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Tess Harris
County of Santa Barbara
123 East Anapamu Street
Santa Barbara, CA 93101

December 14, 2018

Re: Addendum to the Biological Resources Assessment for the Montecito Debris Flow Mitigation Project, Santa Barbara County, California

This Addendum to the Biological Resources Assessment (Addendum) presents the results of the additional biological surveys conducted by Storrer Environmental Services, LLC (SES), on behalf of The Partnership for Resilient Communities (TPRC). This Addendum is intended to summarize changes to the information presented in the Biological Resources Assessment (Assessment) (SES 2018). The Assessment was submitted on October 31, 2018 as part of applications for regulatory agency permits to install debris flow nets in five creek corridors in Montecito (Cold Spring Creek, Hot Springs Creek, San Ysidro Creek, Buena Vista Creek, and Romero Creek), Santa Barbara County, California (Project).

The changes addressed in this Addendum including the following:

- Deletion of two nets from Hot Springs Creek (HS-6 and HS-7) from the Project description.
- Relocation of one net in San Ysidro Creek (SY-7a) to avoid public trails.

UPDATED PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The updated Project involves installation of 13 Geobrugg flexible debris flow nets in four creek corridors in Montecito (Cold Spring Creek, San Ysidro Creek, Buena Vista Creek, and Romero Creek). The change in the number of nets proposed is due to deletion of the two locations in Hot Springs Creek (HS-6 and HS-7) identified in the original application.

In addition to the removal of the two nets in Hot Springs Creek, one net location in San Ysidro Creek (SY-7) was relocated approximately 190 feet downstream to avoid a public trail crossing in the creek channel. The new net location is now referred to as SY-7a (see attached Site Photographs). Table 1 below provides a description of the net type, site dimensions, and coordinates at SY-7a.

Table 1 – Description of New Net Location in San Ysidro Creek

Net Location	Net Type*	Net Height* (feet)	Bottom Net Width* (feet)	Top Net Width* (feet)	Total Retention Volume (cubic meters)	Latitude	Longitude
SY-7a	SVX180-H6	20	22	60	7,442	34.468114	-119.622978

*Net types, site dimensions, and retention volumes provided by the *Design Calculation Report* (KANE 2018).

ADDITIONAL FIELD SURVEYS

SES accompanied KANE Geotech, Inc. (KANE) Engineers and Access Limited Construction (ALC) personnel on December 4, 2018 to select the new net location for SY-7a and map proposed impact areas (i.e., top and bottom net anchors, construction and maintenance areas). The net anchor locations, construction area, and maintenance area were mapped using an iPad tablet with ArcCollector and an EOS Arrow 100 High Accuracy Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) receiver.

SES biologists returned to SY-7a on December 7, 2018 to document existing conditions and biological resources at the new net location. The biological field investigation included a jurisdictional delineation and mapping, botanical survey, and wildlife survey. Jurisdictional boundaries and special-status plant species were also mapped using an iPad tablet with ArcCollector and an EOS Arrow 100 High Accuracy GNSS receiver.

Botanical Survey

A Vegetation Rapid Assessment (RA) was conducted at SY-7a, per the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW)-California Native Plant Society (CNPS) Vegetation Rapid Assessment Protocol (CDFW 2016). The RA was conducted within a 30 meter radius of the net location and data was collected on the CDFW-CNPS Combined Rapid Assessment Field Form (see attached Vegetation Rapid Assessment Field Form). All vascular plant species observed within the 30 meter survey plot and along the surrounding banks at SY-7a were recorded. A species list and percent cover intervals for each species were recorded for the both the vegetation communities along the creek channel/lower banks, as well as the vegetation communities along the upper banks/TOB (see Appendix B – Vegetation Rapid Assessment Field Form).

Wildlife Survey

During the December 2018 survey, all wildlife species observed within the San Ysidro Creek corridor and at SY-7a were noted and a general evaluation of the character and quality of wildlife habitat at the new net location was made. Protocol aquatic surveys were not performed as part of the additional field investigation.

Delineation of Waters of the U.S.

Pursuant to Section 401 of the CWA, the limit of USACE jurisdiction in non-tidal waters extends to the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) and includes all adjacent wetlands. The OHWM is an element used to identify the lateral limits of non-wetland waters based on

stream geomorphology and vegetation response to the dominant stream discharge (Lichvar and McColley 2008). The width of the channel at the OHWM was mapped and jurisdictional acreages were calculated using aerial imagery and ArcGIS (see Revised Figure 6e).

Delineation of CDFW Jurisdiction

The stream banks and canyon walls the SY-7a net location are steeply incised and most of the vegetation along the slopes was burned in the Thomas Fire. Approximate top-of-bank (TOB) was mapped in the field using obvious topographic changes and ridgelines as boundaries. As with all of the proposed net locations, the TOB corresponds to the extent of CDFW jurisdiction and was mapped with the greatest accuracy possible (see Revised Figure 6e). CDFW jurisdictional acreages were calculated using aerial imagery and ArcGIS.

RESULTS

The following sections provide a summary of environmental conditions at SY-7a including existing plant communities and jurisdictional areas documented during the December 7, 2018 field survey. Representative photographs of environmental conditions present at SY-7a are provided in Attachment A.

Hydrology & Jurisdictional Waters

All of the creeks surveyed as part of the Project are perennial, ultimately discharging into the Pacific Ocean, and therefore, are considered jurisdictional Waters of the U.S. under current federal guidance. Recent scour was evident in the San Ysidro Creek channel from storm events on November 27-29, 2018 and December 4-5, 2018. The active flow in the channel was approximately 14 inches to 4 feet wide, and ranged from 2 to 6 inches deep. The channel was approximately 10 to 25 feet wide at the OHWM, which was determined using physical marks on the landscape (e.g., debris racking, topographic breaks in slope, etc.) (see Attachment A – Site Photographs; Revised Figure 6e).

Vegetation Communities

The scour and sediment deposition from storms in late November/early December 2018 removed the majority of the herbaceous vegetation from the stream channel. The total vascular vegetation cover, non-vascular cover, individual species cover, and vegetation alliances/associations at SY-7a are provided in the attached Vegetation Rapid Assessment Field Form and are summarized in Table 2 below.

Table 2 – Summary of Vegetation Communities and Cover at SY-7a

Net Location	Field-assessed Vegetation Alliance	Field-assessed Vegetation Association	Adjacent Alliances	Percent Total Non-vascular Cover	Percent Total Vascular Vegetation Cover
SY-7a	Canyon sunflower scrub	California bay forest	Coast live oak woodland	95	5

All vegetation communities, including those observed in and around SY-7a, are described in detail in Section 4.2 of the Assessment. A complete vascular plant species inventory is also included in the Assessment.

Special-status Plant Species Observed at SY-7a

Plummer’s baccharis (*Baccharis plummerae* ssp. *plummerae*) (CRPR 4.2, G3, S3). Four Plummer’s baccharis individuals were observed near the eastern TOB at SY-7a, just downslope from the public trail that parallels San Ysidro Creek (see Revised Figure 6e). Table 3 provides a summary of the Plummer’s baccharis occurrence that was observed and mapped at the SY-7a net location during the December 7, 2018 field survey. A CDFW CNDDDB form for this observation is included as an attachment to this Addendum.

Table 3 – Summary of Special-status Plant Species Abundance & Distribution

Net Location	Feature Type ¹	Latitude ²	Longitude ²	Number of Plants Observed/ Description of Location	Total Area ³ (square feet)
SY-7a	Point	34.468207	-119.622870	4 plants on slope east of net site; 30 feet above the channel and 6 feet downslope of the public trail	16

¹ Populations with multiple individuals were mapped as polygon features; individual plants were mapped as point features.

² All features were collected in datum NAD83, State Plane CA Zone 5.

³ Approximate area for point features was visually estimated in the field. Area for polygon features was generated using ArcGIS.

Wildlife Resources

The field surveys enabled a characterization of habitat quality and assessment of potential for occurrence of special-status wildlife species (e.g., southern California steelhead, California red-legged frog [CRLF], coast range newt, southwestern pond turtle, two-striped gartersnake, Cooper’s hawk.). No new wildlife species or special-status wildlife species were detected or observed during the December 7, 2018 field survey in San Ysidro Creek. Due to the proximity of SY-7a to the previously proposed location, approximately 190 feet downstream, wildlife habitat is nearly identical to what is described in the Assessment. A complete list of all wildlife species observed during field surveys is also included in the Assessment (SES 2018).

IMPACT DISCUSSION

The follow sections describe the potential impacts of the proposed Project on biological resources. For the purposes of this analysis, net installation and maintenance, including removal of accumulated debris, are considered temporary impacts. The debris nets are intended to be in place for a period of up to 5 years, and then removed as the watersheds effected by the Thomas Fire revegetate. Temporary impacts would result from net installation and required maintenance activities.

Direct impacts to plant and wildlife habitat would occur through staging and operation of equipment for net installation, accumulation of debris behind the nets, and redistribution of accumulated material downstream if/when an event occurs. The construction and maintenance areas for the SY-7a net location are depicted in the attached Revised Figure 6e.

Impacts to Jurisdictional Resources

Cold Spring Creek, San Ysidro Creek, Buena Vista Creek, and Romero Creek contain USACE non-wetland Waters of the U.S. and CDFW Streambeds. The impacts to USACE, CDFW, and County are summarized in Table 4 below.

Table 4 – Summary of Impacts to Jurisdictional Resources

Net Location	Construction			Maintenance/Debris Flow Removal		
	Non-Wetland Waters of the U.S. (acres)	CDFW Streambed ¹ (acres)	County ESH ² (acres)	Non-Wetland Waters of the U.S. (acres)	CDFW Streambed ¹ (acres)	County ESH ² (acres)
Cold Spring Creek						
CS-11	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.1	0.32	0.32
CS-18	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.18	0.18
Subtotal:	0.02	0.09	0.09	0.17	0.5	0.5
San Ysidro Creek						
SY-7a	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.09	0.09
SY-18	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.1	0.26	0.26
Subtotal:	0.05	0.08	0.08	0.17	0.35	0.35
Buena Vista Creek						
BV-2	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.07	0.07
BV-4	0.01	0.07	0.07	0.05	0.18	0.18
BV-5	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.14	0.14
BV-6	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.11	0.11
BV-7	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.11	0.11
BV-10	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.17	0.17
BV-11	0.02	0.08	0.08	0.1	0.18	0.18
Subtotal:	0.08	0.31	0.31	0.37	0.96	0.96
Romero Creek						
RC-12	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.09	0.09
RC-15	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.16	0.16
Subtotal:	0.02	0.07	0.07	0.11	0.25	0.25
Totals:	0.17	0.55	0.55	0.82	2.06	2.06

¹ Acreage for CDFW-jurisdictional areas includes Non-wetland Waters of the U.S.

² Acreage for County ESH includes Non-wetland Waters of the U.S. and CDFW-jurisdictional areas.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USACE jurisdiction extends to the OHWM on the banks of the creek at each net location. Installation and maintenance of the 13 proposed nets will result in cumulative, temporary impacts to 0.99-acre of USACE-jurisdictional Waters of the U.S.

CDFW Jurisdictional Streambed

All of the nets would be installed below the TOB and therefore, wholly within CDFW jurisdiction. The installation and maintenance of the 13 proposed nets will result in cumulative, temporary impacts to 2.61 acres of CDFW-jurisdictional stream bed and bank and associated riparian habitat.

Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board

All of the creeks are perennial and discharge into downstream waters (i.e., Pacific Ocean). The Central Coast RWQCB regulates work involving discharge of pollutants into waters/wetlands under Section 402 of the CWA and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit (NPDES) program.

County of Santa Barbara

Jurisdictional streams and associated riparian vegetation are considered Environmentally Sensitive Habitat (ESH) by the County. The lateral extent of County jurisdiction in streams corresponds to CDFW jurisdiction, which in this case is the TOB at each net location. The installation and maintenance of the proposed nets will result in cumulative, temporary impacts to 2.61 acres of County-designated ESH.

Impacts to Special-status Plant Species

No impacts to Plummer's baccharis plants located near SY-7a are expected as part of net construction and maintenance. The plants are located close to the TOB and above the net location (see Revised Figure 6e).

No special-status plant species were observed at the locations in Hot Springs Creek (HS-6 and HS-7), which have now been deleted from the Project description.

Impacts to Special-status Wildlife

The relocation of SY-7a (approximately 190 feet downstream) is not expected to result in a change in impacts to wildlife from what was described in the Assessment.

RECOMMENDED AVOIDANCE & MINIMIZATION MEASURES

Please refer to the Assessment for recommended avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to biological resources that might result from net installation and maintenance.

LITERATURE CITED

- California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW). 2016. CDFW-CNPS Protocol for the Combined Vegetation Rapid Assessment and Releve Field Form. April 28, 2016.
- KANE Geotech, Inc. (KANE). 2018. Montecito Debris Flow Mitigation, Geobruigg Debris Flow Mitigations Systems, Design Calculation Report. Montecito, California. Prepared for the Partnership for Resilient Communities. October 1, 2018.
- Lichvar, Robert W. and Shawn M. McColley. 2008. A field Guide to the Identification of the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) in the Arid West Region of the Western United States. A delineation Manual. Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.
- Storrer Environmental Services, LLC (SES). 2018. Biological Resources Assessment for the Montecito Debris Flow Mitigation Project, Santa Barbara County, California. October 2018.

Please contact us if you have any questions regarding this Addendum.

Sincerely,



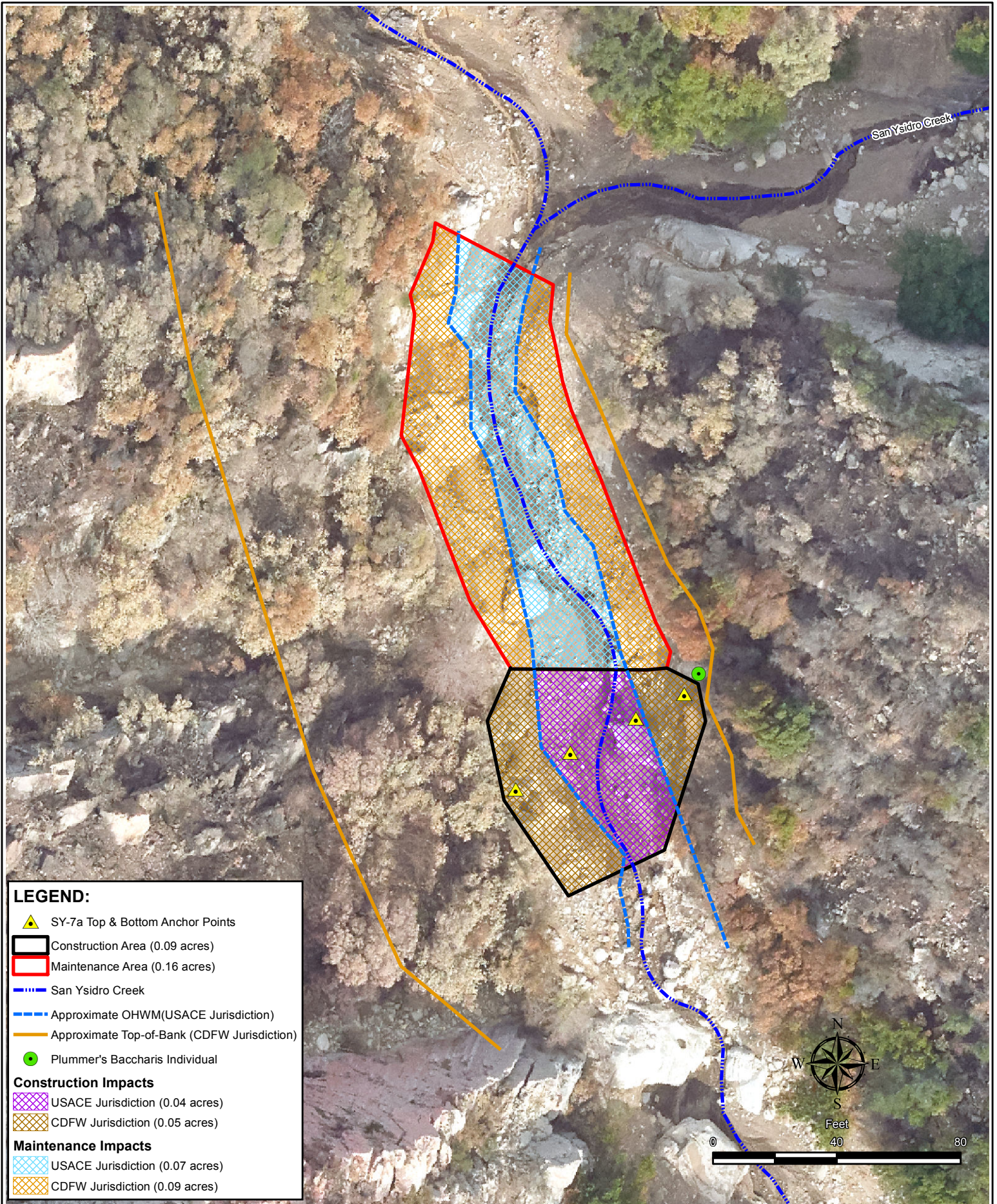
John Storrer
Principal Wildlife Biologist



Jessica Peak
Senior Botanist
Storrer Environmental Services, LLC

Attachments: Revised Figure 6e
 Site Photographs
 Vegetation Rapid Assessment Field Form
 CNDDDB Form

REVISED FIGURE 6e



LEGEND:

- SY-7a Top & Bottom Anchor Points
- Construction Area (0.09 acres)
- Maintenance Area (0.16 acres)
- San Ysidro Creek
- Approximate OHWM(USACE Jurisdiction)
- Approximate Top-of-Bank (CDFW Jurisdiction)
- Plummer's Baccharis Individual

Construction Impacts

- USACE Jurisdiction (0.04 acres)
- CDFW Jurisdiction (0.05 acres)

Maintenance Impacts

- USACE Jurisdiction (0.07 acres)
- CDFW Jurisdiction (0.09 acres)



STORRER ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES
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Proposed Net Locations, Jurisdictional Boundaries, and Sensitive Resources
Montecito Debris Flow Mitigation Project
The Partnership for Resilient Communities (TPRC)
Santa Barbara County, CA

Revised Figure 6e
 December 13, 2018

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS
(All Photographs Taken December 7, 2018)



Photo 1 – View of SY-7a net location looking upstream (Aspect: North).



Photo 2 – View of SY-7a net location looking downstream (Aspect: Southeast).

VEGETATION RAPID ASSESSMENT FIELD FORM

Combined Vegetation Rapid Assessment and Relevé Field Form

(Revised April 28, 2016)

For Office Use:	Final database #:	Final vegetation type:	Alliance Association
I. LOCATIONAL/ENVIRONMENTAL DESCRIPTION			circle: Relevé or RA
Database #: <u>SY-7a</u>	Date: <u>12/7/18</u>	Name of recorder: <u>Jessica Peak</u>	□ □ □
<u>NEW SITE</u>		Other surveyors: <u>Justine Cooper</u>	
Location Name:			
GPS name: <u>ipad / Arc Collector / Arrow 100</u>	For Relevé only: Bearing°, left axis at ID point _____ of Long / Short side		
UTME _____	UTMN _____	Zone: <u>11</u> NAD83 GPS error: <u>(ft.)</u> m./ PDOP <u>7.74</u>	
Decimal degrees: LAT <u>34.468114</u> LONG <u>-119.622978</u>			
GPS within stand? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes / No If No, cite from GPS to stand: distance (m) _____ bearing ° _____ inclination ° _____			
and record: Base point ID _____ Projected UTM: UTME _____ UTMN _____			
Camera Name: <u>JC</u>	Cardinal photos at ID point:		
Other photos:			
Stand Size (acres): <u><1</u> , 1-5, >5 Plot Size (m ²): 100 / _____ Plot Shape _____ x _____ m RA Radius <u>30</u> m	□		
Exposure, Actual °: <u>30</u> NE NW <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SE SW Flat Variable Steepness, Actual °: <u>NA</u> 0° <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1-5° >5-25° >25	□		
Topography: Macro: top upper mid <u>lower</u> <u>bottom</u> Micro: convex flat <u>concave</u> undulating	□		
Geology code: <u>GRA/SAND</u> Soil Texture code: <u>sand/CLS</u> Upland or <u>Wetland/Riparian</u> (circle one)	□		
% Surface cover: (Incl. outcrops) (>60cm diam) (25-60cm) (7.5-25cm) (2mm-7.5cm) (Incl sand, mud)			
H ₂ O: <u>4</u> BA Stems: <u>1</u> Litter: _____ Bedrock: <u>25</u> Boulder: <u>20</u> Stone: <u>5</u> Cobble: <u>9</u> Gravel: <u>15</u> Fines: <u>20</u> =100%			
% Current year bioturbation <u>0</u> Past bioturbation present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No % Hoof punch <u>0</u>			
Fire evidence: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes / No (circle one) If yes, describe in Site history section, including date of fire, if known.			
Site history, stand age, comments: <u>site burned in Thomas fire (Dec. 2017) then scoured by debris flow on 1/9/2018</u>			
<u>Recent scour from rain events on NW 27-29 & Dec 4-5, 2018 removed most herbaceous vegetation from channel.</u>			
<u>flow in channel ~14"-4ft wide; ~2-6 inches deep</u>			
<u>channel ~10-25 ft wide @ othwn</u>			
Disturbance code / Intensity (L,M,H): <u>B1</u> _____ / _____ / _____ / _____ / _____ "Other" <u>fire / debris flows</u>			
II. HABITAT DESCRIPTION			
Tree DBH: <u>T1</u> (<1" dbh), <u>T2</u> (1-6" dbh), <u>T3</u> (6-11" dbh), <u>T4</u> (11-24" dbh), <u>T5</u> (>24" dbh), <u>T6</u> multi-layered (T3 or T4 layer under T5, >60% cover)			
Shrub: <u>S1</u> seedling (<3 yr old), <u>S2</u> young (<1% dead), <u>S3</u> mature (1-25% dead), <u>S4</u> decadent (>25% dead)			
Herbaceous: <u>H1</u> (<12" plant ht.), <u>H2</u> (>12" ht.)			
Desert Riparian Tree/Shrub: 1 (<2ft. stem ht.), 2 (2-10ft. ht.), 3 (10-20ft. ht.), 4 (>20ft. ht.)			
Desert Palm/Joshua Tree: 1 (<1.5" base diameter), 2 (1.5-6" diam.), 3 (>6" diam.)			
III. INTERPRETATION OF STAND			
Field-assessed vegetation Alliance name: <u>Canyon sunflower scrub</u>			
Field-assessed Association name (optional): <u>California Bay forest</u>			
Adjacent Alliances/direction: <u>Coast live oak woodland (upslope)</u>			
Confidence in Alliance identification: L M <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> H Explain: _____			
Phenology (E,P,L): Herb <u>L</u> Shrub <u>L</u> Tree <u>L</u> Other identification or mapping information: _____			

Combined Vegetation Rapid Assessment and Relevé Field Form

(Revised April 28, 2016)

SPECIES SHEET

Database #: SY-7a

New site

IV. VEGETATION DESCRIPTION

% NonVasc cover: 25 Total % Vasc Veg cover: 5

% Cover - Conifer tree / Hardwood tree: 0, 1 Regenerating Tree: 3 Shrub: 2 Herbaceous: <1

Height Class - Conifer tree / Hardwood tree: 0, 5 Regenerating Tree: 4 Shrub: 2 Herbaceous: 1

Height classes: 1=<1/2m, 2=1/2-1m, 3=1-2m, 4=2-5m, 5=5-10m, 6=10-15m, 7=15-20m, 8=20-35m, 9=35-50m, 10=>50m

Stratum categories: T=Tree, A = Sapling, E = SEedling, S = Shrub, H= Herb, N= Non-vascular

% Cover Intervals for reference: r=trace, +=<1%, 1-5%, >5-15%, >15-25%, >25-50%, >50-75%, >75%

Stratum	Species (channel/lower banks)	% cover	C	Final species determination (upper banks/TOP)
S	Vernonia caespitoides	1-5		T Umbellularia californica 1-5
T	Umbellularia californica	1-5		T Quercus agrifolia +
S	Eriodictyon	+		S Baccharis pilularis +
H	Solanum douglasii	+		S Toxicodendron diversilobum +
H	Stipa miliacea	+		H Solanum umbelliferum +
H	Foeniculum vulgare	+		S Cleome megacarpus +
S	Salix lasiolepis	+		S Ribes sp. +
S	Baccharis pilularis	+		S Erigeron sp. +
H	Eriophyllum confertiflorum	+		H Scrophularia californica +
S	Toxicodendron diversilobum	+		S Amaranthus glaber +
				H Calystegia macrostegia ssp. cyclo +
				S Rubus ursinus +
				S Artemisia douglasiana +
				S Artemisia californica +
				S Baccharis plummerae +
				H Pteridium aquilinum +

Unusual species: Four Plummer's baccharis near top of slope/trail above net site

4x4 area (16 sqft); fruiting

CNDDDB FORM

CNDDDB Online Field Survey Form Report



California Natural Diversity Database
Department of Fish and Wildlife
1416 9th Street, Suite 1266
Sacramento, CA 95814
Fax: 916.324.0475
cnddb@wildlife.ca.gov
www.dfg.ca.gov/biogeodata/cnddb/



Source code PEA18F0016
Quad code 3411945
Occ. no. _____
EO index no. _____
Map index no. _____

This data has been reported to the CNDDDB, but may not have been evaluated by the CNDDDB staff

Scientific name: *Baccharis plummerae ssp. plummerae*

Common name: *Plummer's baccharis*

Date of field work (mm-dd-yyyy): 12-07-2018

Comment about field work date(s):

OBSERVER INFORMATION

Observer: *Jessica Peak*

Affiliation: *Storrer Environmental Services, LLC*

Address: *Storrer Environmental Services, LLC 2565 Puesta del Sol #3, Santa Barbara, CA 93105*

Email: *jpeak@storrerenvironmental.com*

Phone: *(805) 234-2337*

Other observers: *Justine Cooper*

DETERMINATION

Keyed in: *The Jepson Manual 2nd Edition*

Compared w/ specimen at:

Compared w/ image in:

By another person:

Other:

Identification explanation:

Identification confidence: *Very confident*

Species found: *Yes* If not found, why not?

Level of survey effort:

Total number of individuals: *4*

Collection? *No*

Collection number:

Museum/Herbarium:

PLANT INFORMATION

Phenology:

10 %

90 %

vegetative

flowering

fruiting

SITE INFORMATION

Habitat description: *Canyon sunflower scrub habitat associated with California bay forest habitat adjacent to coast live oak woodland*

Slope: *70 degrees*

Land owner/manager: *Private*

Aspect:

Site condition + population viability: *Good*

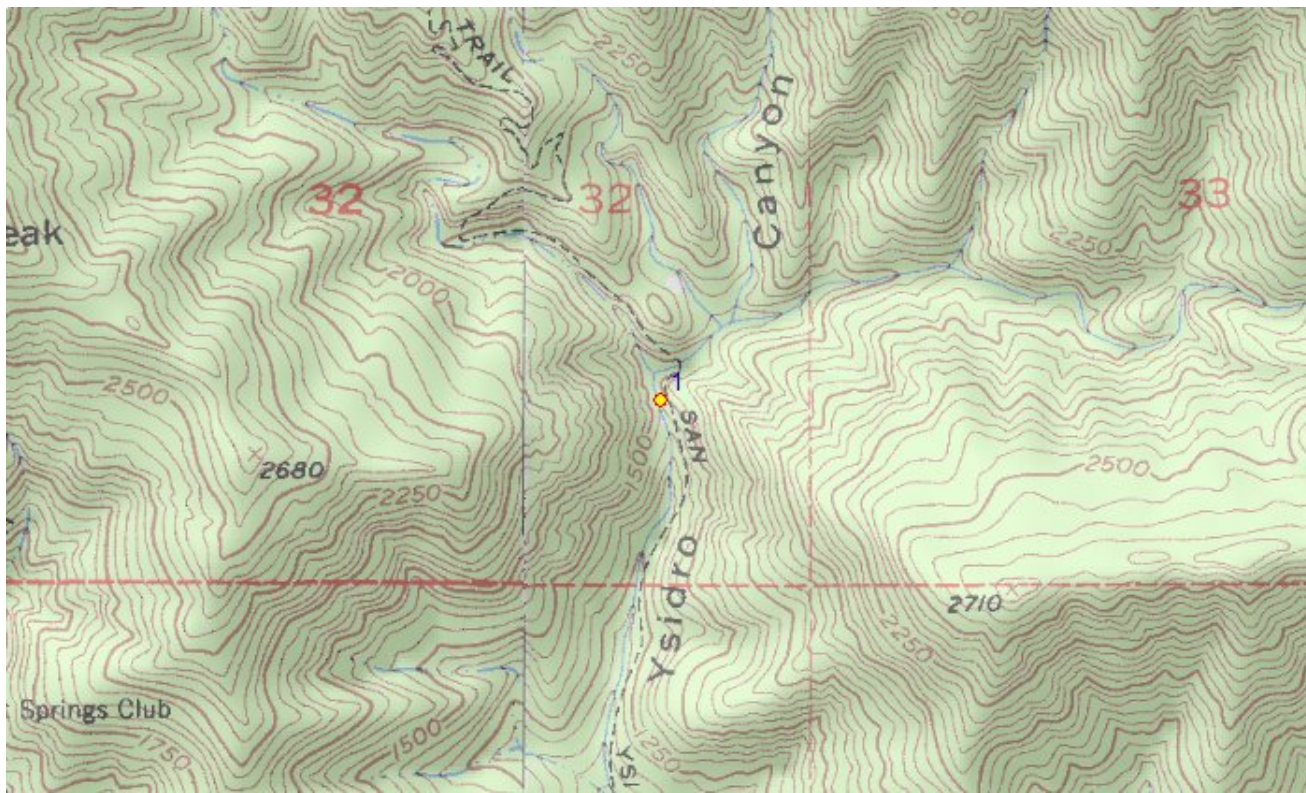
Immediate & surrounding land use: *recreation (hiking trails)*

Visible disturbances: Site burned by Thomas fire (Dec. 2017) then scoured by debris flow on Jan. 9, 2018

Threats:

General comments:

MAP INFORMATION



ID	County	24K Quadrangle	Elev. (ft)	Latitude NAD83	Longitude NAD83	UTM E NAD83	UTM N NAD83	UTM Zone
	Santa Barbara	Carpinteria	1473	34.46820	-119.62287	259090	3817194	11
1	Public Land Survey	Feature Comment						
	S T05N R26W 32							

The mapped feature is accurate within: 5 m

Source of mapped feature: iPad/ArcCollector/Arrow 100

Mapping notes:

Location/directions comments: 4 Plummer's baccharis in 4x4 area (16 sqft) in San Ysidro Canyon

Attachment(s):