Retirement Process Overview March 19, 2013

JOINT PRESENTATION: CEO COUNTY COUNSEL SBCERS BUDGET OFFICE AUDITOR/CONTROLLER

FY 2012-13 Retirement Process Overview

- Action: Receive and file this joint presentation of the retirement rate setting and retirement contribution process
- February 5, 2013: Board approved FY 2013-14 retirement contribution rates and asked the CEO to return with the following:

An overview of how retirement contributions are derived The Boards' roles & responsibilities in the rate setting process Presentation should include SBCERS and their actuary Answer any Board questions Tutorial in nature

I. FY2012-13 Retirement Process Overview

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Presentation Topics:

- I. CEO Overview
- II. County Counsel Purview of County Board of Supervisors regarding retirement benefits and rate setting
- **III.** SBCERS/Actuary Elements in rate computation
 - Actuarial Funding Basics
 - × Funding Policies
 - Elements
 - Guidance
 - **SBCERS** policies
 - × Actuarial Assumptions

FY2012-13 Retirement Process Overview

• Topics to be covered (continued):

- **IV.** Budget Director Use of actuarial rates, the budget process, historic and projected retirement costs
 - Projected impact of a change in rate of return
 - Projected impact of the change in PEPRA rates
- v. Auditor-Controller Impact of Government Accounting Standard's Board (GASB) new reporting standards for pensions. (GASB is the standard setting authority: Moody's is one of several rating agencies; Moody's is suggesting a different measurement for bond rating).

II. FY2012-13 Retirement Process Overview

County and SBCERS Relationship

Board of Supervisors' Role:

Pension program adopted by voters or Board Sets compensation for County employees Adopts benefit levels authorized by CERL (37 Act)/PEPRA 2013 Board of Supervisors has four appointments to Retirement

Board of Supervisors has four appointments to Retirement Board

II. FY2012-13 Retirement Process Overview

- Retirement Board Role (SBCERS) :
 - Retirement system is a separate government entity
 - Administers County retirement system
 - **×** Determines members retirement allowance
 - × Manages system investments
 - Employs actuary interest rates, member contributions and County appropriations





III. Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System

Presentation to the Board of Supervisors



March 19, 2013

Graham A. Schmidt, ASA, FCA



Agenda

- Actuarial Funding Basics
- Funding Policies
 - Elements
 - Guidance
 - SBCERS policies
- Actuarial Assumptions



Actuarial Funding





Actuarial Funding







- Set a goal (Accrued Liability)
- Set a path to goal (Normal Cost)
- Formulate a plan to meet shortfall of excesses in assets (Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability)



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Elements of Funding Policy

- Actuarial Cost Method
 - How is the total value of benefits to be split between past and future service? How is normal cost computed?

Amortization

- How long should sponsor have to pay down unfunded liability or surplus?
- Longer period results in slower recovery of funded ratio and higher future contributions, but more stability in rates

Asset Smoothing

- Since investment markets are volatile and have large impact on plan cost, need additional tool beyond amortization to prevent large annual changes in contribution rates from yearto-year swings in asset prices
- Gradually recognize investment returns above or below assumed return over a period of time; reduces contribution volatility



Funding Policy Guidance

- State law ('37 Act)
 - Requires maximum of 30-year amortization of unfunded liability
- Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB)
 - Current accounting standards require disclosure of Annual Required Contribution (ARC)
 - Required maximum 30-year amortization, no restrictions on asset smoothing or actuarial cost method
 - ARC is an accounting requirement, not funding, but was used as de facto funding standard by many systems
 - New GASB standards remove concept of ARC, leaving the development of funding guidance to others
- Other organizations:
 - Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA)
 - National actuarial organizations (AAA, CAA, ASB)
 - California Actuarial Advisory Panel (CAAP)





California Actuarial Advisory Panel (CAAP)

- Released guidance on March 5th, intended to provide guidance to actuaries and others on plan funding practices
- Document identifies five policy objectives
 - 1. Fully fund benefits
 - 2. Maintain generational equity
 - 3. Manage contribution volatility
 - 4. Support accountability and transparency
 - 5. Address principal/agent issues
- Defines five categories for elements of funding policies
 - Level Cost Model, Acceptable, Acceptable with conditions, Non-recommended, Unacceptable





- Current SBCERS Policies
 - Cost method: Entry Age Normal
 - Classified as "LCAM-consistent" by CAAP
 - Asset smoothing method: 5-year smoothing using fixed periods, 80%/120% corridor
 - Classified as "LCAM-consistent" by CAAP
 - Amortization:
 - Rolling 17 year, level % of payroll amortization of UAAL
 - 16 year closed amortization of liability associated with Safety Plan 6



SBCERS Funding Policies

- Current SBCERS Policies
 - Amortization:
 - Falls into several categories
 - Acceptable: Rolling amortization of gain/loss without negative amortization (17 years on edge of negative amortization threshold)
 - Acceptable with conditions: Rolling amortization of assumption changes without negative amortization,
 - Acceptable with conditions: closed amortization of benefit improvements, longer than 15 years
 - Average net amortization period for '37 Act systems was ~ 20 years (based on 2009 survey)





Actuarial Assumptions

- Objective: develop best-estimate of future experience, so gains/losses minimized and achieve long-term stability in contribution rates
 - Actual experience, rather than assumptions, will determine ultimate level of cost
 - Assumptions affect *timing* of contributions (pay me now or pay me later...)
- Formal review of all assumptions as part of triennial experience study (scheduled for 2013)
 - For economic assumptions, collect information from investment consultant and other sources
 - For demographic assumptions (rates of mortality, retirement, etc.), analyze experience from Plan





Economic Assumptions

- Economic assumptions have greatest impact on current contribution level
 - Includes investment return, inflation, wage growth, postretirement COLA growth assumptions
 - Building block approach requires that these assumptions should be consistent with each other
 - Nominal return = real return + inflation
 - Wage growth = real wage growth (productivity) + inflation
 - If inflation lower, lower nominal returns, but also lower projected benefits from pay and COLAs
 - Current assumptions:
 - 3.25% inflation + 4.50% real return = 7.75% nominal
 - 3.25% inflation + 0.50% real wage growth = 3.75%
 - 7.75% is most common assumption for '37 Act systems prior to 2012, but recent trend is lower





Conclusion

- Actuarial funding is a self-correcting process
 - Annual measurements of how the assets of the plan compare to the funding target
 - Develop financing plan for getting plan back to funding target
 - Actuarial assumptions used to develop funding target get periodically reviewed and adjusted



• Use of Rates for Budgeting:

SBCERS Recommends rates (FY 2013/14) to the Board for approval Board of Supervisors approves rates

Budget and Auditor staff load FY 2013/14 rates into "Salary Model" by Retirement Plan

Budget Office and Auditor-Controller estimate FY 2014/15 rates by Plan and load FY 2014/15 rates into the Salary Model

The next slide shows the rates provided by SBCERS for General and Safety Members and includes:

- **×** The retirement plans
- × Normal Cost
- × COLA (normal and UAAL)
- × Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) rates
- × Total Rates

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Exhibit 13a: Total Employer Contributions General Members

(Dollars in Thousands)

		General											
		-	5A	5B		5C		Pian 2		Pian 7		Total	
Number of Active Members			796	474		1,860		11		0		3,141	
A.	Basic Employer Normal Cost Rate		8.84%	7.67%		9.52%		2.96%		8.57%		8.94%	
B.	COLA Normal Cost Rate		4.41%	5.27%		4.66%		0.00%		2.66%		4.70%	
C.	Employer Normal Cost Rate	13.25%		12.94%	12.94%		14.18%			11.23%		13.64%	
D.	Basic UAAL Contribution Rate		12.35%	12.35%		12.35%		12.35%		12.35%		12.35%	
E.	COLA UAAL Contribution Rate	5.72%		5.72%	5.72%			5.72%		5.72%		5.72%	
F.	UAAL Contribution Rate		18.07%	18.07%		18.07%		18.07%		18.07%		18.07%	
G.	Total June 30, 2012 Contribution Rate (C + F)		31.32%	31.01%		32.25%		21.03%		29.30%		31.71%	
H.	Total June 30, 2011 Contribution Rate		29.75%	29.41%		30.78%		19.42%		N/A		30.18%	
I.	Estimated Payroll for fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013 *	\$	64,437 \$	46,722	\$	120,504	\$	778	\$		\$	232,441	
J.	Estimated Annual Contribution (G x I) **	\$	20,182 \$	14,488	\$	38,863	\$	164	\$	-	\$	73,697	
K.	Prior Valuation Estimated Annual Contribution"	\$	18,477 \$	13,244	\$	35,750	\$	146	\$	-	\$	67,617	
L.	Increase / (Decrease) in Annual Contribution	\$	1,705 \$	1,244	\$	3,113	\$	18	\$		\$	6,080	

Estimated payroll based upon the assumption of 3.75% annual payroll growth. No adjustment is made for open or closed groups.

** Estimated contributions shown for illustrative purposes. Actual contributions will vary depending on actual payroll and timing.

***Estimated contribution for fiscal year beginning July 1, 2012 based on salary information as of June 30, 2012.

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Santa Barbara County Employees' Retirement System

Exhibit 13b: Total Employer Contributions Safety Members

(Dollars in Thousands)

					Safe	ety				
			4A	4B	4C		6A	6B		Total
Nur	mber of Active Members		79	16	356		120	314		885
Α.	Basic Employer Normal Cost Rate		15.24%	11.36%	14.44%		16.20%	16.48%		15.47%
В.	COLA Normal Cost Rate	-	8.65%	9.56%	8.20%		9.31%	9.36%		8.86%
C.	Employer Normal Cost Rate		23.89%	20.92%	22.64%		25.51%	25.84%		24.33%
D.	Basic UAAL Contribution Rate		19.90%	19.90%	19.90%		21.81%	21.81%		20.88%
E.	COLA UAAL Contribution Rate		11.07%	11.07%	11.07%		12.13%	12.13%	1	11.61%
F.	UAAL Contribution Rate		30.97%	30.97%	30.97%		33.94%	33.94%	5	32.49%
G.	Total June 30, 2012 Contribution Rate (C + F)		54.86%	51.89%	53.61%		59.45%	59.78%	(56.82%
H.	Total June 30, 2011 Contribution Rate		49.75%	44.91%	48.45%		54.10%	54.44%		51.60%
I.	Estimated Payroll for fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013 *	\$	9,386	\$ 1,716	\$ 29,454	\$	13,561	\$ 29,037	\$	83,154
J.	Estimated Annual Contribution (G x I) **	\$	5,149	\$ 890	\$ 15,790	\$	8,062	\$ 17,358	\$	47,249
K.	Prior Valuation Estimated Annual Contribution	\$	4,501	\$ 743	\$ 13,754	\$	7,071	\$ 15,236	\$	41,305
L.	Increase / (Decrease) in Annual Contribution	\$	648	\$ 147	\$ 2,036	\$	991	\$ 2,122	\$	5,944

* Estimated payroll based upon the assumption of 3.75% annual payroll growth. No adjustment is made for open or closed groups.

** Estimated contributions shown for illustrative purposes. Actual contributions will vary depending on actual payroll and timing.

***Estimated contribution for fiscal year beginning July 1, 2012 based on salary information as of June 30, 2012.

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• Use of Rates for Budgeting - Salary Model:

Salary Model lists each position in a department, using actual pay rates for existing employees and estimated rates for vacant funded positions

Rates for retirement are applied against each employee or position dependent on their Retirement Plan, to calculate an estimated retirement cost, by employee, program and department (currently 10 different plans, each with separate rates)

These cost estimates are then used to develop the departments budget

• Use of Rates for Budgeting - Salary Model:

Based on the salary estimates and other factors, the department will complete their proposed budget; often requiring Service Level Reductions to balance the increased salary and benefit costs

The departments budget is then reviewed by CEO and Auditor-Controller staff. Any issues are then discussed and resolved with the department

The CEO will then recommend a final departmental budget figure, including salaries and benefits (retirement and other costs) to the Board for approval

IV. Historic Pension Costs (Source: FY 2012-13 Recommended Budget)

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Pension Contributions



IV. SBCERS Rates w/County Adopted Payroll Pre PEPRA - Rate of Return (7.75%)



IV. Historic and Projected Pension Contributions (No Change for PEPRA or Rate of Return)



IV. Pension Projections + Change in Rate of Return from 7.75% to 7.5%





IV. Summary of Pension Factors (Dollars in millions)

	Fiscal Year Projected												
Summary of Pension Costs:	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18	18-19	19-20	20-21	21-22	22-23			
Pension Contribtions: Pre-PEPRA	\$108.0	\$110.3	\$104.9	\$100.5	\$ 99.2	\$ 96.6	\$ 94.0	\$ 91.5	\$ 89.1	\$ 86.8			
Change in the ROR to 7.5%	-	9.9	9.4	8.7	7.9	7.1	6.4	5.8	5.1	4.4			
PEPRA	-	(0.6)	(1.2)	(1.8)	(2.3)	(2.9)	(3.4)	(3.9)	(4.4)	(4.9)			
Total Projected Pension Costs	\$108.0	\$119.6	\$113.1	\$107.3	\$104.7	\$100.8	\$ 97.0	\$ 93.3	\$ 89.8	\$ 86.4			

V. Accounting & Reporting for Pensions

ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR PENSIONS (GASB 68)

Overview & Implementation

Future GASBs

(listed on CAFR page 58)

Future Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

GASB Statements Nos. 60-68 listed below will be implemented in future financial statements:

Statement No. 60	Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements	The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011.
Statement No. 61	The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34	The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2012.
Statement No. 62	Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance	The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011.
Statement No. 63	Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011.
Statement No. 64	Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 53	The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2011.
Statement No. 65	Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities	The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012.
Statement No. 66	Technical Corrections—2012—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62	The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012.
Statement No. 67	Financial Reporting for Pension Plans—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25	The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013
Statement No. 68	Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27	The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Summary

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GASB 67 will require new Accounting and Financial Reporting for pensions; effective for the Santa Barbara County Retirement Association Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended 6/30/13.

GASB 68 will require new Accounting and Financial Reporting for pensions; effective for the County's Comprehensive Financial Statements for the Fiscal Year ended 6/30/14.

Major Impacts

Net Pension Liability on the Balance Sheet

The employer will now recognize a net pension liability (unfunded accrued liability) in their statement of net financial position (entity-wide balance sheet).

New Discount Rate

If the employer funds the actuarially determined contribution and it pays off the unfunded liability over a reasonable time then a lower discount rate is not required.

Cost Sharing Employers

County will only show proportionate share of the unfunded liability.

More extensive disclosure

The County will be required to make more extensive disclosures including assumptions and methods used to calculate pension liability.

Basic Financial Statements



Estimated Pension Liability & Expense

	Total Pension Fund	County Estimate
County Percentage of Pension Fund (based on FY 2011-12 Contributions)		92.9%
Liability	\$828 million (UAAL)	\$769 million
Expense	\$122 million	\$113 million

Government-Wide

Statement of Net Assets (Net Position)

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As of June 30, 2012 (in thousands)

		GAS	B 68
	Current	Change	Result
Assets	\$1,100,320	\$ -	\$1,100,320
Liabilities	\$ 322,694	\$ 769,000	\$1,091,694
Net Assets (Net Position)			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 558,696	\$-	\$ 558,696
Restricted for Programs	165,154	-	165,154
Unrestricted	53,776	(769,000)	(715,224)
Total Net Assets (Net Position)	\$ 777,626	\$ (769,000)	\$ 8,626

Fund Balances

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2012 (in thousands)

	G	eneral	Roads		Public Health		Social Services		ADMHS	Flood Control District		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmen Funds	
ASSETS	\$	111,213	\$	26,921	\$	29,235	\$	22,493	\$ 27,096	\$	61,334	\$	63,756	\$	342,048
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities:															
Total liabilities		25,304	-	9,069	_	7,955	-	15,111	17,919	_	588		21,998	-	97,944
Fund balances (Note 16):															
Nonspendable		8,780		022		522		364			21		201		9,366
Restricted		17,536		17,852		17,399		3,685	11,966		60,725		37,383		166,546
Committed		52,002		_		3,881		2,729					2,994		61,606
Assigned		190401010000000000000000000000000000000		1		100		604)		1,213		1,817
Unassigned		7,591		(222					(2,789)				(33)		4,769
Total fund balances		85,909		17,852		21,280		7,382	9,177		60,746		41,758	2	244,104
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	111,213	\$	26,921	\$	29,235	\$	22,493	\$ 27,096	\$	61,334	\$	63,756	\$	342,048

FY 2012-13 Retirement Workshop

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CEO Closing Comments