 15,039 13,948 (1 Transfers out (6,922) (7,093) (5,859) 1 Leases issued - 2,973 2,973 2,973 Subscription assets financing source - 6,771 6,771 Total other financing sources, net 7,168 17,690 17,833 Net change in fund balances 2,545 12,672 13,456 Fund balances - beginning 45,735 45,735 45,735 Fund balances - ending \$ 45,735 \$ 45,735 \$ 45,735 \$ 45,735 \$ 45,735 \$ 48,280 \$ 58,407 \$ 59,316 \$ \$ Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds are different because: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the budgetary comparison schedule Revenue as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds or different because: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the budgetary comparison schedule \$ 176,786 \$ 161,112 \$ 161,674 \$ 16	Interest		285	285			
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 14,090 15,039 13,948 (1 Transfers out (6,922) (7,093) (5,859) 1 Leases Issued	Total expenditures	175,791	191,929	181,163	10,766		
Transfers in 14,090 15,039 13,948 (1 Transfers out (6,922) (7,093) (5,859) 1 Leases issued 2,973 2,973 Subscription assets financing source 6,771 6,771 Total other financing sources, net 7,168 17,690 17,833 Net change in fund balances 2,545 12,672 13,456 Fund balances - beginning 45,735 45,735 45,735 Fund balances - ending \$45,735 48,280 \$58,407 \$59,316 \$ Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds are different because: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the budgetary comparison schedule Revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total ther financing sources, net Special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net Special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.	Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(4,623)	(5,018)	(4,377)	641		
Transfers in 14,090 15,039 13,948 (1 Transfers out (6,922) (7,093) (5,859) 1 Leases issued 2,973 2	Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers out (6,922) (7,093) (5,859) 1 Leases issued 2,973 2,973 2,973 2,973 Subscription assets financing source 6,771 6,711 Total other financing sources, net 7,168 17,690 17,833 Net change in fund balances 2,545 12,672 13,456 Fund balances - beginning 45,735 45,735 45,735 Fund balances - beginning 45,735 45,735 45,735 Fund balances - ending \$48,280 \$58,407 \$59,316 \$ Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds are different because: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the budgetary comparison schedule \$176,786 Revenues resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. (15,674) Total expenditures are sported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule \$181,163 Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. (15,674) Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule \$181,163 Expenditures are reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net \$17,833 Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. (4,298)		14 090	15 039	13 948	(1,091)		
Leases issued					1,234		
Subscription assets financing source Total other financing sources, net Total other financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures are ported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds are different because: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the budgetary comparison schedule Revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers our resulting from		(-,)					
Net change in fund balances 2,545 12,672 13,456 Fund balances - beginning 45,735 45,735 Fund balances - ending 45,735 45,735 45,735 45,735 Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds are different because: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the budgetary comparison schedule Revenues resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule \$ 181,163 Expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net \$ 17,833 Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net \$ 17,833 Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.			,				
Fund balances - beginning 45,735 45,735 5 45,735 5 45,735 5 45,735 5 45,735 5 46,735 5 48,280 \$\$ 59,316 \$\$ Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds are different because: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the budgetary comparison schedule Revenues resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule \$16,112 \$\$ Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule \$181,163 \$\$ Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 161,674) Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net \$ 17,833 Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.		7,168			143		
Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds are different because: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the budgetary comparison schedule Revenues resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue	Net change in fund balances	2,545	12,672	13,456	784		
Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds are different because: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the budgetary comparison schedule Revenues resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue	Fund halances - heginning	45 735	45 735	45 735	_		
Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds are different because: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the budgetary comparison schedule Revenues resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue	5 5				\$ 784		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the budgetary comparison schedule Revenues resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue	rand balances "Chaing	Ψ 40,200	ψ 30,401	ψ 59,510	ψ 104		
Revenues resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue	·	es, Expenditures, and Changes in	Fund Balances -				
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Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue	fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.		5 .	(15,674)			
Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue	·	nues, Expenditures, and Changes	in Fund Balances -	\$ 161,112			
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue		0 , 1		\$ 181,163			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing sources, net Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue (4,298)	fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.			(15,674)			
Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. (4,298) Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue	·	Revenues, Expenditures, and Char	nges in Fund Balances -	\$ 165,489			
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. (4,298) Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue	Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financi	ng sources, net		\$ 17,833			
Transfers out resulting from transfers between the operating funds that are combined into a single special revenue		erating funds that are combined in	nto a single special revenue	(4.208)			
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. 4,298	Transfers out resulting from transfers between the o	perating funds that are combined	into a single special revenue				
Total other financing sources, net on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances		of Revenues Evpenditures and Ch	nanges in Fund Balances	4,298			
Governmental Funds \$\frac{17,833}{2}\$	<u>.</u>	or nevenues, Experiencies, and Ci	ianges in i una balances.	\$ 17,833			

		Budgeted	Amounts		Α	ctual on	Variance with Final Budget		
		Original -		Final	Budg	etary Basis			
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	14,461	\$	14,461	\$	16,104	\$	1,643	
Licenses, permits, and franchises						4		4	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties						1		1	
Use of money and property		520		1,825		3,003		1,178	
Intergovernmental		18,013		20,096		15,249		(4,847)	
Charges for services		4,624		4,824		4,646		(178)	
Other						132		132	
Total revenues		37,618		41,206		39,139		(2,067)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Community resources & public facilities		40,902		55,304		36,483		18,821	
Total expenditures		40,902		55,304		36,483		18,821	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,284)		(14,098)		2,656		16,754	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		53		7,053		4,123		(2,930)	
Transfers out				(49)		(49)			
Sale of capital assets				`		²		2	
Total other financing sources, net		53		7,004		4,076		(2,928)	
Net change in fund balances		(3,231)		(7,094)		6,732		13,826	
Fund balances - beginning		60,696		60,696		60,696			
Fund balances - ending	\$	57,465	\$	53,602	\$	67,428	\$	13,826	
Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Exp Governmental Funds are different because:	enditures,	and Changes in Fu	nd Balances						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Revenues from the Revenues resulting from transfers between the operating fu				al revenue	\$	39,139			
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.						(5,876)			
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, I Governmental Funds	Expenditur	es, and Changes in	Fund Balanc	es -	\$	33,263			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total Expenditures from t Expenditures resulting from transfers between the operatin	-			ecial revenue	\$	36,483			
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes.						(5,876)			
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenu Governmental Funds	es, Expend	ditures, and Change	es in Fund Ba	lances -	\$	30,607			

		Budgeted	d Amounts		Α	ctual on	Variance with Final Budget		
		Original		Final	Budg	getary Basis			
Revenues	<u> </u>						<u></u>		
Use of money and property	\$	20	\$	452	\$	1,037	\$	585	
Intergovernmental		20,998		23,318		18,718		(4,600)	
Charges for services		50		50		6		(44)	
Other		1,882		1,882		2,163		281	
Total revenues		22,950		25,702		21,924		(3,778)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Community resources & public facilities		34,747		36,562		24,516		12,046	
Total expenditures		34,747		36,562		24,516		12,046	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(11,797)		(10,860)		(2,592)		8,268	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		14,250		14,714		7,265		(7,449)	
Transfers out		(3,112)		(3,503)		(3,164)		339	
Total other financing sources, net		11,138		11,211		4,101		(7,110)	
Net change in fund balances		(659)		351		1,509		1,158	
Fund balances - beginning		10,616		10,616		10,616			
Fund balances - ending	\$	9,957	\$	10,967	\$	12,125	\$	1,158	

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Α	ctual on	Variance with Final Budget		
	Original		Final	Budg	getary Basis			
Revenues	 							
Taxes	\$ 71,443	\$	71,443	\$	73,668	\$	2,225	
Licenses, permits, and franchises	47		47		49		2	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties					6		6	
Use of money and property			691		689		(2)	
Intergovernmental	3,158		3,158		3,585		427	
Charges for services	39,596		51,196		39,428		(11,768)	
Other	37		37		199		162	
Total revenues	114,281		126,572		117,624		(8,948)	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety	121,710		127,596		112,063		15,533	
Total expenditures	121,710		127,596		112,063		15,533	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (7,429)		(1,024)		5,561		6,585	
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	1,188		15,456		11,700		(3,756)	
Transfers out	(17,107)		(24,314)		(18,819)		5,495	
Sale of capital assets	20		20		20			
Total other financing uses, net	 (15,899)		(8,838)		(7,099)		1,739	
Net change in fund balances	(23,328)		(9,862)		(1,538)		8,324	
Fund balances - beginning	27,245		27,245		27,245			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,917	\$	17,383	\$	25,707	\$	8,324	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

Beginning in FY 2014, the County adopted an OPEB funding rate based upon pensionable payroll. The funding rates were 3.5% for FY 2015 and 3.75% for FY 2016. Effective July 1, 2016, the County OPEB (401(h) Account) Funding Policy adopted an ongoing rate of 4% of covered payroll for the 401(a) Pension Plan.

Budgetary Compliance

The County is legally required to adopt an annual budget and adhere to the provisions of the California Government Code (Sections 29000 – 29144 and 30200), commonly known as the County Budget Act. Budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Board of Supervisors (Board) annually conducts a public hearing for the discussion of a recommended budget. At the conclusion of the hearings, statutorily no later than October 2, the Board adopts the final budget including revisions by resolution. However, it has been the County's practice to adopt the budget prior to the start of the fiscal year. The Board also adopts subsequent revisions that occur throughout the year. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is maintained at the fund, department, and object level with more stringent control over capital assets and fund balance accounts, which are controlled at the line item level. Except for payroll, the County's financial system does not process payments and disbursements when over-expenditure of object levels would result. For capital asset and fund balance transactions, payments are not processed if over-expenditure at the line item would result. Presentation of the basic financial statements at the legal level is not feasible due to excessive length; therefore, the budget and actual statements have been aggregated by function. The County prepares a separate Budgetary Compliance document that demonstrates legal compliance with budgetary control. This document is made available to the public on the County's website https://www.countyofsb.org/375/Publications, or can be obtained from the Auditor-Controller's office.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, no instances existed in which expenditures exceeded appropriations.

The Board must approve amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments, as well as items related to capital assets, and fund balance accounts. Supplemental appropriations necessary and normally financed by unanticipated revenues during the year must also be approved by the Board. Finally, the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) approves amendments or transfers of appropriations between object levels within the same department, unless related to capital assets or fund balance in which case Board approval is required. Any deficiency caused by expenditures and other financing uses being greater than revenues and other financing sources is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.



Other Supplementary Information



Other Major Governmental Fund



		Budgeted	d Amounts		А	ctual on	Vari	ance with
		Original		Final	Budg	getary Basis	Fina	ıl Budget
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$	120	\$	752	\$	917	\$	165
Intergovernmental		1,153		4,537		3,159		(1,378)
Charges for services		500		500		1,077		577
Other		198		1,888		1,691		(197)
Total revenues		1,971	-	7,677		6,844	-	(833)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety				367		285		82
Capital outlay		33,440		78,235		41,892		36,343
Total expenditures		33,440		78,602		42,177		36,425
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(31,469)		(70,925)		(35,333)		35,592
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		31,787		67,529		39,113		(28,416)
Transfers out		(1,058)		(20,535)		(15,816)		4,719
Long-term debt issued				109,256		88,940		(20,316)
Issuance premium on long-term debt	-	<u></u>		10,452	-	9,927		(525)
Total other financing sources, net		30,729		166,702		122,164		(44,538)
Net change in fund balances		(740)		95,777		86,831		(8,946)
Fund balances - beginning		20,873		20,873		20,873		
Fund balances - ending	\$	20,133	\$	116,650	\$	107,704	\$	(8,946)
Amounts reported in the GAAP Statement of Revenues, Governmental Funds are different because:	Expenditures	, and Changes in Fu	nd Balances	-				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Total other financing s Transfers in resulting from transfers between the operat		it are combined into	o a single spe	cial revenue	\$	122,164		
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Transfers out resulting from transfers between the open	Ū					(438)		
fund are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. Total other financing sources, net on the Statement of R	evenues Evn	enditures and Char	nges in Fund	Ralances -		438		
Governmental Funds	evenues, exp	enditures, alla Cilai	iges iii ruilu	Daiances -	\$	122,164		



Nonmajor Governmental Funds



Nonmajor governmental funds are funds that do not meet the definition of a major fund, as described in the glossary. The following funds are presented as nonmajor funds in the ACFR:

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are established to finance particular governmental activities and are financed by specific taxes or other revenues. Such funds are authorized by statutory provisions to pay for certain activities of a continuing nature. Included in the Special Revenue classification are the following funds:

Fish and Game

The Fish and Game Fund is used to account for fines and forfeitures received under Section 13003 of the State of California Fish and Game Code and for other revenues and expenditures for the propagation and conservation of fish and game. The Board of Supervisors authorizes expenditures on advice of the Fish and Game Commission.

Petroleum

The Petroleum Fund, established pursuant to Chapter 25 of the County Code, is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with administering the Petroleum Ordinance. The Petroleum Ordinance regulates the issuing of oil well drilling permits. It also regulates drilling, operating and abandoning petroleum wells, pipelines, tanks and associated petroleum equipment for prevention of erosion, pollution and fire hazards and for safety controls.

Clerk-Recorder

The Clerk-Recorder Fund is used to account for activity related to the Clerk-Recorder division of the Clerk-Recorder-Assessor department.

Special Aviation

The Special Aviation Fund is used to account for activity related to the Santa Ynez Airport. It is funded primarily by state and federal grants for airport improvements.

In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) Public Authority

The In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority Fund was established by the Board of Supervisors to act as the employer of record for IHSS individual providers. As an administrative unit, it carries out functions prescribed in Welfare & Institutions Code Section 12301.6. Those functions include a provider screening process, a registry that will match eligible providers and consumers, and collective bargaining with providers and their representatives. IHSS also offers access to training for providers and consumers while continuing to allow for consumer choice in the selection of providers.

Child Support Services

AB 196, AB 150, and SB 542 established the Child Support Services Fund during FY 00-01 to provide separate fund accountability as required. These legislative bills mandated that all Family Support Divisions located in the District Attorney's Offices become separate and independent departments. Child Support Services establishes paternity, obtains and enforces court orders for child support, collects and distributes payments, and provides community outreach about those services for the benefit of minor children.

Fishermen Assistance

This column combines the following individual County funds:

Fisheries Enhancement

The Fisheries Enhancement Fund (FEF) was established to mitigate impacts to the commercial fishing industry from offshore oil and gas development. Impact fees paid by offshore energy producers, pursuant to permit conditions, support the FEF. The Planning Commission approved a supplemental needs assessment that, pursuant to Board of Supervisors adopted FEF Guidelines, recommends projects to be pursued for FEF awards.

Local Fishermen's Contingency

The Local Fishermen's Contingency Fund is financed by County permit conditions placed upon energy projects to mitigate impacts to the commercial fishing industry. The intent of the fund is to provide an interest-free loan

program to fishermen awaiting payment of claims from the Federal Fishermen's Contingency Fund. The claims are for damage or loss resulting from outer continental shelf development or production, and to reimburse fishermen for damage or loss of gear, not covered under the federal fund, which occurs in state waters because of federal or state oil and gas development, or because of oil production activities such as transport.

Coastal Resources Enhancement

The Coastal Resources Enhancement Fund was established on May 10, 1988 to account for revenues received from offshore oil and gas projects pursuant to permit conditions, and expanded by the Board of Supervisors to projects that mitigate impacts to coastal recreation, aesthetics, tourism, and/or sensitive environmental resources.

Court Activities

AB 2544 in FY 94-95 established the Court Activities Fund to account for the state's portion of Trial Court Funding. AB 233, adopted in FY 97-98, transferred state funding out of the County entity. This fund represents the portion of Trial Court Operations under the County's control.

Criminal Justice Construction

The Criminal Justice Construction Fund was established to account for state authorized surcharges on criminal fines, which are statutorily designated for the establishment of adequate criminal justice facilities in the County.

Courthouse Construction

The Courthouse Construction Fund was established to account for state authorized surcharges on fines for non-parking and other criminal cases, which are statutorily designated for renovation and/or construction of courtroom facilities.

Inmate Welfare

The Inmate Welfare Fund was established pursuant to Penal Code Section 4025 to account for profits from the County jail store and any money attributable to the use of pay telephones. The funds are expended primarily for the benefit, education, and welfare of the inmates confined within the jail.

Planning & Development

The Planning & Development Fund is used to account for activity and operations related to the Planning & Development department.

Opioid Settlement

The Opioid Settlement Fund was established in June of 2024 to account for revenues received from County-initiated litigation against distributors and manufacturers of prescription opioids. The awarded settlements allow the County to recover damages from opioid drug misuse caused by the deceptive marketing and sale of prescription opioids, and to obtain other remedies to mitigate the problem going forward. The Opioid Settlement Funds must be expended on approved opioid abatement activities as set forth in the various settlement agreements and bankruptcy plans.

Tobacco Settlement

The Tobacco Settlement Fund was established by the Board of Supervisors to account for funds received related to the 1998 settlement between several States and major tobacco companies. The funds are expended for various County health related programs.

Tidelands

The Tidelands Fund is used to account for monies received from oil companies which are to be used for operating costs of South County public beach parks.

Refugio Environmental

The Refugio Environmental Fund is used to account for activities related to the litigation of the Refugio oil spill.

SPECIAL DISTRICTS UNDER THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Separate special districts have been established for the purpose of providing specific services to distinct geographical areas within the County. Those special districts that are under the jurisdiction of the Board of Supervisors are included within the Special Revenue Fund classification. These are financed principally from property taxes and benefit assessments, and are comprised of the following:

County Service Areas (CSAs)

This column combines the following individual County funds:

County Service Area #3

This service area serves part of the Goleta Valley, providing extended park and open space acquisition and maintenance, enhanced library services and street lighting. It provides 1,430 streetlights and maintains approximately 535 acres of open space and 148 acres of parks. This fund also made payments for the Goleta Valley Community Center and the Santa Barbara Shores property prior to the transfer of these assets to the City of Goleta.

County Service Area #4

This service area is located north of the City of Lompoc and serves the communities of Mission Hills and Vandenberg Village. It maintains approximately 52 acres of open space.

County Service Area #5

This service area serves the Orcutt area south of Santa Maria, providing extended park and open space activities. Extending from Waller Park, to just south of Rice Ranch Road, CSA #5 encompasses approximately 68 acres of parkland (Waller Park) and 11 acres of open space.

County Service Area #11

This service area embraces the unincorporated urbanized area of Carpinteria Valley and Summerland. The service area provides the community with parks and 77 streetlights.

County Service Area #12 – Mission Canyon Sewer Service Charge

This service area was established for the purpose of assessing property owners for the ongoing maintenance of the sewer system and septic tank inspection services for those properties in the prohibition area, but not on public sewers. A separate assessment is charged to properties remaining on septic systems in order to provide septic performance tracking.

County Service Area #31

This service area embraces the unincorporated community of Isla Vista, located west of the University of California at Santa Barbara, and provides 277 streetlights; installation, maintenance and repair of sidewalks, curbs and gutters and planting, along with maintenance and care of street trees.

County Service Area #41

This service area was established to assess property owners of the Rancho Santa Rita Subdivision, located outside the City of Lompoc, for road repairs, maintenance and improvements.

Community Facilities Districts (CFDs)

This column combines the following individual County funds:

Orcutt Community Facilities District

In October 2002, qualified landowners approved the formation of a CFD within the Orcutt Planning Area, located south of the City of Santa Maria. The CFD levied a special tax that may be used to finance infrastructure construction, fire and sheriff protection services, maintenance of parks, parkways and open space, and flood and storm protection services.

Providence Landing Community Facilities District

This Mello-Roos district encompasses the Providence Landing subdivision in South Vandenberg Village and provides funding for the maintenance of a public park.

Lighting Districts

This column combines the following individual County funds:

Mission Lighting District

This district provides 19 streetlights in the unincorporated area of Mission Canyon, located east of the City of Santa Barbara, and is financed by property taxes and benefit assessments.

North County Lighting District

Casmalia, Los Alamos, and Orcutt Lighting Districts and the lighting function of CSA #4 and CSA #5 were consolidated in FY 94-95 to form the North County Lighting District which provides 2,764 streetlights in the North County. This district is financed by property taxes and benefit assessments.

Sandyland Seawall Maintenance District

This district provides for the maintenance of a seawall constructed in the Sandyland Cove area, and is financed through benefit assessments levied against those properties adjacent to that beachfront area.

Water Agency

This agency prepares investigations and reports on the County's water requirements, project development, and efficient use of water. The agency provides technical assistance to other County departments, water districts, and the public concerning water availability and water well locations and design. The agency also administers the Cachuma Project and Twitchell Dam Project contracts with the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation. It is funded primarily by state grants and property tax revenue.

PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent Funds are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings (and not principal) may be used for the purposes of supporting the program.

Oak Restoration Fund

The Oak Restoration Fund is used to account for activities related to the restoration of oak trees in Santa Barbara County.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt.

Santa Barbara County Finance Corporation

The Santa Barbara County Finance Corporation Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, principal and interest incurred from the sale of Certificates of Participation and other municipal debt that is issued to finance various County capital projects.



		Fish and Game	Petroleum			Clerk- Recorder		Special Aviation		IHSS Public Authority		Child Support Services
Assets												
Assets:	•	770	•	004	•	0.000	•	000	•		•	700
Cash and investments	\$	778	\$	804	\$	3,629	\$	208	\$		\$	723
Accounts receivable, net:												
Licenses, permits, and franchises												
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		6		7		25		1		(19)		9
Use of money and property		0		1				22		2,177		392
Intergovernmental								22		2,177		392 95
Charges for services Other												95
Due from other funds												
Other receivables						11						
Prepaid items										7		
Restricted cash and investments										,		
Total assets	•	784	\$	811	\$	3,665	\$	231	\$	2,165	\$	1,219
Total assets	φ	704	φ	011	φ	3,003	φ	231	φ	2,103	φ	1,219
Liabilities and fund balances												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	2	\$		\$	77	\$	8
Salaries and benefits payable				27		120						496
Advances from grantors and third parties						8						
Due to other funds										1,226		
Customer deposits payable												
Total liabilities				27		130				1,303		504
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable										7		
Restricted		798		803		3,642		231		932		731
Committed						3						
Unassigned		(14)		(19)		(110)				(77)		(16)
Total fund balances		784		784		3,535		231		862		715
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	784	\$	811	\$	3,665	\$	231	\$	2,165	\$	1,219
	<u> </u>		$\dot{-}$		<u></u>	-,	$\dot{-}$		$\dot{-}$		$\dot{-}$,

Special	
Revenue	

	ermen stance	Re	Coastal esources ancement		Court ctivities		Criminal Justice Instruction		urthouse struction		Inmate Welfare		anning & elopment	
														Assets
•	464	¢.	2.045	Φ.	455	\$	1,628	¢.	1 100	ф	2.604	\$	2.556	Assets:
\$	404	\$	2,915	\$	455	Ф	1,020	\$	1,400	\$	2,601	ф	3,556	Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net:
													50	Licenses, permits, and franchises
	-		-		136		67		31					Fines, forfeitures, and penalties
	3		26		6		11		11		27		36	Use of money and property
			20											Intergovernmental
					129								16	Charges for services
					123						219			Other
					476						213		1,208	Due from other funds
					470								1,200	Other receivables
														Prepaid items
													15,279	Restricted cash and investments
\$	467	\$	2,941	\$	1,202	\$	1,706	\$	1,442	\$	2,847	\$	20,145	Total assets
<u> </u>		<u> </u>		Ť		Ť	.,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		Ť	,,	
														Liabilities and fund balances
														Liabilities:
\$		\$		\$	8	\$		\$		\$	146	\$	161	Accounts payable
•		•						•		•	50	•	827	Salaries and benefits payable
														Advances from grantors and third parties
													494	Due to other funds
													14,771	Customer deposits payable
					8						196		16,253	Total liabilities
														•
														Fund balances:
														Nonspendable
	474		2,991		346		1,706		1,594		2,707		2,150	Restricted
					848								1,775	Committed
	(7)		(50)						(152)		(56)		(33)	Unassigned
	467		2,941		1,194		1,706		1,442		2,651		3,892	Total fund balances
\$	467	\$	2,941	\$	1,202	\$	1,706	\$	1,442	\$	2,847	\$	20,145	Total liabilities and fund balances

Special Revenue

		Opioid tlement	Tobacco Settlement		Tidelands		Refugio Environmental		County Service Areas		Community Facilities Districts	
Assets Assets:												
Cash and investments	\$	4,050	\$	8,776	\$	276	\$		\$	6,564	\$	1,139
Accounts receivable, net:	•	1,000	Ψ	0,	*	2.0	Ψ		Ψ.	0,00.	•	1,100
Licenses, permits, and franchises												
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties												
Use of money and property				73						43		8
Intergovernmental												
Charges for services												
Other												
Due from other funds												
Other receivables												
Prepaid items												
Restricted cash and investments												
Total assets	\$	4,050	\$	8,849	\$	276	\$		\$	6,607	\$	1,147
Liabilities and fund balances												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$		\$	22	\$		\$		\$	344	\$	
Salaries and benefits payable												
Advances from grantors and third parties												
Due to other funds												
Customer deposits payable												
Total liabilities				22				-		344		
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable												
Restricted		4,050				276				6,328		1,153
Committed				8,974								
Unassigned				(147)						(65)		(6)
Total fund balances		4,050		8,827		276		-		6,263		1,147
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,050	\$	8,849	\$	276	\$		\$	6,607	\$	1,147

	Special Revenue Sandyland						Permanent S			Debt Service Santa		Total		
	ghting stricts	Seawall Maintenance District		itenance Water				Oak Restoration		Cou	Barbara nty Finance rporation	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
														Assets
_								_		_				Assets:
\$	850	\$	730	\$	19,643	\$	61,189	\$	780	\$	86	\$	62,055	Cash and investments
							50						50	Accounts receivable, net:
	-		-		-		234				-		234	Licenses, permits, and franchises
					 141		234 425						432	Fines, forfeitures, and penalties
	6		5		31		425 2,622		6		1		2,622	Use of money and property
	-		-		31 		2,022				-		2,022	Intergovernmental
	-						219				-		240	Charges for services Other
	-				37		1,721				-		1,721	Other Due from other funds
	-						1,721		-				1,721	
	-		-				7				-		7	Other receivables
	-		-		101		15,380				 1,318		16,698	Prepaid items
•	856	\$	735	\$	19,953	\$	82,098	\$	786	\$	1,405	\$	84,289	Restricted cash and investments Total assets
Ψ	030	Ψ	733	Ψ	19,933	Ψ	02,090	Ψ	700	Ψ	1,403	Ψ	04,209	Total assets
														Liabilities and fund balances
														Liabilities:
\$	83	\$	32	\$	549	\$	1,432	\$		\$	2	\$	1,434	Accounts payable
Ψ		Ψ	J2 	Ψ	39	Ψ	1,559	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	1,559	Salaries and benefits payable
							8						8	Advances from grantors and third parties
					9		1.729						1,729	Due to other funds
					101		14,872						14,872	Customer deposits payable
-	83		32		698		19,600				2		19,602	Total liabilities
							10,000			-			10,002	rotal liabilities
														Fund balances:
							7		700				707	Nonspendable
	779		717		19,422		51,830		98		1,405		53,333	Restricted
							11,600						11,600	Committed
	(6)		(14)		(167)		(939)		(12)		(2)		(953)	Unassigned
	773		703		19,255		62,498		786		1,403		64,687	Total fund balances
\$	856	\$	735	\$	19,953	\$	82,098	\$	786	\$	1,405	\$	84,289	Total liabilities and fund balances
φ	000	φ	135	φ	18,803	φ	02,090	φ	700	φ	1,405	φ	04,209	rotar nabilities and fund balances

							pecial				
						Ke	evenue				
	Fish and Game	and			Clerk- Recorder	Special Aviation		IHSS Public Authority		Child Support Services	
Revenues											
Taxes	\$ -	-	\$	\$		\$		\$	\$		
Licenses, permits, and franchises	-	-	17		381						
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	1		3								
Use of money and property	3	6	37		170		8	(34)		50	
Intergovernmental	-	-					6	13,272		10,287	
Charges for services	-	-	573		2,152						
Other		-			2		23				
Total revenues	5	5	630		2,709		37	13,238	_	10,337	
Expenditures											
Current:											
Public safety	-										
Health & human services	-	-						14,064		9,945	
Community resources & public facilities	4	5	676								
General government & support services	-	-			3,274		5				
General county programs	-	-									
Debt service:											
Principal	-	-								36	
Interest	-	-								26	
Total expenditures	4	5	676	_	3,274		5	14,064	_	10,007	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	1	0	(46)		(565)		32	(826)	_	330	
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers in		_						794			
Transfers out		_			(18)					(316)	
Subscription assets financing source	_	_			()					(
Issuance premium on long-term debt	_	_									
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		_	(18)			794		(316)	
rotal other imaneing sources (uses)		_	-	_	(10)			104		(010)	
Net change in fund balances	1	0	(46)		(583)		32	(32)		14	
Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported	77-	4	830		4,118		199	894		701	
Change within financial reporting entity											
(major to nonmajor fund)		-		_							
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	77-		830		4,118		199	894		701	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 78	4	\$ 784	\$	3,535	\$	231	\$ 862	\$	715	

Special Revenue

	ermen stance			Court Activities		Criminal Justice Construction		Courthouse Construction		Inmate Welfare		Planning and Development		Revenues
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		Taxes
•		•		•		Ÿ		*		Ψ.		•	15,360	Licenses, permits, and franchises
					1,157		482		406				56	Fines, forfeitures, and penalties
	21		152		73		69		69		318		162	Use of money and property
													51	Intergovernmental
					1,755								426	Charges for services
	13		320		1,190						1,557		237	Other
	34		472		4,175		551		475		1,875		16,292	Total revenues
														Expenditures
					44.700						0.450			Current:
					11,732						2,152		-	Public safety
														Health & human services
	6		783										18,509	Community resources & public facilities
											-			General government & support services
									1					General county programs
													_	Debt service:
													6	Principal
									<u></u>				7	Interest
	6		783		11,732				1		2,152		18,522	Total expenditures
														Excess (deficiency) of revenues
	28		(311)		(7,557)		551		474		(277)		(2,230)	over (under) expenditures
														Other financing sources (uses)
					7,617								2,537	Transfers in
													(3)	Transfers out
													-	Subscription assets financing source
														Issuance premium on long-term debt
					7,617								2,534	Total other financing sources (uses)
	28		(311)		60		551		474		(277)		304	Net change in fund balances
	439		3,252		1,134		1,155		968		2,928		3,588	Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported Change within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund)
	439		3,252	-	1,134		1,155		968	_	2,928		3,588	Fund balances - beginning, as restated
\$	467	\$	2,941	\$	1,194	\$	1,706	\$	1,442	\$	2,651	\$	3,892	Fund balances - ending
Ψ	707	Ψ	2,571	Ψ	1,104	Ψ	1,700	Ψ	1,772	Ψ	2,001	Ψ	0,032	rana balances - enamg

Special	
Revenue	

	Opioid Settlement	Tobacco Settlement	Tidelands	Refugio Environmental	County Service Areas	Community Facilities Districts	
Revenues	_		_	_			
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,985	\$ 1,135	
Licenses, permits, and franchises							
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties							
Use of money and property	136	429			281	52	
Intergovernmental					6		
Charges for services					565		
Other	1,448	3,900			2	1	
Total revenues	1,584	4,329			2,839	1,188	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety							
Health & human services							
Community resources & public facilities					1,624	186	
General government & support services							
General county programs		152					
Debt service:							
Principal							
Interest							
Total expenditures		152			1,624	186	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	1,584	4,177			1,215	1,002	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in					500		
Transfers out		(4,280)		(11)	(739)	(828)	
Subscription assets financing source		'		`	` <u></u>	`	
Issuance premium on long-term debt							
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,280)		(11)	(239)	(828)	
Net change in fund balances	1,584	(103)		(11)	976	174	
Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported Change within financial reporting entity		8,930	276	11	5,287	973	
(major to nonmajor fund)	2,466						
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	2,466	8,930	276	11	5,287	973	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,050	\$ 8,827	\$ 276	\$	\$ 6,263	\$ 1,147	
	. ,	,			,		

	ghting stricts	Speci Rever Sandyland Seawall Maintenance District			Special Revenue Total	Permanent Oak Restoration	Debt Service Santa Barbara County Finance Corporation		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	_ Revenues
\$	714	\$ -	_	\$ 4,166	\$ 8,000	\$	\$	\$	8,000	Taxes
·			_		15,758	·	·	•	15,758	Licenses, permits, and franchises
		-	_		2,127				2,127	Fines, forfeitures, and penalties
	37	3	5	870	2,971	36	52		3,059	Use of money and property
	2	-	_	2,543	26,167		1,373		27,540	Intergovernmental
		-	-	8	5,479		·		5,479	Charges for services
	1	-	_		8,694				8,694	Other
	754	3	5	7,587	69,196	36	1,425		70,657	Total revenues
										Expenditures Current:
	-	-	-		13,884				13,884	Public safety
			-		24,009				24,009	Health & human services
	638	9	3	4,272	26,832				26,832	Community resources & public facilities
		-	-		3,279				3,279	General government & support services
		-	-		153		632		785	General county programs
										Debt service:
		-	-	1	43		2,847		2,890	Principal
					33		1,185		1,218	Interest
	638	9	3	4,273	68,233		4,664		72,897	_Total expenditures
	116	(5	8)	3,314	963	36	(3,239)		(2,240)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures
										Other financing sources (uses)
		-	-		11,448		2,641		14,089	Transfers in
		-	-	(15)	(6,210)				(6,210)	Transfers out
		-	-	1	1				1	Subscription assets financing source
		-	-				638		638	Issuance premium on long-term debt
	-		= :	(14)	5,239		3,279		8,518	Total other financing sources (uses)
	116	(5	8)	3,300	6,202	36	40		6,278	Net change in fund balances
	657	76	1	15,955	53,830	750	1,363		55,943	Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported Change within financial reporting entity
					2,466				2,466	(major to nonmajor fund)
	657	76		15,955	56,296	750	1,363		58,409	_ Fund balances - beginning, as restated
\$	773	\$ 70	3	\$ 19,255	\$ 62,498	\$ 786	\$ 1,403	\$	64,687	Fund balances - ending

		Budgeted	Amounts		Act	tual on	Variance with		
	Original		F	inal	Budgetary Basis		Final Budget		
Revenues									
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$	8	\$	8	\$	19	\$	11	
Use of money and property		2		19		36		17	
Total revenues		10		27		55		28	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Community resources & public facilities		27		46		45		1	
Total expenditures		27		46		45		1	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(17)		(19)		10_		29	
Net change in fund balances		(17)		(19)		10		29	
Fund balances - beginning		774		774		774			
Fund balances - ending	\$	757	\$	755	\$	784	\$	29	

		Budgeted	l Amounts		Act	tual on	Varia	nce with
	Original		F	inal	Budge	tary Basis	Final Budget	
Revenues								
Licenses, permits, and franchises	\$	11	\$	11	\$	17	\$	6
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		15		15		3		(12)
Use of money and property		4		21		37		16
Charges for services		625		625		573		(52)
Total revenues		655		672		630		(42)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Community resources & public facilities		820		821		676		145
Total expenditures		820		821		676		145
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(165)		(149)		(46)		103
Net change in fund balances		(165)		(149)		(46)		103
Fund balances - beginning		830		830		830		
Fund balances - ending	\$	665	\$	681	\$	784	\$	103

		Budgeted	d Amounts		Ac	tual on	Variance with	
	0	riginal		Final	Budg	etary Basis	Final	Budget
Revenues	-							
Licenses, permits, and franchises	\$	356	\$	356	\$	381	\$	25
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		7		7		4		(3)
Use of money and property				76		170		94
Charges for services		2,608		2,333		2,152		(181)
Other		5		5		2		(3)
Total revenues		2,976		2,777		2,709		(68)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government & support services		3,968		3,999		3,274		725
Total expenditures		3,968		3,999		3,274		725
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(992)		(1,222)		(565)		657
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		60		60				(60)
Transfers out				(19)		(18)		1
Total other financing sources (uses)		60		41		(18)		(59)
Net change in fund balances		(932)		(1,181)		(583)		598
Fund balances - beginning		4,118		4,118		4,118		
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,186	\$	2,937	\$	3,535	\$	598

		Budgeted	Amounts		Act	ual on	Variance with	
	Original		F	inal	Budge	tary Basis	Final Budget	
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$		\$	4	\$	8	\$	4
Intergovernmental				167		6		(161)
Other						23		23
Total revenues				171		37	-	(134)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government & support services				200		5		195
Total expenditures				200		5		195
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures				(29)		32		61
Net change in fund balances				(29)		32		61
Fund balances - beginning		199		199		199		
Fund balances - ending	\$	199	\$	170	\$	231	\$	61

			Ac	tual on	Variance with			
	Original			Final	Budg	etary Basis	Final Budget	
Revenues	-							
Use of money and property	\$		\$	(32)	\$	(34)	\$	(2)
Intergovernmental		13,162		13,312		13,272		(40)
Total revenues		13,162		13,280	13,238			(42)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Health & human services		13,956		14,106		14,064		42
Total expenditures		13,956		14,106		14,064		42
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(794)		(826)		(826)		
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		794		794		794		
Total other financing sources		794		794		794		
Net change in fund balances				(32)		(32)		
Fund balances - beginning		894		894		894		
Fund balances - ending	\$	894	\$	862	\$	862	\$	

	Bud	geted Amounts	Actual on	Variance with
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Final Budget
Revenues				
Use of money and property	\$	3 \$ 27	\$ 50	\$ 23
Intergovernmental	11,264	11,264	10,287	(977)
Total revenues	11,272	11,291	10,337	(954)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Health & human services	11,272	2 10,826	9,945	881
Debt service:				
Principal	-	- 36	36	
Interest	-	- 26	26	
Total expenditures	11,272	10,888	10,007	881
Excess of revenues over expenditures		403	330	(73)
Other financing uses				
Transfers out		- (385)	(316)	69
Total other financing uses		- (385)	(316)	69
Net change in fund balances	-	- 18	14	(4)
Fund balances - beginning	70	1 701	701	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 70	1 \$ 719	\$ 715	\$ (4)

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA FISHERMEN ASSISTANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts				Act	ual on	Variance wi	
	Or	iginal	F	inal	Budge	tary Basis	Final	Budget
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$	3	\$	12	\$	21	\$	9
Other		12		12		13		1
Total revenues		15		24		34		10
Expenditures								
Current:								
Community resources & public facilities		33		33		6		27
Total expenditures		33		33		6		27
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(18)		(9)		28		37
Net change in fund balances		(18)		(9)		28		37
Fund balances - beginning		439		439		439		
Fund balances - ending	\$	421	\$	430	\$	467	\$	37

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA COASTAL RESOURCES ENHANCEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	l Amounts		Ac	tual on	Varia	nce with
	Or	iginal	1	Final	Budg	etary Basis	Final	Budget
Revenues								,
Use of money and property	\$	10	\$	78	\$	152	\$	74
Other		485		485		320		(165)
Total revenues		495		563		472		(91)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Community resources & public facilities		980		925		783		142
Total expenditures		980		925		783		142
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(485)		(362)		(311)		51
Net change in fund balances		(485)		(362)		(311)		51
Fund balances - beginning		3,252		3,252		3,252		
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,767	\$	2,890	\$	2,941	\$	51

		Budgeted	d Amounts	;	A	ctual on	Varia	nce with
	-	riginal		Final	Budg	etary Basis	Fina	l Budget
Revenues								
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$	1,367	\$	1,367	\$	1,157	\$	(210)
Use of money and property		26		35		73		38
Charges for services		2,328		2,328		1,755		(573)
Other		1,578		1,578		1,190		(388)
Total revenues		5,299		5,308		4,175		(1,133)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety		12,916		12,917		11,732		1,185
Total expenditures		12,916		12,917		11,732		1,185
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(7,617)		(7,609)		(7,557)		52
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		7,617		7,617		7,617		
Total other financing sources		7,617		7,617		7,617		
Net change in fund balances				8		60		52
Fund balances - beginning		1,134		1,134		1,134		
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,134	\$	1,142	\$	1,194	\$	52

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONSTRUCTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	l Amounts		Ac	tual on	Variar	nce with
	Or	iginal	F	inal	Budge	etary Basis	Final Budget	
Revenues								
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$	500	\$	512	\$	482	\$	(30)
Use of money and property	<u></u>	6		77		69		(8)
Total revenues		506		589		551		(38)
Expenditures								
Total expenditures								
Excess of revenues over expenditures		506		589		551		(38)
Net change in fund balances		506		589		551		(38)
Fund balances - beginning		1,155		1,155		1,155		
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,661	\$	1,744	\$	1,706	\$	(38)

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA COURTHOUSE CONSTRUCTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	l Amounts		Ac	tual on	Variar	nce with
	Or	iginal	F	inal	Budge	etary Basis	Final	Budget
Revenues								
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$	500	\$	500	\$	406	\$	(94)
Use of money and property		40		72		69		(3)
Total revenues		540		572		475		(97)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General county programs				1		1		
Total expenditures				1		1		-
Excess of revenues over expenditures		540		571		474		(97)
Net change in fund balances		540		571		474		(97)
Fund balances - beginning		968		968		968		
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,508	\$	1,539	\$	1,442	\$	(97)

		Budgeted	Amounts		Ac	tual on	Varia	nce with
	0	riginal		Final	Budg	etary Basis	Final	Budget
Revenues					-			
Use of money and property	\$	110	\$	165	\$	318	\$	153
Other		1,461		1,461		1,557		96
Total revenues		1,571		1,626		1,875		249
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety		2,462		2,462		2,152		310
Total expenditures		2,462		2,462		2,152		310
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(891)		(836)		(277)		559
Net change in fund balances		(891)		(836)		(277)		559
Fund balances - beginning		2,928		2,928		2,928		
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,037	\$	2,092	\$	2,651	\$	559

	Budgeted	l Amounts	;	А	ctual on	Vari	ance with
	 Original		Final	Budg	etary Basis	Fina	l Budget
Revenues							
Licenses, permits, and franchises	\$ 15,868	\$	15,718	\$	15,360	\$	(358)
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	28		28		56		28
Use of money and property			127		162		35
Intergovernmental					51		51
Charges for services	3,720		3,720		426		(3,294)
Other	427		427		237		(190)
Total revenues	 20,043		20,020		16,292		(3,728)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Community resources & public facilities	23,129		23,116		18,509		4,607
Debt service:							
Principal			6		6		
Interest	 		7_		7		
Total expenditures	 23,129		23,129		18,522	-	4,607
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (3,086)		(3,109)		(2,230)		879
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	2,735		2,885		2,537		(348)
Transfers out	(30)		(660)		(3)		657
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,705		2,225		2,534	-	309
Net change in fund balances	(381)		(884)		304		1,188
Fund balances - beginning	3,588		3,588		3,588		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,207	\$	2,704	\$	3,892	\$	1,188

	Budgeted Amounts				Ad	tual on	Varia	nce with
	Ori	ginal		Final	Budg	etary Basis	Fina	l Budget
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$		\$	136	\$	136	\$	
Other				1,448		1,448		
Total revenues			1,584			1,584		
Expenditures								
Total expenditures								
Excess of revenues over expenditures				1,584		1,584		
Net change in fund balances				1,584		1,584		
Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported Change within financial reporting entity								
(major to nonmajor fund)						2,466		2,466
Fund balances - beginning, as restated						2,466		2,466
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	1,584	\$	4,050	\$	2,466

		Budgeted	l Amounts		A	ctual on	Varia	ariance with	
	Or	iginal		Final	Budg	etary Basis	Fina	l Budget	
Revenues									
Use of money and property	\$	75	\$	333	\$	429	\$	96	
Other		4,600		4,600		3,900		(700)	
Total revenues		4,675		4,933		4,329		(604)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General county programs	<u></u>	78		152		152			
Total expenditures		78		152		152			
Excess of revenues over expenditures		4,597		4,781		4,177		(604)	
Other financing uses									
Transfers out		(4,241)		(4,295)		(4,280)		15	
Total other financing uses		(4,241)		(4,295)		(4,280)		15	
Net change in fund balances		356		486		(103)		(589)	
Fund balances - beginning		8,930		8,930		8,930			
Fund balances - ending	\$	9,286	\$	9,416	\$	8,827	\$	(589)	

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA TIDELANDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	l Amounts		Act	ual on	Varian	ce with
	Ori	ginal	Fi	nal	Budget	ary Basis	Final Budget	
Revenues								
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Expenditures								
Total expenditures		-		-				
Excess of revenues over expenditures								
Net change in fund balances								
Fund balances - beginning		276		276		276		
Fund balances - ending	\$	276	\$	276	\$	276	\$	

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA REFUGIO ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	d Amounts		Act	ual on	Varian	ce with
	Ori	ginal	Fi	nal	Budget	tary Basis	Final I	Budget
Revenues								
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Expenditures								
Total expenditures						-		
Excess of revenues over expenditures								
Other financing uses								
Transfers out						(11)		(11)
Total other financing uses						(11)		(11)
Net change in fund balances						(11)		(11)
Fund balances - beginning		11		11		11		
Fund balances - ending	\$	11	\$	11	\$		\$	(11)

	Budgeted	d Amounts		A	ctual on	Varia	nce with
	 riginal		Final	Budg	etary Basis	Final	Budget
Revenues	 						
Taxes	\$ 2,024	\$	2,024	\$	1,985	\$	(39)
Use of money and property	34		168		281		113
Intergovernmental	6		6		6		
Charges for services	563		563		565		2
Other					2		2
Total revenues	2,627		2,761		2,839	-	78
Expenditures							
Current:							
Community resources & public facilities	1,180		1,932		1,624		308
Total expenditures	 1,180		1,932		1,624		308
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 1,447		829		1,215		386
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in			500		500		
Transfers out	(803)		(803)		(739)		64
Total other financing uses	(803)		(303)		(239)		64
Net change in fund balances	644		526		976		450
Fund balances - beginning	5,287		5,287		5,287		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 5,931	\$	5,813	\$	6,263	\$	450

	Budgeted Amounts			A	ctual on	Variance with			
	0	riginal		Final	Budg	etary Basis	Final Budget		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	1,022	\$	1,022	\$	1,135	\$	113	
Use of money and property		1		27		52		25	
Other						1		1	
Total revenues		1,023		1,049		1,188		139	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Community resources & public facilities		211		211		186		25	
Total expenditures		211		211		186		25	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		812		838		1,002		164	
Other financing uses									
Transfers out		(833)		(833)		(828)		5	
Total other financing uses		(833)		(833)		(828)		5	
Net change in fund balances		(21)		5		174		169	
Fund balances - beginning		973		973		973			
Fund balances - ending	\$	952	\$	978	\$	1,147	\$	169	

		Budgeted	d Amounts		Ac	tual on	Variance with		
	Oi	riginal	F	inal	Budge	etary Basis	Final Budget		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	757	\$	757	\$	714	\$	(43)	
Use of money and property		5		23		37		14	
Intergovernmental		2		2		2			
Other						1		1	
Total revenues		764		782		754		(28)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Community resources & public facilities		648		648		638		10	
Total expenditures		648		648		638		10	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		116		134		116		(18)	
Net change in fund balances		116		134		116		(18)	
Fund balances - beginning		657		657		657			
Fund balances - ending	\$	773	\$	791	\$	773	\$	(18)	

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA SANDYLAND SEAWALL MAINTENANCE DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	Amounts		Act	ual on	Variance with		
	Or	iginal	F	inal	Budge	tary Basis	Final Budget		
Revenues									
Use of money and property	\$	4	\$	20	\$	35	\$	15	
Total revenues		4		20		35		15	
Expenditures Current:									
Community resources & public facilities		357		357		93		264	
Total expenditures		357		357		93		264	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(353)		(337)		(58)		279	
Net change in fund balances		(353)		(337)		(58)		279	
Fund balances - beginning		761		761		761			
Fund balances - ending	\$	408	\$	424	\$	703	\$	279	

		Budgeted	Amounts		A	ctual on	Varia	nce with
	Ori	ginal		Final	Budg	etary Basis	Fina	l Budget
Revenues					-			
Taxes	\$	4,021	\$	4,021	\$	4,166	\$	145
Use of money and property		182		597		870		273
Intergovernmental		2,026		2,026		2,543		517
Charges for services		2		2		8		6
Total revenues		6,231		6,646		7,587		941
Expenditures								
Current:								
Community resources & public facilities		6,800		6,800		4,272		2,528
Debt service:								
Principal				1		1		
Total expenditures		6,800		6,801		4,273		2,528
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(569)		(155)		3,314		3,469
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out		(71)		(71)		(15)		56
Subscription assets financing source				1		1		
Total other financing uses		(71)		(70)		(14)		56
Net change in fund balances		(640)		(225)		3,300		3,525
Fund balances - beginning		15,955		15,955		15,955		
Fund balances - ending	\$	15,315	\$	15,730	\$	19,255	\$	3,525

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA OAK RESTORATION PERMANENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	l Amounts	Act	ual on	Variance with			
	Ori	ginal	Fi	nal	Budge	tary Basis	Final Budget		
Revenues Use of money and property Total revenues	\$		\$	17 17	\$	36 36	\$	19	
Total revenues			-	17_	-	30	-	19	
Expenditures									
Total expenditures						<u></u>			
Excess of revenues over expenditures				17		36_		19_	
Net change in fund balances				17		36		19	
Fund balances - beginning		750		750		750			
Fund balances - ending	\$	750	\$	767	\$	786	\$	19	

		Budgeted	d Amounts		Ad	tual on	Variance with		
	Or	iginal		Final	Budgetary Basis		Final Budget		
Revenues									
Use of money and property	\$	12	\$	39	\$	52	\$	13	
Intergovernmental		1,373		1,373		1,373			
Total revenues		1,385		1,412		1,425		13	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General county programs		60		1,087		632		455	
Debt service:									
Principal		2,847		2,847		2,847			
Interest		1,187		1,187		1,185		2	
Total expenditures		4,094		5,121		4,664		457	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(2,709)		(3,709)		(3,239)		470	
Other financing sources									
Transfers in		2,670		2,670		2,641		(29)	
Long-term debt issued				1,027				(1,027)	
Issuance premium on long-term debt						638		638	
Total other financing sources		2,670		3,697		3,279		(418)	
Net change in fund balances		(39)		(12)		40		52	
Fund balances - beginning		1,363		1,363		1,363			
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,324	\$	1,351	\$	1,403	\$	52	



Internal Service Funds



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are established to account for services furnished to the County and various other governmental agencies. They are exempt from legal compliance for budgetary control and follow commercial accounting principles for a determination of operating, rather than budgetary, results. Their major source of revenue consists of charges to user departments for services rendered. These charges are based upon standard rates calculated on an estimated cost recovery basis. A more detailed description of the funds established and used by the County follows:

Information Technology Services

This fund provides enterprise information technology services to County departments and various other governmental agencies. Four lines of service are supported: Network and Security, Infrastructure, Desktop Support, and Enterprise Applications. Costs are allocated to all users based upon utilization factors for each service and are designed to recover costs of each system. Profits or losses are carried forward and used to adjust allocations in subsequent years. Costs of operating the fund include personnel, supplies, utilities, maintenance, and depreciation of equipment.

Vehicle Operations and Maintenance

This fund provides for the maintenance, servicing and repair of County vehicles. Rental rates, which include the cost of gas, oil, maintenance, replacement of equipment and personnel costs, are charged to the user department to support the vehicle program. Vehicles are replaced based on mileage and age criteria which varies per class of vehicle; new additions to the vehicle fleet are provided through the Garage Equipment and Motor Pool budgets of the General Fund and through contributions from other funds.

Risk Management and Insurance

This column combines the County's three self-insurance funds - Dental, General Liability, and Unemployment – and the County's Workers' Compensation fund.

Dental Self-Insurance

This fund provides for the payment of dental expenses incurred by County employees, eligible dependents and retirees who are part of the self-funded plan. This fund does not account for employees or retirees on the Dental Net, Prudential or Firefighter health plans. Professional administrators process all claims and make payments to claimants based on a payment schedule of medical and dental benefits. The fund reimburses the claims administrator for the payment of claims plus a fee for administration and participation in a prescription drug program. Additionally, the County contracts with a preferred provider organization for reduced fees from member dental service providers, physicians, and other specialists. The County contributes towards the cost of employee coverage through departmental budgets; the employee pays any remaining employee or dependent coverage.

General Liability Self-Insurance

This fund provides for payment of self-insured general liability and automobile liability claims, excess insurance, claims adjusting services, litigation costs, and administrative services. The County is self-insured to \$500 per occurrence for losses occurring prior to July 1, 2021 and is self-insured to \$750 for losses beginning on July 1, 2021 going forward. The County purchases additional excess liability coverage above the County's self-insured retention through a PRISM program.

In addition, the fund provides for payment of various property insurance. Building and contents insurance is allocated to the departments based upon their relative occupancy of a given building. Nearly all structures have been appraised for insurance purposes by an outside appraiser. The County's vehicle and equipment insurance is purchased by the fund and allocated to the Vehicle Operations Fund which then further allocates it to the departments based upon their vehicle usage. Other insurance, such as aviation, pollution, cyber and crime bond is also purchased by the fund and allocated to the user departments.

Beginning in fiscal year 2018-19, the Medical Malpractice Plan was brought into the County General Liability fund. This plan purchases primary insurance coverage for medical malpractice and general liability losses which arise from the

operations of Public Health Departments, for claim investigation services, legal fees and payment of claims, subject to a \$10 deductible.

Contributions are made by participating County departments and funds based on past claims experience and appropriate risk factors

Unemployment Self-Insurance

State law requires the County to maintain unemployment insurance. The County has elected to be self-insured and has established this fund for the payment of unemployment insurance claims by County employees, which have been processed and approved by the State Employment Development Department. Each department has been charged a percentage of its gross payroll for the establishment of a general reserve for this program and to provide for claim payments.

Workers' Compensation Fund

This fund allocates the premiums and Workers' Compensation Program management expenses to all departments. The County purchases workers' compensation primary insurance through PRISM (formerly CSAC – Excess Insurance Authority). The County departmental rates are approved by the Risk Management Evaluation Team (RMET) consisting of representatives from the Risk Management Division, County Executive Office, Auditor-Controller, and County Counsel.

Communications Services

This fund provides communication services to County departments and various other governmental agencies. Telephone, radio and audio-visual systems are maintained. Costs are billed from a standard price schedule which is periodically adjusted to reflect cost changes and are designed to recover costs of each system. Profits or losses are carried forward and used to adjust allocations in subsequent years. Costs of operating the fund include personnel, supplies, utilities, maintenance, and depreciation of equipment.

Utilities

This fund provides for payment of Countywide utility costs. Utility costs are allocated to various County departments based on their energy consumption. Charging County departments for their energy usage fosters awareness and accountability related to energy costs and savings.

	Information Technology Services	Vehicle Operations and Maintenance	Risk Management and Insurance	Communi- cations Services	Utilities	Total
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$ 11,014	\$ 29,347	\$ 25,078	\$ 12,192	\$ 1,131	\$ 78,762
Accounts receivable, net:						
Use of money and property	88	174	195	81	(4)	534
Intergovernmental		-			36	36
Charges for services		579	82	43	328	1,032
Other		11	53			64
Inventories		170 8		110		280 8
Prepaid items Total current assets	11,102	30,289	25,408	12,426	1,491	80,716
Total cultent assets	11,102	30,209	25,400	12,420	1,431	00,710
Noncurrent assets:						
Other receivables	<u></u>		273		100	373
Restricted cash and investments (Note 4)	<u></u>	10		8,328		8,338
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	<u></u>	8,929		6,825	6,043	21,797
Capital assets, net of		-,		5,5=5	5,5 .5	,
accumulated depreciation/amortization (Note 6)	5,671	24,160		3,010	1,478	34,319
Total noncurrent assets	5,671	33,099	273	18,163	7,621	64,827
Total assets	16,773	63,388	25,681	30,589	9,112	145,543
Deferred outflows of resources						
Deferred pensions (Note 18)	2,058	835	426	449	53	3,821
Deferred OPEB (Note 19)	205	73	31	43		352
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,263	908	457	492	53	4,173
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	323	853	2,875	1,188	102	5,341
Salaries and benefits payable	426	167	83	92	10	778
Interest payable	34					34
Other payables	400	55		93		148
Compensated absences (Note 10)	403	141	73	65	9	691
Certificates of participation				255		255
Other short - term liabilities			283			283
Bonds and notes payable (Note 10)					683	683
Subscription liability - short-term	664		 4-7			664
Liability for self-insurance claims (Note 11)	1,850	1,216	5,157 8,471	1,693	804	5,157 14,034
Total current liabilities	1,850	1,210	8,471	1,093	804	14,034
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences (Note 10)	119	76	90	34		319
Subscription liability - long-term	778					778
Certificates of participation				9,981		9,981
Bonds and notes payable (Note 10)	<u></u>				3,555	3,555
Liability for self-insurance claims (Note 11)	<u></u>		7,943			7,943
Net pension liability (Note 18)	6,027	2,446	1,247	1,315	154	11,189
Net OPEB liability (Note 19)	735	260	112	154		1,261
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,659	2,782	9,392	11,484	3,709	35,026
Total liabilities	9,509	3,998	17,863	13,177	4,513	49,060
Deferred inflows of resources						
Deferred pensions (Note 18)	58	24	12	13	1	108
Deferred OPEB (Note 19)	53	19	8	11_		91
Total deferred inflows of resources	111	43	20	24	1	199
Not position						
Net position Net investment in capital assets	4,229	33,034		(494)	3,283	40,052
Unrestricted	5,187	27,221	8,255	18,374	3,263 1,368	60,405
Total net position	\$ 9,416	\$ 60,255	\$ 8,255	\$ 17,880	\$ 4,651	\$ 100,457
rotarnet position	ψ 3,410	Ψ 00,200	ψ 0,200	Ψ 17,000	Ψ 4,001	Ψ 100,407

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Tec	ormation hnology ervices	Op	Vehicle perations and intenance	and cati		mmuni- ations ervices	Utilities			Total
Operating revenues											
Charges for services	\$	19,744	\$	14,905	\$ 54,328	\$	6,929	\$	7,989	\$	103,895
Self-insurance recovery					1,681						1,681
Other operating revenues		169		127							296
Total operating revenues		19,913		15,032	 56,009		6,929		7,989		105,872
Operating expenses											
Salaries and benefits		5,821		2,347	1,461		1,263		120		11,012
Services and supplies		9,273		7,570	37,770		4,222		7,963		66,798
Self-insurance claims					6,053						6,053
Contractual services		561		12	2,473		380				3,426
Depreciation and amortization		2,147		2,880	3		711		376		6,117
County overhead allocation		148		324	 2,839		47		7		3,365
Total operating expenses		17,950		13,133	 50,599	-	6,623		8,466		96,771
Operating income (loss)		1,963		1,899	 5,410		306		(477)		9,101
Non-operating revenues (expenses)											
Use of money and property		522		1,173	1,216		745		19		3,675
Interest expense		(56)							(53)		(109)
Capital Contributions									5,808		5,808
Gain on sale of capital assets				23			3				26
Other non-operating revenues (expenses)		2		806	 2		1		1,118		1,929
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		468		2,002	1,218		749		6,892	_	11,329
Income before transfers		2,431		3,901	 6,628		1,055		6,415		20,430
Transfers in		136		7,152	11		432		927		8,658
Transfers out				(344)			(58)		(3,688)		(4,090)
Total transfers in, net		136		6,808	11		374		(2,761)		4,568
Change in net position		2,567		10,709	 6,639		1,429		3,654		24,998
Total net position - beginning		6,849		49,546	1,616		16,451		997		75,459
Total net position - ending	\$	9,416	\$	60,255	\$ 8,255	\$	17,880	\$	4,651	\$	100,457

	Te	ormation chnology services	Ol	Vehicle perations and intenance		Risk anagement and nsurance		ommuni- cations Services		Utilities		Total
Cash flows from operating activities												
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	19,913	\$	14,450	\$	54,316	\$	6,908	\$	7,639	\$	103,226
Receipts from self-insurance recovery						1,681						1,681
Payments to employees		(6,704)		(2,642)		(1,343)		(1,460)		(165)		(12,314)
Payments to suppliers		(9,806)		(7,341)		(38,994)		(3,359)		(7,926)		(67,426)
Payments for self-insurance claims						(6,064)						(6,064)
County overhead allocation												
payments (to) from the General Fund		(148)		(324)		(2,839)		(47)		(7)		(3,365)
Other receipts		2		806		2		1		1,101		1,912
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,257		4,949		6,759		2,043		642		17,650
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities												
Transfers from other funds		136		7,152		11		432		927		8,658
Transfers to other funds				(344)				(58)		(3,688)		(4,090)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		136		6,808		11		374		(2,761)		4,568
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities												
Purchase of capital assets		(2,558)		(10,986)				(5,008)		(235)		(18,787)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				74				3				77
Principal paid on bonds and notes payable										(437)		(437)
Principal paid on SBITAs		(1,188)										(1,188)
Interest paid on bonds and notes payable										(53)		(53)
Proceeds of long-term debt								10,236		2,737		12,973
Net cash provided (used) by capital												
and related financing activities		(3,746)		(10,912)				5,231		2,012		(7,415)
Cash flows from investing activities												
Use of money and property received		255		577		589		477		13		1,911
Changes in fair value of investments		237		571		530		255		17		1,610
Net cash provided by investing activities		492		1,148		1,119		732		30		3,521
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		139		1,993		7,889		8,380		(77)		18,324
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		10,875		27,364		17,189		12,140		1,208		68,776
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	11,014	\$	29,357	\$	25,078	\$	20,520	\$	1,131	\$	87,100
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to												
the Statement of Net Position												
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Position	\$	11,014	\$	29,347	\$	25,078	\$	12,192	\$	1,131	\$	78,762
Restricted cash and investments												
per Statement of Net Position				10				8,328				8,338
Total cash and cash equivalents										_		
per Statement of Net Position	\$	11,014	\$	29,357	\$	25,078	\$	20,520	\$	1,131	\$	87,100
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash												
provided (used) by operating activities:												
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,963	\$	1,899	\$	5,410	\$	306	\$	(477)	\$	9,101
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash										. ,		
provided (used) by operating activities:												
Depreciation and amortization		2,147		2,880		3		711		376		6,117
Other non-operating revenue		2		806		2		1		1,101		1,912
Changes in assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities,												
and deferred outflows of resources:				/===:						/===:		/a a
Accounts and other receivables				(582)		(12)		(21)		(350)		(965)
Inventories				25						-		25
Prepaid items				(8)		4.040		4.040				(8)
Accounts payable		28		224		1,249		1,243		37		2,781
Salaries and benefits payable		(883)		(295)		118		(197)		(45)		(1,302)
Liability for self-insurance claims	_		_	4.040	_	(11)	_		_		_	(11)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,257	\$	4,949	\$	6,759	\$	2,043	\$	642	\$	17,650
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	



Fiduciary Funds



Fiduciary funds are custodial in nature and account for assets held on behalf of others.

PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS

Account for the activities of the County's portion of the SBCERS pension plans and Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Funds, which accumulate resources for pension and other postemployment benefit payments to qualified beneficiaries.

SBCERS Pension Trust Fund

Accounts for the resources accumulated for the County's portion of the SBCERS pension plans.

Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund

Accounts for the resources accumulated for the County's postemployment healthcare for qualified beneficiaries.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Account for assets which are held for other governmental agencies or individuals by the County in a custodial capacity.

Unapportioned Collections

Accounts for property taxes held pending authority for apportionment

State and City Revenue Funds

Temporarily holds various fees, fines, and penalties collected by the County departments for the State of California or various cities in Santa Barbara County, which are passed through to these entities.

Public Administrator/Public Guardian Funds

Accounts for assets held by the County for dependents who have no known relatives who are willing to administer their estate or for County residents who have lost the ability to care for themselves and have no one else available to care for them.

Other Custodial Funds

Accounts for other assets held in a custodial capacity.



COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

						Total
				Other		Pension and
		SBCERS	Р	ostemployment	Othe	r Postemployment
		Pension		Benefits		Benefits
		Trust Fund		Trust Fund		Trust Funds
Assets						
Other cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	37,656	\$	4,385	\$	42,041
Collateral held for securities lent		15,668				15,668
Short-term investments		49,186				49,186
Total other cash and cash equivalents		102,510		4,385		106,895
Investments:						
Private equity		585,283				585,283
Domestic equity		838,168		42,830		880,998
Core fixed income		619,248		25,898		645,146
Developed markets non-US equity		461,402				461,402
Emerging market equity		293,851				293,851
Non-core fixed income		255,719				255,719
Private credit		177,424				177,424
Real assets/real return		639,963				639,963
Real estate		465,665				465,665
Total Investments		4,336,723		68,728		4,405,451
Prepaids and receivables						
Prepaid assets		3,911				3,911
Contributions		12,261		1,032		13,293
Accrued interest		3,168		80		3,248
Dividends		4,434				4,434
Security sales		41,901				41,901
Total prepaids and receivables		65,675		1,112		66,787
Total assets		4,504,908		74,225		4,579,133
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		554				554
Collateral held for securities lent		15,668				15,668
Benefits payable		17,394				17,394
Security purchases		42,076				42,076
Total liabilities		75,692				75,692
Net position						
Restricted for:						
Pensions		4,429,216				4,429,216
Postemployment benefits other than pensions		4,429,210		74,225		74,225
• •	\$	4,429,216	\$		\$	
Total net position	Ф	4,429,216	Ф	74,225	Ф	4,503,441

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	 SBCERS Pension Trust Fund		Other employment Benefits rust Fund	Total Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Funds		
Additions						
Contributions						
Employers	\$ 170,153	\$	16,626	\$	186,779	
Plan members	41,631		·		41,631	
Total contributions	211,784		16,626		228,410	
Investment earnings						
Net increase in the fair value of investments	311,650		8,555		320,205	
Interest	15,882		319		16,201	
Dividends	32,219				32,219	
Total investment earnings	 359,751		8,874		368,625	
Less investment expense	 (15,665)				(15,665)	
Net investment earnings	 344,086		8,874		352,960	
Securities lent income	1,042				1,042	
Securities lent expense						
Borrower rebates	(20)		-		(20)	
Management fees	 (237)				(237)	
Net securities income	 785				785	
Class action settlements	15				15	
Miscellaneous income	194		524		718	
Total miscellaneous income	 209		524		733	
Total additions	 556,864		26,024		582,888	
Deductions						
Beneficiary payments	050 747		0.000		050.040	
Member withdrawals	250,717		8,923		259,640	
Administrative expenses	2,339		 F16		2,339	
·	 6,682	-	516		7,198	
Total deductions	 259,738	-	9,439		269,177	
Net increase in fiduciary net position	297,126		16,585		313,711	
Net position - beginning	4,132,090		57,640		4,189,730	
Net position - ending	\$ 4,429,216	\$	74,225	\$	4,503,441	

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	pportioned Ilections	te and City Revenue Funds	Adn	Public ninistrator/ lic Guardian Funds	Cu	Other Istodial Funds	Total ustodial Funds
Assets							
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$ 24,703	\$ 10,528	\$	1,209	\$	339	\$ 36,779
Other receivables	 877	 60		7		1	945
Total assets	 25,580	10,588		1,216		340	37,724
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	102						102
Total liabilities	 102	 					 102
Net position							
Restricted for:							
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	 25,478	 10,588		1,216		340	 37,622
Total net position	\$ 25,478	\$ 10,588	\$	1,216	\$	340	\$ 37,622

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Unapportioned Collections	te and City Revenue Funds	Adm Publi	Public inistrator/ c Guardian Funds	Cı	Other ustodial Funds	 Total Custodial Funds
Additions							
Contributions to pooled investments	\$	\$ 	\$	260	\$	1,858	\$ 2,118
Property tax collections	4,163,145						4,163,145
Other taxes and fees collected for other governments		41,217					41,217
Net investment gains	2,608	363		47		7	 3,025
Total additions	4,165,753	41,580		307		1,865	 4,209,505
Deductions							
Beneficiary payments				33		1,870	1,903
Property tax distributions	4,171,593						4,171,593
Payments to other governments		34,235					34,235
Total deductions	4,171,593	34,235		33		1,870	4,207,731
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	(5,840)	7,345		274		(5)	1,774
Net position - beginning	31,318	 3,243		942		345	 35,848
Net position - ending	\$ 25,478	\$ 10,588	\$	1,216	\$	340	\$ 37,622

STATISTICAL SECTION



TABLE OF CONTENTS - STATISTICAL SECTION

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess the County's economic condition.

Financial Trends:
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.
Net Position by Category
Revenue Capacity:
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.
Assessed Value of Taxable Property and Actual Value of Property
Debt Capacity:
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Demographic and Economic Information:
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the socioeconomic environment within which the County's financial activities take place.
Demographics and Economic Statistics
Operating Information:
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.
County Employees by Function/Program

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.



	2014-15		2015-16		2016-17	2017-18	 2018-19		2019-20		2020-21	2021-22		2022-23 restated	2023-24
Governmental activities															
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 588,989	\$	612,548	\$	648,420	\$ 692,549	\$ 736,255	\$	755,491	\$	782,419	\$ 819,198	\$	877,297	\$ 828,960
Restricted for:															
Policy & executive					436	716	972		1,164		1,392	1,641		1,641	262
Public safety	28,640		38,927		49,093	54,810	62,243		66,293		77,606	77,573		95,203	99,507
Health & human services	37,477		35,910		36,411	36,848	48,951		37,386		61,204	88,134		89,888	97,897
Community resources & public facilities	152,739		149,668		154,523	154,848	163,959		187,676		191,632	208,806		211,822	223,408
General government & support services	4,960		5,242		5,804	5,447	6,164		4,833		8,304	7,723		8,835	6,363
General county programs	12,736		16,232		18,352	18,373	20,052		19,405		24,649	10,978		37,688	123,000
Unrestricted	(551,588)		(529,641)		(532,968)	(562,947)	(534,700)		(537,682)		(504,884)	(402,780)		(323,650)	(236,372)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 273,953	\$	328,886	\$	380,071	\$ 400,644	\$ 503,896	\$	534,566	\$	642,322	\$ 811,273	\$	998,724	\$ 1,143,025
		_		_						_			_		
Business-Type activities															
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 73,988	\$	78,188	\$	80,852	\$ 83,764	\$ 82,723	\$	88,655	\$	98,539	\$ 111,953	\$	125,396	\$ 145,420
Unrestricted	14,062		19,888		21,326	34,638	45,582		57,723		61,334	60,403		57,141	61,691
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 88,050	\$	98,076	\$	102,178	\$ 118,402	\$ 128,305	\$	146,378	\$	159,873	\$ 172,356	\$	182,537	\$ 207,111
								_							
Primary government															
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 662,977	\$	690,736	\$	729,272	\$ 776,313	\$ 818,978	\$	844,146	\$	880,958	\$ 931,151	\$ -	1,002,693	\$ 974,380
Restricted for:															
Policy & executive					436	716	972		1,164		1,392	1,641		1,641	262
Public safety	28,640		38,927		49,093	54,810	62,243		66,293		77,606	77,573		95,203	99,507
Health & human services	37,477		35,910		36,411	36,848	48,951		37,386		61,204	88,134		89,888	97,897
Community resources & public facilities	152,739		149,668		154,523	154,848	163,959		187,676		191,632	208,806		211,822	223,408
General government & support services	4,960		5,242		5,804	5,447	6,164		4,833		8,304	7,723		8,835	6,363
General county programs	12,736		16,232		18,352	18,373	20,052		19,405		24,649	10,978		37,688	123,000
Unrestricted	(537,526)		(509,753)		(511,642)	(528,309)	(489,118)		(479,959)		(443,550)	(342,377)		(266.509)	(174,681)
Total primary government net position	\$ 362,003	\$	426,962	\$	482,249	\$ 519,046	\$ 632,201	\$	680,944	\$	802,195	\$ 983,629	\$ 1	1,181,261	\$ 1,350,136

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23 as restated	2023-24
Expenses	2014-15	2015-10	2010-17	2017-10	2010-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	us restated	2023-24
Governmental activities:										
Policy & executive	\$ 10,721	\$ 13,056	\$ 14,315	\$ 18,938	\$ 17,878	\$ 19,074	\$ 19,661	\$ 13,207	\$ 17,900	\$ 15,331
Public safety	276,688	275,809 363,789	314,026	361,703	341,931	376,065 397,009	389,249 412,050	328,392	340,981 428,423	403,563 467,901
Health & human services	335,132	303,769	364,675	360,185	361,494	397,009	412,000	375,447	420,423	407,901
Community resources & public facilities	88,788	94,254	94,387	110,529	119,654	122,448	147,650	133,562	153,218	176,348
General government & support services	37,766	37,131	37,716	39,023	37,982	46,294	48,950	38,517	39,923	45,609
General county programs	2,462	2,807	2,206	2,514	963	1,819	9,583	46,135	65,655	60,257
Interest on long-term debt	2,651	2,275	2,152	2,024	1,895	1,772	1,619	2,173	2,490	3,157
Subtotal governmental activities expenses	754,208	789,121	829,477	894,916	881,797	964,481	1,028,762	937,433	1,048,590	1,172,166
Business-type activities:										
Resource Recovery	26,250	23,017	29,196	24,507	32,819	34,258	34,030	40,528	49,522	38,785
Laguna Sanitation	6,270	5,631	6,822	6,564	7,204	7,356	8,736	8,806	9,372	9,227
Subtotal business-type	00.500	20.040	00.040	04.074	40.000	44.044	10.700	40.004	50.004	10.010
activities expenses	32,520	28,648	36,018	31,071	40,023	41,614	42,766	49,334	58,894	48,012
Total expenses	\$ 786,728	\$ 817,769	\$ 865,495	\$ 925,987	\$ 921,820	\$ 1,006,095	\$ 1,071,528	\$ 986,767	\$ 1,107,484	\$ 1,220,178
Program revenues Governmental activities:										
Charges for services Health & human services	\$ 86,215	\$ 93,580	\$ 97,021	\$ 94,589	\$ 108,234	\$ 104,073	\$ 113,940	\$ 109,439	\$ 108,586	\$ 110,940
Public safety	44,118	φ 55,300 51,704	55,405	59,746	57,201	55,358	61,308	63,061	65,149	73,151
Other	54,258	54,348	57,559	61,750	66,119	94,762	67,919	71,895	85,616	83,569
Operating grants & contributions	346,620	349,865	364,316	386,829	416,369	380,748	490,869	498,469	547,079	587,848
Capital grants & contributions	44	85	3,201	200	58	81	523	144	297	152
Subtotal governmental activities	531,255	549,582	578,402	603,114	647,981	635,022	734,559	743,008	806,727	855,660
Business-type activities: Charges for services										
Resource Recovery	23,184	24,617	26,053	30,721	31,060	38,096	37,263	43,516	48,936	49,456
Laguna Sanitation	11,069	12,377	12,644	13,183	14,091	15,228	14,917	15,396	15,729	16,318
Operating grants & contributions	987	1,150	1,155	1,049	2,437	4,253	3,488	7,406	3,167	1,898
Subtotal business-type	35,240	38,144	39,852	44,953	47,588	57,577	55,668	66.240	67,832	67,672
activities Total program revenues	\$ 566,495	\$ 587,726	\$ 618,254	\$ 648,067	\$ 695,569	\$ 692,599	\$ 790,227	66,318 \$ 809,326	\$ 874,559	\$ 923,332
Net (expense) / revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (222,953)	\$ (239,539)	\$ (251,075)	\$ (291,802)	\$ (233,816)	\$ (329,459)	\$ (294,203)	\$ (194,425)	\$ (241,863)	\$ (316,506)
Business-type activities	2,720	9,496	3,834	13,882	7,565	15,963	12,902	16,984	8,938	19,660
Total net expense	\$ (220,233)	\$ (230,043)	\$ (247,241)	\$ (277,920)	\$ (226,251)	\$ (313,496)	\$ (281,301)	\$ (177,441)	\$ (232,925)	\$ (296,846)
General revenues and other changes in net position Governmental activities: Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 244,139	\$ 254,166	\$ 267,613	\$ 284,284	\$ 290,046	\$ 309,150	\$ 323,795	\$ 343,092	\$ 369,807	\$ 389,407
Motor vehicle in-lieu tax	150	147	167	198	182					
Sales taxes	15,306 8,550	16,332 9,072	18,172 10,068	18,118 8,364	18,995 10,320	19,068 10,182	21,104 12,535	25,664 16,984	25,803 17,202	25,713 17,746
Transient occupancy tax Cannabis tax	6,550	9,072	10,000	0,304	6,761	12,182	15,747	8,719	6,117	5,770
Unrestricted investment gain (loss)	1,661	854	335	753	4,356	3,484	(783)	(9,735)	3,177	14,954
Transfers		(15)		36	80	21	(77)			(129)
Other	8,474	9,494	5,905	5,778	5,834	6,042	7,645	6,652	7,128	7,346
Subtotal governmental activities	278,280	290,050	302,260	317,531	336,574	360,129	379,966	391,376	429,234	460,807
Business-type activities: Unrestricted investment gain (loss)	254	416	265	405	2,370	2,109	(185)	(3,933)	1,217	4,747
Transfers		15		(36)	(80)	(21)	` 77 [′]			129
Other	(38)	99	3		48	22	701	(568)	26	38
Subtotal business-type activities Total primary government	216 \$ 278,496	\$ 290,580	268 \$ 302,528	\$ 317,900	2,338 \$ 338,912	2,110 \$ 362,239	\$ 380,559	(4,501) \$ 386,875	1,243 \$ 430,477	4,914 \$ 465,721
Special Item Litigation settlement	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ (28,000)		\$
	<u> </u>	-	-	-	Ψ		-	¥ (20,000)	-	*
Changes in net position										
Governmental activities	\$ 55,327	\$ 50,511	\$ 51,185	\$ 25,729	\$ 102,758	\$ 30,670	\$ 85,763	\$ 168,951	\$ 187,371	\$ 144,301
Business-Type activities	2,936	10,026	4,102	14,251	9,903	18,073	13,495	12,483	10,181	24,574
Total primary government	\$ 58,263	\$ 60,537	\$ 55,287	\$ 39,980	\$ 112,661	\$ 48,743	\$ 99,258	\$ 181,434	\$ 197,552	\$ 168,875

	2014-15	4-15		2015-16 2016-17		2017-18		2018-19		2019-20		2020-21	20) 21-22 (2)		2022-23 restated	2023-24
General Fund																	
Nonspendable	\$ 11,042	\$	12,130	\$	13,619	\$	11,977	\$	11,407	\$ 2,318	\$	56	\$	56	\$	55	\$ 55
Restricted	22,946		27,527		31,529		38,002		44,054	55,068		62,161		79,433		105,197	105,751
Committed	61,887		67,703		60,161		69,305		102,087	131,484		181,517		169,714		168,567	198,936
Unassigned	3,242		7,684		7,761		10,591		18,654	13,029		19,839		13,518		35,296	23,176
Subtotal General Fund	99,117		115,044		113,070		129,875		176,202	201,899		263,573		262,721	_	309,115	327,918
All Other Governmental Funds (1)																	
Nonspendable	1,129		1,496		1,942		1,714					955		704		1,020	1,020
Restricted	162,156		163,656		175,173		175,660		193,207	206,072		248,532		287,268		289,148	390,196
Committed	18,642		19,236		30,864		29,378		20,960	27,212		28,585		30,046		28,564	29,175
Unassigned														(10,171)		(12,858)	(7,003)
Subtotal all other																	
governmental funds	 181,927	_	184,388		207,979		206,752		214,167	233,284	_	278,072		307,847		305,874	413,388
Total governmental fund balance	\$ 281,044	\$	299,432	\$	321,049	\$	336,627	\$	390,369	\$ 435,183	\$	541,645	\$	570,568	\$	614,989	\$ 741,306

⁽¹⁾ Substantial increases or decreases in fund balance components are explained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

⁽²⁾ Per GASB 100 restatement of FY2021-22 is deemed impracticable.

		2014-15		2015-16	2016-17		2017-18		2018-19	2	019-20		2020-21	2021-22 (3)		2022-23 as restated		2023-24
Revenues (by source)	_		_					_		_		_					_	
Taxes	\$	269,412	\$	281,279	\$ 295,06		\$ 309,983	\$	325,337	\$	349,820	\$. ,	\$ 393,78		\$ 418,252	\$	438,026
Licenses, permits, and franchises		13,660		14,282	14,22		16,758		17,281		17,296		19,764 9.468	21,01		21,825		23,514
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		9,581 4,902		9,160 4,809	9,14 3,33		11,281 4,324		8,883 12,047		12,965 10,233		1,643	12,66 (18,12		12,690 9,622		12,417 34,026
Use of money and property					3,3, 361,39						369,325				,	533,194		563,248
Intergovernmental		340,807 161,637		345,428 181,022	189,83		382,633 189,613		402,412 201,067		200,162		486,640 217,264	511,01 220,90		227,247		236,643
Charges for services Other		19,033		16,149	16.17		16,255		201,067		48,174		217,204	15,91		26,587		24,339
Total revenues		819,032		852,129	889,16		930,847	_	987,279		,007,975	_	1,129,919	1,157,16		1,249,417	_	1,332,213
Total revenues		019,032		032,129	009,10		930,047		901,219		,007,973	-	1,129,919	1,137,10		1,249,417		1,332,213
Expenditures (by function)																		
Policy & executive		15,563		16,484	16,58	35	21,242		21,707		21,046		23,531	22,04	0	26,682		25,213
Public safety		281,211		288,174	303,1	51	329,172		330,711		348,327		363,881	371,97	1	375,239		417,014
Health & human services		343,584		351,911	361,79	96	353,241		361,345		386,431		402,524	421,22	7	451,866		493,874
Community resources & public facilities		93,443		106,380	99,46	3	108,561		122,690		121,468		159,335	167,90	9	188,275		194,273
General government & support services		47,357		50,104	52,59	97	53,563		53,640		57,334		61,781	64,32	4	61,340		62,736
General county programs		3,190		2,679	2,16	37	1,590		334		2,942		9,378	46,35	7	73,083		68,260
Debt service																		
Principal		15,318		3,764	3,87	4	3,951		4,026		4,034		4,417	5,13	4	5,895		7,406
Interest		2,516		2,111	2,00)2	1,889		1,775		1,666		1,530	2,09	8	2,417		2,520
Capital outlay		8,353		6,229	24,98	33	39,756		35,416		16,110		15,309	14,71	6	20,409		41,892
Total expenditures		810,535		827,836	866,6	8	912,965		931,644		959,358		1,041,686	1,115,77	6	1,205,206		1,313,188
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																		
over (under) expenditures		8,497		24,293	22,54	15	17,882		55,635		48,617		88,233	41,39	3	44,211		19,025
Other financing sources (uses)																		
Transfers in		60,305		54,535	68,60	13	57,082		52,729		96,412		103,100	96,55	3	100,593		155,462
Transfers out		(61,278)		(55,935)	(69,6		(59,669)		(55,282)		(100,328)		(108,609)	(97,90		(104,169)		(160,158)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		347		205		12	283		166	,	113		1,745	12	,	289		139
Long-term debt issued		9,925		10											_			90,014
Leases issued														16,76	0	548		3,984
Subscription issued															_	3,017		7,286
Issuance premium on long-term debt															-			10,565
Total other financing sources (uses)		9,299		(1,185)	(9:	28)	(2,304)		(2,387)		(3,803)		(3,764)	15,53	0	278		107,292
Special Item																		
Litigation settlement														(28,00	0)			
Net change in fund balance	\$	17,796	\$	23,108	\$ 21,6	17 5	\$ 15,578	\$	53,248	\$	44,814	\$	84,469	\$ 28,92	3	\$ 44,489	\$	126,317
Debt service as a percentage										-								
of noncapital expenditures (1):		2.27%		0.74%	0.7	1%	0.68%		0.65%		0.62%		0.60%	0.65	%	0.74%		0.81%
- " ()		2014-15		2015-16	2016-17		2017-18	_	2018-19	2	019-20	_	2020-21	2021-22		2022-23		2023-24
Expenditures (2)	\$	64.460	•	60.010	¢ 74.0		£ 74.074	¢.	00 004	e	07 104	¢	117 215	£ 106.00	4	¢ 124 E60	•	124 656
General government	Ф	64,462	\$	68,216	\$ 74,0		\$ 74,874	\$	82,831	\$	87,194	\$		\$ 126,22		\$ 134,568	\$	134,656
Public protection		328,238		336,140	353,53		386,355		382,468		403,545		418,481	446,63		481,441		516,882
Public ways and facilities		25,750		30,620	23,72		29,672		37,417		36,655		44,182	42,64		46,284		66,782
Health and sanitation		171,631		173,590	180,6		180,185		186,688		205,917		216,911	217,60		237,091		254,191
Public assistance		159,753		165,569	166,1		158,593		161,040		167,035		173,713	178,96		199,174		215,310
Education		3,132		3,568	3,80		4,097		3,866		4,106		4,494	4,69		4,669		4,927
Recreational and cultural services		12,811		14,237	14,02		16,306		14,776		15,603		16,042	16,91		18,534		22,498
Debt service		17,834		5,875	5,87		5,840		5,801		5,700		5,947	7,23		8,312		9,926
Capital outlay	\$	26,924 810,535	•	30,021 827,836	\$ 866,6		\$7,043 \$ 912,965	¢.	56,757 931,644	•	33,603 959,358	¢.	44,601 1,041,686	74,87 \$ 1,115,77		75,133 \$ 1,205,206	φ.	88,016 1,313,188
Total expenditures	Ф	010,000	ð	021,030	φ 000,0	-	\$ 912,965	Ф	JJ 1,044	ð	308,30 6	ф	1,041,000	φ 1,110,//		φ 1,200,200	Ф	1,513,100

(1) In FY 16-17 the calculation for debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures was revised to include the appropriate amounts. This change impacted all years reported.

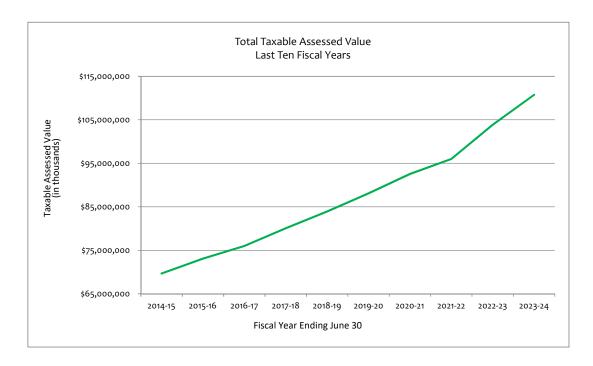
(2) By State Controller function.
(3) Per GASB 100 restatement of FY2021-22 is deemed impracticable.

Due to the 1978 passage of the property tax initiative Proposition 13 (Prop 13), the County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties. Under Prop 13, property is assessed at the 1978 market value with an annual increase limited to the lesser of 2% or the consumer price index (CPI) on properties not involved in a change of ownership or properties that did not undergo new construction. Newly acquired property is assessed at its new market value (usually the purchase price) and the value of any new construction is added to the existing base value of a parcel. As a result, similar properties can have substantially different assessed values based on the date of purchase. Additionally, Prop 13 limits the property tax rate to 1% of assessed value plus the rate necessary to fund local voter-approved bonds and special assessments.

Fiscal Year	(1) Secured	(2) Unsecured	(3) Unitary	(4) Exempt	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (%)
2014 - 2015	68,635,212	3,441,634	925,196	(3,353,701)	69,648,341	100.00%
2015 - 2016	71,941,255	3,619,135	1,004,561	(3,505,586)	73,059,365	100.00%
2016 - 2017	75,131,736	3,603,348	1,064,198	(3,807,072)	75,992,210	100.00%
2017 - 2018	79,372,934	3,798,374	1,001,291	(4,123,907)	80,048,692	100.00%
2018 - 2019	83,555,061	3,870,105	1,053,450	(4,560,120)	83,918,496	100.00%
2019 - 2020	87,781,519	3,739,695	1,094,610	(4,549,691)	88,066,133	100.00%
2020 - 2021	92,073,180	3,833,714	1,194,253	(4,577,525)	92,523,622	100.00%
2021 - 2022	95,948,582	3,856,295	1,180,717	(4,997,281)	95,988,313	100.00%
2022 - 2023	103,282,227	3,973,106	1,360,133	(4,752,419)	103,863,047	100.00%
2023 - 2024	109,849,187	4,458,408	1,436,604	(4,992,098)	110,752,101	100.00%

Notes:

- (1) Local assessed secured property is generally real property, defined as land, mines, minerals, timber, and improvements such as buildings, structures, crops, trees, and vines.
- (2) Unsecured property is generally personal property including machinery, equipment, office tools, and supplies.
- (3) Unitary properties are railroads and utilities crossing the County and are assessed by the State Board of Equalization. Most of the amount reported is unitary but includes a small amount of other state-assessed property.
- (4) Exempt properties include numerous full and partial exclusions/exemptions provided by the State Constitution and the legislature that relieve certain taxpayers from the burden of paying property taxes.



Source

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (UNAUDITED) (\$1 PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	County Direct Rates	Overlapp	oing Rates	
	Santa Barbara County			
Fiscal Year	General	Cities (1)	Schools (2)	Total
2014 - 2015	1.00000%	0.00012%	0.01473%	1.01485%
2015 - 2016	1.00000%	0.00011%	0.01979%	1.01990%
2016 - 2017	1.00000%	0.00010%	0.01875%	1.01885%
2017 - 2018	1.00000%	0.00010%	0.01816%	1.01826%
2018 - 2019	1.00000%	0.00014%	0.02339%	1.02353%
2019 - 2020	1.00000%	0.00000%	0.02208%	1.02208%
2020 - 2021	1.00000%	0.00000%	0.02139%	1.02139%
2021 - 2022	1.00000%	0.00000%	0.02201%	1.02201%
2022 - 2023	1.00000%	0.00000%	0.02214%	1.02214%
2023 - 2024	1.00000%	0.00000%	0.01791%	1.01791%

Notes:

- (1) Rates shown represent a weighted average of the eight incorporated cities within the County.
- (2) Rates shown represent a weighted average of the various school district tax rate areas within the County.

Source:

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS (UNAUDITED) June 30, 2024 AND June 30, 2015 (in thousands)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 44, the following tables present information for the County's principal property taxpayers as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2015

June 30, 2024:

Taxpayers	Type of Business		(1) Net Assessed cured Property Value	Percentage of Total Net Assessed Value	(2) Total Secured Tax Levy Fiscal Year 2023-24		Percentage of Total Secured Tax Levy Fiscal Year 2023-24	
Ruby SB Hotel LLC (Bacara)	Hotels	\$	513,136	0.46%	\$	5,604	0.53%	
Southern California Edison Company	Utilities		477,394	0.43%		6,581	0.62%	
Southern California Gas Company	Utilities		433,561	0.39%		5,982	0.57%	
1260 BB Property LLC (Biltmore)	Hotels		243,394	0.22%		2,990	0.28%	
Pacific Gas & Electric Company	Utilities		243,269	0.22%		3,355	0.32%	
Windset Farms California Inc	Agriculture		233,357	0.21%		2,553	0.24%	
Islay Investments	Real Estate Holdings		209,135	0.19%		2,431	0.23%	
Regency Tropicana LLC	Real Estate Holdings		180,129	0.16%		2,043	0.19%	
Fairway BB Property LLC	Real Estate Holdings		170,834	0.15%		1,768	0.17%	
Celite Corporation	Mining		170,616	0.15%		1,966	0.19%	
Ten largest taxpayers			2,874,825	2.60%		35,273	3.34%	
All other taxpayers			107,877,276	97.40%		1,020,371	96.66%	
Total		\$	110,752,101	100.00%	\$	1,055,644	100.00%	

June 30, 2015:

			(1)			(2)		
			Net Assessed	Percentage of	Total Secured Tax		Percentage of Total	
		Se	cured Property	Total Net	Lev	yy Fiscal Year	Secured Tax Levy	
Taxpayers	Type of Business		Value	Assessed Value	2014-15		Fiscal Year 2014-15	
Venoco Inc	Petroleum & Gas	\$	706,511	1.01%	\$	7,372	1.12%	
Exxon Corporation	Utilities		306,770	0.44%		3,150	0.48%	
Southern California Edison Company	Utilities		260,044	0.37%		3,116	0.47%	
Pacific Coast Energy Company LP	Utilities		244,388	0.35%		2,675	0.41%	
Southern California Gas Company	Utilities		200,706	0.29%		2,407	0.37%	
1260 BB Property LLC (Biltmore)	Hotels		190,000	0.27%		2,276	0.35%	
Fairway BB Property LLC	Real Estate Holdings		137,972	0.20%		1,422	0.22%	
Pacific Gas & Electric Company	Utilities		136,071	0.20%		1,631	0.25%	
Verizon California Inc	Utilities		124,460	0.18%		1,501	0.23%	
Greka Oil & Gas Inc	Petroleum & Gas		122,839	0.18%		1,326	0.20%	
Ten largest taxpayers			2,429,761	3.49%		26,876	4.08%	
All other taxpayers			67,218,580	96.51%		631,666	95.92%	
Total		\$	69,648,341	100.00%	\$	658,542	100.00%	

Notes:

- (1) Net Assessed Secured amounts include Secured & Unitary less exemptions.

 See "Assessed Value of Taxable Property and Actual Value of Property" schedule for total assessed value.
- (2) Includes 1%, bonds, fixed charges, late penalties and costs (Only Secured & Unitary Tax Levy amounts)

Source:

County of Santa Barbara Treasurer / Tax Collector

				Collections			
		(2)		in			
	(1)	Collections Within the	Fiscal Year of the	Subsequent	Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Amount	% of Levy	Years	Amount	% of Levy	
2014 - 2015	658,542	653,778	99.28%	4,745	658,523	100.00%	
2015 - 2016	690,326	684,131	99.10%	6,122	690,253	99.99%	
2016 - 2017	720,855	714,505	99.12%	6,172	720,677	99.98%	
2017 - 2018	759,352	751,947	99.02%	7,061	759,008	99.95%	
2018 - 2019	796,449	788,819	99.04%	7,152	795,971	99.94%	
2019 - 2020	837,914	827,552	98.76%	9,602	837,154	99.91%	
2020 - 2021	880,847	870,620	98.84%	9,335	879,955	99.90%	
2021 - 2022	918,049	909,652	99.09%	7,031	916,683	99.85%	
2022 - 2023	991,721	981,309	98.95%	7,263	988,572	99.68%	
2023 - 2024	1,055,644	1,043,210	98.82%		1,043,210	98.82%	

- (1) Secured and Unitary tax levy for the County itself, school districts, cities, and special districts under the supervision of their own governing boards.
- (2) Included are amounts collected by the County on behalf of itself, school districts, cities, and special districts under the supervision of their own governing boards.

Source:

		Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities					e Activities			
Fiscal Year	Certificates of Participation (1)	Leases (5)	SBITAs(6)	Other Long- Term Obligations (4)	Bonds and Notes Payable	Certificates of Participation (1)	Bonds and Notes Payable	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (2)	Per Capita (3)
2014 - 2015	29,550	2,686		2,740	23,580	6,061	7,462	72,079	0.32%	159
2015 - 2016	28,693	2,351		2,266	20,690	5,323	6,704	66,027	0.29%	143
2016 - 2017	27,798	1,983		1,069	17,745	4,554	5,930	59,079	0.24%	129
2017 - 2018	26,872	1,636		1,238	14,730	3,766	5,139	53,381	0.21%	118
2018 - 2019	25,908	1,315		598	11,655	167,038	4,335	210,849	0.79%	463
2019 - 2020	24,910	1,075		598	8,515	165,037	3,513	203,648	0.73%	451
2020 - 2021	23,490	932		8,724	5,928	191,451	2,674	233,199	0.79%	529
2021 - 2022	22,014	14,281		7,805	4,481	186,164	1,811	236,556	0.75%	536
2022 - 2023	20,478	24,880	3,551	7,771	3,633	180,401	930	241,644	0.71%	548
2023 2024	128,617	25,994	9,605	7,554	5,770	174,146	625	352,311	1.05%	794

- See the "Assessed Value of Taxable Property and Actual Value of Property" schedule for total taxable assessed value. Assessed value does not include tax expected to the property of the pro(1)
- (1) Beginning in fiscal year 2013-14, the Certificates of Participation totals in this schedule were updated to included unamortized premiums and discounts.
- See the "Demographics and Economic Statistics" schedule for personal income and population data. Note that this ratio is calculated using population for the latest calendar year for each corresponding fiscal year. (2)
- See the "Demographics and Economics Statistics" schedule for population figures. Note that this ratio is calculated using population for the latest calendar year for each corresponding fiscal year. (3)
- (4) Beginning in fiscal year 2018-19, this schedule was updated to include Long-Term Settlements. Prior year balances have been updated to reflect this change.
- GASB Statement No. 87 was implemented for leases in FY 2021-22. Prior years recognize capital leases pre-GASB Statement No. 87.
- (5) (6) GASB statement No. 96 was implemented for SBITAs in FY 2022-23. As a result, data for previous fiscal years is not available.

Source:

-		(1)	(2)	Total Net	(3) Legal Debt	Legal Debt Margin / Debt
Fiscal `	Year	Assessed Value	Legal Debt Limit	Applicable Debt	Margin	Limit
2014 -	2015	69,453,967	868,175		868,175	1
2015 -	2016	73,059,365	913,242		913,242	1
2016 -	2017	75,992,210	949,903		949,903	1
2017 -	2018	80,048,692	1,000,609		1,000,609	1
2018 -	2019	83,918,496	1,048,981		1,048,981	1
2019 -	2020	88,066,133	1,100,827		1,100,827	1
2020 -	2021	92,523,622	1,156,545		1,156,545	1
2021 -	2022	95,988,313	1,199,854		1,199,854	1
2022 -	2023	103,863,047	1,298,288		1,298,288	1
2023 -	2024	110,752,072	1,384,401		1,384,401	1

- (1) Assessed Value does not include tax exempt property. Property value data can be found in the "Assessed Value of Taxable Property and Actual Value of Property" schedule.
- (2) California Government Code Section 29909 read in conjunction with Revenue and Taxation Code Section 135 imposes a legal debt limitation for General Obligation Bond indebtedness to 1.25% of the total full cash valuation.
- (3) The legal debt margin is the County's available borrowing authority under state finance statutes and is calculated by subtracting the debt applicable to the legal debt limit from the legal debt limit.

Source:

2023-24 Assessed Valuation:

\$ 110,752,072

Percent

		rercent		
Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt:	A	pplicable (1)		Debt
Allan Hancock Joint Community College District	_	99.681%	\$	149,497
Santa Barbara Community College District		100.000%		49,095
Santa Maria Joint Union High School District		99.998%		166,001
Santa Ynez Valey Union High School District		100.000%		9,945
Carpenteria Unified School District		100.000%		87,565
Cuyama Joint Unified School District		70.002%		2,713
Lompoc Unified School District		100.000%		6,180
Santa Barbara Unified and High School District		100.000%		210,069
Santa Barbara Unified School District & Elementary School District		100.000%		90,779
Buellton Union School District		100.000%		10,920
Cold Spring School District		100.000%		2,770
College School District		100.000%		4,092
Goleta Union School District		100.000%		37,465
Guadalupe Union School District		100.000%		24,008
Hope Elementary School District		100.000%		52,216
Los Olivos School District		100.000%		3,100
Montecito Union School District		100.000%		1,070
Orcutt Union School District		100.000%		45,430
Santa Maria-Bonita Joint School District		99.997%		44,944
Solvang School District		100.000%		7,979
Lompoc Healthcare District	_	100.000%		59,600
City and Special District 1915 Act Bonds	6	52.175 – 100.		3,329
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt				1,068,767
Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt				
Santa Barbara County General Fund Obligations		100.000%		118,125
Santa Maria-Bonita School District Certificates of Participation		99.997%		44,783
Cuyama Joint Unified School District General Fund Obligations		70.002%		555
Santa Ynez Valley Union High School District General Fund Obligati	ons	100.000%		807
Cold Spring School District General Fund Obligations		100.000%		568
College School District General Fund Obligations		100.000%		1,248
City of Goleta General Fund Obligations		100.000%		9,314
City of Lompoc General Fund Obligations		100.000%		2,801
City of Santa Barbara General Fund Obligations		100.000%		24,430
Goleta West Sanitary District General Fund Obligations		100.000%		13,202
Total Gross Overlapping General Fund Obligation Debt				215,833
Less: Santa Barbara County utility supported obligations				(1,105)
Less: City of Santa Barbara revenue bonds supported by airport	revenues			(24,430)
Total Net Overlapping General Fund Obligation Debt				190,298
Total Net Overlapping Tax and Assessment and General Fund Oblig	gation Debt			1,259,065
Overlapping Tax Increment Debt:				23,895
•				
Direct General Fund Obligation Debt:				150 206
General Fund Obligation - Governmental Activities (3)				158,386
General Fund Obligation - Business-type Activities (4)				160,726
Total Direct General Fund Obligation Debt				319,112
Total Net Combined Overlapping and Direct Debt			\$	1,602,072
			Φ	1.627.607
Total Gross Combined Overlapping and Direct Debt			Φ	1,027,007
Ratios to 2022-23 Assessed Valuation: Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	0.97%			
Ratios to Adjusted Assessed Valuation:				
Total Gross Direct Debt	0.11%			
1 O LOI G1 O33 DII ECL DEDL				
Total Net Direct Debt	0.11%			

Notes:

- $\hbox{(1) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within the boundaries of the County. } \\$
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds, non-bonded capital lease obligations and state contractual obligations within the Department of Water Resources.
- (3) Includes Certificates of Participation and Bonds, Notes, Leases, and Subscriptions
- (4) 2008, 2018, and 2020 COPs for Business-type activities are legal obligations of the General Fund. Detailed information can be found at Note-10 Long-term Liabilities.

Source:

Resource Recovery and Waste Management Fund (Resource Recovery) Revenue Bond (1	Recovery and Waste Management Fund (Resource Recovery)	Revenue Bond (1)
---	--	------------------

					Debt 9	Service	,,		
Fiscal Year	perating evenue (3)	: Operating xpenses	Operating Sevenue	Р	rincipal	I	nterest	otal Debt Service	Coverage Ratio
2018 - 2019	\$ 31,060	\$ 29,319	\$ 1,741	\$	1,650	\$	3,720	\$ 5,370	0.3
2019 - 2020	38,096	27,346	10,750				7,253	7,253	1.5
2020 - 2021	37,263	27,767	9,496				7,253	7,253	1.3
2021 - 2022	43,516	34,437	9,079		2,455		7,212	9,667	0.9
2022 - 2023	48,936	43,515	5,421		2,885		7,122	10,007	0.5
2023 - 2024	55,660	39,338	16,322		3,330		7,013	10,343	1.6

Laguna County Sanitation District (Laguna Sanitation) Revenue Bond (2)

				Debt Service					
Fiscal Year	perating venue (3)	Operating penses	Operating evenue	Pr	incipal	In	terest	 otal Debt Service	Coverage Ratio
2020 - 2021	\$ 14,917	\$ 8,244	\$ 6,673	\$		\$	614	\$ 614	11
2021 - 2022	15,396	8,232	7,164		780		847	1,627	4
2022 - 2023	15,729	8,840	6,889		820		807	1,627	4
2023 - 2024	16,318	8,788	7,530		865		765	1,630	5

Notes:

- * Amounts presented above were determined as of 6/30. Additional years will be presented as they become available.
- (1) New in 2018-2019.
- (2) New in 2020-2021.
- Operating Revenue includes Charges for services, Sale of scrap and recyclables, and Other operating revenues.

Source:

(1) Year	(2) Population	(3),(4) Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	(5) School Enrollment	(6) Unemployment Rate
2015	437,643	21,700,000,000	49,584	68,581	4.7%
2016	446,717	22,300,000,000	49,920	69,069	4.9%
2017	450,663	24,200,000,000	53,699	69,062	4.3%
2018	453,457	25,000,000,000	55,132	69,752	3.9%
2019	454,593	26,646,853,000	58,617	69,379	3.5%
2020	451,840	27,992,849,000	61,953	69,006	11.6%
2021	441,172	29,502,767,000	66,874	67,470	5.9%
2022	445,164	30,190,183,000	67,818	67,137	2.8%
2023	440,557	33,037,087,000	74,989	66,758	3.8%
2024	443,623	33,607,554,000	75,757	66,864	4.2%

Detail of estimated population, as of January 1, 2024:

(2) Incorporated Cities

Buellton	4,970
Carpinteria	12,744
Goleta	32,515
Guadalupe	8,676
Lompoc	43,610
Santa Barbara	85,679
Santa Maria	110,608
Solvang	5,663
Total of Incorporated Cities	304,465
Total of Unincorporated Areas	139,158
Total Population	443,623

Notes:

- (1) Calendar year
- (2) Population as of January 1
- (3) Estimated amounts

Sources:

- (2) California Department of Finance
- (4) Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (5) California Department of Education
- (6) Employment Development Department Research Center

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA TOP TEN INDUSTRIES (UNAUDITED) June 30, 2024 AND June 30, 2015

	Jui	ne 30, 20	024	June 30, 2015				
Industry	Jobs (1)	Rank	Percent of Total County Employment	Jobs (1)	Rank	Percent of Total County Employment		
Government	37,200	1	16.14%	39,800	1	19.49%		
Farming	37,000	2	16.05%	23,600	5	11.56%		
Private Education and Health Services	32,000	3	13.88%	25,700	4	12.59%		
Leisure and Hospitality	29,000	4	12.58%	26,900	3	13.17%		
Professional and Business Services	27,800	5	12.06%	22,600	6	11.07%		
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	26,500	6	11.50%	27,200	2	13.32%		
Manufacturing	12,200	7	5.29%	13,000	7	6.37%		
Mining, Logging and Construction	10,600	8	4.60%	8,900	8	4.36%		
Financial Activities	7,000	9	3.04%	6,400	9	3.13%		
Information	4,300	10	1.87%	4,200	10	2.06%		
Top ten industries	223,600		97.01%	198,300		97.11%		
Total all other industries	6,900		2.99%	5,900		2.89%		
Total all industries	230,500		100.00%	204,200		100.00%		

Sources:

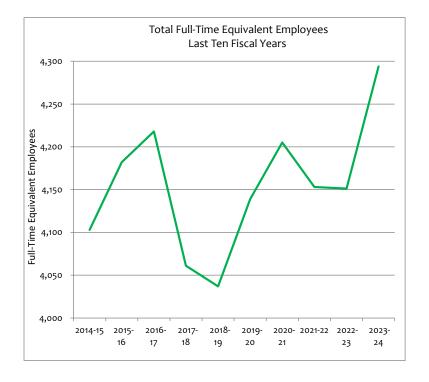
(1) Employment Development Department, State of California

Notes:

Employment data is presented by industry rather than by individual employers, as we were unable to obtain employer-specific figures.

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Paid employees (1)										
Policy & executive	99	105	103	106	109	109	118	111	111	107
Public safety	1,498	1,521	1,540	1,540	1,550	1,594	1,606	1,619	1,634	1,671
Health & public assistance	1,926	1,973	1,961	1,806	1,751	1,780	1,806	1,740	1,731	1,780
Community resources										
& public facilities	419	424	443	442	453	464	469	459	468	484
General government										
& support services	350	359	361	348	341	351	359	363	362	380
General county programs	3	6	6	5	5	7	7	9	6	4
Resource Recovery	81	77	80	77	78	82	81	80	77	82
Laguna Sanitation	16	15	16	17	18	18	18	19	18	18
Total County employees	4,392	4,480	4,510	4,341	4,305	4,405	4,464	4,400	4,407	4,526
Actual full-time equivalent employees (2)										
Policy & executive	91	94	93	93	97	97	105	101	104	102
Public safety	1,415	1,433	1,448	1,452	1,463	1,509	1,533	1,538	1,532	1,583
Health & public assistance	1,796	1,841	1,842	1,697	1,652	1,681	1,707	1,654	1,652	1,712
Community resources										
& public facilities	382	389	402	402	413	426	432	427	428	438
General government										
& support services	326	335	339	325	320	330	333	338	343	363
General county programs	1	1	1	1						
Resource Recovery	77	74	77	74	75	78	77	77	75	78
Laguna Sanitation	15	15	16	17	17	18	18	18	17	18
Total County employees	4,103	4,182	4,218	4,061	4,037	4,139	4,205	4,153	4,151	4,294

- (1) Paid employees: Count of employees paid, including terminated employees. Employees with more than one job will be counted once for each job for which the employee was paid.
- (2) Actual full-time equivalent employees: Count of number of full-time equivalents paid. For full-time and part-time, the full-time equivalent (FTE) used is from the employee's assigned work schedule. For extra help and contractors, the FTE is calculated as the number of hours worked this pay period divided by 80.



Source:

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Function/Program										
Public safety										
Other:										
Filed felonies-District Attorney	2,499	2,898	2,835	2,659	2,801	2,582	2,181	2,407	2,463	2,671
Filed misdemeanors-District Attorney	11,347	12,355	12,404	11,124	10,065	8,935	6,534	6,886	5,678	7,074
Public Defender's total new caseload (1)	23,391	24,024	23,414	24,014	12,316	12,247	7,872	16,167	12,439	13,531
Fire emergency responses	13,927	14,307	15,123	15,763	15,634	14,723	14,618	16,239	17,330	17,231
Sheriff:										
Total miles patrolled	1,413,902	1,439,005	1,413,060	1,454,032	1,441,414	1,406,295	1,362,890	1,276,095	1,241,442	1,241,630
Processed and booked adult offenders	17,117	17,744	15,623	14,130	13,710	11,108	8,326	10,001	10,317	11,268
Probation:										
Juvenile referrals processed	3,313	3,371	3,150	2,964	2,656	1,987	722	985	980	1,151
Adult and Juvenile cases supervised	8,196	8,114	8,112	7,358	6,088	7,318	4,801	4,247	3,943	4,791
Institutional care for minors	34,894	37,372	34,214	26,695	22,147	16,344	6,920	7,397	8,669	8,222
Submit written reports to courts on Adults	6,838	6,856	7,337	6,763	5,238	3,911	2,538	6,234	8,932	9,128
Health & public assistance										
Behavioral Wellness clients served	13,936	14,653	15,344	13,004	14,711	14,052	10,652	11,774	11,804	11,209
Established orders for child support	11,544	11,452	11,317	11,270	11,227	10,964	10,458	10,159	9,852	8,970
Assistance claims paid to eligible recipients	99,513	99,597	97,127	91,623	88,672	85,710	79,809	80,211	86,181	80,491
Patient encounters at Public Health clinics	111,000	107,000	115,000	111,000	118,500	113,500	121,000	112,500	101,459	103,086
Community resources & public facilities										
Building inspections	22,431	22,583	21,804	24,230	26,930	24,952	24,943	24,877	23,649	23,631
Enhanced or maintained road lanes (miles)	73	24	23	21	44	64	46	53	56	59
General government & support services Clerk-Recorder-Assessor										
Recorded documents & vital copies issued	102,694	110,846	110,089	95,912	90,740	104,052	140,571	120,479	78,426	74,142
Resource Recovery										
Waste recycled (tons per month)	6,792	5,084	5,241	5,825	7,645	7,882	8,253	7,598	6,117	11,774
Landfill waste disposal (tons per month)	15,163	16,690	17,172	19,050	19,215	17,744	16,245	15,946	16,024	14,442

Sources:

Various Department Personnel, County of Santa Barbara

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in FY 18-19 Public Defender does not include cases previously appointed that were reappointed during the fiscal year. The Public Defender's caseload amount for FY 21-22 was adjusted due to a departmental system error.

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Function/Program										
Policy & executive										
Buildings										
Public safety										
Court buildings	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Other buildings	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Fire stations	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Fire trucks	42	41	41	43	43	45	45	45	45	46
Ambulances	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Sheriff sub stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	9	9
Patrol units	52	52	60	60	59	63	61	67	69	69
Aircrafts	6	6	6	6	7	6	7	7	7	6
Jail and detention facilities	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7
Administration buildings	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10
Health & public assistance										
Clinics	7	9	9	9	11	12	12	12	12	12
Administration buildings	5	5	5	5	3	3	3	3	3	4
Community resources & public facilities										
Public parks & open space acreage	2,122	2,122	2,122	2,122	2,122	2,122	2,160	2,160	2,160	2,160
Day use & camping parks	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
Open space areas (County developed)	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Outdoor events center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Veterans buildings	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Seawalls	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Road lane miles	1,671	1,671	1,651	1,650	1,650	1,650	1,650	1,657	1,658	1,658
Bridges	115	115	115	118	120	120	120	122	123	123
Traffic signals	44	44	44	43	43	43	43	43	43	43
Roads heavy equipment	43	43	43	48	48	49	49	48	49	50
Sanitary sewers (miles of collection)	129	129	129	129	129	129	129	129	129	131
Treatment capacity (million gallons per day)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Resource Recovery heavy equipment	57	58	59	71	72	77	84	90	98	89
General government & support services										
Buildings	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

Buildings include those that are capitalized but exclude real property that is leased.

Sources

Various Department Personnel, County of Santa Barbara





ACCOUNTS PAYABLE - A short-term liability account reflecting amounts owed to private persons or organizations for goods and services received by a government.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - An asset account reflecting amounts due from private persons or organizations for goods and services furnished by a government (but not including amounts due from other funds or other governments).

ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - The recording of the financial effects of a government's transactions and other events and circumstances that have cash consequences for the government in the periods in which those transactions, events, and circumstances occur, rather than only in the periods in which cash is received or paid by the government.

ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION - A contra-asset account used to report the accumulation of periodic credits to reflect the expiration of the estimated service life of capital assets.

ACTIVE EMPLOYEES - Individuals employed at the end of the reporting or measurement period, as applicable.

ACTUARIAL PRESENT VALUE OF PROJECTED BENEFIT PAYMENTS - Projected benefit payments discounted to reflect the expected effects of the time value (present value) of money and the probabilities of payment.

ACTUARIAL VALUATION - The determination, as of a point in time (the actuarial valuation date), of the service cost, total pension liability or total OPEB liability, and related actuarial present value of projected benefit payments for pensions or OPEB performed in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice unless otherwise specified by the GASB.

ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATE - The date as of which an actuarial valuation is performed.

ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION - A target or recommended contribution to either a defined benefit pension plan or a defined benefit OPEB plan for the reporting period, determined in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice based on the most recent measurement available when the contribution for the reporting period was adopted.

ADDITIONS - Term used to describe increases in the net position of fiduciary funds.

AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PLAN - A multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is administered through a trust that meets the criteria of GASB Statement No. 75 and in which OPEB plan assets are pooled for investment purposes but separate accounts are maintained for each individual employer so that each employer's share of the pooled assets is legally available to pay the benefits of only its employees.

AMORTIZATION - The portion of the cost of a limited-life or intangible asset charged as an expense during a particular period. The reduction of debt by regular payments of principal and interest sufficient to retire the debt by maturity.

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT (ACFR) - An ACFR is a financial report that encompasses all funds and component units of the government. It contains (a) the basic financial statements and required supplementary information, (b) combining statements to support columns in the basic financial statements that aggregate information from more than one fund or component unit, and (c) individual fund statements as needed. It is the governmental unit's official annual report and it also contains introductory information, schedules necessary to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions, and statistical data.

APPROPRIATION - A legal authorization granted by a legislative body to make expenditures and to incur obligations for specific purposes. An appropriation usually is limited in amount and time it may be expended.

ASSESSED VALUATION - A valuation set upon real estate or other property by a government as a basis for levying taxes.

ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE - Amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making authority, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose. This is also the classification for residual funds in the County's special revenue funds.

AUDITOR'S REPORT - In the context of a financial audit, a statement by the auditor describing the scope of the audit and the auditing standards applied in the examination, and setting forth the auditor's opinion on the fairness of presentation of the financial information in conformity with GAAP or some other comprehensive basis of accounting.

BALANCE SHEET - The financial statement disclosing the assets, liabilities, and equity of an entity at a specified date in conformity with GAAP.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (BFS) - The minimum combination of financial statements and note disclosures required for fair presentation in conformity with GAAP. Basic financial statements have three components: governmentwide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - A term used to refer to *when* revenues, expenditures, expenses, and transfers, and the related assets and liabilities, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Specifically, it relates to the *timing* of the measurements made, regardless of the nature of the measurement, on either the cash or the accrual method.

BENEFICIAL INTEREST - The right to a portion of the benefits from donated resources pursuant to a split-interest agreement in which the donor enters into a trust or other legally enforceable agreement with characteristics that are equivalent to a split-interest agreement and transfers the resources to an intermediary.

BUDGET - A plan of financial operation embodying an estimate of proposed expenditures for a given period and the proposed means of financing them. Used without any modifier, the term usually indicates a financial plan for a single fiscal year. The term "budget" is used in two senses in practice. Sometimes it designates the financial plan presented to the appropriating governing body for adoption, and sometimes, the plan finally approved by that body.

BUDGETARY CONTROL - The control or management of a government or enterprise in accordance with an approved budget to keep expenditures within the limitations of available appropriations and available revenues.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - One of two classes of activities reported in the governmentwide financial statements. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. These activities are usually reported in enterprise funds.

CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES - Term used in connection with cash flows reporting. Capital and related financing activities include (1) acquiring and disposing of capital assets used in providing services or producing goods, (2) borrowing money for acquiring, constructing, or improving capital assets and repaying the amounts borrowed, including interest, and (3) paying for capital assets obtained from vendors on credit

CAPITAL ASSETS - Land, improvements to land, easements, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

CAPITAL OUTLAY - Expenditures resulting in the acquisition of or addition to the government's general capital assets.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - A fund created to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

CAPITALIZATION POLICY - The criteria used by a government to determine which outlays should be reported as capital assets.

CASH BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - A basis of accounting under which transactions are recognized only when cash is received or disbursed.

CASH EQUIVALENT – Short-term, highly liquid investments that are both (1) readily convertible to known amounts of cash and (2) so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value due to changes in interest rates.

CEDED PREMIUMS/CLAIMS COSTS - Premiums paid to a public-entity risk pool and claims costs that are transferred to another enterprise in connection with a reinsurance arrangement.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING PROGRAM - A voluntary program administered by the GFOA to encourage governments to publish efficiently organized and easily readable ACFRs/Component Unit Financial Reports (CUFRs) and to provide technical assistance and peer recognition to the finance officers preparing them.

CHANGE IN THE FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS - The difference between the fair value of investments at the beginning of the year and at the end of the year, taking into consideration investment purchases, sales, and redemptions.

CLOSED AMORTIZATION PERIOD - Term used in connection with the unfunded actuarial accrued liability associated with defined benefit pension and other postemployment benefit plans. A specific number of years that is counted from one date and, therefore, declines to zero with the passage of time. For example, if the amortization period is initially 30 years on a closed basis, 29 years remain after the first year, 28 years after the second year, and so forth.

COLLECTIVE DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS AND OPEB - Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions or OPEB arising from certain changes in the collective net pension liability or the collective net OPEB liability.

COLLECTIVE NET PENSION OR OPEB LIABILITY - The net pension or OPEB liability for benefits provided through (1) a cost-sharing pension or OPEB plan or (2) a single-employer or agent pension or OPEB plan in circumstances in which there is a special funding situation.

COLLECTIVE PENSION OR OPEB EXPENSE – Pension or OPEB expense arising from certain changes in the collective net pension or OPEB liability.

COLLECTIVE TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - The total pension liability for benefits provided through (a) a pension or plan that is used to provide pensions to the employees of a primary government and its component units or (b) a pension plan in circumstances in which there is a special funding situation.

COMMITTED FUND BALANCE - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Supervisors) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES - Absences, such as vacation, illness, and holidays, for which it is expected employees will be paid. The term does not encompass severance or termination pay, postretirement benefits, deferred compensation, or other long-term fringe benefits, such as group insurance and long-term disability pay.

COMPONENT UNIT – Legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable.

CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATION - A debt instrument issued in the name of a state or local government (the issuer) that is for the benefit of a third party that is primarily liable for the repayment of the debt instrument (the third-party obligor). A conduit debt obligation has all of the following characteristics: (a) There are at least three parties involved: (1) an issuer, (2) a third-party obligor, and (3) a debt holder or a debt trustee. There may be more than one third-party obligor, debt holder, or debt trustee; (b) the issuer and the third-party obligor are not within the same financial reporting entity; (c) the debt obligation is not a parity bond of the issuer, nor is it cross-collateralized with other debt of the issuer; (d) the third-party obligor or its agent, not the issuer, ultimately receives the proceeds from the debt issuance; and (e) the third-party obligor, not the issuer, is primarily obligated for the payment of all amounts associated with the debt obligation (debt service payments).

CONTINGENT LIABILITY - Items that may become liabilities as a result of conditions undetermined at a given date, such as guarantees, pending lawsuits, judgments under appeal, unsettled disputed claims, unfilled purchase orders, and uncompleted contracts. Contingent liabilities should be disclosed within the financial statements (including the notes) when there is a reasonable possibility a loss may have been incurred. Guarantees, however, should be disclosed even though the possibility of loss may be remote.

CONTRIBUTIONS - Additions to a pension or OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for amounts from employers, nonemployer contributing entities (for example, state government contributions to a local government pension plan), or employees. Contributions can result from cash receipts by the pension or OPEB plan or from recognition by the pension or OPEB plan of a receivable from one of these sources.

COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENTS - Postemployment benefit changes intended to adjust benefit payments for the effects of inflation.

COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (COST-SHARING PENSION PLAN) - A multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan in which the pension obligations to the employees of more than one employer are pooled and pension plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pensions through the pension plan.

COVERED PAYROLL - Term used in connection with defined benefit pension and other postemployment benefit plans to describe all elements of annual compensation paid to active employees on which contributions to a plan are based.

COUNTYWIDE – Encompasses, applies to or affects the entire county (including incorporated cities) either in policy, service or an event.

CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES MEASUREMENT FOCUS - Measurement focus according to which the aim of a set of financial statements is to report the near-term (current) inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable (spendable) financial resources. The current financial resources measurement focus is unique to accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments and is used solely for reporting the financial position and results of operations of governmental funds.

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK - Risk that a government will not be able (1) to recover deposits if the depository financial institution fails or (2) to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty to the investment or deposit transaction fails.

CUSTODIAL FUND - A fund established to account for all fiduciary activities that are not governed by a trust agreement or equivalent agreement.

DEBT - An obligation resulting from the borrowing of money or from the purchase of goods and services. Debts of governments include bonds, time warrants, and notes.

DEBT SERVICE FUND - A fund established to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

DEDUCTIONS - Term used to describe decreases in the net position of fiduciary funds.

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES – An acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES – A consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

DEFICIT - (1) The excess of the liabilities of a fund over its assets. (2) The excess of expenditures over revenues during an accounting period or, in the case of proprietary funds, the excess of expenses over revenues during an accounting period.

DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB - OPEB for which the benefits that the employee will receive at or after separation from employment are defined by the benefit terms. The OPEB may be stated as (a) a specified dollar amount; (b) an amount that is calculated based on one or more factors such as age, years of service, and compensation; or (c) a type or level of coverage such as prescription drug coverage or a percentage of health insurance premiums.

DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN – OPEB plans that are used to provide defined benefit OPEB.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DEFINED}}$ $\ensuremath{\mathsf{BENEFIT}}$ $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PENSION}}$ $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLAN}}$ - Pension plans that are used to provide defined benefit pensions.

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSIONS - Pensions for which the income or other benefits that the employee will receive at or after separation from employment are defined by the benefit terms. The pensions may be stated as a specified dollar amount or as an amount that is calculated based on one or more factors such as age, years of service, and compensation.

DEPRECIATION - (1) Expiration in the service life of capital assets, other than wasting assets, attributable to wear and tear, deterioration, action of the physical elements, inadequacy, and obsolescence. (2) The portion of the cost of a capital asset, other than a wasting asset, charged as an expense during a particular period. In accounting for depreciation, the cost of a capital asset, less any salvage value, is prorated over the estimated service life of such an asset, and each period is charged with a portion of such cost. Through this process, the entire cost of the asset is ultimately charged off as an expense.

DISCOUNT RATE - A yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale).

DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS - An asset account reflecting amounts owed to a particular fund by another fund for goods sold or services rendered. This account includes only short-term obligations on open account, not interfund loans.

DUE TO OTHER FUNDS - A liability account reflecting amounts owed by a particular fund to another fund for goods sold or services rendered. This account includes only short-term obligations on open account, not interfund loans.

ECONOMIC RESOURCES MEASUREMENT FOCUS - Measurement focus under which the aim of a set of financial statements is to report all inflows, outflows, and balances affecting or reflecting an entity's net position. The economic resources measurement focus is used for proprietary and fiduciary funds, as well as for governmentwide financial reporting. It is also used by business enterprises in the private sector.

EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS - Contributions made in relation to the annual required contributions of the employer (ARC). An employer has made a contribution in relation to the ARC if the employer has (a) made payments of benefits directly to or on behalf of a retiree or beneficiary, (b) made premium payments to an insurer, or (c) irrevocably transferred assets to a trust, or equivalent arrangement, in which plan assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retirees and their beneficiaries in accordance with the terms of the plan and are legally protected from creditors of the employer(s) or plan administrator.

ENABLING LEGISLATION - Legislation that authorizes a government to levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payments of resources from outside parties, subject to a legally enforceable requirement that the resources thus obtained be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

ENCUMBRANCES - Commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services. Used in budgeting, encumbrances are not GAAP expenditures or liabilities, but represent the estimated amount of expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts in process are completed.

ENTERPRISE FUND - Proprietary fund type used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services.

ENTRY AGE ACTUARIAL COST METHOD - A method under which the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in an actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the earnings or service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age(s). The portion of this actuarial present value allocated to a valuation year is called the *normal cost*. The portion of this actuarial present value not provided for at a valuation date by the actuarial present value of future normal costs is called the *actuarial accrued liability*.

EXCHANGE-LIKE TRANSACTION - Transaction in which there is an identifiable exchange between the reporting government and another party, but the values exchanged may not be quite equal or the direct benefits of the exchange may not be exclusively for the parties to the exchange.

EXPENDITURES - Decreases in net financial resources. Expenditures include current operating expenses requiring the present or future use of net current assets, debt service, and capital outlays, and intergovernmental grants, entitlement, and shared revenues.

EXPENDITURE-DRIVEN GRANTS - Government-mandated or voluntary non-exchange transactions in which expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Also referred to as reimbursement grants.

EXPENSES - Outflows or other using up of assets or incurrence of liabilities (or a combination of both) from delivering or producing goods, rendering services, or carrying out other activities that constitute the entity's ongoing major or central operations.

EXTERNAL AUDITORS - Independent auditors typically engaged to conduct an audit of a government's financial statements.

EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL - An arrangement that commingles (pools) the moneys of more than one legally separate entity and invests, on the participants' behalf, in an investment portfolio; one or more of the participants is not part of the sponsor's reporting entity. An external investment pool can be sponsored by an individual government, jointly by more than one government, or by a nongovernmental entity. An investment pool that is sponsored by an individual state or local government is an external investment pool if it includes participation by a legally separate entity that is not part of the same reporting entity as the sponsoring government. If a government-sponsored pool includes only the primary government and its component units, it is an internal investment pool and not an external investment pool.

FAIR VALUE - The amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - A category of funds used to report assets held in a trust agreement or equivalent arrangement that has certain characteristics or in a custodial capacity for the benefit of others and which therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The fiduciary fund category includes pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES - Resources that are or will become available for spending. Financial resources include cash and resources ordinarily expected to be converted to cash (e.g., receivables or investments). Financial resources may also include inventories and prepaids (because they obviate the need to expend current available resources).

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} FISCAL AGENT - A fiduciary agent, usually a bank or county treasurer, who performs the function of paying debt principal and interest when due. \\ \end{tabular}$

FUND - A fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts in which cash and other financial resources, all related liabilities and residual equities, or balances, and changes therein, are recorded and segregated to carry on specific activities or attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

FUND BALANCE - The difference between fund assets and fund liabilities of governmental and similar trust funds.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Basic financial statements presented on the basis of funds. Term used in contrast with governmentwide financial statements.

FUND TYPE - One of eleven groupings, subordinate to the three fund categories, into which all individual funds can be further categorized. Governmental fund types include the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds. Proprietary fund types include enterprise funds and internal service funds. Fiduciary fund types include pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds.

FUNDING POLICY - The program for the amounts and timing of contributions to be made by plan members, employer(s), and other contributing entities (for example, state government contributions to a local government plan) to provide the benefits specified by an OPEB plan.

GENERAL FUND - The general fund is one of five governmental fund types and typically serves as the chief operating fund of the government. The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

GENERAL REVENUES - All revenues that are not required to be reported as program revenues. All taxes, even those that are levied for a specific purpose, are general revenues and should be reported by type of tax (e.g., property tax, sales tax, and transient occupancy tax). All other nontax revenues (including interest, grants, and contributions) that do not meet the criteria to be reported as program revenues should also be reported as general revenues.

GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP) - The conventions, rules, and procedures that serve as the norm for the fair presentation of financial statements. The various sources of GAAP for state and local governments are set forth by Statement of Accounting Standards (SAS) No. 69, The Meaning of "Present Fairly in Conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" in the Independent Auditor's Report.

GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION (GFOA) - An association of public finance professionals founded in 1906 as the Municipal Finance Officers Association. The GFOA has played a major role in the development and promotion of GAAP for state and local governments since its inception and has sponsored the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program since 1946.

GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING - The composite activity of analyzing, recording, summarizing, reporting, and interpreting the financial transactions of governments.

GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (GASB) - The ultimate authoritative accounting and financial reporting standard-setting body for state and local governments. The GASB was established in June 1984 to replace the National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA).

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - Activities generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. These activities are usually reported in governmental funds and internal service funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Funds generally used to account for taxsupported activities. The five different types of governmental funds are as follows: the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds.

GOVERNMENTWIDE – Affecting or involving all areas and departments of the County of Santa Barbara government.

GOVERNMENTWIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Financial statements that incorporate all of a government's governmental and business-type activities, as well as its non-fiduciary component units. There are two basic governmentwide financial statements: the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Both basic governmental financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

HEALTHCARE COST TREND RATES - The rates of change in per capita health claims costs over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design, and technological developments.

IMPAIRMENT - Significant, unexpected decline in the service utility of a capital asset that will remain in use.

IMPROVEMENT - An addition made to, or change made in, a capital asset, other than maintenance, to prolong its life or to increase its efficiency or capacity. The cost of the addition or change is added to the book value of the asset.

INACTIVE EMPLOYEES - Terminated individuals that have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them, and retirees or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

INDIRECT EXPENSES - Expenses that cannot be specifically associated with a given service, program, or department and thus, cannot be clearly associated with a particular functional category.

INFRASTRUCTURE - Long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Examples of infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, tunnels, drainage systems, water and sewer systems, dams, and lighting systems.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS - Assets with an initial useful life that extends beyond a single reporting period that lack physical substance and that are neither financial in nature (neither a monetary asset nor a claim to a monetary asset) nor primarily held for the purpose of directly obtaining income or profit.

INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE - Short-term loans made by one fund to another, or the current portion of an advance to or from another fund.

INTERFUND TRANSFERS - Flow of assets (such as cash or goods) between funds and blended component units of the primary government without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for payment.

INTERMEDIARY - The trustee, fiscal agent, government, or any other legal or natural person that is holding and administering donated resources pursuant to a split-interest agreement. An intermediary is not required to be a third party.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND - A fund used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of a government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

INVESTMENTS WITH FISCAL AGENT - An asset account reflecting deposits with fiscal agents, such as commercial banks, for the payment of bond principal and interest.

IRREVOCABLE SPLIT-INTEREST AGREEMENT - A split-interest agreement in which the donor has not reserved, or conferred to another person, the right to terminate the agreement at will and have the assets returned to the donor or a third party.

JOINT VENTURE - A legal entity or other contractual arrangement in which a government participates as a separate and specific activity for the benefit of the public or service recipients and in which the government retains an ongoing financial interest.

LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS - Costs incurred to provide for the protection of the environment that occur near or after the date that a municipal solid-waste landfill stops accepting solid waste and throughout the postclosure period. Closure and postclosure care costs include the cost of equipment and facilities (leachate collection systems and final cover) as well as the cost of services (postclosure maintenance and monitoring costs)

LAPSE - As applied to appropriations, the automatic termination of an appropriation. Except for indeterminate appropriations and continuing appropriations, an appropriation is made for a certain period of time. At the end of this period, any unexpended or unencumbered balance thereof lapses, unless otherwise provided by law.

LEAD INTEREST - A type of beneficial interest that confers the right to receive all or a portion of the benefits of resources during the term of a split-interest agreement.

LEASE - A contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - The level at which spending in excess of budgeted amounts would be a violation of law.

LESSEE - The party to a lease contract who acquires the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset(s) (i.e., tenant).

LESSOR - The party to a lease contract who conveys the right to use its nonfinancial asset(s) to another entity (i.e., landlord).

LEVEL PERCENTAGE OF PROJECTED PAYROLL AMORTIZATION METHOD - Amortization payments are calculated so that they are a constant percentage of the projected payroll of active plan members over a given number of years. The dollar amount of the payments generally will increase over time as payroll increases due to inflation; in dollars adjusted for inflation, the payments can be expected to remain level.

LIABILITIES - Probable future sacrifices of economic benefits, arising from present obligations of a particular entity to transfer assets or provide services to other entities in the future as a result of past transactions or events.

LIFE-CONTINGENT TERM - A term specifying that the termination of a split-interest agreement is contingent upon the occurrence of a specified event, commonly the death of either the donor or other lead interest beneficiary.

LOANS RECEIVABLE - An asset account reflecting amounts loaned to individuals or organizations external to a government, including notes taken as security for such loans. Loans to other funds and governments should be recorded and reported separately.

MAJOR FUND - A governmental fund or enterprise fund reported as a separate column in the basic fund financial statements. The general fund is always a major fund. Otherwise, major funds are funds whose revenues/expenditures, assets, or liabilities are at least 10 percent of corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least 5 percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds for the same item. Any other governmental or enterprise fund may be reported as a major fund if the government's officials believe that fund is particularly important to financial statement users.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) - A component of required supplementary information used to introduce the basic financial statements and to provide an analytical overview of the government's financial activities.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS - A way of presenting an entity's financial performance and position by considering which resources are measured (financial or economic) and when the effects of transactions or events involving those resources are recognized (the basis of accounting). The measurement focus of governmentwide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements, and fiduciary fund financial statements is economic resources. The measurement focus of governmental fund financial statements is current financial resources.

MEASUREMENT PERIOD - The period between the prior and the current measurement dates.

MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - The accrual basis of accounting adapted to the governmental fund-type measurement focus. Under it, revenues and other financial resource increments (e.g., bond issue proceeds) are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual, that is when they become both "measurable" and "available to finance expenditures of the current period." "Available" means collectible in the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Generally, expenditures are recognized when the fund liability is incurred. All governmental funds, expendable trust funds, and custodial funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - A defined benefit pension plan that is used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer.

NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS - One of three components of net position that must be reported in both governmentwide and proprietary fund financial statements. Related debt, for this purpose, includes the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets of the government.

NET OPEB LIABILITY - The liability of employers and nonemployer contributing entities to employees for benefits provided through a defined benefit OPEB plan that is administered through a trust that meets the criteria of GASB Statement No. 75.

NET PENSION LIABILITY - The liability of employers and nonemployer contributing entities to employees for benefits provided through a defined benefit pension plan.

NET POSITION – The residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position.

NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES - Term used in connection with cash flows reporting. Noncapital financing activities include (1) borrowing money for purposes other than to acquire, construct, or improve capital assets, and (2) repaying the amounts borrowed, including interest. This category includes proceeds from all borrowings not clearly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets, regardless of the form of the borrowing. Also included are certain other interfund and intergovernmental receipts and payments.

NONOPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES - In the context of the proprietary fund operating statement, revenues and expenses not qualifying as operating items (e.g., taxes, grants that are not equivalent to contracts for services, and most interest revenue and expense).

NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCE - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

OPERATING ACTIVITIES - Term used in connection with cash flows reporting. Operating activities generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods, and include all transactions and other events that are not defined as capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES - Cost of goods sold and services provided to customers and the revenue thus generated.

OPERATING TRANSFERS – All interfund transfers other than residual equity transfers (e.g., legally authorized transfers from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended).

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - An increase in current financial resources that is reported separately from revenues to avoid distorting revenue trends. The use of the other financing sources category is limited to items so classified by GAAP.

OTHER FINANCING USES - A decrease in current financial resources that is reported separately from expenditures to avoid distorting expenditure trends. The use of other financing uses category is limited to items so classified by GAAP.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - Benefits other than retirement income (such as death benefits, life insurance, disability, and long-term care) that are paid in the period after employment and that are provided separately from a pension plan, as well as postemployment healthcare benefits paid in the period after employment (if any), regardless of the manner in which they are provided. Other postemployment benefits do not include termination benefits or termination payments for sick leave.

OPEB PLANS - Arrangements through which OPEB is determined, assets dedicated for OPEB (if any) are accumulated and managed, and benefits are paid as they come due.

OVERLAPPING DEBT - The proportionate share that property within a government must bear of the debts of all local governments located wholly or in part within the geographic boundaries of the reporting government. Except for special assessment debt, the amount of debt of each unit applicable to the reporting unit is arrived at by (1) determining what percentage of the total assessed value of the overlapping jurisdiction lies within the limits of the reporting unit, and (2) applying this percentage to the total debt of the overlapping jurisdiction. Special assessment debt is allocated on the basis of the ratio of assessment receivable in each jurisdiction, which will be used wholly or in part to pay off the debt, to total assessments receivable, which will be used wholly or in part for this purpose.

PASS-THROUGH GRANTS - Grants and other financial assistance received by a governmental entity to transfer to, or spend on behalf of, a secondary recipient.

PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES (PILOT) - Payment that a property owner not subject to taxation makes to a government to compensate it for services that the property owner receives that normally are financed through property taxes.

PAYROLL GROWTH RATE - An actuarial assumption with respect to future increases in total covered payroll attributable to inflation; used in applying the level percentage of projected payroll amortization method.

PENSION BENEFITS - Retirement income and all other benefits, including disability benefits, death benefits, life insurance, and other ancillary benefits, except healthcare benefits, that are provided through a defined benefit pension plan to plan members and beneficiaries after termination of employment or after retirement. Postemployment healthcare benefits are considered other postemployment benefits, whether they are provided through a defined benefit pension plan or another type of plan.

PENSION PLANS - Arrangements through which pensions are determined, assets dedicated for pensions are accumulated and managed, and benefits are paid as they come due.

PENSIONS - Retirement income and, if provided through a pension plan, postemployment benefits other than retirement income (such as death benefits, life insurance, and disability benefits). Pensions do not include postemployment healthcare benefits and termination benefits.

PERIOD-CERTAIN TERM - A term specifying that the termination of a split-interest agreement occurs after a specified period. (For example, a number of years.)

PERMANENT FUNDS - Governmental fund type used to report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs (for the benefit of the government or its citizenry).

PLAN MEMBERS - Individuals that are covered under the terms of a pension or OPEB plan. Plan members generally include (a) employees in active service (active plan members) and (b) terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them and retirees or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits (inactive plan members).

POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATION - An obligation to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities.

POSTEMPLOYMENT – The period after employment.

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT CHANGES - Adjustments to the pension or OPEB of an inactive employee.

POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS - Medical, dental, vision, and other health-related benefits paid subsequent to the termination of employment.

POST-IMPLEMENTATION/OPERATION STAGE - In the context of internally generated computer software, the stage of development that includes application training and software maintenance.

PRELIMINARY PROJECT STAGE - In the context of internally generated computer software, the stage of development that includes the conceptual formulation and evaluation of alternatives, the determination of the existence of needed technology, and the final selection of alternatives for the development of the software.

PREPAIDS (OR PREPAID ITEMS) - Costs of services to be received in future periods that have been paid in advance (insurance), resulting in an asset.

PROGRAM - Group activities, operations, or organizational units directed to attaining specific purposes or objectives.

PROJECTED BENEFIT PAYMENTS - All benefits estimated to be payable through the pension or OPEB plan to current active and inactive employees as a result of their past service and their expected future service.

PROGRAM REVENUES - Term used in connection with the governmentwide statement of activities. Revenues that derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the reporting government's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; they reduce the net cost of the function to be financed from the government's general revenues.

PROJECTED BENEFIT PAYMENTS - All benefits estimated to be payable through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees as a result of their past service and their expected future service.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS - Funds that focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. There are two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds.

PUBLIC-PRIVATE AND PUBLIC-PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS (P3s) - An arrangement in which a government, known as the transferor, contracts with another party, known as an operator, to provide public services by conveying to the operator control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or another capital asset (the underlying PPP asset). To be a PPP, the contract must be for a defined period of time and be entered into in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The transferor in a PPP is always a government, and the operator may be either another government or a private party.

REAL RATE OF RETURN - The rate of return on an investment after adjustment to eliminate inflation.

REALIZED GAINS AND LOSSES. - Difference between the carrying value of an asset and its price at the time of sale if the asset had been reported at other than fair value.

REBATEABLE ARBITRAGE - A term used in connection with the reinvestment of the proceeds of tax-exempt debt. A requirement to remit to the federal government interest revenue in excess of interest costs when the proceeds from the sale of tax-exempt securities are reinvested in a taxable money market instrument with a materially higher yield.

REFUNDING - Issuance of new debt whose proceeds are used to repay previously issued debt. The proceeds may be used immediately for this purpose (a current refunding), or they may be placed with an escrow agent and invested until they are used to pay principal and interest on the old debt at some later date (an advance refunding).

REINSURANCE-Transaction in which an assuming enterprise (reinsurer), in return for consideration (premium), assumes all or part of a risk undertaken originally by another insurer (ceding enterprise). However, the legal rights of the insured are not affected by the reinsurance transaction, and the ceding enterprise issuing the original insurance contract remains liable to the insured for payment of policy benefits.

REMAINDER INTEREST - A type of beneficial interest that confers the right to receive all or a portion of the resources remaining at the end of a split-interest agreement's term.

REPORTING ENTITY - The oversight unit and all of its component units, if any, that are combined in the ACFR/BFS.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - Consists of statements, schedules, statistical data, or other information that according to the GASB is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

RESTRICTED ASSETS - Assets whose use is subject to constraints that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE - Amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

RESTRICTED NET POSITION - A component of net position calculated by reducing the carrying value of restricted assets by the amount of any related debt outstanding.

REVENUE BONDS - Bonds whose principal and interest are payable exclusively from earnings of an enterprise fund. In addition to a pledge of revenues, such bonds sometimes contain a mortgage on the enterprise fund's property.

REVENUES – (1) Increases in the net current assets of a governmental fund type from other than expenditure refunds and residual equity transfers. Also, general long-term debt proceeds and operating transfers in are classified as "other financing sources", rather than as revenues. (2) Increases in the net total assets of a proprietary fund type from other than expense refunds, capital contributions, and residual equity transfers. Also, operating transfers in are classified separately from revenues.

RISK MANAGEMENT - All the ways and means used to avoid accidental loss or to reduce its consequences if it does occur.

SELF-INSURANCE - A term often used to describe the retention by an entity of a risk of loss arising out of the ownership of property or from some other cause, instead of transferring that risk to an independent third party through the purchase of an insurance policy. It is sometimes accompanied by the setting aside of assets to fund any related losses. Because no insurance is involved, the term self-insurance is a misnomer.

SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENT - An arrangement whereby a government transfers the operation of one of its capital assets to a third-party operator in exchange for significant consideration, with the operator then being compensated from the fees and charges it collects in connection with the operation of that asset, and with the transferor retaining control over the service and a significant residual interest in the capital asset.

SERVICE COSTS - The portions of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that are attributed to valuation years.

SERVICE LIFE – The average remaining years of service of all members of the retirement plan (both current employees and retirees).

SINGLE AUDIT - An audit performed in accordance with *Title 2 U.S. Code* of *Federal Regulations*. The Single Audit allows or requires governments (depending on the amount of federal assistance received) to have one audit performed to meet the needs of all federal agencies.

SPECIAL DISTRICT - An independent unit of local government organized to perform a single government function or a restricted number of related functions. Special districts usually have the power to incur debt and levy taxes; however, certain types of special districts are entirely dependent upon enterprise earnings and cannot impose taxes. Examples of special districts are water districts, drainage districts, flood control districts, hospital districts, fire protection districts, cemetery districts, transit authorities, port authorities, and electric power authorities.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - A fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

SPLIT-INTEREST AGREEMENT - An agreement in which the donor enters into a trust or other legally enforceable agreement (with characteristics that are equivalent to a split-interest agreement) under which the donor transfers resources to an intermediary to administer for the benefit of at least two beneficiaries, one of which could be a government.

SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENT (SBITA) - An arrangement in which a government contracts with another party, known as a SBITA vendor, to convey to the government the right to use the SBITA vendor's IT software, either alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets). To be a SBITA, the contract must be for a defined period of time and be entered into in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

 $\mbox{\bf SUBSTANTIVE PLAN}$ - Terms of an OPEB plan as understood by the employer(s) and plan members.

TAX ABATEMENT – A reduction of or exemption from taxes granted to encourage certain activities.

TAX AND REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES (TRAN) - Notes issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes and revenues, usually retirable only from tax collections, and frequently only from the proceeds of the tax and revenue levy whose collection they anticipate.

TERMINATION BENEFITS - Inducements offered by employers to active employees to hasten the termination of services, or payments made in consequence of the early termination of services. Termination benefits include early-retirement incentives, severance benefits, and other termination-related benefits.

TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - The portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service.

TRUST FUNDS - Funds used to account for assets held by a government in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE – The residual classification for the County's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

UNAVAILABLE REVENUE - Resource inflows that do not qualify for recognition as revenue in a governmental fund because they are not yet considered to be available.

UNCONDITIONAL BENEFIT - A right belonging to the government that cannot be taken away without the government's consent, such as an unconditional beneficial interest.

UNEARNED REVENUES - Resource inflows that do not yet meet the criteria for revenue recognition. In governmental funds, earned amounts also are reported as unearned revenue until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

UNMODIFIED OPINION - An opinion rendered without reservation by the independent auditor that financial statements are fairly presented.

UNREALIZED GAINS AND LOSSES - Difference between the carrying value of an asset and its fair value prior to sale.

UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION - That portion of net position that is neither restricted nor invested in capital assets (net of related debt).

VARIANCE POWER - The unilateral power to redirect the benefit of the transferred resources to another beneficiary, overriding the donor's instructions. This transfer would occur without the approval of the donor, specified beneficiaries, or any other interested party.

WEIGHTED AVERAGE MATURITY - In the context of interest-rate risk disclosure for investments, measurement of investment time horizons—the time when investments become due and payable—in years or months, weighted to reflect the dollar size of individual investments within an investment type.

