Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck

March 19, 2014

Susan F. Petrovich Attorney at Law 805.882.1405 tel 805.965.4333 fax SPetrovich@bhfs.com

RECEIVED

MAR 19 2014 S.B. COUNTY PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

VIA HAND DELIVERY

Ms. Anne Almy County of Santa Barbara Planning & Development 123 East Anapamu Street Santa Barbara, CA 93101

RE: Philippides Lotline Adjustment Application, 740 Arcady Road, Montecito

Dear Ms. Almy:

Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck represents Athena Philippides and Craig Hawker, owners of 740 Arcady Road and 1340 Eucalyptus Hill Road. I am directing this letter to you because the planner originally assigned to this case is on maternity leave.

Introduction

Ms. Philippides and Mr. Hawker have applied for a lotline adjustment between two existing legal parcels. In response to questions raised by the County Surveyor as to the separate nature of these two parcels, we provided materials that demonstrate that the parcels are, indeed, separate. Apparently, he requires more. We enclose a package of materials for your information and will explain their relevance in this cover letter.

We also enclose a chart, entitled "740 ARCADY ROAD/1340 EUCALYPTUS HILL ROAD," which sets forth all dates relevant to these two parcels and their history.

We believe that, after reviewing the information within and the attachments, you will have sufficient grounds to conclude that the two parcels that are the subject of the lotline adjustment application are separate legal parcels and will process the lotline adjustment as requested.

If you are unable or unwilling to process the lotline adjustment application to conclusion, we request that you provide us with a letter stating your denial of the lotline adjustment and advising the grounds for refusing to further process the Philippides/Hawker lotline adjustment application.

1020 State Street Santa Barbara, CA 93101-2711 main 805.963.7000

Procedural History

The lotline adjustment application resulted from a Notice of Violation (NOV), dated December 5, 2012, requiring that the existing garage be demolished because it allegedly was built without a permit prior to the Hawkers acquiring the property. The Hawkers did not participate in creating the violation and are relatively new owners of the property.

Syndi Souter, on behalf of the Hawkers, investigated and determined that the house encroached over the shared property line so a lotline adjustment would be required before the Hawkers could apply for a permit to legalize the garage. She requested a time extension to process the lotline adjustment application to allow for time to cure the NOV. She submitted an abatement schedule that seemed reasonable at the time because she had submitted the lotline adjustment application on April 29, 2013.

Earlier this month, the Building & Safety staff member monitoring the NOV advised Ms. Souter that no further extensions would be granted because "the consensus is that only one lot exists on the parcel."

For the reasons detailed below, we do not concur with this "consensus" and request that you review the enclosed information with County Counsel and advise us that you **are** able to process the lotline adjustment. Upon receipt of such a letter, we will return to the Building Department for negotiation of a new abatement schedule that will include conclusion of the lotline adjustment process. If you cannot issue such a letter, please provide us with a clear and unambiguous statement that the lotline adjustment application will not be processed.

Factual Basis for Acknowledging the Legal Validity of Two Separate Legal Parcels

These two parcels have always been deeded in a manner that identifies them as separate parcels. They each arose out of entirely separate assessor's parcels that were under separate ownership at the time of the lot split that created 740 Arcady. See the attached Pueblos Map No. 42 for the Cold Springs School District, compiled by the County Surveyor's Office.

Landowner Frank Solomon (who did NOT own the adjacent property), applied to the County to create the 740 Arcady parcel by a lot split map, approved by the County of Santa Barbara's Subdivision Committee on April 4, 1957 under Ordinance No. 791. The Subdivision Committee was the County body then authorized to approve land divisions of less than 5 parcels.

On May 1, 1957, Solomon deeded Parcel B of the lot split map to Louis Paulson, thereby complying with the Ordinance No. 791 requirement that the lot split be finalized by recordation of a map or deed. Louis Paulson was never a party to the lot split application and his land was not involved in the lot split.

There is no County record of Parcel B having been legally merged with the 1340 Eucalyptus Hill parcel.

Since Solomon deeded Parcel B to Paulson, the two Paulson lots have been conveyed twice, once by Paulson to Cox in 1965, in which the 740 Arcady lot (Parcel B) and the original Paulson lot are described as distinctly separate parcels from one another. In 2012, when Cox conveyed to Hawker/Philippides, the grant again describes the two parcels as being separate and distinct.

Deed history is an indication of intent and it is clear that Paulson, who was not the subdivider in 1957, but who acquired Parcel B from the subdivider, regarded these lots as two separate and distinct legal parcels. His successor did the same.

Even if the parcels had not been so conveyed, Civil Code section 1093 states that a legal description in a deed or other instrument of conveyance or security instrument, that consolidates the descriptions of separate and distinct parcels, does not change their nature or merge the parcels. Adopted in 1985, this section states that it is a declaration of existing law. It is retroactive in effect as a result of that declaration.

The County Surveyor's memo, dated May 16, 2013, makes several statements that deserve further analysis.

First, he states that "It is clear that the intent of the Subdivision Map Act approval issued on April 4, 1957 was to create a single legal parcel." That is far from clear, given the state of County ordinances and State law at the time. Whatever the County Subdivision Committee may or may not have intended, it could not implement any action other than a straight lot split with only one affected property owner – Solomon – being a party to the application. Paulson was not a co-applicant so his land could not be merged with a portion of Solomon's without a separate lotline adjustment process

Second, he states that "by deeding the two properties together subsequent to subdivision approval," the owner merged the two parcels. This interpretation is completely inconsistent with the facts as set forth above (the only two post-subdivision deeds have described the two parcels separately) and the law. Civil Code section 1093 states that a merger doesn't occur through consolidate of separate and distinct legal descriptions into one deed, absent an express written statement of the grantor of an intent to merge the parcels. The two grant deeds for these lots have no such express statement of intent to merge the parcels.

Third, he states that the "owner merged the two parcels into one parcel that was approved pursuant to the Subdivision Map Act." No such merger has ever occurred. The Subdivision Map Act and County ordinances have clear procedures and requirements for a voluntary merger and the Subdivision Map Act precludes involuntary

mergers without compliance with certain statutory provisions. The County of Santa Barbara did not implement those merger requirements and the time has passed to do so.

The sole basis for the County's questions about the validity of these two parcels is a handwritten note in the corner of an unrecorded Parcel Map, "Note: Parcel B to become part of the lot to the north and not a separate building site." The unrecorded Parcel Map is the only place in the County files that we were able to find any indication of the Subdivision Committee's intent and that is ambiguous – the Subdivision Committee and County Counsel knew in 1957 that a lotline adjustment would be necessary to legally combine Parcel B with an unrelated property to the north. This notation on the map is a nullity. Merger across ownership lines has never permitted under the County's ordinances.

The County Assessor records better reflect the legal impact of the Subdivision Committee's approval – the enclosed two pages from the Assessor's 1957 record book shows three (3) separate Assessor's Parcels: -083 for Paulson's original landholding, -106 for Parcel B, and -107 for Parcel A, which remained Solomon's.

The County's official notice of the lot split approval came to Solomon (Paulson was not an addressee) via a letter signed by the County Planning Director, stating "This notice is authority to proceed with the division as shown on the approved plat." The letter includes no statement that the note on the Parcel Map was a condition of approval. There is absolutely no recorded notice that such a condition was appended to the approval.

Most relevant is the fact that the County later allowed a residence to be constructed on 740 Arcady without any County processing of a lot merger, reversion to acreage, or lotline adjustment between Parcel B and the original Paulson parcel.

In any event, Paulson was not a party to the lot split proceeding; he and his successors are not bound by anything said or noted during the proceeding. The words "become part of the lot to the north" are ambiguous – they may simply have reflected Solomon's intent to sell the lot to Paulson following County approval of the lot split. Solomon did convey the property to Paulson a short time after the lot split approval. The note includes no promise signed by Paulson to later complete a merger, lotline adjustment, or reversion to acreage and there is no record that Paulson applied for or completed any such process.

Just two years earlier, the County had adopted a process for accomplishing a reversion to acreage, as described in Ordinance No. 786. That process required that a map to be filed, "designated on the title sheet by an appropriate note containing the words, "MAP OF VACATION" followed by REVERSION TO ACREAGE." (Part II. Section 4.a.). The Subdivision Committee and the County Counsel must have been aware of this new ordinance when Solomon came forward with his lot split proposal. A complete failure to comply with all applicable law and ordinances indicates that the Subdivision Committee did not intend a merger of Parcel B with the property to the north. A notation on an

unrecorded map failed to meet 1957 State and County requirements, and it doesn't meet today's requirements, for merger or reversion to acreage.

Paulson's Land Use Rider to construct a residence on his landholding didn't depict the lot line between his two legal parcels. He was not required to do so under any ordinance in force at the time. Although the house depicted on the Land Use Rider straddles the lot line, the as-built residence is largely on Parcel B, although a portion of it lies north of the shared lot line. This permit afforded the County an opportunity to announce any intention that the two parcels comprised only one legal building site, but there is no such note on the Land Use Rider. The failure to accurately site a building did not then and does not now accomplish a merger or reversion to acreage.

The conclusion must be that these are two separate legal parcels. Paulson acquired these parcels in two completely difference conveyances two years apart (10/21/1955 and 5/7/1957, respectively).

If the County intended to impose a condition on the lot split, it failed to follow <u>any</u> legal process to accomplish that intent and, in later years, failed to enforce or give notice of the condition. The lot line between Parcel B and the Paulson's original landholding remains in place. Although the County Assessor has designated the entire property as a single Assessor's Parcel, Assessor's Parcels do not equate to legal parcels.

Legal Basis for Acknowledging the Legal Validity of Two Separate Legal Parcels

The County has been involved in two comparable cases and has lost legal challenges in both:

Hawkes v. County of Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara Superior Court Case No. 169598 (1990) – judgment entered in Hawkes' favor on 3/23/1990. This decision pre-dated the Morehart decision discussed below. The court concluded that a lot legally created but later saddled with an unrecorded County condition that it was not buildable was a separate lot and legal building site.

Morehart v. County of Santa Barbara (1994) 7 Cal.4th 725 – USSC reversed Court of Appeal and determined that the County cannot, by land use regulation, impose lot merger upon private property. Cal. Govt. Code sections 66451.10 through 66451.21 "constitute the sole and exclusive authority for local agency initiated merger of contiguous parcels." Parcels "may be merged by local agencies only in accordance with the authority and procedures prescribed in [those sections]." The County had argued that the rule that the Subdivision Map Act occupied the field for mergers does not include zoning ordinances "that require merger of parcels for issuance of a development permit" because it is not a "local agency initiated merger" and it is the action of the owner in applying for a development permit that effectuated the merger, not the County. The Supreme Court rejected that argument in its entirety.

The Supreme Court also pointed to Sections 66451.10(a) that provides that "two or more contiguous parcels or units of land . . . shall not be deemed merged by virtue of the fact that the contiguous parcels or units are held by the same owner, and no further proceeding under [the Subdivision Map Act] or a local ordinance enacted pursuant thereto shall be required for the purpose of sale, lease or financing of the contiguous parcels or units, or any of them."

The Supreme Court also referenced Section 66451.11 as prescribing the specific conditions under which the local parcel merger ordinance may make parcels eligible or ineligible for merger. Santa Barbara County never adopted a merger ordinance so the "merger is permitted only if one of the parcels comprises less than 5,000 square feet, or was not created in compliance with applicable law," or fails to meet current health and safety requirements. Inconsistency with the general plan simply because of lot size or density standards doesn't constitute grounds for the exemption. "The statute does not, however, authorize imposition of merger simply because a parcel is undersized by local zoning standards unless one of the parcels to be merged is less than 5,000 square feet."

While considering these two local cases, we ask that the County consider its position if it fails to acknowledge what the public record reveals: (1) that the County approved the creation of two separate legal lots through a lot split that complied with local ordinances in force at the time became effective as required by ordinance; and, (2) that the County may have attempted to impose a legally unsupportable and unrecorded condition upon Solomon without Paulson being a part of the process; and, (3) that the County failed to follow State law or its own ordinances applicable to combining two parcels under separate ownership; and, (4) that the County made no attempt to enforce this condition against the subdivider; and, (5) that the County did not require recordation of the alleged condition.

Conclusion

On behalf of Mr. Hawker and Ms. Philippides, I can assure you that they would like to resolve this issue with the County amicably. This can be accomplished with a simple lotline adjustment that will then allow the County to issue a building permit for the garage.

Because timing is important in regard to the Notice of Violation, we also request that the time to abate the violation be further extended. The property owners believe that they have two legal parcels and are pursuing their legal right to a lotline adjustment, but perhaps they and the County can resolve the NOV issue by pulling a permit to modify the former garage so that it can be used as a garage while reserving their right to contend that the permit in no way compromises the legal status of the lots that comprise the property.

Please respond to the following questions:

Ms. Anne Almy March 19, 2014 Page 7

Will the County process a permit to restore the garage door pending resolution of the parcel validity issue, agreeing that the restoration in no way compromises the Hawkers' position?

Will the County state an appealable decision as to whether it contends that Parcel B is not a legal buildable parcel, separate and apart from the property known as 1340 Eucalyptus Hill Road?

Sincerely,

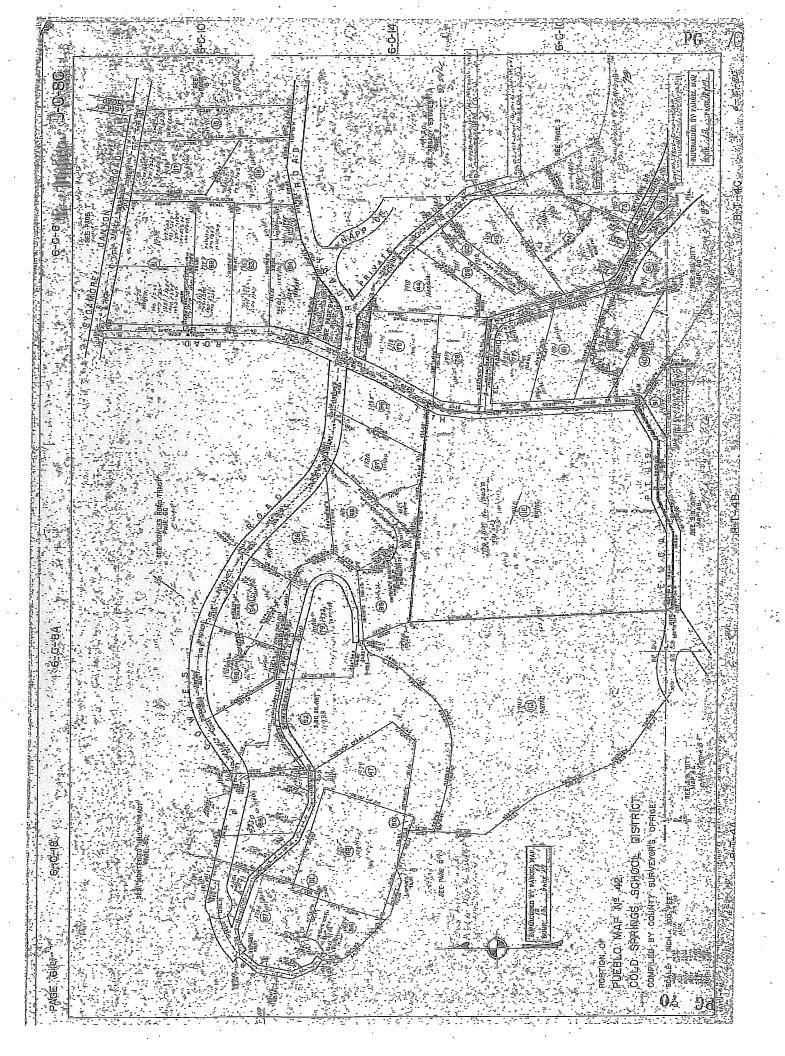
Susan F. Petrovich

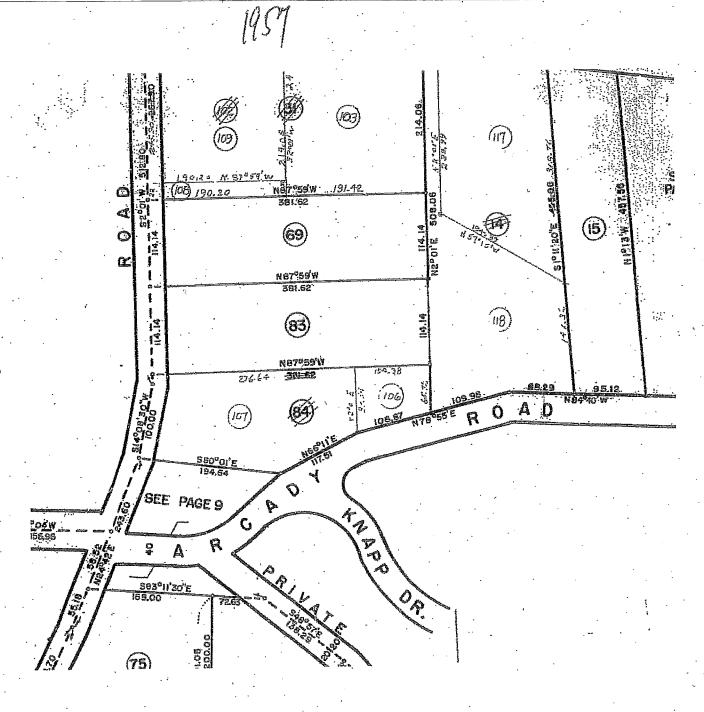
Attachments

Cc: Eric Snyder, Building Dept. Enforcement, w/out attachments

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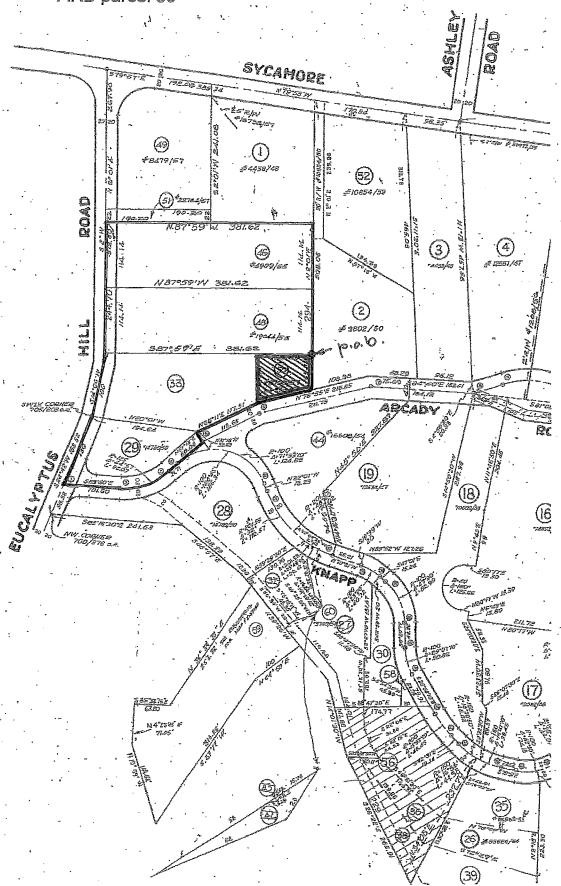
Cc: Glenn S. Russell Ph. D., Planning & Development Director, w/attachments





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LAW OFFICES HATCH AND PARENT A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 2 21 EAST CARRILLO STREET BANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA 93161 TELEPHONE 963-9231 3

FILED SUPERIOR COURT SANTA BARBARA

MAR 2 3 1990

Kenneth A. Pettit, Sounty Cierk-Recorder MARA MURPHY

Ву Deputy Clerk

Attorneys for

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FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

CASE NO. 169598

JUDGMENT

[CCP § 1094]

Real Parties in Interest.

LELAND M. CRAWFORD, JR., FRANCESCA J. CRAWFORD; SALLIE G. KAYER; ERNEST R.

KIRSHTNER; MARY V. KIRSHTNER; MARSHALL A. ROSE; DAVID W. VAN HORNE and POLLY

EMMET J. HAWKES and SALLY HAWKES

THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA

its BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

H. VAN HORNE,

Petitioners and Plaintiffs,

Respondents and Defendants,

This cause came on regularly for trial on December 19 and 20, 1989, in Department 1 of the above-entitled court, the Honorable Ronald C. Stevens, judge, presiding, sitting without a jury.

Petitioners appeared by their attorneys, Hatch and Parent and Stanley M. Roden. Respondent appeared by Deputy County Counsel Stephen Shane Stark. Real parties in interest appeared by David W. Van Horne of Price, Postel & Parma and Leland M. Crawford, Jr.

This case was consolidated for trial by order of this court dated June 12, 1989, with Santa Barbara Superior Court #167375. Petitioners moved the court for a judgment and peremptory writ pursuant to section 1094 of the Code of Civil Procedure. The court having read the proffered administrative record, weighed the evidence presented to the court and having thoroughly considered the briefs filed by all parties hereby ORDERS, ADJUDGES AND DECREES as follows:

- Judgment pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section
 1094 is granted in favor of petitioner.
- 2. County shall by April 6, 1990, issue a land use permit and a building permit for the residence and workshop on the land commonly referred to as APN 11-190-06 upon the architectural renderings, drawings, plans and water well Health Department permit as they existed and were on file with County of Santa Barbara, and at costs and fees not to exceed that which County customarily charged as of October 12, 1987.
- 3. This judgment shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of petitioners and all successor owners of APN 11-190-06, whose legal description is as follows:

22 Parcel 1:

That portion of the Outside Pueblo Lands of the City of Santa Barbara, in the County of Santa Barbara, State of California, described as follows:

Beginning at the Northwest corner of the tract of land described in the deed to Lloyd Aspinwall, et ux., recorded December 12, 1930 in Book 225, at Page 498 of Official Records; thence South 4°35' East along the Westerly line of said last mentioned tract of land 171.81 feet to the Southwest corner thereof and a point in the

4576R

-2-

Northerly line of the tract of land described in the deed to Julia Watson Horne recorded March 9, 1923, in Book 221, Page 65 of deeds, records of said county; thence South 79°07' West along the last mentioned line 15 feet; thence North 4°35' West 35 feet; thence South 79°07'; (sic) 27.00 feet thence South 4°35' East 35 feet to a point on said Northerly line of said Horne Tract, thence South 79°07' West along said Northerly line 94.88 feet; thence North 4°35' West 185.96 feet to a point in the Southerly line of the first parcel of land described in the deed to John W. Barnes, recorded January 4, 1927 in Book 108, at Page 314 of Official Records; thence North 85°03' East along said last mentioned line, 136.05 feet to the point of beginning.

4. Petitioners shall recover costs in this proceeding incurred to date in the amount of $$\frac{138140}{2}$

5. Based upon stipulation presented to and filed with the court, the court finds that respondents and real parties in interest, and each of them, have waived their rights to appeal.

Dated: MAR 23 1990

Ronald C. Stevens
Judge of the Superior Court

APPIOVED AS TO FORM

PETICE, POSTEL & PARMA

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Leland M. Crawford, Jr.

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COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA

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Stephen Shane Stark

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The legal description contained in the grant deed recorded July 19, 1985, included the above typographical error. The phrase "thence South 79°07'; 27.00 feet" should read "thence South 79°07' west 27.00 feet;"

NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHO NUMBER OF ATTORNEY(S)

HATCH AND PARENT 21 E Carrillo Street Santa Barbara, CA 93101

805-963-9231

ATTORNEY(S) FOR EMMET J & SALLY HAWKES

FILED SUPERIOR COURT SANTA BARBARA

MAR 27 1990

MENNETH A. PETTIT, County Glara-Recorder

By: Kothy AlchmonDO

KATHY RICHMOND, Deputy Clerk Recorder

Plaintiffs	,						
SUPERIOR	COURT OF THE S	STATE OF CALIFO	RNIA				
FOR	THE COUNTY OF	SANTA BARBARA					
			CASE NUMBER				
EMMET J. HAWKES and SALLY HA	wkes,	ı	169598				
	PLAINTIFF(S)						
vs		NOTICE O	FENTRY OF JUDGMENT/ORD	ÆR			
THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA	and its						
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,	DEFENDANT(S)						
To the above named parties and to their	ittorneys of record:						
You are hereby notified that judgment/o		ed matter was entered o	n: Date <u>March 23, 1990</u>				
	PROOF OF SERVI	CE BY MAIL					
I hereby certify that I am over the age of or employed in the county where the m my residence or business address is: 2. I further certify that on Max parties in the within action by deposit prepaid in the United States Post Office and addressed as follows:	nailing occurred, or I and I E Carrillo S ch 27 ing true copies thereof	n an active member of t Street, Santa 1990 I served notice	ne State Bar of Cantornia, and that Barbara, CA 93101 of entry of judgment! of the on the cyclopes with postage thereon fully allifornia				
David Van Horne Price, Postel & Parma 200 E Carrillo St Santa Barbara, CA 93101		ldg #200 St	Stephen Shane Stark County Counsel's Off: 105 E Anapamu Santa Barbara, CA 9:	ice 3101			
		correct	•				
	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. March 27, 1990 at Santa Barbara, CA						
Executed on March 27, 1	990 at	Danied Barbara	<u> </u>				
Signed: Active Member of Californ		igned: Death	James .				
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SUPERIOR COURT
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FEI 1 9 1991

Name, Address and Telephone No. of Attorney(s)
HATCH AND PARENT
21 E Carrillo Street
Santa Barbara, CA 93101

KENNET! - FEITIT, County Clerk-Recorder

By: Maria L. Hill Maria L. Maria L. Gil., Deputy Clerk-Recorder

К 805-963-9231 Attorney(s) for .. Plaintiff HAVKES..... CC SUPERIOR ... COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF ... SANTA BARBARA CA (SUPERIOR, MUNICIPAL, or JUSTICE) AC (Name of Municipal or Justice Court District or of branch court, if any) 169598 CASE NUMBER REQUEST FOR DISMISSAL Plaintiff(s): EMMET J. HAWKES and SALLY HAWKES TYPE OF ACTION Personal Injury, Property Damage and Wrongful Death: ☐ Other ☐ Motor Vehicle Eminent Domain Defendant(s): Domestic Relations other: (Specify) Inverse Condemnation (Abbreviated Title) TO THE CLERK: Please dismiss this action as follows: (Check applicable boxes.) ☐ Cross-complaint only 1. 🔀 With prejudice ☐ Petition only ☐ Complaint only 2. Entire action Other: (Specify)* Fourth cause of action only Attorney(s) for .. Plaintiff HAWKES..... March 27, 1990 *If dismissal requested is of specified parties only, of specified causes of action only or of specified cross-complaints only, so state and identify the parties, causes of action or cross-complaints to be dismissed. Stanley M. Roden (Type or print attorney(s) name(s)) to be dismissed. TO THE CLERK: Consent to the above dismissal is hereby given.** Attorney(s) for **When a cross-complaint (or Response (Marriage) seeking affirmative relief) is on file, the attorney(s) for the cross-complainant (respondent) must sign this consent when required by CCP (Type or print attorney(s) name(s)) 581(1), (2) or (5). Dismissal entered as requested on 1991 as to only $\alpha \leq \alpha 60 Ve$

FEB 1.9 1991

Maria L. Hill

. Deputy

Form Adopted by Rule 982 of The Judicial Council of California Revised Effective July 1, 1972

REQUEST FOR DISMISSAL

CCP 581, etc.; Cal. Rules of Court. MCSB-113 Rule 1233

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA

EMETT J. HAWKES and SALLY HAWKES,

Petitioners and Plaintiffs,

vs.

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THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA and its BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,

Respondents and Defendants,

LELAND M. CRAWFORD, JR., FRANCESCA J. CRAWFORD, SALLIE G. KAYSER, ERNEST R. KIRSHTNER, MARY V. KIRSHTNER, MARSHALL A. ROSE, HEIDI P. ROSE, DAVID W. VAN HORNE and POLLY H. VAN HORNE,

Real Parties in Interest.

LELAND M. CRAWFORD, JR.; FRANCESA J. CRAWFORD; SALLIE G. KAYSER; DAVID W. VAN HORNE; and POLLY H. VAN HORNE,

Petitioners and Plaintiffs,

vs.

THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA and its BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,

27 Respondents,

EMMET J. HAWKES and SALLY HAWKES,

Real parties in Interest

CASE NO. 169598

Consolidated with

TENTATIVE DECISION

CASE NO. 167375

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and a state of the state of the

Trial of these consolidated matters was held on December 19 and 20 1989. Emmet J. Hawkes and Sally Hawkes were represented by their attorney Stanley Roden. The Crawford, Kayser, and Van Horne parties were represented by their attorneys Leland M. Crawford, Jr. and David W. Van Horne. The County of Santa Barbara was represented by its attorneys Shane Stark and Robert Pike. Evidence was presented. The Court considered oral argument of counsel and the matter was submitted for decision.

The Court has now reviewed the entire administrative record in this matter. We have also considered both the oral and written arguments of counsel.

CASE NO. 167375

The Petition was filed following the issuance of a certificate of compliance by the county pursuant to the provisions of Government Code section 66499.35. It is petitioner's contention that the parcel of real property was created in violation of the subdivision map act as a result of a deed that was recorded in May of 1979. It is the petitioner's position that the lot in question was merged or combined with other property in January of 1958. If there was a merger, the conveyance in 1979 had to comply with the provisions of the subdivision map act.

The Court cannot conclude from the record before us that any merger or combination of properties occurred as a result of the actions of the planning commission of 1958. There is no violation of the subdivision map act. The actions of the respondent county were proper in all respects. The certificate of compliance was properly issued. The Petition for Writ of Mandate in Case No. 167375 will be denied.

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CASE NO. 169598

Emmet and Sally Hawkes applied for a building permit to enable them to construct a residence on the lot in question. The owners obtained a certificate of compliance from the County surveyor and the Department of Resource Management issued a land use/building permit. Neighbors appealed the decision of the Department of Resource management to issue a building permit. A hearing was held before the planning commission and the staff decision to issue the permit was reversed. The property owners then appealed to the Board of Supervisors. The decision of the planning commission was sustained and the application for a building permit was denied. The board adopted findings of fact in support of its decision. The property owners now seek a Writ of Mandate. It is their contention that the Board of Supervisors abused it discretion when the application for building permit was denied.

We have carefully reviewed the entire administrative record and the additional evidence that was presented at the hearing. We have also carefully considered the various legal arguments that have been made by the opposing sides.

We find no substantial evidence and no legal justification for finding of Facts No. 5, 10, 11 and 12 adopted by the Board of Supervisors. The decision is not supported by the substantial evidence or by the law.

A Writ of Mandamus shall issue directing respondent to issue the land use/building permit as originally specified by the Department of Resource Management.

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Counsel for petitioners shall prepare and submit an appropriate order.

Dated: JAN 4 1996

RONALD C. STEVENS Judge of the Superior Court

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County of Santa Barbara

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

Dianne Guzman, AICP, Director

October 22, 1987

Emmet J. Hawkes and Sally Hawkes 213 W. Figueroa St. Santa Barbara, CA 93101

Case No. 87-M-42, Appeal from Planning Commission action on July 15, 1987, to not issue the Land Use Permit for a residence and workshop; APN

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Hawkes:

At the Board of Supervisors' meeting on October 12, 1987, the Board denied your appeal based upon findings adopted in Board of Supervisors Resolution

The time within which judicial review of this decision must be sought is governed by § 1094.6 of the California Code of Civil Procedure. You are advised to consult an attorney immediately if you intend to seek judicial

Sincerely Cercly by C.K. Albert J. Courdy, Deputy Dip Development Review Division

cc:

Case File: 87-M-42

Permanent File

Clerk of B/S (File #87-13,304)

Deputy County Counsel, Jana Zimmer

Attorney: Rosanne J. Coit, 800 Presidio Avenue, Santa Barbara, CA

Fire Department Flood Control

Environmental Health Services

Parks Department

Public Works

Montecito Association, P.O. Box 5278 Montecito, CA 93108

RESOLUTION NO. 87-518

BEFORE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA

IN RE THE APPEAL OF EMMET J. HAWKES ET UX, FROM THE PLANNING COMMISSION DENIAL OF A LAND USE PERMIT (APPEAL OF 87-M-42)

BOARD ACTION NO. 87-13,304 STATEMENT OF FINDINGS

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Santa Barbara does hereby adopt the following Findings in support of its decision expressed September 14, 1987 to uphold the decision of the Planning Commission in the appeal of Case No. 87-M-42 regarding Santa Barbara County Assessor's Parcel No. 11-190-06, ("the Property") located at 1382 East Valley Road, Montecito Area, First District, refusing to issue a Land Use Permit for the following reasons:

- 1. On March 13, 1987, on the recommendation of County Counsel, the County Surveyor issued a Notice of Determination and Intent to Record a Certificate of Compliance for Santa Barbara County Assessor's Parcel No. 11-190-06 ("the Property"), to establish compliance with California Subdivision Map Act, California Government Code Section 66410, et Seq, and local ordinances adopted pursuant to the Map Act.
- Such determination was timely appealed to this Board of Supervisors, and the appeal was heard on April 27, 1987. After hearing, this Board of Supervisors denied the

appeal and ordered that a Certificate of Compliance be issued and recorded.

- 3. The Certificate of Compliance for the Property was recorded on May 22, 1987.
- 4. The Findings for that action recited that dwellings may be located on a lot smaller than the minimum size for the district if a Certificate of Compliance is recorded (finding No. 5) and that the current zoning would allow for development of the Property (Finding No. 9).
- 5. As findings made in the context of a Subdivision Map Act matter, those Findings were statements of general application and did not take into account the background of special zoning interpretations applicable to the Property, nor did they incorporate the determinations regarding consistency with the zoning and Comprehensive Plan which are required in a particular application for the development of property under the zone district requirements.
- 6. On May 29, 1987, the staff of the Resource
 Management Department of the County issued a Land Use Permit for
 the construction of a single family residence and workshop on
 the Property.
- 7. The issuance of the Land Use Permit was timely appealed to the Planning Commission of the County by David and Polly Van Horne and other adversely affected neighbors of the Property. After proper hearing, the Planning Commission, on July 15, 1987, granted the appeal and ordered that the Land Use Permit not be issued.

- 8. The action taken by the Planning Commission was timely appealed to this Board of Supervisors by Emmet J. Hawkes, an owner of the Property. The appeal was heard on September 14, 1987. After hearing, this Board of Supervisors determined to deny the appeal and upheld the decision of the Planning Commission.
- 9. Section 35-411 of the County Code of the County of Santa Barbara (the County Zoning Ordinance) incorporates the policies of the Comprehensive Plan into the provisions of the zoning ordinance for the purposes of applying the development standards of a zoning district.
- 200. The Property has been the subject of two previous zoning interpretations and particular applications of zoning designations in the past, 58 V 12 and 70 V 41, which have established limitations on the use of the Property pursuant to previous Zoning Ordinance No. 453.
- a part of the existing Zoning Ordinance provisions, which incorporate with the zone district text provisions applicable to a particular property under Section 35-405 of the County Zoning Ordinance, and remain as limitations on the use or development of the property.
- 12. The restrictions are available for review by research of the files maintained by the County Resource Management Department by anyone familiar with the history of the Property or able to trace its ownership through existing public records.

13. The restrictions developed as a result of the past applications, 58 V 12 and 70 V 41, are of particular application to the Property and restrict its development as a mat er of application of the current provisions of the County Zoning Ordinance.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT AND IT IS RESOLVED, that the Property is not suitable for the development proposed under the zoning applicable to the area, and,

RESOLVED FURTHER, that the appeal of Emmet J. Hawkes from the Planning Commission approval of the appeal of David Van Horne, et al., of the issuance of the Land Use Permit (87-M-42) is denied, and the Resource Management Department of the County is directed to not issue such Land Use Permit.

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Santa Barbara, State of California, this 12th day of October 1987, by the following vote:

AYES: Dav:

David M. Yager, Tom Rogers, William B. Wallace

NOES:

DeWayne Holmdahl, Toru Miyoshi

ABSTAIN:

None

ABSENT:

None

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA

By William B. Wallace, Chair

ATTEST: KENNETH A. PETTIT COUNTY CLERK-RECORDER

The King Atravilus

4610B 10/13/87

Approved as to form: Kenneth L. Nelson, County Counsel,

1/ Reference to an exhibit includes its attachment and incorporation therein as if more particularly set forth.

Consolidated b/ 167375 Salomon vs. Meller

PACE BELOW FOR FILING STAMP ONLY).

b. The second parcel is the subject of this action. It is an unimproved, approximately one-half acre lot bearing the street address 1382 East Valley Road (APN 11-190-06) (hereinafter "parcel 6").

- c. Both parcels were acquired simultaneously by petitioners in July 1985 by purchase from Santa Barbara Bank and Trust.
- d. The two parcels have historically been treated by respondent as separate parcels.
- e. The parcels were conveyed to petitioners' predecessors in interest by separate grants from different grantors.
- parcels for financing purposes with independent deeds of trust to secure indebtedness. On the date petitioners acquired parcels 6 and 11 there were three separate deeds of trust, on parcel 11 a first to Great Western, a second to petitioners and a third to Santa Barbara Bank and Trust; on parcel 6 there was a first to Santa Barbara Bank and Trust.
- 3. By virtue of their fee ownership of parcel 6, petitioners are the parties beneficially interested in and the parties directly aggrieved by the action of respondent in denying

them a land use/building permit for a residence to be constructed on parcel 6 ("the land use/building permit").

- 4. Pespondent County of Santa Barbara is a duly recognized loc _ governmental agency and a political subdivision of the State of California who, at all times herein mentioned, was governed by and acted through its elected five-member Santa Barbara County Board of Supervisors ("board of supervisors").
- as real parties in interest, to wit, LELAND M. CRAWFORD, JR.,
 FRANCESCA J. CRAWFORD, SALLIE G. KAYSER, ERNEST R. KIRSHTNER,
 MARY V. KIRSHTNER, MARSHALL A. ROSE, HEIDI P. ROSE, DAVID W. VAN
 HORNE and POLLY H. VAN HORNE, ("the neighbors"), are persons who
 live and/or own property somewhere in the vicinity of parcel 6 and
 are the individuals who successfully appealed to the Santa Barbala
 County Planning Commission ("planning commission") the issuance of
 a land use/building permit by the Santa Barbara County Department
 of Resource Management ("DRM").
- 6. Respondent has the duty and is empowered by law to regulate and make ministerial and/or discretionary decisions affecting land use and development and to hear and finally determine appeals brought from discretionary and/or ministerial decisions made by its officers, employees and planning commission.
- 7. The administrative history regarding ultimate denial of a land use/building permit for parcel 6 is as follows:
- a. On or about September 1985, petitioners began the process to obtain by proper filings and payment of fees the issuance by respondent of the land use/building permit.

b. On or about June 9, 1986, DRM concluded, after review of documents filed by the neighbors, that the existence of parcel 6 as a "legal lot" was questionable. DRM required petitioners as a pre-condition to issuance of the land use/building permit to first obtain a certificate of compliance under the California Subdivision Map Act.

- c. On or about August 19, 1986, pecitioners made application for an unconditional certificate of compliance.
- d. On or about March 13, 1987, the county surveyor issued a "Notice of Determination and Intent to Record a Certificate of Compliance" ("notice of intent").
- e. On or about March 20, 1987, the neighbors appealed the notice of intent. The neighbors' principal points of content on were as follows:
- i. A prior decision of planning commission in 1958, reinforced in 1970, eliminated the status of parcel 6 as a separate and legal parcel in order to enforce one acre zoning.
- (1) The first prior determination was made on January 22, 1958 when planning commission granted Fred C. Acres a permit to build a single family residence on parcel 5 stating that it "approved the combining of lots 142 (parcel 6) and 45 (parcel 5) as above on assessor's map 6-E-18 as one building site..." (Exhibit "2");
- (2) The second prior determination was made on August 24, 1970 when Fred C. Acres applied for revocation of planning commission's 1958 decision regarding combining of parcels 5 and 6 and later withdraw his request when he applied for

and was granted a lot split for three half-acre parcels in the immediate vicinity (parcels 15, 16 and 17).

ii. Although the combination of parcels 5 and 6 was never carried out, parcel 6 remains restricted as an unbuildable lot; and

iii. The surveyor's intention to issue a certificate of compliance frustrated the efforts to preserve one-acre zoning in Montecito.

f. On or about April 27, 1987, the board of supervisors heard the appeal of the neighbors and denied it. Findings were adopted in support of its decision to issue a certificate of compliance (Exhibit "3"), as follows:

- "1. The separate parcel of real property was created by the effect of two deeds, recorded prior to July 27, 1955....
- "2. On January 22, 1958, a variance was granted, under the applicable County Zoning Ordinance, requiring Assessor's Parcel No. 11-190-05 and 11-190-06 to be combined into one parcel to create a single building site.
- "3. Subsequent to that variance, a building was constructed on Parcel No. 11-190-05, the construction for which the variance was requested.
- "4. A review of the records reveals no action by the owner of parcel No. 11-190-06 to combine said parcel with 11-190-05, by deed, conveyance, map or other document filed for record.
- "5. The present zoning for the parcel provides, in pertinent part as to minimum lot size, that a dwelling may be located on a smaller lot than the minimum size for the district if a Certificate of Compliance is recorded for the lot.

"6. There appears to have been no action by the County taken pursuant to any ordinance adopted under the provisions of Government Code Section 66451.10 et seq. and no notice regarding such merger appears to have been recorded.

"7. The action taken in January, 1958 was an interpretation of and enforcement of the provisions of the Zoning Ordinance in effect at the the time and was not an approval of a subdivision or merger.

"8. The condition requiring a merger of the parcels was never completed to satisfy the variance.

"9. The current zoning will allow the development of the parcel.

"10. The creation of the parcel dates to June 19, 1952 the date of recording of the second of two deeds separating the parcel.

"11. The issuance of a Certificate of Compliance for parcel 11-190-06 is appropriate."

g. Subsequently on or about May 22, 1987, Charles F. Wagner, acting in his capacity as county surveyor, issued an unconditional certificate of compliance for parcel 6, stating that, "The division creating said real property complies with the applicable provisions of the State Subdivision Map Act and county ordinances enacted pursuant thereto." (Exhibit "4.")

h. Shortly thereafter, petitioners reactivated their request to DRM for the issuance of the use/building permit.

i. On or about May 29, 1987, DRM granted petitioners the land use/building permit. DRM later filed with the planning commission a detailed written report justifying its action (Exhibit "5"), as follows:

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 i. The proposed development conforms to the applicable policies and provisions of the Santa Barbara County zoning ordinance and the comprehensive zoning plan;

ii. The proposed development is located on a legally created lou; and

iii. The subject property is in compliance with all laws, rules and regulations pertaining to zoning uses, subdivisions, setbacks and any other applicable provisions of the Santa Barbara County zoning ordinance.

j. On or about June 8, 1987, the neighbors appealed DRM's decision to issue the land use/building permit to planning commission.

k. On or about July 15, 1987, planning commission granted the neighbors' appeal thereby overturning DRM's decision to issue the land use/building permit.

 On or about July 15, 1987, petitioners appealed the decision of planning commission of July 15, 1987 to board of supervisors.

m. On or about September 14, 1987, petitioners' appeal was heard by board of supervisors and after evidence and arguments were presented by both sides, board of supervisors voted 3 - 1 in favor of denying petitioners' appeal.

n. On or about October 12, 1987, respondent adopted final findings adverse to petitioners by a vote of 3 - 2.

o. Board of supervisors' denial of petitioners' appeal was a final decision which, in effect, determined that the land use/building permit issued to petitioners by DRM on May 29,

1987, should be rescinded. Respondent's letter to petitioners dated October 1987 so states. (Exhibit "6.")

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- 8. Findings in support of respondent's action denying the land use/building permit state, in effect, that parcel 6 is bound under <u>current</u> zoning law by restrictions or limitations on use or development of parcel 6 created by respondent's actions in 1958 and 1970. (Exhibit "7.") The findings are as follows:
 - "1. On March 13, 1987, on the recommendation of County Counsel, the County Surveyor issued a Notice of Determination and Intent to Record a Certificate of Compliance for Santa Barbara County Assessor's Parcel No. 11-190-06...to establish compliance with the California Subdivision Map Act, California Government Code Section 66410, et seq, and local ordinances adopted pursuant to the Map Act.
 - "2. Such determination was timely appealed to this Board of Supervisors... After hearing, this Board of Supervisors denied the appeal and ordered that a Certificate of Compliance be issued and recorded.
 "3. The Certificate of Compliance for the Property was recorded on May 22, 1987.
 - "4. The Findings for that action recited that dwellings may be located on a lot smaller than the minimum size for the district if a Certificate of Compliance is reorded (Finding No. 5) and that the current zoning would allow for development of the Property (Finding No. 9).
 - "5. As findings made in the context of a Subdivision Map Act matter, those Findings were statements of general application and did not take into account the background of special zoning interpretations applicable to the Property, nor did they incorporate the determinations regarding consistency with the zoning and Comprehensive Plan which are required in a particular application for the development of property under the zone district requirements.
 - "6. On May 29, 1987, the staff of the Resource Management Department of the County issued a Land Use Permit for the construction of a single family residence and workshop on the Property.

"7. The issuance of the Land Use Permit was timely appealed to the Planning Commission.... After proper hearing, the Planning Commission, on July 15, 1987, granted the appeal and ordered that the Land Use Permit not be issued.

- 8. The action taken by the Planning Commission was mely appealed to ...(the) Board of Supervisors.... After hearing, this Board of supervisors determined to deny the appeal and upheld the decision of the Planning Commission.
- "9. Section 35-411 of the County Code of the County of Santa Barbara (the County Zoning Ordinance) incorporates the policies of the Comprehensive Plan into the provisions of the zoning ordinance for the purposes of applying the development standards of a zoning district.
- "10. The Property has been the subject of two previous zoning interpretations and particular applications of zoning designations in the past, 58 V 12 and 70 V 41, which have established limitations on the use of the Property pursuant to previous Zoning Ordinance No. 453.
- "11. These restrictions identified for the property are a part of the existing Zoning Ordinance provisions, which incorporate with the zone district text provisions applicable to a particular property under Section 35-405 of the County Zoning 'dinace, and remain as limitations on the use or description of the property.
- "12. The restrictions are available for revi ; by research of the files maintained by the County Resource Management Department by anyone familiar with the history of the Property or able to trace its onwership through existing public records.
- "13. The restrictions developed as a result of the past applications, 58 V 12 and 70 V 41, are of particular application to the Property and restrict its development as a matter of application of the current provisions of the County Zoning Ordinance."
- 9. The current county zoning ordinance incorporates the county comprehensive plan regarding development standards.

 Section 35-411 provides that the county's development policies are as follows:

ii. Urban development is not permitted beyond "boundaries of land designated for urban use";

iii. County shall make sure there are "sufficient public or private services and resources (i.e. water, sewer, roads, etc.) available to serve the proposed development"; and

iv. The development shall be served by public sewer and/or water companies if available in urban areas.

10. The current zoning ordinance, section 35-405 states:

"All sections of zoning ordinances previously adopted which added development plans and zone district text provisions applicable to particular property by amendments to Sec. 3.1. of Ordinance No. 453 of the County of Santa Barbara and Development Plan and Precise Plans previously adopted pursuant to Ordinace No. 453 are hereby incorporated by reference into this section and shall have the same force and effect as if the provisions of said sections were specifically and fully set out in this Section."

- 11. The two prior zoning determinations referred to in the board's findings are set forth in paragraph 7, supra.
- 12. Petitioners have exhausted all available administrative remedies. There are no further appeals from the action of respondent on October 12, 1987 which was a final determination that petitioners are not entitled to the land use/building permit.
- 13. Petitioners' counsel has conferred with respondent's attorneys and intends to jointly present the administrative record ("joint administrative record") for use by the parties to these

proceedings. Petitioners' counsel will confer with attorney(s) for real parties in interest regarding modifications, if any, to the joint administrative record.

adequate remedy at law other than by the causes of action stated herein for administrative mandate, mandate and declaratory relief. Parcel 6 is a unique parcel of land and the award of monetary damages alone will not adequately compensate petitioners for their loss of right to use and develop parcel 6 in the manner previously approved by DRM.

15. Petitioners have incurred substantial attorneys' fees and other legal costs, which fees and costs will continue to accrue in an amount not yet presently ascertained. Petitioners will ask leave of court to amend these pleadings when the same becomes known or upon proof at trial.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FOR WRIT OF ADMINISTRATIVE MANDATE

[Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5]

- 16. Petitioners refer to and herein incorporate by reference general allegations 1 through 15.
- 17. Respondent's determination denying petitioners the land use/building permit previously issued by DRM was in excess of its jurisdiction and in violation of the Constitutions of California and the United States as it has denied petitioners the right of equal protection of the laws and/or due process of laws, as follows:

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- b. Absent findings that the issuance of a land use permit for parcel 6 would be inconsistent with similarly situated and sized parcels in the area or would adversely affect the health and safety of the neighborhood, respondent lacked discretion and jurisdiction to deny petitioners the land use/building permit approved by DRM. No such findings were made.
- c. Respondent's initial decision in 1958 to require combining of parcels 5 and 6 as a condition of issuing a land use rider to parcel 5 was invalid and unconstitutional in that respondent's ordinances and historical policies allow building permits on nonconforming lots if there is no adverse effect to health and safety.
- d. Alternatively, respondent's decision in 1970 to create three one-half acre parcels (parcels 15, 16 and 17) with knowledge that most developed lots in the area were one-half acre or less and then in 1987 to deny petitioners the right to build on

parcel 6 in order to enforce respondent's one-acre zon'ng requirements is, as to petitioners, a violation of the equal protection of laws and due process of laws guaranteed by the Constitutions of California and the United States.

- 18. Respondent's action in denying the land use/building permit to petitioners constituted a prejudicial and unconstitutional abuse of discretion in that respondent did not act in a manner required by law, alternatively as follows:
- a. Issuance of the land use/building permit after issuance of a certificate of compliance, with the express and implied findings made thereon, was a constitutionally required ministerial, non-discretionary act; or
- b. The appeal provisions allow for discretionary review by planning commission and ultimately board of supervisors to determine whether the issuance of the permit is consistent with similarly situated and sized parcels in the area and whether development of the property would adversely affect the health and safety of the neighborhood, and no such adverse findings were made; thus issuance of the land use/building permit is required when prior actions of a governmental agency attempting to restrict use or development of property made years before are not made part of the public record by deed, conveyance, map or other document giving reasonable notice to an innocent purchaser for value acting in good faith; or
- c. Issuance of the land use/building permit is required as it is unconstitutional under the Constitutions of California and the United States to impose a restriction of use or

 development on property based upon decisions previously made that are not part of the public record and not likely to give reasonable notice to an innocent purchaser for value acting in good faith, for respondent's determination that ordinance section 35-405 requires a prospective purchaser to engage in an indefinite and ambiguous search of the respondent DRM files to determine which zoning determinations may negatively and fortuitously affect a particular parcel is an unconstitutional deprivation of due process as a requirement so vague and uncertain that reasonable persons must guess at its meaning.

- 19. Respondent's decision in denying the permit constituted prejudicial abuse of discretion in that respondent's decision is not supported by the findings. Findings 5 and 9 13 are not sufficient reasons to deny petitioners the land use/building permit. The previous two planning commission expressions of intention were not made part of the public record by deed, conveyance, map or other document and are not binding or effective against a subsequent innocent purchaser for value who did not and could not be reasonably expected to know of the prior unrecorded and unenforced determinations.
- 20. Respondent's action in denying petitioners the land use/bulldire primit constituted a prejudical abuse of discretion in that is predent's findings are not supported by the evidence, as follows:
- a. Finding 5 is incorrect as board of supervisors considered the background and history of parcel 6 and the consistency of the comprehensive and zoning plan when on April 27,

1987 it ruled that the county surveyor should issue a certificate of compliance for parcel 6 and that the current zoning would allow development of the parcel;

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- b. Finding 10 is incorrect as the actions of planning commission in 1958 and 1970 did not legally or factually establish limitations on the use of parcel 6;
- Planning commission in 1958 and 1970 are not legally part of the existing zoning ordinance under section 35-405, or otherwise, and there remains no limitations on the use or development of parcel 6;
- d. Finding 12 is incorrect as the actions of planning commission in 1958 and 1970 are not available for review by research of the files maintained by DRM regarding parcel 6. It was uncontradicted that petitioner Emmet J. Hawkes is an experienced real estate broker who made a good faith effort to determine if any restrictions on use or development were applicable to parcel 6 and that he did not discover any such restrictions after obtaining a title report, looking at the available county files and discussing the matter with county staff. It was likewise uncontradicted that petitioners' attorney, Ms. Rosanne Coit, researched the files pertaining to parcel 6 and likewise did not determine that there were restrictions on development or use regarding parcel 6.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR MANDATE

[Code of Civil Procedure section 1095]

21. Petitioners refer to and herein incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 20.

22. Respondent has a clear, present and ministerial duty to issue the land use/building permit for parcel 5 by reason of the prior issuance of a certificate of compliance under the circumstances and findings made thereon and in the absence of findings that the development of parcel 6 would adversely affect the health and safety of the neighborhood.

23. Respondent acted with impropriety by overturning the issuance of the land use/building permit under the facts and circumstances set forth herein and a writ of mandate lies to order respondent to compel the County Department of Resource Management and Zoning Administrator to issue a land use/building permit under the terms and conditions as stated by the department in its May 29, 1987 determination.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF

[Code of Civil Procedure section 1060]

- 24. Petitioners refer to and herein incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 23.
- 25. An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between petitioners and respondent concerning their respective rights and duties, as follows:
 - a. Petitioners contend alternatively that:
- i. Respondent's unconstitutional, unrecorded, undisclosed, and unenforced intentions to restrict use and development of parcel 6 in 1958 and arguably in 1970 were not made part of the public record and were not discoverable through the exercise of reasonable and good faith effort, are not binding upon

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innocent purchasers for value such as petitioners and to the extent that ordinance 35-405 is construed to allow for such a result, it is unconstitutional on its face and in its application.

ii. County's interpretation and application of ordinance 35-405 in a manner that would require an unlimited and ambiguous inquiry into an unrecorded and unfiled DRM decision to determine the existence of prior zoning decisions which may affect the development of the parcel is a requirement so vague and uncertain as to force reasonable persons to guess at its meaning and therefore violative of the due process requirements of the Constitutions of California and the United States.

iii. Respondent's unconstitutional, undisclosed, unrecorded and unenforced actions in 1958 and arguably in 1970 under superseded zoning ordinances and not recorded by deed, map, conveyance or other document, which facts were not known and could not have reasonably been known to an innocent purchaser for value are not, ipse dixit, made part of the current zoning ordinance and thus binding on innocent purchasers for value such as petitioners.

iv. Respondent's failure for twenty-eight years to enforce the 1958 parcel combination statement of intention, with notice that the restriction was being violated and that other development permits on one-half acre lots were granted, operates as an estoppel against enforcing the determination against an innocent purchaser for value, by requiring a combination of the lots at this late date.

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two parcels held under common ownership, which have since been conveyed to separate owners and respondent's remedy, if any, lies against the parties who have conveyed the parcel in violation of the county's purported restriction, not against an innocent purchaser for value such as petitioners.

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vi. Respondent's requirement in 1958 that parcels 5 and 6 be combined in order for the owners to build on parcel 5 was invalid and unconstitutional.

vii. Respondent's decision in 1970 allowing creation of parcels 15, 16 and 17 with full knowledge of the existing one-half acre developed parcels in the area and denial in 1987 of petitioners' request for the land use/building permit for parcel 6 constitutes a violation of equal protection of the laws and due process guaranteed by the constitutions of California and the United States.

- b. Repsondent takes contrary positions to those asserted by petitioners.
- 26. Petitioners desire a judicial determination of their rights and duties and a declaration that each of petitioners' contentions in garagraph 25a is a correct statement of the facts and the law.
- 27. A judicial declaration is necessary and appropriate at this time under the circumstances in order that petitioners may ascertain their property use and development rights as to parcel 6. The uncertainty of not being able to use and develop parcel 6 in the same manner and style as other similarly located

and sized parcels in the area has caused and will continue to cause petitioners great financial hardship and monetary damages as set forth herein.

- 28. As a direct and proximate cause of respondent's acts alleged herein, petitioners have suffered actual and consequential damages, as follows.
- a. The value of parcel 6 without the ability to use and develop it consistent with the land use/building permit is substantially less than if the permit issues, and
- b. The costs of labor, materials and other items relating to construction have increased, and
- c. Due to the long delays in issuing the permit, petitioners have been deprived of the rents and/or profits that they would have enjoyed if the land use permit prayed for and issued by DRM had been issued within a reasonable time.

The amount of these damages are not presently known or ascertained. Petitioners reserve the right to amend this petition to state their damages when they become known or ascertained or to present their proof on this issue at time of trial.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR INVERSE CONDEMNATION

- 29. Petitioners refer to and herein incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 28.
- 30. Respondent's determination that the land use/building permit will not be issued prohibits development of parcel 6.

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- 32. Responde 's issuance of the land use/building permit to petitioners would not result in any adverse effects to the health and safety of the community.
- 33. Respondent has failed and refused to bring an action in eminent domain or any other action to acquire petitioners' property.
- 34. Petitioners have exhausted all administrative remedies.
- 35. As a result of the alleged acts petitioners have been damaged in an amount in excess of \$25,000 subject to proof.

WHEREFORE, petitioners pray that:

ON FIRST AND SECOND CAUSES OF ACTION

- (1) An alternative writ of mandamus issue, ex parte, directing respondent to set aside its order of October 12, 1987, denying petitioners the land use/building permit and to reinstate the decision of DRM to issue to petitioners the land use/building permit on the same terms and conditions as originally issued, or in the alternative, to show cause why a peremptory writ of mandate to the same effect should not be issued;
- (2) A peremptory writ of mandamus issue compelling respondent DRM and the county zoning administrator to issue the land use/building permit under the same terms and conditions

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originally specified, or in the alternative, to show cause why a peremptory writ of mandate should not be issued;

ON THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(3) For a declaration that each of petitioners' contentions in paragraph 25a is a correct statement of the facts and law and that petitioners are entitled to a judgment requiring respondent DRM and the county zoning administrator to issue the land use/building permit under the same terms and conditions originally specified;

ON THIRD AND FOURTH CAUSES OF ACTION

- (4) For damages in the nature of diminution of value of land in accordance with proof at trial;
- (5) For damages for increased construction costs and loss of rents and profits due to unreasonable delays in processing petitioners' application for the land use/building permit in an amount to be proven at trial;
- (6) For reasonable attorneys' fees in addition to any other relief granted or costs awarded in an amount to be proven at trial;
 - (7) For costs of suit herein incurred;
 - (8) For reasonable litigation expenses; and
- (9) For such other and further relief as the court may deem proper.

DATED: January 7, 1988

HATCH AND PARENT

RODEN

Attorney for Petitioners

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VERIFICATION

	STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA
	STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA I have read the foregoing PETTTION FOR ADMINISTRATIVE MANDATE OF MANDATE and COMPLAINT and know its contents.
	FOR DECLAPATION OF RIGHTS and INVERSE CONTRACTOR APPLICABLE PAPAGRAPH
	CHECK APPLICABLE PARAGRAPH
2	I am a party to this action. The matters stated in the foregoing of cument are true of my own knowledge except as to
	I am a party to this action. The matters stated in the following of technique them to be true. those matters which are stated on information and belief, and as to i.ose matters I believe them to be true. I am a n Officer a partner.
	I am 🗌 an Officer 🔲 a partner 💢 🔲 a
	I am an Officer a partner
	a party to this action, and am authorized to make this verification for and of its brain, and in the foregoing document are reason. I am informed and believe and on that ground allege that the matters stated in the foregoing document are true. The matters stated in the foregoing document are true of my own knowledge except as to those matters which are true.
	I am one of the attorneys for
	a party to this action. Such party is absent from the county of aloresaid which satisfies and on that ground allege that
	the matters stated in the foregoing document are true. Santa BarbaraCalifornia.
	Executed on January 7 19 3 at
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	ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT OF DOCUMENT
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EXHIBIT A

Parcel 1:

11-190-05

That portion of the Outside Pueblo Lands of the City of Santa darbara, in the County of Santa Earbara, State of California, described as follows

Beginning at the Northwest corner of the trect of land describes in the Beginning at the Northwest corner of the trect of land described in the deed to Lidou Amplionall, et ux., recorded December 12, 1930 in Book 275, at Cape 408 of Official Records; thence South 4°35' East along the Gentry line of Said last mentioned fract of Land 171.81 feet to the Northwest corner thereof and a point in the Northerly line of the tract of Land described in the deed to Julia Warson Morne recorded March 9, 1923, in Book 221, Page 65 of deeds, records of said cointy; thence South 9°30' West along the Last mentioned line 15 feet; thence North 4°35' Mest 35 teet; thence South 9°30'; 27.00 Lent thence South 4°35' East 35 teet to a point ou said Northerly line of Said Horne Tract, funce benefit 7°9'0' Mest along Said Mortherly line of Said Horne Tract, funce benefit 7°9'0' Mest along Said Northerly line 94.88 feet; thence forth 4°55' Mest 185.96 feet to a point in the Southerly line of the List purcel of Land described in the deed to John W. Barner, recorden Jamony 6, 1921 in Book 10M, at Fage 314 of Official Records; thence North 85'01' East along Said last mentioned line, 136.05 feet to the point of beginning.

Parcel 2:

That portion of the Chitaide Fuebro Lands of the City of Santa Barbara, in the County of Santa Barbara, State of California, described as follows:

in the county of Santa Barbara, State of Lairfornia, described as follows beginning at a 2 laca pipe survey monument set on the Northwesterly ston it East Veiley Road from which a 2 inch pipe survey monument set on the mont Southeasterly cotoer of the lyde V. Contait fract hears North 79°07' East 199.65 leet, as shown on "say of survey side by F. F. Flouring of the lyde" contain property, being a portion of the Catholic Charch property, is Huntectico, Santa Barbara County. Catifornia, February 1921' and files in Book 11, Page 31 of mays and surveys, in the Santa Barbara County Recorder's Office; them: tirst, North 19'07' Last along the Northwesterly line of said East Valley Road, 10,71 (set; thence second, North 10'18' West 198.70 feet to the Northerly line of the Julia Watson Horne Tract, thence third, South 7'07' West 124.17 feet to a 2 inch pipe servey monument bet on the most Northeasterly corner of the Julia Watson Horne Tract said 2 inch pipe being in a small ravine; thence Fourth, South 17'53' East tollowing the center course of said ravine 107.40 feet to a 2 inch pipe servey monument; thence (fifth, South 17'53' East tollowing a general course of said ravine 99,91 feet to the point of beginning.

Parcel 3:

The state of the s

That portion of Parcel Two described in the deed to Raiph N. Colutivatics, et ux., dated May 6, 1947 recorded in Book 771, Page 199 of Official Records, lying Southerly of the Easterly extension of the Fifth (5th) course of vald Parcel Two and having a bearing of South 79°07' West.

County of Santa Barbara, Calif. Assessor's Map Bk.II - Pg. 19

(1/4)

NOTE – Assessor's Block Numbers Shown in Ellipses.
Accessor's Parrel Numbers Shown in Circles

22 1058

Progress of Amelia Acres for determination of permissed building size on Lot 43, N.E. Fortion Reablo Map No. 34, Manual size School District known as 1370 East Willey Boad.

Approval of compatibition of lots 142 and 45 on Assessor's Map 6-F-18 as one building site shid issuence of a permit for a building thereony and approval of the chitting of lot 65 by an exact-west line dividing the lot futo approximately equal parts.

Motion of confirmation.

EXHIBIT :

AND THE REAL PROPERTY. Requirements to be made a part of Application & Parmit Sivision of Building & Safety, County of Santa Berbaro. & 45 & las place: Description: Forth mot service People See 5 34 School Matrict: Mentesite Union Freposed Use:__ Poges Sheet: 6-P-18 KESEZZE 152,58 136.05 Lot 45 Lot 14. ECROSED DWELLING THIS LINE ELIMINI 10 - 707AW 1535 242.38' To Engr VILLEY N79º01E-Zoning approval subject to compliance with provisions applicable to even.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS IN SUPPORT OF DETERMINATION TO RECORD A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

(Assessor's Parcel No. 11-190-06)

The County Surveyor of the County of Santa Barbara does hereby issue the following Findings and Conclusions in connection with the determination to approve a Certificate of Compliance in the matter of the application of Emmett J. Hawkes and Sally Hawkes applicable to Assessor's Parcel 11-190-06:

- 1. The separate parcel of real property was created by the effect of two deeds, recorded prior to July 27, 1955: a deed recorded at Book 681, page 479, in the Official Records of the County of Santa Barbara on May 23, 1946; and a deed recorded at Book 1076, page 69 of Official Records of said County on June 19, 1952.
- 2. On January 22, 1958, a variance was granted, under the applicable County Zoning Ordinance, requiring Assessor's Parcel No. 11-190-05 and 11-190-06 to be combined into one parcel to create a single building site.
- 3. Subsequent to that variance, a building was constructed on Parcel No. 11-190-05, the construction for which the variance was requested.
- 4. A review of the records reveals no action by the owner of parcel No. 11-190-06 to combine said parcel with 11-190-05, by deed, conveyance, map or other document filed for record.
- 5. The present zoning for the parcel provides, in pertinent part as to minimum lot size, that a dwelling may be located on a smaller lot than the minimum size for the district if a Certificate of Compliance is recorded for the lot.
- 6. There appears to have been no action by the County taken pursuant to any ordinance adopted under the provisions of Government Code Section 66451.10 et seq. and no notice regarding such merger appears to have been recorded.
- 7. The action taken in January, 1958 was in interpretation of and enforcement of the provisions of the Zoning Ordinance in effect at the time and was not an approval of a subdivision or merger.
- 8. The condition requiring a merger of the parcels was never completed to satisfy the variance.
- 9. The current zoning will allow the development of the parcel.
- 10. The creation of the parcel dates to June 19, 1952, the date of recording of the second of two deeds separating the parcel.
- 11. The issuance of a Certificate of Compliance for parcel 11-190-06 is appropriate.

OLERS TILEMER 1987 - 038622

SANTA BARBARA CO. CA.

After Recording Return to County Surveyor's Office CONFORMED COPY: HAS NOT BEEN COMPARED WITH ORIGINAL MENNETH A. PETTIT SANTA BARBARA COUNTY CLERK-RECORDER

COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE ON

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NO. 11-190-06

Notice is hereby filed, as a public record, that Peggie C. Havighurst granted to Fred Acres and Amelia Acres real property described as Parcel One in Instrument No. 8895, recorded June 19, 1952 in Book 1076, Page 69 of Official Records of the County of Santa Barbara, which is incorporated herein by this reference, and that said real property and the division herein said real property comply with the applicable provisions of the Creating said real property comply with the applicable provisions of the State Subdivision Map Act and County Ordinances enacted pursuant thereto.

Owners: Emmet J. Hawkes and Sally Hawkes - Parcel 1 of Corporation Grant Deed recorded July 19, 1985 in Reel No. 1985-037226 of Official Records of the County of Santa Barbara.

Charles F. Wagner County Surveyor

Vernon Bugh Assistant County Surveyor MAY 22, 1987

87-CC-10 ECM:rq 2978P EXHIBIT 4

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION STAFF REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS

PC DATE: July 15, 1987 AREA: Montecito

SUP. DIST.: First STAFF: D. Meester

87-M-42 Appeal of Hawkes Residence Land Use Permit

APPELLANTS:

Leland & Francesca Crawford 1386 E. Valley Road

Santa Barbara, CA 93108

Salli Kayser 545 Picacho Lane

Santa Barbara, CA 93108 Santa Barbara, CA 93108

Ernest & Mary Kirshtner 572 Stone Meadow Lr.

Marshall & Heid, Rose 540 Picacho Ln. Santa Barbara, CA 93108 David & Polly Van Horne 525 Picacho Ln. Santa Barbara, CA 93108

APPLICANT REQUEST:

A public hearing to consider the appeal of David Van Horne, representative for the appellarts, of Resource Management's issuance of a Land Use Permit for a residence and workshop.

APN/LOCATION.

APN 11-190-06, located 200 feet north of East Valley Road, approximately 200 feet west of its intersection with Picacho Lane, known as 1382 East Valley Road, Montecito Area, First Supervisorial

District.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW:

Exempt.

GENERAL INFORMATION:

- 1. Zoning: Article IV; 1-E-1, Residential, 1 acre minimum parcel size.
- Comprehensive Plan: Residential, 1 acre or more per residence.
- 3. Site size: Approximately 0.5 acres.
- 4. Present use: Vacant
- Access: Proposed eastment from East Valley Road through APN 11-190-11.
- Water: Private well.
- Sewer: Montecito Sanitary District.
- 8. Surrounding Zoning/Uses:

North: 1-E-1, Residential South: 1-E-1, Residential East: 1-E-1, Residential West: 1-E-1, Residential

Background:

The events leading to the issuance of a Land Use Fermit for 1382 East Valley Road are lengthy. However, in order for the Planning Commission to understand why the Resource Management Department issued a Land Use Permit for the parcel, it is necessary to review the major points:

On May 16, 1986, the Resource Management Department received a letter from David Van Horne regarding the parcel. Based upon records in the Resource Management Department, he had concluded that the subject parcel is not a legal building site. The two following cases, which were heard by the Planning Commission, led him to this conclusion.

- 1. 58-V-12. In this case, Amelia Acres, the property owner at the time, applied for a determination on whether an adjacent lot, 1370 East Valley Road, was a permitted building site. Because that parcel and the subject parcel were approximately 1/2 acres each and were located in a one-acre zoned residential area, the Planning Commission required that the two parcels be combined into a one-acre parcel as a condition of approval for a building site. A residence was subsequently constructed on the adjacent lot. The Land Use Rider for the residence contained a note that "Lots 45 and 142 have been ccombined to create one (1) building site" and a note stating "This line eliminated," meaning the line between the two parcels was eliminated. (See Exhibit A for parcels involved).
- 2. 70-V-41. In 1970, the Acres requested revocation of 58-V-12 as a part of an application to divide other parcels owned by the Acres. (See Exhibit B). On July 22, 1970, the Planning Commission granted a variance to allow the creation of three sub-standard parcels. The applicant withdrew their request for revocation of the combination condition required under 58-V-12.
- 3. The two parcels have remained in combined ownership until 1979, when the subject parcel was sold to the Parks. Mr. Van Horne believes that when the property was transferred in 1979, it was illegally divided from the adjacent property to which the Planning Commission required it be combined.

On June 9, 1986, after reviewing the information presented in Mr. Van Horne's letter, the Resource Management Department notified the owner of record of the parcel that the legality of the lot was questionable and requested that the owner apply for a Certificate of Compliance to establish the validity of the lot. At that time, staff believed that the owner would be required to apply for a Conditional Certificate of Compliance, based upon the separate sale of the property in 1979. A Conditional Certificate of Compliance is required when a parcel is created in violation of the Subdivision Map Act and allows conditions to be applied which were in effect at the time the current owner obtained title to the property. A potential condition would have been a requirement that the lot size be increased to one acre or more.

On August 19, 1986, Emmet Hawkes, the current owner of the property, filed an application for an Unconditional Certificate of Compliance. The issuance of an Unconditional Certificate of Compliance, rather than a Conditional Certificate of Compliance was based upon several points:

- 1. Mr. Hawkes' attorney, Rosanne Coit, contended that the parcel was created by deed prior to adoption of the first lot split ordinance, Ordinance 791, acopted on July 27, 1955. The subject parcel was created by two deeds, recorded May 23, 1946 and June 19, 1952. At that time, Ordinance 453, the Montecito Zoning Ordinance, was in effect and required a one-acre minimum parcel size.
- 2. 58-V-12. Ms. Coit states in the application for a Certificate that the combination condition required by 58-V-12 was never met by Amelia Acres or any other owner of the property. Rather, the Land Use Rider for the residence constructed on the adjacent parcel was issued in error, since no deed, map or other document was recorded to implement the combination condition.

On March 13, 1987, the County Surveyor issued a "Notice of Determination and Intent to Record a Certificate of Compliance." County Counsel's Office prepared findings and conclusions in support of the determination to record a Certificate of Compliance (Exhibit C). These findings state that the subject parcel was created prior to 1955, when the first lot split regulations were adopted, that a variance was granted to allow construction on an adjacent parcel with the condition that the parcels be combined, and that no action was taken by the owner to combine the two parcels. The findings also note that the zoning of the parcel under Article IV allows for construction of a dwelling on parcels smaller than the minimum lot size if a Certificate of Compliance is recorded for the lot.

On March 20, 1987, Mr. Van Horne filed an appeal of the County Surveyor's Determination and Intent to Record a Certificate of Compliance. He states in the appeal that the subject property was combined with the adjacent property in 1958, and that the subsequent division of the combined parcel was not accomplished in accordance with the Subdivision Map Act and local ordinances.

On April 27, 1987, the Board of Supervisors heard the appeal of the issuance of the Certificate of Compliance. The Board denied the appeal and adopted the findings prepared in support of the determination to issue the Certificate of Compliance. When the Board of Supervisors denied the appeal, they were aware of the ordinance provision which allows for residential development of parcels under the minimum parcel size if a Certificate of Compliance has been recorded for the parcel.

On May 22, 1987, the County Surveyor recorded the Certificate of Compliance for the parcel, and on May 29, 1987, the Resource Management Department issued a Land Use Permit for a residence and workshop on the parcel. On June 8, 1987, David Van Horne filed an appeal of the issuance of the Land Use Permit with your Commission.

Analysis of the Appeal:

The appeal of the issuance of the Land Use Permit is based upon three points: 1) That the construction of a residence on the property violates the condition of 58-V-12 which required the two parcels be combined with one resultant building site; 2) That the finding of adequate services relating to private access was not made; and, 3) That the structure designated as a workshop is an artist studio and requires a Minor Conditional Use Permit. Staff will analyze each of these points:

1. The first point made in the appeal is that construction of a residence would violate the condition of 58-V-12 which required the two parcels be combined. Under Ordinance 453, the zoning ordinance which was in effect in Montecito at the time the variances were heard, the only relief available to the lot size requirement was the variance procedure. However, under Article IV, Section 35-419.6 provides: "A dwelling may be located upon a smaller lot if such lot is shown as a legal lot, either on a recorded subdivision or parcel map or is a legal lot as evidenced by a recorded Certificate of Compliance." Since a Certificate of Compliance has been issued on the parcel, issuance of a Land Use Permit is consistent with the provisions of Article IV.

A case can also be made that under 58-V-12, the Planning Commission did not in fact grant a variance to the Acres to construct a residence, but rather required that they comply with the provisions of minimum lot size under Ordinance 453 by combining the two parcels to create a one acre parcel. A variance would have been granted had the Planning Commission allowed the Acres to construct a residence on a parcel under one acre in size, but the Planning Commission instead required that the Acres comply with the minimum lot size requirement. It appears that if any violation has occurred, it was construction of the residence on the adjacent parcel without approval of a variance or acquiring property to meet the one acre minimum parcel size requirement.

2. The second point made in the appeal is that the finding of adequate services, especially as it relates to access, was not made. Specifically, in a letter dated April 14, 1987 to Albert J. McCurdy (attached), Mr. Van Horne states that access to the parcel would have to be taken through APN 11-190-11, located to the south of the subject property and also owned by Mr. Hawkes. He states that

APN 11-190-11 is a long, narrow and substandard parcel, and that development of an access road to the subject parcel would devote a substantial portion of the lot, approximately 6,600 square feet, for access to the subject parcel, reducing the usable area of the lot to .35 acres. However, APN 11-190-11 is already developed with a single family residence, and the access road for the subject parcel is substantially developed (as the driveway for the parcel). Staff does not consider that the access road would create an adverse condition and supports making the finding that adequate access is available.

The third and final point made in support of the appeal is that the workshop requires approval of a Minor Conditional Use Permit. However, the area designated as a workshop on the approved plan is 3. attached to the main residence in accordance with the definition of attached building in the definitions section of Article IV, attached building in the definitions section of Article IV, Section 35-410: "A building having at least five lineal feet of wall serving as a common wall with a building to which it is attached, or connected thereto by a continuous roof of at least 8 feet wide." The workshop is attached by definition by a continuous roof 8 feet in winth. Because the structure is attached to the main residence, it is considered a part of the living quarters and does not require a Minor Conditional Use Permit.

Given the provision in the ordinance allowing construction of a residence on a substandard lot in a Certificate of Compliance has been recorded, and given the fact that the Board of Supervisors upheld the issuance of a Certificate on the parcel, staff finds it is appropriate to issue a Land Use Permit for the parcel. The following findings required to issue a Land Use Permit further support this conclusion:

Findings: Pursuant to Section 35-482.5 of Article IV

That the proposed development conforms to the applicable policies and provisions of Article IV and the Comprehensive Plan.

The development conforms to the requirements of Article IV and the Comprehensive Plan. Specifically, the proposal is consistent with Land Use Development Policy #4, particularly as it related to access, as discussed in this staff report.

That the proposed development is located on a legally created lot as determined by the County Surveyor.

A Certificate of Compliance was recorded for the parcel on May 22, 1987, after confirmation from the Board of Supervisors, indicating the parcel is a legally created lot.

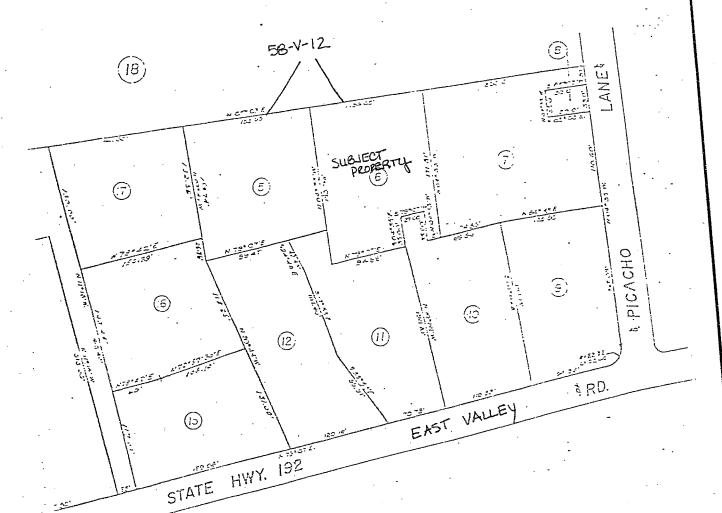
3. That the subject property is in compliance with all laws, rules and regulations pertaining to zoning uses, subdivisions, setbacks and any other applicable provisions of Article IV, and such zoning violation processing fees as established from time to time by the Board of Supervisors have been paid.

The project site does not contain any zoning violations.

Recommendation:

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission uphold the Resource Management Department's decision to issue a Land Use Permit for APN 11-190-06 based upon the facts presented in this staff report.

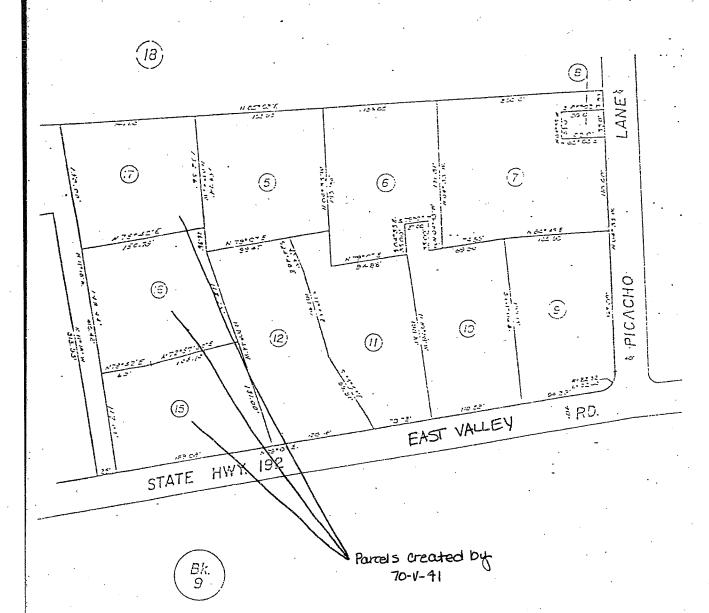
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LAW OFFICES HATCH AND PARENT A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 21 EAST CARRILLO GIREET SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA 93101 TELEPHONE 963-9231

Petitioners/Plaintiffs

SUPERIOR COURT SANTA BARBARA

NOV 1 7 1989

KENNETH A FEITH, CHATT WALL-Herwider

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALLEGE Clerk Counter

FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA

EMMET J. HAWKES and SALLY HAWKES, Petitioners and Plaintiffs, vs. THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA and its BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,

Defendants.

CASE NO. 169598

(Consolidated with case no. 167375)

TRIAL BRIEF

Date: 12/19/89 Time: 9:00 a.m.

Dept: 1

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Attorneys for

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