

Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment (THIRA)

Ryan Rockabrand, Director Robert Troy, Deputy Director Santa Barbara County Office of Emergency Management



SANTA BARBARA COUNTY OPERATIONAL AREA HOMELAND SECURITY APPROVAL AUTHORITY



Approval Authority Body - Operational Areas must appoint an Anti-Terrorism Approval Body (Approval Authority) to have final approval of the OA's application for SHSP funds. The Approval Authority shall consist of the following representatives:

- County Public Health Officer Dr. Wada
- County Fire Chief or Chief of Fire Authority Chief Peterson
- Municipal Fire Chief (selected by the Operational Area Fire Chiefs) Chief Mingee
- County Sheriff Sheriff Brown
- Chief of Police (selected by the Operational Area Police Chiefs) Chief Walsh

Source: California Office of Emergency Services FY14 Supplemental Guidance (PAGE 13)



FY14 ALLOCATIONS



5/08/14 – Working Group Meeting – Projects Presented
5/29/14 – Approval Authority First Meeting – Projects Prioritized
7/7/14 – Approval Authority Second Meeting – Projects Selected

LEAD	PROJECT		ALLOCATION July 7, 2014	
County OEM / GS	Island Repeater Project	\$	111,949	
County OEM	Communications Consultant	\$	54,000	
Sheriff	Push-to-Talk System	\$	99,200	
Sheriff	Riot Cache Trailer	\$	25,000	
SB Co. Fire	HazMat Vehicle	\$	100,000	
Guadalupe	Gas detectors (Guadalupe)	\$	6,200	
SB Co. Public Health	Toughbooks (4)	\$	18,000	
County OEM	THIRA	\$	75,000	
TOTAL		\$	489,349	



TASKS



TIMELINE: April 2015 – April 2016

TASK	ESTIMATED HOURS	TEAM COST
Identify jurisdictional threats and hazards.	25	3000
Write threat and hazard context descriptions.	40	4800
Write core capability target statements.	80	9600
Conduct critical infrastructure site assessments.	240	28800
Apply THIRA results to resource allocation and preparedness activities.	120	14400
Produce a final THIRA for the Santa Barbara Operational Area.	120	14400

75000



WHAT IS A THIRA



THIRA standardizes the risk analysis process that emergency managers and homeland security professionals employ for emergency operations planning, mutual aid agreements, and hazard mitigation planning.

Federal Emergency Management Agency and the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services sponsor THIRAs in order for Operational Areas to understand risks from natural, technological, and human-caused threats and hazards, in order to make informed decisions about how to manage risk and develop needed capabilities.



THREATS & HAZARDS EXAMPLES



Natural	Technological	Human-caused
 Avalanche Animal disease outbreak Drought Earthquake Epidemic Flood Hurricane Landslide Pandemic Tornado Tsunami Volcanic eruption Wildfire Winter storm 	 Airplane crash Dam failure Levee failure Mine accident Hazardous materials release Power failure Radiological release Train derailment Urban conflagration 	 Biological attack Chemical attack Cyber incident Explosives attack Radiological attack Sabotage School and workplace violence



CORE CAPABILITIES



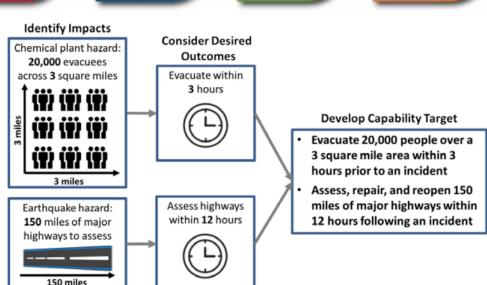
Prevention	Protection	Mitigation	Response	Recovery				
	Planning							
	Public Information and Warning							
	Operational Coordination							
Forensics and Attribution Intelligence and Information Sharing Interdiction and Disruption Screening, Search, and Detection	Access Control and Identity Verification Cybersecurity Intelligence and Information Sharing Interdiction and Disruption Physical Protective Measures Risk Management for Protection Programs and Activities Screening, Search, and Detection Supply Chain Integrity and Security	Community Resilience Long-term Vulnerability Reduction Risk and Disaster Resilience Assessment Threats and Hazard Identification	Critical Transportation Environmental Response/ Health and Safety Fatality Management Services Infrastructure Systems Mass Care Services Mass Search and Rescue Operations On-scene Security and Protection Operational Communications Public and Private Services and Resources Public Health and Medical Services Situational Assessment	Economic Recovery Health and Social Services Housing Infrastructure Systems Natural and Cultural Resources				



THIRA PROCESS









CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE





Agriculture and Food



Banking and Finance



Chemical



Commercial Facilities



Communications



Critical Manufacturing



Dams



Defense Industrial Base



Emergency Services



Energy



Government Facilities



Healthcare and Public Health



Information Technology



National Monuments and Icons



Nuclear Reactors, Materials and Waste



Postal and Shipping



Transportation Systems



Water



WHY THIRA



Baseline planning to make more informed decisions

Mutual Aid Agreements and Memorandums' of Understanding

Better understanding of risks from natural, technological, and human-caused threats and hazards

Develop needed capabilities

Funding allocations based on vulnerabilities

Grant requirements