



**DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION
CORRECTIONS STANDARDS AUTHORITY
YOUTHFUL OFFENDER BLOCK GRANT APPLICATION
JUVENILE JUSTICE DEVELOPMENT PLAN
PART 2 OF 2**

Section 3b – JUVENILE JUSTICE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

PROGRAM / SERVICES DESCRIPTION

(Copy and paste templates below for additional program/service descriptions)

Program Name or Service Description Implementing risk and needs assessment

Category for this Program/Service (Select from A-H and provide underlined description) A – Risk and needs assessment tool

Describe the county programs, placements, services, or strategies to be funded by the block grant allocation pursuant to WIC Section 1961 including, but not limited to the programs, tools and strategies outlined in WIC Section 1960. (1-5 pages)

FUNDING – Although YOBG funds will not be used at this time, there may be a need in future fiscal years to add funding for additional assessment tools.

Program Objective:

To accurately assess and identify wards that would fit the criteria for the YOBG program and to identify strengths/assets and risk for re-offending. Effective assessment is critical, as noted in the 2007 Santa Barbara County Comprehensive Multi-agency Juvenile Justice Plan (2007 JJP), (page 3), “the challenge the juvenile justice system must face at this juncture is that there are more juvenile offenders, committing increasingly violent offenses, under reduced intensity of supervision, within an environment of shrinking resources to meet their needs.”

Program Description:

The Santa Barbara Assets and Risk Assessment (SBARA) tool, validated by the University of California, Santa Barbara, will be used to identify assets and risks for those wards being released from the Division of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) back to Santa Barbara County for community supervision, as well as to determine supervision and service needs for those wards who remain within the community and who fit YOBG program criteria.

In addition to the SBARA, psychological reports prepared by Mental Health and other pertinent information will be reviewed to determine the level of service and supervision. Wards detained at the institutional facilities will be administered the Massachusetts Youth Screening Inventory – II (MAYSI-II) which alerts staff to potential mental/emotional distress and certain behavior problems that might require an immediate response. Those areas include: alcohol/drug use,

anger/irritability, depressed/anxious, somatic complaints, suicide ideation, thought disturbances (males only), and traumatic experiences. Those that score a “caution” for suicide ideation will undergo further questioning to determine if an immediate referral to a Mental Health practitioner is necessary. Those that score “caution” in any other area or “warning” in any area will receive a non-urgent mental health referral. Additionally, the information garnered from the MAYSI-II can also be used as a guide to identify specific on-going program needs.

Program Name or Service Description _____ Placements

Category for this Program/Service (Select from A-H and provide underlined description) _____ B – Secure Detention Program

Describe the county programs, placements, services, or strategies to be funded by the block grant allocation pursuant to WIC Section 1961 including, but not limited to, the programs, tools, and strategies outlined in WIC Section 1960. (1-5 pages)

FUNDING - Contract options are being reviewed with several local and county agencies for the provision of treatment services and support to the detainees who have been identified as meeting the criteria for the YOBG Secure Detention Program at the Santa Maria Juvenile Hall (SMJH). YOBG funds would be used to pay for identified service needs. In addition, a Juvenile Hall Case Manager, at a Juvenile Institutions Officer, Senior level, will be added in subsequent fiscal years as the program expands.

Program Objective:

The YOBG Secure Detention Program will provide a maximum security setting at SMJH for those wards who are assessed as inappropriate to remain in the community, either in their home under probation supervision or in a local out-of-home placement (including Camp) as a result of their risk to the community due to repeated criminal conduct, failure in out-of-home placements/Camp, or the seriousness of their criminal behavior. The YOBG Secure Detention Program at SMJH will provide an enhanced level of supervision and programming to these wards. The length of the program will be determined in part by the results of the SBARA, MAYSI-II, the ward’s level of participation, and their overall behavior in custody. It is estimated that the period of time in custody to complete the YOBG secure detention program will be between eight and fourteen months.

Project Description:

Santa Barbara County has developed an objective, collaborative, and judicious process for reviewing cases for out-of-home placement as well as the YOBG secure detention program. Three regional Placement Review Committees

(PRCs) were established over ten years ago and meet weekly to review and staff potential cases for out-of-home placement, including DJJ commitments. Wards that fit the criteria of the YOBG Secure Detention Program will have their cases submitted for this rigorous review process. It is the responsibility of the multi-agency group, which includes Probation, Mental Health, and County School personnel, to determine the type and level of placement required. Qualifying wards approved by PRC will need to have at least 545 days of confinement time remaining (wards with less than 545 days of confinement time will be considered on a case-by-case basis), have the ability to complete the program prior to confinement time being exhausted or attaining the age of 19 years.

The YOBG Secure Detention Program will consist of four phases: Orientation, Treatment Part I, Treatment Part II, and Re-Entry. In all phases of the detention program, wards will be required to participate in an educational component, have regular mental health counseling, attend weekly case conferences with a Juvenile Hall Case Manager and have weekly appointments with their assigned Probation Officer.

As deemed appropriate, wards will participate in Anger Replacement Therapy, Restorative Justice, and "Individual Treatment Options" that address issues including alcohol/drug abuse, alternatives to gang involvement, gender specific programs, effective parenting and trauma/grief counseling. Programs will be selected based on the results of the SBARA/MAYSI-II and other Mental Health Assessments. During the final phases of the custody program, a mentorship and internship program, internal work groups, family furloughs, and Independent Living Program opportunities will be available for eligible wards.

Programs will be staffed with a combination of Juvenile Institutions Officers, Mental Health clinicians and Community Based Organizations (CBOs). Some of the CBOs contracted for JJCPA services will also serve the YOBG population. All services, with the exception of the internship program, will be conducted at Santa Maria Juvenile Hall.

CBOs to be funded:

Casa Pacifica – Therapeutic Behavioral Services
1722 S. Lewis Rd, Camarillo, CA 93012

Santa Maria Valley Youth & Family Center – Drug and Alcohol Services,
Counseling services
105 N. Lincoln, Santa Maria, CA 93458

Community Action Commission – Gang Intervention/Mentoring
201 W. Chapel, Santa Maria, CA 93458

Program Name or Service Description _____ **Nonresidential dispositions** _____

Category for this Program/Service (Select from A-H and provide underlined description) _____ **C –Treatment programs and drug/alcohol or other counseling programs** _____

Describe the county programs, placements, services, or strategies to be funded by the block grant allocation pursuant to WIC Section 1961 including, but not limited to, the programs, tools, and strategies outlined in WIC Section 1960. (1-5 pages)

FUNDING: Contract options are being reviewed with several local and County agencies to provide treatment services and support to the wards being supervised in the community. YOBG funds would be used to pay for services.

Program Objective:

Assignment to evidence based services for wards in the YOBG program who are residing in the community will be determined from the results of the SBARA. As clearly indicated in the 2007 JJP, Santa Barbara County is experiencing an increase in gang activity, an increase in felonies and violent crimes, and an increase in the use and abuse of illegal substances, specifically methamphetamine. These will be areas of focus as local programming is being implemented and enhanced.

Program Description:

To best maximize Probation Department and community resources and to create a “precision-of-fit” between the ward and services, the YOBG program will use the SBARA, a validated comprehensive asset and risk assessment tool to determine which services are needed. Past psychological reports will be reviewed, on-site Mental Health staff which, in many instances, will have a wealth of information about the ward and needed services will be consulted, as will the ward/family and possibly the extended family and community supports.

Once it is determined which services/resources are appropriate, the ward and the Probation Officer will develop a case plan with reasonable and achievable goals and obtainable milestones. Programming could include an in-home therapeutic behavior specialist, educational support/tutoring, vocational training and apprentice programs, drug and alcohol programs, mental health treatment and counseling, parenting classes for those wards with children, gang lifestyle alternatives and/or recreational activities.

Santa Barbara County Probation has an excellent working relationship with CBOs serving the three regions of the county, many of whom are currently contract providers. Consequently, additional counseling slots can be reserved for drug and alcohol counseling in all three regions, in-home therapeutic behavior

specialists to work with the ward and his/her family, and alternative options to gangs.

CBOs to be funded:

Casa Pacifica – Therapeutic Behavioral Services
1722 S. Lewis Rd., Camarillo, CA 93012

Santa Maria Valley Youth & Family Center – Drug and Alcohol Services
105 N. Lincoln, Santa Maria, CA 93458

Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse
232 E. Canon Perdido, Santa Barbara, CA 93101

Zona Seca – Drug and Alcohol Services
218 North I St, Lompoc, CA 93436

Community Action Commission – Gang Intervention/Mentoring
201 W. Chapel, Santa Maria, CA 93458

Tradart – Vocational Training
PO Box 517, Santa Barbara, CA 93102

Local Agencies to be funded:

City of Santa Maria Recreation & Parks Department
615 S. McClelland, Santa Maria, CA 93454

Program Name or Service Description _____ **Probation supervision programs** _____

Category for this Program/Service (Select from A-H and provide underlined description) _____ **D – Intensive Community Supervision** _____

Describe the county programs, placements, services, or strategies to be funded by the block grant allocation pursuant to WIC Section 1961 including, but not limited to, the programs, tools, and strategies outlined in WIC Section 1960. (1-5 pages)

FUNDING – YOBG funding would be used to ultimately support the work of Deputy Probation Officer, Seniors in all three geographic areas of the County who would be responsible for supervision and caseload management of the identified wards. The remainder of this fiscal year, YOBG funds will be used to fund one Deputy Probation Officer, Senior and used to partially fund support staff positions to assist with data collection and other non-peace officer duties.

Program Objective:

According to the 2007 JJP, a critical gap in services for the Probation Department is the lack of capacity to provide appropriate levels of supervision to offenders who do not qualify for specialized caseloads. In order to provide the level of supervision needed for the YOBG Program population, supervision capacity will require enhancement.

The wards committed to Division of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) for non-707(b) offenses in the past three years have had several similar characteristics. They were all males who were committed to one or both of our Camp programs and they were in at least one other out-of-home placement. They had an average of 4.5 sustained petitions for a violent offense and 66% had gang associations.

Although none of the offenders listed above were female, over the past twelve years female juveniles in Santa Barbara County are being referred /processed in increased numbers and at a higher percentage increase than males in almost all categories. In this time period, female referrals have increased from 21.3% to 25.4%; female violent offenses have increased from 22.3% to 28.2%; female property offenses have increased from 23.6% to 28.4%; the average number of females in foster or group home placements has increased from 21.7% in 95-96 to 51% in 2007; and finally, the total admissions of females to a Juvenile Hall has increased from 17.9% to 25.2%. Although the number of females in foster or group home placements is increasing, they have a lower level of success than their male counterparts. In 2005 females had a 51.4% success rate as compared to 67.4% by males. It is imperative to closely analyze this population and develop program options accordingly.

Program Description

Non-707(b) WIC wards returning from DJJ or those who have had their DJJ parole revoked will, upon their return to County jurisdiction, automatically be assigned to the YOBG intensive supervision caseload in the appropriate geographic location. Wards who are currently in the community will qualify for this caseload if they meet program criteria and are approved by Placement Review Committee (PRC).

The targeted population for these intensive supervision caseloads (with a maximum of 15 wards per caseload) will be a ward who is 15 to 18 years old, has a SBARA asset and risk assessment score greater than 25, has a minimum of 545 days of remaining confinement time (wards with less than 545 days will be considered on a case by case basis) and has at least two of the following:

- failed three program placements (Camp/placement), or
- history of violent offenses, or
- gang involvement, or
- alternative local options have been exhausted.

The YOBG program will include a custody and out-of-custody component. With the exception of those non-707(b) WIC wards being released from DJJ and returned to County jurisdiction, the PRC will determine if the ward is stable, amenable to community supervision, and if the ward can safely remain in the community, or if treatment in the YOBG Secure Detention Program is more appropriate. To maintain continuity of care, once a ward is in the YOBG program, they will remain under the supervision of the same Probation Officer whether in the community or in custody.

Whether in the community or in custody, the Probation Officer will review all assessments and reports related to the ward and will prepare a comprehensive and collaborative case plan. If the ward is in custody, a Santa Maria Juvenile Hall staff will be assigned as case manager and will work with the Probation Officer, the on-site Mental Health and education staff, CBOs, and the ward/family to triage and implement a “precision-fit” service plan.

While being supervised in the community, the ward will not only receive enhanced supervision by the Probation Officer, but will be required to meet program goals and milestones. There will be an expectation that the majority of his/her time will be accounted for and that close monitoring of their actions will occur. If appropriate, electronic monitoring or GPS will be implemented as part of the case plan. Expectations will be reviewed with the ward on a regular basis.

In order to successfully be transferred from the YOBG intensive supervision caseload, wards would have to remain violation free for six months and either complete high school/GED, have regular attendance in school, or obtain successful employment. If the ward has reached the age of majority, any new adult offenses will result in disposition in the adult system and wardship would, in appropriate cases, then be terminated.

Program Name or Service Description Reentry and aftercare programs

Category for this Program/Service (Select from A-H and provide underlined description) E – Reentry and aftercare

Describe the county programs, placements, services, or strategies to be funded by the block grant allocation pursuant to WIC Section 1961 including, but not limited to, the programs, tools, and strategies outlined in WIC Section 1960. (1-5 pages)

FUNDING – YOBG funding would be used to partially support the work of Juvenile Institutions Officers in the role of Aftercare Officers in all three geographic areas of the County.

Program Objective

As highlighted in the 2007 JJP, "Aftercare is a critical component in the continuum of services provided to minors and their families. Aftercare services are aimed at building upon the foundation of success and continuing its benefits once the minor returns home. It is critical that Aftercare Services specifically identify and build family strengths." Like JJCPA, the goals of the proposed YOBG Program re-entry and after-care services are:

- Curtailment of re-entry into the juvenile justice system;
- Reduction of future placement costs;
- Increased school attendance and performance;
- Reduction in the number of subsequent 602 WIC petitions for delinquent behavior; and
- Access to a support network of services and programs to assist wards in establishing a different lifestyle and new peer group.

Program Description

There will be three ways to be classified for YOBG Re-entry/Aftercare services: return from a non-707(b) WIC DJJ commitment; return back to the community as a result of a DJJ parole revocation; or, completion of the local long-term detention program. Meetings/phone conversations between the Probation Officer, DJJ, DJJ Parole, the wards and their families will serve to outline behavioral, attitudinal and school/work performance expectations, and free time programming.

Re-entry for wards returning from DJJ will begin as soon as the 60-day DJJ Behavior Report is received outlining their stability in behavior, progress in treatment, and education and employability. Re-entry for the parole violator will begin upon notification from DJJ that parole has been revoked. Probation will have 15 days to develop the re-entry plan for submission to the Court. Re-entry planning for those wards committed to the eight to 14 month Secure Detention Program will begin their first day of custody.

While in the YOBG Secure Detention Program, the wards will work on specific and defined problem areas while having a clear understanding of home and community expectations. Approximately four weeks prior to the ward's transition home, the Probation Officer, Juvenile Hall Case Manager, Aftercare Officer, School personnel, and the Clinician will begin the establishment of a specific community Aftercare plan. Re-entry wards will be subject to the intensive supervision caseload requirements for a targeted time of 90-180 days with a gradual reduction of supervision intensity if they are successful. To ensure compliance, numerous field contacts, a minimum of three times per week, will be made to the ward's home, school/workplace, and programs. Wards will receive random drug tests and/or will be placed on the call-in testing program. With an enhancement to the current Aftercare program, wards will receive YOBG Aftercare services for at least the first 90 days, which would include assistance in enrolling in public school or college, employment searches, and increased

supervision, all of which would assist the ward's transition back into the community.

While on re-entry, pursuant to their case plan, selected wards will participate in drug and alcohol counseling, Independent Living Support/in-home therapeutic behavioral specialist services, educational programs, family reunification, and vocational training and support.

CBOs to be funded:

Casa Pacifica – Therapeutic Behavioral Services
1722 S. Lewis Rd., Camarillo, CA 93012

Santa Maria Valley Youth & Family Center – Drug and Alcohol Services
105 N. Lincoln, Santa Maria, CA 93458

Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse
232 E. Canon Perdido, Santa Barbara, CA 93101

Zona Seca – Drug and Alcohol Services
218 North I St, Lompoc, CA 93436

Community Action Commission – Gang Intervention/Mentoring
201 W. Chapel, Santa Maria, CA 93458

Tradart – Vocational Training
PO Box 517, Santa Barbara, CA 93102

County/Local agencies to be funded:

Independent Living Program – Santa Barbara County Dept of Social Services
234 Camino Del Remedio, Santa Barbara, CA 93110

Program Name or Service Description Capacity building strategies

Category for this Program/Service (Select from A-H and provide underlined description) F - Training

Describe the county programs, placements, services, or strategies to be funded by the block grant allocation pursuant to WIC Section 1961 including, but not limited to, the programs, tools, and strategies outlined in WIC Section 1960. (1-5 pages)

FUNDING –YOBG funds will be used to send selected staff to a Training for Trainers class for Field Training Officers to enhance the field safety skills of

supervision officers. YOBG funds will also be used for training to enhance programming capacities at the Juvenile Hall, including sending four staff to the Girls' Circle training in January 2008.

Program Objective

Staff in both field services and the institutions will encounter a more sophisticated, high needs/risk, and volatile client population than they are routinely accustomed to dealing with. Due to this increased risk and need level, additional training will provide the tools and strategies necessary to safely and effectively work with the YOBG Program population to enhance the likelihood of success and the protection of the community.

Program Description

In order to increase the training and qualifications of Probation personnel servicing the YOBG caseloads, three officers will attend a basic field training officer course. This 40-hour training will expand the officers' knowledge of field tactics, teaching, coaching, corrective techniques, effective communication, and counseling skills. Those officers trained as trainers will then work with other officers to increase their field supervision skills and enhance their safety while serving YOBG caseloads.

As indicated in Subsection D, **Probation Supervision**, the female population in the juvenile justice system of Santa Barbara County is increasing and becoming more violent. It is proposed that four staff attend a two-day facilitator training in Los Angeles in January 2008. Offered by Girls Circle, the staff who attend will oversee The Girls Circle Model curriculum in the Santa Maria Juvenile Hall. This programming option will be added to the custody program to enhance gender specific programming capacity for the female population who meet the target criteria. The program is recognized as a promising approach in the Model Programs Guide by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention and has been used in a broad spectrum of prevention and intervention settings nationwide with diverse populations since 1994. It incorporates cognitive-behavioral and motivational interviewing methods and recognizes trauma as a pathway to delinquency. It integrates relational theory, resiliency practices, and skills training utilizing a strengths-based approach. The program increases protective factors, pro-social behaviors, connection, personal skills and strengths, and competencies in females.

Officers who will be assigned to work with the YOBG population will attend additional training that will include: field tactics, verbal judo, motivational interviewing, local gang updates, and training covering Mental Illness and the effects of substance abuse.

Section 3c – JUVENILE JUSTICE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

JJCPA COORDINATION

(Copy and paste templates below for additional program/service descriptions)

Describe how the new program funded by the Youthful Offender Block Grant Program coordinates with programs identified in the County's Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act – Comprehensive Multi-agency Juvenile Justice Plan (Chapter 353 of the Statutes of 2000) (A.B. 1913).

(1-3 pages)

(Section A) **Risk and needs assessment tool**

Although specific funds under this section are not requested at this time, the YOBG programs will rely heavily on the information gathered by the JJCPA's assessors. The Santa Barbara Assets and Risk Assessment (SBARA) is conducted upon initial intake by the JJCPA assessor and their supervision is reviewed every six months. Generally, the SBARA score stays the same unless there are significant changes (i.e. change in guardian, significant increase or new drug use, previously unknown information like gang involvement or child abuse, etc.). The Probation Officer supervising the wards in the YOBG program will review the current SBARA, the case file, MAYSI-II, and case plan and will fill in any areas that may have been missed, or add information if there has been a significant change in circumstance.

Describe how the new program funded by the Youthful Offender Block Grant Program coordinates with programs identified in the County's Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act – Comprehensive Multi-agency Juvenile Justice Plan (Chapter 353 of the Statutes of 2000) (A.B. 1913).

(1-3 pages)

(Section B) **Placements**

JJCPA does not provide services to youth who are incarcerated in our Juvenile Halls. However, the wards receiving services through the YOBG at the Santa Maria Juvenile Hall may receive similar services as those provided through JJCPA. Having a lengthy and positive relationship with the various community based organizations, in part through JJCPA, provides the opportunity to know what services are available, the capacity of the providers, and what works and what doesn't. Visualizing a continuum of service from low level to high level of care (left to right), the YOBG will target wards to the extreme of the high level, while JJCPA is in the lower mid-range. Enhancing capacity, and in some cases building capacity, to meet the specific needs of the wards that would otherwise have not remained in local custody is clearly necessary. The following are examples of the types of services that will need to either be expanded upon or developed:

- Drug and Alcohol Treatment
- Mental Health Services
- Gender Specific Programming

- Gang Intervention
- Life Skills
- Trauma/Grief Counseling
- Parenting
- Aftercare
- Vocation Training

Describe how the new program funded by the Youthful Offender Block Grant Program coordinates with programs identified in the County's Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act – Comprehensive Multi-agency Juvenile Justice Plan (Chapter 353 of the Statutes of 2000) (A.B. 1913).

(1-3 pages)

(Section C) **Nonresidential dispositions**

JJCPA funds provide counseling for early intervention and truancy minors, as well as those wards on aftercare following their release from our Camp programs and placement. Having a lengthy and positive relationship with the various community based organizations, in part through JJCPA, provides the opportunity to know what services are available, the capacity of the providers, and what works and what doesn't. Many of the same agencies will be used as referral sources, although the type and level of treatment will be different based on the variant needs of the current redirected DJJ population.

Describe how the new program funded by the Youthful Offender Block Grant Program coordinates with programs identified in the County's Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act – Comprehensive Multi-agency Juvenile Justice Plan (Chapter 353 of the Statutes of 2000) (A.B. 1913).

(1-3 pages)

(Section D) **Probation Supervision Programs**

JJCPA provides funding for truancy, early intervention, and aftercare services. YOBG's funding would enhance supervision for those wards that up to now had exhausted local resources. Under **Gaps in Services** highlighted in the 2007 JJP (Page 31), it states, "In order to effectively address these disturbing trends, the local juvenile justice system will need to expand its capacity to offer appropriate levels of supervision that can be provided on a general caseload." Currently the only youth who qualify for a specialized Probation caseload are those who are in Juvenile Drug Court, are eligible for Children's System of Care (CSOC), are in the First Offender Early Intervention Program or are on the School-based officer caseloads. There are many others who fall outside of these requirements who need more intensive supervision in order to be successful in the treatment services to which they are referred, including the wards who will qualify for the YOBG program. They would receive intensive supervision and, as indicated, YOBG funds will be applied to increase the capacity of the Probation Department to provide appropriate levels of supervision to offenders who otherwise do not qualify for specialized caseloads.

In response to the need for stronger violence prevention and gang intervention resources on school campuses, in FY 07-08, the three JJCPA funded Deputy Probation Officer positions formerly allocated to supervise youth who were placed on probation for truancy, were allocated and matched with Title IV-E funding to create five school-based DPO positions. (Page 43, 2007 JJP) Although working with youth of variant sophistication levels, the JJCPA DPO's and any Probation staff funded through YOBG will work together in the field and collaborate in intelligence gathering and the sharing of pertinent information.

Describe how the new program funded by the Youthful Offender Block Grant Program coordinates with programs identified in the County's Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act – Comprehensive Multi-agency Juvenile Justice Plan (Chapter 353 of the Statutes of 2000) (A.B. 1913). (1-3 pages)

(Section E) **Re-entry and Aftercare Programs**

JJCPA funds in the amount of \$185,638.00 are allocated for aftercare services/programs for those wards being released from camp programs/out-of-home placements. The current funding from JJCPA is limited to two Aftercare Officers to cover the three distinct geographic regions of the county. The current service level does not afford the capacity to provide Aftercare Services to the wards in the YOBG program. The 2007 JJP noted (page 47), "should additional funding become available, it is a high priority to restore staffing to the Aftercare Services program original design in which three full-time Juvenile Institutions Officers were budgeted, one in each region of the county." An additional strategy noted on that same page states, "Actively pursue funding for program improvement, including more resources for job search or job skills development, incentives for family participation, family group resources, and increased programming/aftercare linkages for youth in juvenile hall." In addition to the need for adequate Probation personnel to supervise YOBG wards, they will also need appropriate services as indicated by their SBARA and case plan, such as Mental Health services, education, vocational education/training, gang intervention, etc. It is anticipated that many of the YOBG wards nearing the age of emancipation will also require transitional living resources.

Describe how the new program funded by the Youthful Offender Block Grant Program coordinates with programs identified in the County's Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act – Comprehensive Multi-agency Juvenile Justice Plan (Chapter 353 of the Statutes of 2000) (A.B. 1913). (1-3 pages)

(Section F) **Capacity Building Strategies**

JJCPA funds are not used for training or capacity building. YOBG funds will be allocated to pay for the Field Training Officers Training the Trainer class as well as gender-specific training (Girls Circle).

Part of the YOBG DPO, Seniors' responsibilities will include program development. DPO Seniors will be the primary contacts for the CBOs and will continually foster new community partnerships based on the needs and demands of the individual YOBG wards.

Section 4 – REGIONAL AGREEMENTS

**Describe any regional agreements or arrangements to be supported by the Youthful Offender Block Grant Program allocation pursuant to Section 1960 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. Write 'NONE' if they will not be supported with YOBG funding.
(1-3 pages)**

Collaborative strategy sessions with Ventura County are pending to research and determine the feasibility of developing and implementing a regional program during the next fiscal year.

Section 5 – BOARD OF SUPERVISORS’ RESOLUTION

Scheduled or anticipated Board of Supervisors agenda date: February 26, 2008

A Board of Supervisors’ Resolution approving the Juvenile Justice Development Plan and acceptance of the Youthful Offender Block Grant funding must be mailed to the Corrections Standards Authority at the address below. Although the application is due January 1, 2008, an original or certified copy of the Board Resolution may be submitted to CSA anytime before April 1, 2008. Original or certified copies of Board Resolutions should be mailed to:

Corrections Standards Authority
Corrections Planning & Programs Division
600 Bercut Drive
Sacramento, CA 95811
Attn: Kim Bushard

SAMPLE RESOLUTION

BE IT RESOLVED that the Board of Supervisors of the County of _____ hereby:

Authorizes the Chief Probation Officer, or the chairperson of the Board of Supervisors, to submit and/or sign the County’s Youthful Offender Block Grant application and related contracts, amendments, or extensions with the State of California, that forms the County’s Juvenile Justice Development Plan; and,

Assures that the County of _____ Juvenile Justice Development Plan has been developed, reviewed, and provided to the Corrections Standards Authority in a format determined by the Corrections Standards Authority; and,

Assures that the County of _____ will adhere to the requirements of Welfare and Institutions Code Sections 1950 through 1962 regarding the use of Youthful Offender Block Grant funds and the specified uses detailed with the submission of the County’s Juvenile Justice Development Plan.